

# THE CULVER CITIZEN.

LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

VOL. III.

CULVER, INDIANA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1905.

NO. 15.

Non-Partisan in Politics.

## AROUND THE LAKE'S SHORES

### Personal Notes of Summer Visitors at Lake Maxinkuckee.

Mrs. J. S. Bays is spending a few days at Sullivan.

Robert Parrott, of Indianapolis, is a guest at Beach Lawn.

Judge Martindale is spending a few days at Indianapolis.

Mr. H. M. Heller is spending a couple of weeks in Chicago.

W. W. Williams of Evenston, Ill., is a guest of Mrs. A. J. Odell.

Mrs. Courtland Vancamp is spending a few days at Indianapolis.

J. W. Wood and family will return this week from Windsor Canada.

Mrs. Ada Casy, of Indianapolis is visiting Mrs. H. Bates, at Manana.

The musicale given at the Arlington Friday evening was a success.

Judge Alfred Wallin, of Los Angeles, Cal., spent Sunday at Hamewald.

John P. Heywood, of Chicago is visiting his brother H. B. Heywood.

Miss Mary Simpson of Indianapolis is a guest of Miss Ruth Hellickson.

Mr. Max Hammel, of Terre Haute, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Herz.

Mr. and Mrs. Winster, of Indianapolis are guests of Mrs. J. K. English.

Mrs. Fredric Baggs and niece, of Indianapolis, are guests at the Arlington.

Mrs. V. B. Canal of Davenport Iowa, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Loser and family, of Terre Haute are guests at Woodbank.

Miss Mary Dresser of Chicago, is visiting her aunt at Willow Spring cottage.

Miss Marian Heywood, of Chicago, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Heywood.

Hon. and Mrs. A. C. Pierson of Sheridan, are camping on S. Edwards lake front.

Lient. C. C. Carson, of Fortress Monore, Virginia, is the guest of Clarence Carson.

Mr. Nichols of Indianapolis, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Marmon, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Funk, of Logansport, spent Sunday with Mrs. J. E. Barnes.

Mrs. Frank Vajen of Indianapolis arrived at the lake, Monday to spend a few weeks.

Milton Herz returned to Terre Haute Monday after spending ten days at South View.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dorsch, of Charleston, Ill., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Retz.

Dr. L. B. Sayer and family of Indianapolis are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Shilling.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Stone, of Rochester, are occupying the Heller cottage for two weeks.

Mrs. Harriett Barnes, of Chicago, is a guest of Mrs. Robert McQuat at Bonnie Doon.

Mrs. E. T. Hazeldine, of Terre Haute, is spending the week with his family at Palo Alto.

Dr. Wallace of St. Joseph Mo., took dinner with Prof. and Mrs. W. W. Parsons, Sunday.

Misses Feidler and Agnes Hoffinger, of Terre Haute, and Mary Calder, of Chicago, are guests of Miss Helen Albrecht.

Mrs. McCrea and Miss Lizzie Cummings who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Curtis, return-

ed to their home at Cincinnati, Ohio, Friday.

S. R. Baker, of the Bunting Drug Co., of Terre Haute, is a guest at the Hidden Inn.

Mrs. E. M. Heaton and son Allen are visiting Mrs. Edward Scheurmann at The Oaks.

Rev. Martin Crasley, of Indianapolis, is a guest of Mrs. Ed. Scheurmann at The Oaks.

Mrs. John A. Schumacker gave a card party Tuesday afternoon to her friends on the east side.

Miss Grace Irwin, who has been a guest of Mrs. E. J. Craig returned to Indianapolis, Saturday.

Mrs. V. Gould and family, of Rochester, are occupying the Plank cottage for two weeks.

Henry Meyer has returned to Terre Haute after a week's visit with his family on Long Point.

Mrs. Earnest Thompson and daughter, Ruth of Indianapolis are guests of Mrs. W. W. Winslow.

Mrs. A. M. Glossbrenner of Indianapolis is spending the week with his family at the Wigwam.

Drs. W. E. and R. R. George of Indianapolis is spending the month at the Clemence Vonegntt Cottage.

Mrs. R. B. Anderson of Anderson, Ind., is a guest of Mrs. E. J. Craig for the remainder of the season.

Miss Lillian Lewis, who has been a guest at Fultons, returned to her home at Indianapolis, Tuesday.

Mr. W. H. Lucas and wife of Sullivan, are spending a few days with the Bays' at Windemerecottage.

Messrs. Theodore Stine, Ralph Dilkday and Addison Parry, of Indianapolis, are guests at Bay View.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Fasher, of Chicago are occupying W. H. Snyder cottage for the month of August.

Mrs. Huebner and daughter, Misses Jackson and Kopp of Indianapolis are guests of Mrs. Rhodehamel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Fulton and daughter of Indianapolis are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fulton at Wanpaca Hall.

Mr. Maurice Scovell and Mrs. Dr. Fitzgibbeu of Indianapolis are guests of Judge and Mrs. Haokney at Squirrel Inn.

J. H. Srofe, president of the Structural Iron Works of Terre Haute, with his family are guests at the Arlington.

Mr. and Mrs. McComb of Indianapolis and Miss Pearl Irwin of Madison are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Bliss.

Mr. Jameson and wife, of Indianapolis spent the fore part of the week with Mr. C. E. Coffin and wife at Portledge.

Mr. and Mrs. Cassall DeWitt of Chicago will spend Sunday next, with Messrs and Mesdames Benton and Hellickson.

Mrs. O. M. Ridgway and daughter who have been guests of Mr. Shilling and wife returned to Kansas City, Wednesday.

Mrs. C. J. Helm, Mrs. T. B. Wilson and Catherine Kenney, of Peru are guests of Mrs. J. E. Hendricks at the Adams cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mason, of Evenston, Ill., who have been guests of Mrs. A. J. Odell for the past week returned home Monday.

Miss Pearl Walters, Mr and Mrs. Samuel Shutt and Mrs. Clifford Christian of Indianapolis are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Twina-

me.

Mr. and Mrs. George Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. Enoch Rust of Indianapolis and Mrs. Meeds of Alabama are guests at Vanschoiaks.

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

### Interesting News Items of Culver and Vicinity Gathered From Many Sources for Readers of the Citizen.

Elkhart has an epidemic of fleas. Commissioners Court convened Monday.

Austin Romig's new house is nearing completion.

Urias Mensor has his new residence almost ready for the plasterer.

Miss Margaret Nest of Chicago, is visiting the Misses Howard this week.

FOR SALE—Full matured seed wheat. Call at my residence, L. C. Dillon.

The President has so far refrained from challenging Baron Komura to a contest of jiu-jitsu.

Walter Hand will build a residence on the lots recently purchased of Miss Flora Morris.

A new cement sidewalk is being laid along the north side of the Walter Geiselman property.

Mr. Jones has completed the residence for Capt. Noble and is now at work for Walter Hand.

The commencement exercises of the Rochester college were held Thursday evening. A class of 60 graduated.

Rev. Daniel Zechiel and family are visiting relatives and friends here. Rev. Zechiel has a charge at Fort Wayne.

The town council is looking for some one who will accept the appointment of town Marshall. Don't all apply at once.

Otto Stahl, who is an instructor in music at Lancaster, Ohio, is spending his vacation here with relatives and friends.

Jacob H. Zechiel, Henry Lonn and L. Raber are working upon the new combination building being erected by Mr. Austin.

J. D. Rockefeller is no longer the richest man in the world. He is just the fellow who has the most money, yet languishes in poverty.

And now science has advanced so far as to discover a way for fireless cooking. The limit will be reached with the discovery of foodless eating.

Misses May Spencer, Katherine Rothermel, Mamie Friend and May Rothermel, returned to Logansport Sunday, after an outing of two weeks here.

Homer L. Nearpass, formerly of this place, has accepted the position of principal of the Albion High School. We wish him good fortune. He deserves success.

WANTED—Five good men, who would be willing to build a school house and present it to the town of Culver. No triflers nor agents need apply. Address the School Board, Culver, Ind.

Evangelical Church services Sunday Aug. 13th, 1905, Sunday School 10 a. m., Y. P. A. 7 p. m., preaching 11 a. m. You are cordially invited to attend these services. Chas. McConnehey, pastor.

The G. A. R. Maxinkuckee Association and Maxinkuckee I. O. O. F. Lodge will hold a joint picnic on Saturday, Aug. 26, in People's Grove, Maxinkuckee. The program for the day will appear later.

Amos R. Green has brought suit against John Wolford, A. A. Voorhees and Dr. Knott for damages for injuries sustained by his wife, in an accident wherein, it is claimed, a drunken person ran his rig into her buggy. Voorhees is charged with having sold the liquor. Knott and Wolford are his bondsmen. This is the second suit growing out of the case.

Harry Armstrong was a Culver visitor Friday.

E. J. Bradley is suffering from an attack of appendicitis.

Mr. John Moore, of Tallahassee, Florida is the guest of Miss Nell Garn.

Rev. Albert Zechiel will preach at the Reformed church, Friday evening.

A. L. Porter and family of Plymouth visited with Daniel and Edwin Bradley, Sunday.

The Culver Band with a number of our citizens attended the picnic at Leiters Ford Saturday.

The merchant who advertises intelligently and persistently, is the one who does the business.

General James R. Caruban, major general of the uniform rank Knights of Pythias of Indiana is dead.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Peters, of Quincy, Ill., visited with Charley Hayes and family for a few days last week.

Mr. Scott, editor of the Bremen Enquirer and Mr. Rausted, postmaster at Bremen, were visitors at the lake, Sunday.

Miss Louise Hissong and Miss Fisk, of South Bend, visited a few days of last week with the former's mother Mrs. George Garn.

Mrs. R. Coffin and daughter Mrs. Clarence Scott, both of Knox, visited S. E. Shilling and family over Sunday. Mrs. Coffin is a sister to Mr. Shilling.

Secretariys Root, Taft and Shaw are aspiring for "the Republican presidential nomination in 1908. Vice President Fairbanks is of the opinion that it is best to go outside the Cabinet for the nominee, and that some good Indiana man should be selected.

Charles Newman has built an addition to, and repainted his house. He says that they have the neatest and cleanest neighborhood in the township. All the buildings have been repainted and the farms and outbuildings put in good repair. This speaks well for the community.

Mr. Corbin Spencer, received a check for \$1,000, last Saturday. His wife, who died recently was a member of Marmont Council, Knights and Ladies of Columbia and had her life insured for that amount. This is prompt settlement and will commend the order to others who desire life insurance.

A number of cadets of the Naval School gave a dancing party on the White Swan last Friday evening. Under the management of Crook and Osgood, the White Swan is proving a popular attraction to the visitors at the lake as well as the town people. Prof. Phillips gives instruction in dancing at the pavillion every afternoon and evening and has already organized several classes.

Main Street and Toner Ave, from Bunker Hill to the Assembly grounds is in a dilapidated condition and should receive the immediate attention of the town council. Waste paper, rubbish of all kinds and decayed vegetables and fruit are thrown upon the streets and in the alleys, which is in violation of law, decency and the health of the community. You can easily judge the inside appearance of a man's house by its surroundings, you can easily judge the cleanliness of a store, by peeping into the corners and by the amount of filth that is permitted to gather on the outside. Clean up.

Money talks, but most frequently it says, good by.

Mrs. Henry Zechiel has been on the sick list for several weeks.

FOR SALE—Choice timothy seed at the grist mill.—Colliers Bros.

Wm. Grubb has the contract of erecting a wind pump for Reuben Kaley.

Guy Walker of South Bend, visited with Mrs. Catherine Porter Sunday.

Henry Lohr will build a residence on the lot recently purchased in the south part of town.

D. B. Young and wife and Grover Filer, went to Chicago over the Nickle Plate R. R. Sunday.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

New York City consumes annually about 100,000 lbs of frogs. No wonder the people are on the jump continually.

Misses Fay Hulse, of Rochester, and Elsie Moore, of Kewanna, spent Sunday in Culver, the guest of Miss Esta Cromley.

Mrs. Wm. Osborn, who had a stroke of paralysis a few weeks ago is improving rapidly for a person of her age, and expects to attend to her household duties soon.

There are 215 commissioned high schools in the state of Indiana according to a report just issued from the office of Fasset A. Cotton, superintendent of Public Instruction. Culver would be eligible for a commission, were it not that the building would not pass examination.

The right spirit was manifested by a Pulaski county man who appeared to the governor for pardon for a neighbor he had caused to be sent to prison for two years for stealing a couple of his chickens. The convicted man has served one year and this is believed enough punishment for that kind of a misdemeanor. Besides, the chicken stealer promises never to do so again.

The Plymouth Tribune and Argos Reflector are waging a systematic war against mail order houses, the object being to protect our home merchants by educating our people up to a full realization that every dollar sent to the city for merchandise is a drain upon the community. It is not only detrimental to the merchant, but also to the person sending the money as it takes just that much money out of circulation in that community.

The terrible news comes up the pike from Wayne township that a boy climbed a cornstalk to see how the corn was getting along, and now the stalk is growing up faster than the boy can climb down. The boy is clear out of sight. Three men have undertaken to cut the stalk down with axes and save the boy from starvation, but it grows so fast that they can't hack twice in the same place. The boy is living on nothing but raw corn, and already has thrown down over four bushels of cobs.

There are those who object to the automobile law as passed by the last legislature. It is said that the law gives the owner of an automobile privileges that work a hardship upon the person who may by chance meet one where the road is narrow and a passage difficult. It is said that according to law the chauffeur has a right to one half the road bed regardless of what the other half may be or the obstacles that may be in the way for teams or buggies to pass. The law should be so amended that the rights of property and the safety of the people are vouchsafed under all conditions and circumstances, be it an automobile or a horse and buggy.

## LAST DAY OF THE ASSEMBLY

### Best and Most Successful Chautauqua Ever Held Here.

Those who have carefully noted the character and size of the Assembly audiences can note the increase in both quality and quantity. The management takes this indication to vindicate the change in management. Those who have known the Assembly in past years would hardly recognize it in its present character. The attractions have appeared as advertised and have even excelled in quality, the highest praises made in the early announcement. There has been an absence of "goodly-goodness" also narrowness of sectarian character, and instead there has been a high standard of artistic merit and clean cultured entertainment aiming at the highest character. All who attended the Assembly have been entertained and instructed.

Take it as a whole the Sixth Annual Session of Maxinkuckee Chautauqua Assembly has been a great success worthy of a far larger local and general attendance.

This week the Barnard Family band and Orchestra, Mrs. Princess Long the great soloist, H. L. Herod the colored orator and the dramatic company are chief attractions, assisted by other talent of scarcely less fame and ability.

On Thursday the directors will hold their annual meeting and election.

General Manager H. G. Hill who has been engaged this year will very likely be re-employed. Mr. Hill is an experienced Chautauqua manager, and is thoroughly acquainted with the control of large assemblies. He is very ambitious and enthusiastic over the prospect of Maxinkuckee and has plans to make it one of the leading if not the leading Assembly of the state and the middle west.

Every citizen of Culver is of course interested in the enlargement of such an enterprise at the very door of your little city and the new management should receive the encouragement it so well deserves.

Miss Meyer Entertains.

Miss Elsa Meyer, of the "Alpenrose," Long Point, entertained at each Wednesday afternoon, August 2nd, in honor of Miss Ursula Fiedler, of Terre Haute, and Miss Agnes Hoffinger, of St. Louis. After the games summer refreshments were served. Prizes were awarded to Misses Pearl Berry, Ursula Fiedler, Edna Heaton and Lily Heath. Those present were Misses Hall, Renner, Maureen Waldorf, Marguerite VanCamp, Cora Bohlen, Edna Heaton, Hazel Heaton, Jewell Pratt, Grace Elwell, Agnes Hoffinger, Ursula Fiedler, Minnie Duncweg, Helen Blair, Zayla Scovell, Evelyn Sprague, Lily Heath, Tot Routh and Pearl Berry.

No Pay For Institute Work.

The state superintendent has caused a grief to teachers by ruling that they will get no pay for attending county institute this year. They are allowed 2 per cent on examination for attendance, and as this raises the rate of pay, it is considered by the state superintendent sufficient compensation for attendance.

Daniel McDonald, on Friday evening, as special Deputy of the Grand Patron, organized a chapter of the order of the Eastern Star at Kewanna with twenty one charter members. A sumptuous banquet followed and all went merry as a marriage bell.

FOR SALE—Choice Timothy seed at the grist mill.—Collier Bros.

China has become so civilized that it has gone to picking quarrels with other powers.

When automobiles are sold on the installment plan, everybody may ride—for a few weeks, at least.

In view of the usefulness of linseed oil in suspending pigments the hogliness of cornering it is apparent.

The conjecture that Miss Lillian Russell fractured her rib as an advertisement may be dismissed as unfounded.

Premier Balfour appears to be one of those stubborn persons who decline to quit before the third man is out in the ninth.

Miner Scotty pronounces New York a "bum town." New York doubtless appreciates the implied but unintended compliment.

New York cops are amusing themselves and getting more fatening food by pie-cating matches. No wonder the police can't run.

A Chicago newspaper remarks: "After all, we are a simple people." Now we wonder if that could have been meant for "stupid."

"The high prices of meat in Germany are causing a general popular agitation." Shake, Germany! That's the way we feel over here.

The ancients believed that kissing a pretty girl was a sure cure for headache. After all there's nothing like the old-fashioned remedies.

Not all Darbys and Joans lived in the age of fable; as witness the Pittsburg man who will not exchange his wife for half a million dollars.

The Kalamazoo philanthropist who left \$10,000 to provide tramps with meals must want the fund to accumulate. A bath goes with each feed.

Somebody who says he knows asserts that whiskers grow faster in hot weather than they do in cold. The man who has to shave himself is sure of it.

The New York man who dropped dead just as a physician pronounced him physically sound showed small regard for the exactness of medical science.

The people who suffer from hay fever have the consolation of thinking that during the hay fever season they are never without a good excuse for a vacation.

If the United States could drive yellow fever out of Havana, why can't she drive it out of New Orleans? There seems to be sanitation work for Gen. Wood down there.

That story of a man's being kept twenty-two years in the Joliet penitentiary because the authorities forgot to hang him was not true. Otherwise it was a perfect gem.

The importation of diamonds into the United States has increased 50 per cent during the last ten years. And still we seem to have plenty of money left to buy automobiles with.

It's the height of bad form in Japan for a wife to express any opinion contrary to her husband's. What chance had Russia against men who have their wives bluffed like that?

A California man claims that he can electrify eggs so that people who eat them will live forever, but it isn't likely that he will succeed in becoming anywhere near as notorious as Scotty is.

Algernon Charles Swinburne must feel that his reputation is pretty well established, as he would never have ventured to publish that novel written in the bright days of his early manhood.

That Montana man who has found a way to raise 30,000 bushels of potatoes to the acre has a fortune if he can only insure a proportionate increase of the potato-consuming population.

Correspondents of the New York Sun are carrying on a discussion as to who was the father of the United States navy, but there is no question that Admiral Dewey is its most distinguished son.

If you can catch the man who rocks the boat, hold his head under water until he is pretty sure that he is going to drown. If you happen by accident to hold it a few seconds too long, he never will be missed.

A Porto Rican lady with an apparent propensity for asking uncomfortable questions wants somebody to define the nationality of a Porto Rican. The easiest way to get out of it seems to be to refer it to the state department.

The editor of Town Topics says he has enough scandals locked in his safe to completely overturn New York society. Let us hope he will not con-

IMMENSE CROPS HELP BUSINESS

Trade Activity Is Accelerated by Reports of Bumper Corn Harvest.

PRICES FOR PRODUCTS FIRMER

Demands Take on Wider Range to Satisfaction of Manufacturers, Who Are Enabled to Maintain Quotations.

Chicago, dispatch.—The weekly review of trade in the Chicago district published by the R. G. Dun & C. mercantile agency says:

"Growing crops progressed satisfactorily with the last week's fine weather and while rain is needed at a few points, early sown corn promises to be unusually heavy. Harvesting thus far makes a good exhibit and marketing has increased. The excellent agricultural conditions impart a wider tendency toward further commercial activity, new demands being more diversified and prices firmer for manufactured products. Increasing earnings of western roads reflect an expanding movement of commodities and forwarding of mill and factory output reaches exceptional tonnage.

Shippers Are Kept Busy. Receipts gain in ore, forest products, hides, and live stock, while the aggregate quantity of grain handled is fully one-half more than that of the corresponding week last year. The markets for raw material continue active and high cost is sustained, except the leading cereals, which declined moderately under large supplies. Packing house products and hogs turned dearer, the monthly statement of provision stocks having shown more shrinkage than expected.

"Distributive trade is making seasonal headway. Retail dealings steadily have diminished midsummer stocks here and in the country, and this has led to some reordering. Jobbing branches in staple goods are seen to be brisk with the new buying for early delivery. Interior merchants have arrived in large numbers and their booking compare favorably with those of a year ago in dry goods, furniture, men's furnishings, and textile fabrics. Mercantile collections show well and defaults remain low.

Grain and Provisions. Grain and provisions recorded large transactions, the former being affected by increasing offering and the latter by sharply reduced available stocks. Flour was in better demand, but yet suffers from poor export conditions. The total quantity of grain handled at this port was 3,803,176 bushels, of which the receipts were 6,500,767 bushels and the shipments 3,302,499 bushels, an increase in the former of 72 per cent and in the latter of 36 per cent over those of a year ago.

"Receipts of live stock, 264,188 head, compare with 237,351 last week and 212,663 head a year ago. "Failures in the Chicago district were 24, against 18 last week, and 31 a year ago."

PARIS SAVINGS BANK SUSPENDS

Embarrassment Follows Recent Failures in the Sugar Trade.

Paris cable: A notice was posted Thursday announcing the temporary suspension of payments by the savings bank connected with the Printemps, one of the largest department stores in Paris. The announcement has caused great excitement. The suspension follows the recent failures in the sugar trade, one of the embarrassed sugar operators being the principal stockholder in the Printemps. The depositors consist mainly of working classes. Minister of Finance Merlou will seek to avert the losses affecting the poor by requesting leading banks to assist the embarrassed institution.

Sues Equitable Officers.

Albany, N. Y., special: In a petition filed in the Supreme court of New York Julius N. Mayer, attorney-general of that state, charges James H. Hyde and forty-eight other officers and directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society with having done illegal and improper acts. He asks restitution.

Death of Americanized Nobleman.

New York, dispatch.—Funeral services were held in Brooklyn over Baron Charles Frederik Edmond de Saldern, a third son of the noble house of Von Saldern of Germany, who came to America fifty years ago, made a slight change in his name and dropped all communication with his family.

Uncle Joe to Preside.

Champaign, Ill., special.—The speaker of the national house of representatives, Joseph G. Cannon, has accepted the invitation of the University of Illinois to preside at the federal day meeting, Oct. 17, in connection with the installation of Edmund J. James as president of the university.

Dr. McClish Goes East.

San Jose, Cal., special: Dr. Eli McClish, president of the University of the Pacific, has tendered his resignation to the board of control of the Methodist conference, to take effect Aug. 15. He has received a call to a

MINERS' LEADERS FEAR GREAT STRIKE IS IN SIGHT

Passing of the Dividend by Pittsburg Consolidated and Statement of Directors Forebodes Trouble.

Terre Haute, Ind., special.—Coal operators and miners' leaders read between the lines of the statement by the directors of the Pittsburg Consolidated Coal company, explaining why a dividend has been skipped, a declaration of war for the joint conference at Indianapolis in January of the operators and miners of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and the Pittsburg field, when an agreement is to be made for the year beginning April 1, 1906. The directors say that the business of the big company suffered "on account of unprecedented competition in the bituminous trade in which your officers had to meet very low prices made by competitors and in adjoining fields in order to retain business.

"The competitors employ non-union labor and at a lower scale of wages than is paid to the union labor employed by the Pittsburg company, whose payroll is equal to that of all the mines in Indiana. For years the Pittsburg and some of the Ohio operators have been insisting that the United Mineworkers should bring West Virginia and the other non-union mines in Pennsylvania, producing bituminous coal, up to the standard of wages in the interstate agreement territory. The United Mineworkers have had organizers in the West Virginia field for years, but almost without effect.

The development of the West Virginia field is rapidly increasing the output, until soon it will overwhelm the western and northwestern markets, which have been held in sections by the operators who were parties to the interstate agreement. There is no doubt now that President Frank Robbins of the Pittsburg company will deliver an ultimatum at Indianapolis to the effect that he must have a mining price on something like even terms with the West Virginia operators or a guaranty that the West Virginia operators be forced to pay the union scale, else he will no longer be a party to the agreement with the United Mineworkers.

WOMAN AND THREE MEN KIDNAP INDIANA GIRLS

Victims Are Terribly Bruised in Efforts to Fight Off Attacks by the Brutal Ruffians.

Vincennes, Ind., dispatch.—The wildest excitement prevails at Sandborn, this county, over the kidnaping of Miss Jennie Hill and Miss Mollie Adams, aged respectively fifteen and twelve years.

Four strangers, a woman and three men, passed through the town Friday afternoon. Two miles out on a country road they overtook the girls and forced them to accompany them. The girls' screams aroused a farmer, who pursued the kidnapers, but they eluded him and escaped in a dense woods. The farmer drove to town, giving the alarm as he went.

By 4 o'clock a posse of 150 men was on the trail of the kidnapers, Johnson Hill and James Adams, parents of the girls, and Deputy Sheriff J. H. Russell are with the posse, which is heavily armed.

The Hill girl is now at home in a state of nervous collapse. Two of the men separated her from her companion and attempted to assault her, but she fought them off and succeeded in making her escape to the farmhouse, where she was found crying hysterically. Her clothing was torn to tatters and her arms and face were bleeding from the severe treatment received at the hands of the ruffians.

A telephone message from Sandborn says that at 6 o'clock the members of the posse found Miss Adams bound and gagged on the banks of White river, where the kidnapers abandoned her. Her body was covered with bruises. She is unable from fright to give an intelligent account of her terrible experience.

GENERAL ATKINS IS NOT DEAD

Famous Confederate Warrior Objects to Being Classified as Such.

Memphis, Tenn., dispatch: Hale and hearty at the age of 76 years, General J. D. C. Atkins, member of the congress of the confederate states during the civil war, objects to being placed among the dead ones, as shown by the publication of a list of surviving members of that congress. General Atkins was elected to the first confederate congress while lieutenant of the Fifth Infantry, Tennessee, voluntarily retiring while holding the chairmanship of the committee on appropriations. He was commissioner of Indian affairs under Cleveland's first administration.

MEETS WITH HORRIBLE DEATH

Prof. A. G. Harley Killed and Mangled by Baltimore & Ohio Train.

Laurel, Md., dispatch: A. G. Harley, secretary of the State Teachers' association, was instantly killed and his body was horribly mangled by a train of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. He was 71 years old and well known as an educator. He was a member of the National Geographic society and of the American Historical association.

Wagon Kills Aged Man.

Vincennes, Ind., dispatch: Arthur Spangler was run over by a bucksters' wagon at Sandborn and fatally injured. The tongue of the wagon struck him in the back and plowed through

REFORM MAYOR PROVES FORGER

Missing Executive of Paterson, N. J., Has Uttered \$100,000 in False Paper.

EXPONENT OF UPRIGHT LIFE

Man Who Never Smoked or Drank Stoops to Secure Possession of Earnings of Washerwoman and Her Hard-Working Husband.

New York dispatch: The whereabouts of William H. Belcher, Paterson's reform mayor, whose alleged frauds may aggregate \$100,000, is still in the dark, but his deeds are coming to light.

With the revelations there is a change in Paterson sentiment. People still recount the fact that he never smoked or drank, and seemed their foremost exponent of the upright life, but at the same time refer to him as a forger and confidence man. Even the Paterson papers, which at first refused to print the story of the mayor's peculations, now tell the worst. "Stole right and left" was the heading one of them put on the mayor's doings.

Forgery is Revealed.

The principal cause of the change in sentiment was the appearance in the county clerk's office of Mr. and Mrs. Alphonse Maneve with a mortgage purporting to convey to them property in Passaic. George S. Berdan was the titular giver of the mortgage, his acknowledgment being taken by Mayor Belcher. It was stamped as "received" in the county clerk's office, in September, 1901, and bore County Clerk Slater's signature to the statement on the face that it had been recorded in book M 8, page 479. After a glance at it, County Clerk Slater said:

"I am sorry for you. No such mortgage has been recorded. You are deceived shamefully."

Swindles Working People.

Search of the records showed that the property described in the mortgage was not owned by the reputed mortgagee, and that the name had been forged. Maneve, the reputed mortgagee, is a harnessmaker. In the early years of their married life his wife took in washing to supplement his earnings, and they put \$10 a month in a Manchester Building and Loan association, of which Mayor Belcher is president. In eleven years their stock matured, and they received \$2,000. Maneve left the money with Belcher, telling him to invest it for them at 5 per cent, first mortgage.

False Entries in Abstract.

In a few days, according to Maneve, Belcher took him to see some property and told him that he wanted to borrow \$2,000. Maneve did not inspect it closely. He saw at a glance it was worth the amount and told Belcher to close the deal. A few days later Belcher gave him a mortgage and abstract with it. It contains false entries.

Maneve turned pale as the extent of the imposition upon him was disclosed, and his wife sobbed softly as they left the office.

A clerk in Belcher's office lost \$3,000 in a similar way.

TO PAY BUT HALF ITS DEBTS

Failed Brokerage Firm's Liabilities Greatly Exceed Assets.

Boston, Mass., dispatch: The statement that the assets of the Haight & Freese company, brokers, amount to about \$200,000, and the liabilities to about \$100,000, was made by James D. Coit, the receiver of the company, in this state, in a report to the United States circuit court. The report said that the company actually executed no orders unless customers insisted upon it, and that the only way in which the company made money was through the losses of its customers.

War Funds for Empresses.

London cablegram: The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says the emperor, the empress and the dowager empress each invested \$750,000 in the Yalu timber enterprise. When the accounts were made up the whole of this money was found to be missing. Arrangements were then made to reimburse them from the war fund, but when this proposal was submitted to the emperor he struck out his own name, leaving only the names of the two empresses.

No Japs for Panama.

Washington dispatch: The emigration companies of Japan object to working on the canal on the ground that there are no arrangements to care for the sick, no provisions for returning home the families of deceased laborers and no allowance of passage money.

Falls Into His Casket.

St. Louis, Mo., dispatch.—While in the act of trimming a coffin in the coffin-making establishment here George Disch, aged 49 years, an employe, was suddenly stricken dead and toppled over into the casket. Heart disease caused his death.

Pardon Panel Worker.

Albany, N. Y., dispatch: William R. Moore, husband of Fayne Strahan Moore, who achieved notoriety by working a "panel game" on Martin

INSANE PRIEST DRIVES OVER ROCKEFELLER LAWN

Chicago's Prelate Visits Tarrytown, N. Y., Rides in Hack All Night, and Finally Is Arrested.

Tarrytown, N. Y., special: A priest who said his name was Father Hennebury, but who was afterward identified as Father Kenneby of Chicago, was taken into custody here by the police and later turned over to the care of Father McKenna of St. Teresa's Catholic church. He was apparently insane.

Father Kenneby came to Tarrytown Wednesday night, engaged a hackman and drove all over town, apparently without any destination. At 1 o'clock he secured another hackman and wanted to be driven to Mrs. J. S. Dotmar's place. Mrs. Dotmar is a wealthy woman and had known Father Kenneby in Chicago. What became of him until morning is not known.

He applied early Thursday at the West End livery stable for a three-seated rig. He started out with a boy and after he had gone a short distance he put the boy out and drove off alone. Then he went to William Rockefeller's beautiful estate and drove over all the lawns. He afterward said that the negroes wanted to kill him. He was searching for a Mme. Yale.

When he returned to the stable he excited considerable commotion by throwing one of the boys out of the wagon. Then the proprietor went for the police.

TELLS HOW HE SECURED \$7,000 FOR HIS INFLUENCE

Former Lieutenant Governor Testifies to Details of Smothering Baking Powder Bill.

Jefferson City, Mo., dispatch: The taking of testimony was begun Wednesday in the trial of Senator Frank H. Farris on the charge of bribery. Former Lieut. Gov. J. A. Lee testified that Senator Farris came to his room during the legislative session of 1901 and said that the house and senate bills for the repeal of the law prohibiting the use of alum in the manufacture of baking powder would never be reported from the committee if the sum of \$7,000, making \$1,000 for each member of the committee on criminal jurisprudence, was secured, and asked him to refer the matter to D. J. Kelley of New York.

Lee informed Kelley of the proposition to smother the so-called "alum bill" in committee for \$7,000 and later received a telegram from Kelley saying the proposition was accepted.

Lee testified also that Attorney General Crow had promised him immunity if he would testify against Farris and that Gov. Folk, Attorney Hadley and Prosecuting Attorney Belch had promised to dismiss indictments on charges of bribery and not prosecute him if he testified at this trial.

GIRL ELOPES WITH MAN WHO IS AN EX-CONVICT

Fifteen-Year-Old Miss of Kenosha, Wis., Is Betrayed by Rogue Three Times Her Age.

Kenosha, Wis., dispatch: A sad denouement to an elopement came to pass here when 15-year-old Mary Rummell, daughter of William Rummell, a farmer living near Genoa Junction, discovered that the man who had won her confidence not only had deserted her, but that he is an ex-convict.

The child eloped Monday, July 31, with Fred Lichtenteller, a Kenosha man, recently released from the state's prison, where he served a term for wife abandonment. He brought the girl to Kenosha and left her in care of his parents. The girl had been willing to go on with the ceremony despite the fact that her suitor was thirty years her senior. When she was taken to the justice court and told the man's record, she cried bitterly. Her father, who came for her and took her home, says Lichtenteller possessed a peculiar influence over his daughter. If Lichtenteller can be found, he will probably be prosecuted. He has a long police record.

RUSSIANS SURRENDER TO JAPS

Reports From Tokio Say Bulk of Garrison of Sakhalin Yielded.

Tokio cablegram: The bulk of the Russian garrison of Sakhalin Island surrendered to the Japanese July 31.

The civil administration staff will leave for the island of Sakhalin Aug. 6 and establish headquarters at Alexandrovsk.

An unofficial report has been received to the effect that Gen. Ljuevitch's first army is disposed near Chungmunen; that the second army holds the Fenghwa-Pamienchen line, and that the third army occupies positions in the vicinity of Tooma. Bodies of cavalry protect the extremities of either wing.

It is reported that the Russians are gradually strengthening the forces south of the Tumen river in northern Korea. The total number of men is estimated at 22,000. The force north of the Tumen along the lines of communication is said to be small.

Gives Fortune to Seminary.

San Jose, Cal., special: The Rev. H. T. Deese, a retired minister donated \$50,000 to the Wesleyan Methodist church for educating ministers and missionaries at the Wesleyan seminary

FEAR FOR NIAGARA

IMMENSE VOLUME OF WATER DIVERTED FROM FALLS.

Commercial Enterprises are Making Heavy Drains on This Famous Show-Place—Its Tremendous Electrical Power the Inducement.

Niagara Falls, August 7.—The volume of water being diverted from the historic Niagara Falls is reaching such proportions that the people of the State are trying to pass laws which will prevent the possibility of a practical wiping out of this sublime natural spectacle.

Water sufficient to develop nearly five hundred thousand horse-power continuously, twenty-four hours per day, for industrial purposes, is now being taken from the river above the Falls, and further developments requiring more water are contemplated.

Probably the largest user of the electricity produced by the waters of the mighty river is the concern which by the five or six thousand degree heat of the electric furnace brings lime and coke into molting union, thereby producing what is known as Calcium Carbide.

Dry calcium carbide is lifeless as so much broken rock, but in contact with water it springs into activity and begets abundantly the gas Acetylene. The light resulting from the ignition of acetylene is the nearest approach to sunlight known.

These facts, though of comparatively recent discovery, were soon seized by men with an eye to the commercial possibilities and to-day calcium carbide is being shipped everywhere and used for dispelling darkness in buildings of all descriptions, from the ordinary barn of the farmer to the country villa of the wealthy, as well as for lighting the streets of a large number of towns. Acetylene can be easily and cheaply installed, and the manufacture and sale of acetylene generators has become a business of recognized standing, has assumed large proportions and is steadily growing.

Pennsylvania Solomon.

Pennsylvania now boasts a modern Solomon. Unable to decide which of two contending parties had the best title to a horse which they claimed, Alderman Donohue of Wilkesbarre, had the horse brought to his office and continued the hearing of the case on the sidewalk, where the horse could be seen. He told the defendant and prosecutor to select which part of the horse they liked best. One chose the fore, the other the aft. "I'll take the hoofs and shoes for costs," said Donohue, and calling a constable, ordered him to shoot the horse and divide it. Instantly prosecutor and defendant were pleading for its life, and he gave them four days to come to an agreement.

Dick Turpin's Secret Refuge.

Workmen engaged in tearing down the Plough Inn at Little Ealing, England, discovered a secret chamber a few days ago. It was elaborately furnished in old oak. The house is over 500 years old, and at one time belonged to the grandmother of Dick Turpin, the famous highwayman, whose celebrated ride to York is still the delight of the English schoolboy. The chamber is supposed to have been his retreat when too closely pursued.

Geese and Feather Beds.

The plains of Hungary are well adapted for the raising of geese, and travelers in that country are often entertained by seeing, from passing trains, great flocks of geese feeding in the fields and watched by gosherds. So many feathers are yielded by these geese that four "bed feather marks" are held annually at Budapest and at each market from 600,000 to 700,000 pounds of bed feathers are placed on sale.

Grave of William Hurry.

The grave of William Hurry, who on July 4, 1776, rang on the old liberty bell the peal that proclaimed liberty throughout the land, has been found in the burial ground of Pine Street Presbyterian church, Philadelphia. The Daughters of the Revolution, Colonial Dames and Sons of the Revolution have taken it in charge and the plot will be put in good condition and cared for.

BABY'S INSTINCT

Shows He Knew What Food to Stick To.

Forwarding a photo of a splendidly handsome and healthy young boy, a happy mother writes from an Ohio town:

"The enclosed picture shows my 4-year-old Grape-Nuts boy.

"Since he was 2 years old he has eaten nothing but Grape-Nuts. He demands and gets this food three times a day. This may seem rather unusual, but he does not care for anything else after he has eaten his Grape-Nuts, which he uses with milk or cream, and then he is through with his meal. Even on Thanksgiving day he refused turkey and all the good things that make up that great dinner, and ate his dish of Grape-Nuts and cream with the best results and none of the evils that the other foolish members of the family experienced.

"He is never sick, has a beautiful complexion, and is considered a very handsome boy. May the Postum Company prosper and long continue to furnish their wholesome food!" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little

# FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN



Mr. Wragg invites contributions of any new ideas that readers of this department may wish to present, and would be pleased to answer correspondents desiring information on subjects discussed. Address M. J. Wragg, 309 Good Block, Des Moines, Iowa.

## FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

In 1902 for the first time in eighteen years, foot-and-mouth disease was discovered in the United States. The manner in which the contagion was brought in is not definitely known, but it evidently came with some articles of merchandise, as it first appeared near the docks of the port of Boston, and spread from there toward the interior. When the existence of this disease was recognized and brought to the attention of the department, the contagion had already spread over the eastern part of the state of Massachusetts and into the states of Rhode Island, New Hampshire and Vermont. The whole country was menaced with the plague, and it was only by the adoption of radical measures and by the prompt, efficient and indefatigable work of the inspectors that the contagion was controlled and eradicated.

The plan of work was, briefly, to rightly quarantine all infected premises and the animals upon them, to slaughter at the earliest practicable moment all susceptible animals on such premises, and to disinfect the stables, pens and utensils in a thorough manner. Operations were begun December 1, 1902, and the last diseased herd in this outbreak was slaughtered May 9, 1903. The co-operation of the executive departments of the several affected states was prompt and complete, and enabled the federal authorities to enforce regulations and stamp out the disease wherever it was found. The number of animals slaughtered on account of this disease was 4,461, of which 3,372 were cattle, 369 hogs and 229 sheep and goats. There was allowed by this department 70 per cent of the appraised valuation as indemnity. The total amount thus paid was \$128,908.57. There were other expenses, such as for salaries, traveling, labor, disinfectants, etc., additional to this amount, but the total cost of the eradication of the disease was less than \$300,000.

We saved from a great calamity by the successful termination of this work. It is the general history of the disease in other countries that where an outbreak assumes the proportions of the one which existed in New England it spreads over the whole country, affecting practically all of the cattle and a large part of the sheep and hogs.—From Report of the Secretary of Agriculture.

## THE RELATION BETWEEN BACTERIA AND SOIL.

An account of some interesting experiments made at the Agricultural Institute of Bonn-Poppelsdorf upon the nitrifying bacteria by Dr. Wohltmann, contains the following:

"All plants require nitrogen, but although an abundant supply exists free in the atmosphere, most of them are unable to use it, and depend upon what is found in chemical combination with other substances in the soil. If the soil is poor in nitrogenous compounds, there can not be a luxuriant growth of vegetation upon it. But peas, beans, and others of the family of leguminous plants contrive to form partnerships with certain kinds of bacteria which, in some way, act upon free nitrogen and change it chemically into compounds that can be used by the plants, and also change nitrogen compounds that are not available into compounds that can be used. These bacteria form nodules about as large as pin heads on the roots of the plants. On account of this characteristic, poor soil is often planted with peas, beans, etc., in order to enrich it by the compounds of nitrogen formed in this way."

## THE SPLIT-LOG DRAG.

The good roads question is one that is being agitated extensively and in it the split-log or King road drag is figuring extensively. Many localities are using them, from twenty-five to thirty of the drags being in operation in one immediate community.

The commonly known split-log drag is an expensive implement. It is either made of the halves of a log fastened a few feet apart and pulled over the road with the flat side foremost at an angle of forty-five degrees, or it is made of timbers or planks, and the effect in leveling off the roads and keeping them smooth is marvelous.

The cost of these machines is but a trifle and well worth the little expense and trouble of building. Each farmer should have one and spend a few hours leveling off the road that borders his farm. If each man were to do this the good roads problem would be solved in greater part. Not many of these drags are in operation in this community, but those in use are doing good work. The little chuck holes are filled up and the bumps leveled off. Try a split-log drag and then interest the other fellow in it.

## THE SCUM OF AGRICULTURE.

Agriculture is given low rank by the urban populace because it is judged by the false standard which many of its uninspired followers have established through miserable and inexcusable failures. Everybody who knows much about country life is familiar with that class of careless farmers who represent the scum of agriculture and whose lifelong failure to make more than a cheap, mind-starved living affords an unreliable index to the dignified character and rational operation of modern husbandry. By their works the greatest productive industry is grossly misjudged. These haphazard farmers are not typical of the farming population as a whole, yet this complaint is often paid them.

Nearly every rural neighborhood has its coterie of young men who become, largely through their early freedom from parental discipline, an objectionable element in agriculture. Offsprings in many instances of a nomadic ancestry, devoid of a fixed purpose in life and blind to their opportunities some of them apparently are doomed for a lifetime to the lot of small renters or hirelings. Yet by far the larger part of their kind, born perhaps of industrious, honorable parents, actually train themselves during a thoughtless boyhood to become the offal of an occupation which they should glorify rather than disgrace. It is the work of these unfortunates that lowers public estimate of the farmer's vocation. To translate them into successful agriculturists is not within the power of any human agency, though material improvement might be effected in several ways.

## MILLET FOR HORSES.

The following communication has been received from a subscriber, Mr. W. N. Ferguson:

"In reply in a recent issue to Mr. J. H. G. you say that millet hay is injurious to horses. I do not agree with you there. I have fed it for the past seventeen years to horses and cattle, thirty to forty head each year, and a sick one from colic or even had ahead of timothy. I give them all I want of it at night and let them eat it during the day if not at work, but I always cut my millet before it gets headed out, and do not let it cure too much, for that spoils its feeding value. I sow from twenty to thirty acres every year."

We are glad to quote the experience of Mr. Ferguson, and would especially call the attention of our readers to the fact that it is his practice to cut millet early and to get it inside without allowing it to bleach to any considerable extent. When we called attention to the fact that millet hay sometimes results injuriously to horses we had in mind experiments conducted at the Dakota station, where the health of animals was seriously impaired by feeding continuously on millet hay. It is just possible that by feeding only once a day, as is the case in this instance, danger of injury is lessened.

## THE BREAKING PLOW.

I am the plow that turns the soil That has labored for a thousand years; Where the prairie's wind-tossed flowers nod And the wolf her wild cub rears. I come, and in my wake, flow rain, I scattered the golden seed; I change the language of lonely plains; To fruitful gardens and fields of grain For men and their hungry crews.

A homestead sower the prairie rose Has ploughed the barren sod A thousand winters the drifting snows Have whitened the grassy sod. Before me curls the waveling smoke Of the Indian's smoldering fire. Behind me lies—was it God who spoke?—At the toll-enchanted hammer's stroke, The town and the glittering spire.

## ALL ROUND BUTTERMAKERS.

If a buttermaker is to accomplish the greatest good for his creamery and win an enviable reputation among his patrons, he cannot be altogether a specialist. He cannot devote all his energy to an effort to get his butter to score one point higher, but must use some of this energy in furnishing his patrons first-class pasteurized skim milk. He must be an expert in running the separators, for one point lost in skimming amounts to more than one point lost on score. He must be a careful fireman, and a careful machinist for waste in fuel and extras are an absolute loss, while it is lamentable but true that, under present conditions, butter that scores 96 brings but little if any more than butter that scores 94. He must be a good-natured critic, but not a crank, who can refuse unwholesome milk without giving offense. Deliver us from the one-sided fault-finder, and chronic gumbler, and give us the broad-gauged, all-round, general purpose buttermaker.

## COWS THAT ARE THIEVES.

"If the 'man behind the cow' in Kansas would do his part, no unprofitable animal would masquerade under the fictitious appellation of 'mitch cow,' and she would either go to the butcher's block or be made to return a profit by more intelligent care and management," says Secretary Coburn in the quarterly report of the Kansas Board of Agriculture. "It passeth understanding why theft by a cow should be tolerated more than theft by a human. In effect, the result to the loser in either case is the same. Our government has found it wisdom to study and establish far-reaching methods for the detection and the repression of the latter; and by the same token why should our farmers and dairymen be less vigilant in regard to this possible proclivity in their cows—beasts described as dumb, yet outwitting their owners? So long as cows of this class are permitted in the dairy herd, so long will there be dissatisfaction and failure. Improvement is the route to success, whether by breeding, better management, or other ways, and intelligence in our cowmen is the power that will force advancement in the right direction.

"Dairying has come to be one of the most important factors in Kansas agriculture, and rightly conducted is one of the surest money-makers of our varied industries. It is incomparably more rational than any one-crop system, or even general farming, as its practice tends to rotation of crops, maintains or increases the fertility of land, and affords steady employment with returns remunerative according to the brains mixed with the business.

## FACTS ABOUT GEESE.

Raising geese for market and the best breeds and methods have been summarized by the Department of Agriculture. The statement is made that geese are probably the hardiest of all domestic fowl, requiring less attention than cows or hens, and little or no outlay for buildings. The old geese do well in all weathers, oftentimes disdaining even a shed, and they do well on wet or marshy land, where hens and turkeys will not thrive. They, however, have their peculiarities. If they are changed often from one place to another they are not apt to breed well. They breed better the third season they are in a locality. The Embden-White China are the easiest to pick, and are white when dressed. The Embden-White are also easy to pick and larger than the White-China. These two breeds, crossed, produce vigorous, quick growing geese. The Embden-Toulouse is regarded as the most satisfactory cross for large geese for Christmas and New Year's trade.

Old geese lay a greater number of larger eggs and are more reliable than young birds and lay more fertile eggs. Breeding geese should have considerable exercise and be kept moderately thin in flesh through the winter by light feeding and a free range, or facilities for swimming. The Toulouse geese lay well, but often do not sit. The Embden gets lay fewer eggs, but make better mothers. Geese are not grazers, and too much grain is not good for them. To insure fertile eggs they should have an abundance of green food and constant access to drinking water; also, if possible, to a pond.

## HORSE FEEDING.

In making up rations for horses we must remember that the digestive organs of this animal differ materially from those of the cow, the former having but one stomach while the latter has four, three of which are used, in the main, to prepare the food for the fourth or true stomach, which corresponds to that of the horse. For this reason horses cannot assimilate as much from a bulky or coarse ration as is noted for the ruminants. Consequently when a horse is being heavily worked intelligent care must be given to the feeding. For instance, from thirty-five to forty-five pounds of silage can be fed daily to the cow, but less than one-third of that amount should constitute the daily portion for the horse.

When feeding cows it is generally considered best to have the grain or concentrated part of the ration form about one-third of the total dry matter, whereas, in the case of feeding horses, heavily worked, the proportion of grain may exceed one-half the total amount of food. One reason for using so much grain is in order to be sure that we have in the ration a generous amount of protein, so essential to the successful feeding of the horse.

In alfalfa sections so much protein can be supplied in green and cured alfalfa that much less grain is required than is necessary when the roughage consists of cereal hays only.—Bulletin 132, University of California.

Sheep are pre-eminently the best suited of all stock for rough and partially cleared land.

# TELEGRAPH KEYS FAIL TO CLICK

## Operators on Two Great Railroads Obey Orders of Union to Quit.

## FREIGHT TRAINS ARE TIED UP

### Passengers Are Moved at Slower Pace Than Usual, But This Line of Business Does Not Suffer to Any Great Extent.

St. Paul, Minn., dispatch: The telegraphers' representatives here of the men ordered to strike on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific road declare the strike order has been generally observed on both roads and that freight traffic has been paralyzed. Managers of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific admit the strike order has been generally complied with and that the freight business has been crippled to some extent, but the passenger business has not been delayed much.

Every man between Fargo and Bismarck on the Northern Pacific walked out with the exception of an operator at Dawson. Freight trains are tied up and all passenger trains are reported running late.

Virtually the entire operating force of both roads walked out in response to the strike order. This includes the relay men in Helena, where the entire force of the relay office, where all business between St. Paul and points west of Helena is handled, walked out.

Dispatchers Out in Sympathy. Dispatchers at Havre, on the Great Northern, walked out in sympathy with the telegraph operators. At Butte the strike resulted in the Burlington flyer being held twenty-five miles east of Butte. From the same city the north coast limited is being forced to run slowly on account of difficulty in obtaining clearance orders.

Operators on the Spokane and Idaho divisions of the Great Northern, except the dispatchers, are out. All operators on both roads in these divisions are claimed to have walked out with the exception of one man.

According to the claims of the strike committee in St. Paul 1,752 men have walked out. Of these 812 are on the Great Northern and 940 on the Northern Pacific. The men assert every operator on the Great Northern has walked out, and that all but two or three on the Northern Pacific.

Reviewing the first day of the telegraphers' strike upon the Northern Pacific system, General Manager Horn said the strike would cause surprises.

Telegraphers May Not Be Needed. "In view of the fact," he said, "that the traffic is moving over the Northern Pacific system in a fairly satisfactory manner, in face of strike conditions, I predict that the present difficulties will demonstrate what can be done in the movement of heavy traffic over a single track railway without the aid of telegraphers. I believe this strike will furnish many surprises."

President Perham denied that statements issued by the road officials presented a true statement of the case.

"The statements are too low in their figures and too mean in their terms to be accepted," said Perham. "These roads have the lowest range of operating expenses of any roads in the United States. They are trying to run their roads too cheaply."

"The men only asked for a Sunday overtime schedule that would cost not to exceed \$30,000 a year. Road officials say this would cost \$100,000, but it would not. It is possible the strike would not have been ordered at all if they hadn't ordered a lockout."

## ASSETS SHOW DEFALCATION

### Face Value of Resources of Failed Bank Decrease 50 Per Cent.

Buffalo, N. Y., dispatch: The report of George P. Keating and George R. Teller, appraisers of the defunct German bank, appointed by State Superintendent Kilbourne, have filed their report. It shows that though the face value of the bank assets was \$5,799,175, their actual value as estimated by the appraisers is about \$3,530,707. The face value of demand notes was \$1,252,324; actual value, \$399,973. Time notes total \$3,077,458; appraised value, \$3,237,928.

## SON OF BOSS TWEED A SUICIDE

### Kills Himself by Jumping From Veranda of an Insane Asylum.

Middletown, Conn., special: Through a return filed by an undertaker at the office of the town clerk the fact became public that on July 13, George W. Tweed, a son of the late William M. Tweed of New York, known as "Boss" Tweed, committed suicide by jumping from an upper veranda of the Connecticut hospital for the insane. His body was taken to New York and buried in Greenwood cemetery.

## Charge Professor With Vagrancy.

New York special: Charles Rouxel, who said he had been a professor of belles-lettres in a South American university and evidently a man of refinement and culture, was sent to the workhouse for a month. Rouxel was picked up as a vagrant.

# Chinese Doctors Have Skill

The method of treating sick persons adopted by Chinese doctors in some cities is similar to that of the other physicians of the United States and those of Great Britain. They depend much, however, on the examination of the pulse. Their sense of touch is so wonderfully developed that it is said they can determine the condition of the heart as well as some of the other organs merely by the feebleness or strength of thebeats; but they say there are no less than twelve different movements of the arteries in the human body, all of which can be detected by feeling the fingers, wrist and arm.

When a patient calls on him for examination the doctor first presses the arm, wrist and fingers, touching nearly every part. Sometimes ten or fifteen minutes is occupied with this examination. Then he may ask if the patient is married or single, and also his age; but this is about the limit of the examination. Apparently he can tell the nature of the disease without questioning further, and if the caller wishes a prescription he writes one in the ordinary Chinese characters on a generous-sized square of paper.

Ring a bell, he hands the prescription to the Chinese attendant who enters, for each physician has his own shop, filled with the ingredients

which he uses in treatment. If he has a large practice he may employ a native chemist, who makes up the prescription.

One of the curious features of Chinese medical treatment is the way in which the physicians administer their remedies. Nearly all the offices of the principal doctors have what may be called a tea-room attachment. This is a spacious apartment, well lighted, frequently ornamented with Oriental pottery and pictures and containing small tables, each with two or three chairs. If the invalid does not wish to take his medicine at home, he is ushered into this room, and while seated at one of the tables drinks his prescription as he would a cup of tea or a glass of wine. With but few exceptions the medicine is in liquid form and served hot in dainty Chinese bowls, for most of it is composed of a decoction of herbs.

Each table contains a bowl of raisins, and when the attendant brings in the medicine he also brings in a glass of tepid water. If the drink is bitter, as it usually is, the patient can eat some of the raisins to remove the taste, while with the water he rinses his mouth and throat. Then he is ready to go home, returning the next day for another examination and dose.—Chambers' Journal.

# Turtle With Long Pedigree

A giant leatherback turtle was received at the American Museum of Natural History yesterday. It is said to be the first that has been taken along the Atlantic coast in fifteen years, as well as the largest ever brought to shore in this country.

This one weighs 716 pounds. It was caught off Block Island and was presented to the museum by G. M. Long & Co. of New London. It was alive when brought in from the sea, but died shortly after being landed. A wound from a harpoon shows just over the left shoulder.

Upon its arrival at the museum it was taken to the basement, where the museum artist made a sketch of it for the official records. Experts in reptilian genealogy say that the leatherback family is a most ancient one, and that if Adam had ever gone down to the seashore he might have seen one of them. The family can boast of an older line even than that of the serpent that tempted Eve. The experts say that the leatherback is the oldest reptile family in the world.

Leatherback is an everyday name. When the men who know all about it

history got to talking about it they refer to it as Dermochelone coriacea, a name not conferred on it by Adam aforesaid. Proof that the family is the most ancient among reptiles is that the spinal column has no fixed attachment to the shell as in the case of more modern turtles that have evolved.

"The museum was very glad to get so rare a turtle," said Prof. George H. Sherwood, one of the curators. "It is the most primitive of reptiles now with us. There was one caught in the Indian ocean some years ago that was larger. On land it could easily drag six men after it. It wasn't much larger than this one. This is the third that has been caught in this country to my knowledge in a good many years. When we measured this one we found that it was 6 feet over all, that is, from snout to tip of tail. The shell is 4 feet 10 inches long and 3 feet 1 inch wide. From tip to tip of flippers was 7 feet."

If the skin does not wrinkle too much the turtle will be mounted and placed on exhibition. At any rate a plaster cast will be made of it for exhibition.—New York Sun.

# Stately Ruins in Rhodesia

Richard N. Hall, who has given eight years to the study of ancient monuments in southern Rhodesia, says that none of the hundreds of ruins has been more than partially explored, according to the San Francisco Chronicle. Many important ruins have been seen only by casual travelers and the work of unearthing only a part of the Great Zimbabwe area would be more than the labor of a lifetime. Still, researches have made progress in the last few years. There are in Rhodesia no less than 200 distinct ruins and groups of ruins. Only a few scores of these are entitled to rank as "ancient." The largest part of them probably does not date back to the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth centuries.

There is overwhelming evidence at the Great Zimbabwe of ancient civilization and arts possessed by the builders of the earliest period. The Zimbabwe temple is the finest and most intact example of a nature worshipping shrine known to the world. Its construction

points unmistakably to some knowledge of geometry and astronomy on the part of the builders. It is quite certain that even the cruder methods at Zimbabwe of applying this knowledge, which was common to the ancient Semitic peoples, were imported from the near east and did not originate in southeast Africa. The right ascension of the sun, the heliacal rising and the meridian passages of the stars are believed to have been noted at Zimbabwe. These ancient builders were also past masters in the science of military defense, the walls showing that the builders were military strategists of the highest order. Their gold ornaments, finely designed and engraved, could not have been the work of an uncivilized people, and the hundreds of ancient gold mines show that they were skilled in metallurgy and picked out rich shoots, patches and pockets with marvelous cleverness. It is estimated that from these widespread mines they extracted \$275,000,000 of gold.

# Something Like a Swarm

We very frequently hear of snake and fish stories and sometimes a pretty good bee story is told, says the Huntsville (Mo.) Herald. Our friend, Bill Hefflin, hardly ever relates anything unless he knows what he is talking about, and all who know him won't question his veracity one moment or doubt the correctness of any story Bill may tell if he claims he has a personal knowledge of anything connected with it.

Not long ago Mr. Hefflin and Squire O'Bryan were talking about bees and the manner of swarming and Mr. Hefflin was reminded of the immense swarm he once saw in Missouri. It was during the time Bill was down south fighting for his country and along about the last of that sanguinary conflict, when Bill saw that the southern boys had to surrender to superior numbers, that he saw the big

swarm of bees. Bill says one day while marching up the Mississippi valley with his command he saw bees swarming out of a hole in a saw cliff. The hole, he says, was about three times the size of a hoghead and the bees filled the entire space and had the appearance of a black cloud coming out of the hole. He did not know how long the bees had been coming out of the hole, but the swarm was two miles wide, one and a half miles thick and twenty miles long, and that they were two hours in passing a given point. Bill did not go into particulars as to how he got the dimensions of this great swarm of bees, nor when they settled, but he says the hole was left in the cliff, for he saw it after the bees had vacated it. This is the biggest bee story we ever heard and it seems too big to be true, but Bill declares that his command was not on a retreat when he saw the swarm.

# Guile of Kansas Farmer

The Kansas fields were full of wheat awaiting to be sown; The farmer he was full of grief, and partly full of corn.

A score of harvest hands he watched go telling in the sun; Some came from Eastern colleges; all strangers, every one.

The farmer watched his new-hired help mixed up with all his wheat; "They call 'em hands," he muttered, "but they're more like tenderloin."

"The rain may come and spoil my crop; some prize I must devise To make these fellows rustic for an inexpensive price."

A thought then struck the farmer, and he staggered from the blow; Then called the hands around him and he busily let her go:

"I have a lovely daughter, and the peach-erino miss On the man who works the hardest will bestow a hug and kiss."

The men wired in like madmen; some fainted from the heat; Some worked their hands to splinters, but they put away the wheat.

They worked all day, and didn't pause to eat their waiting dinner; And at the end Bill Higgins was acclaimed an easy winner.

The farmer led him to the house; along went all the crew; And then brought out his daughter, who had reached the age of two.

They say that, tired as Sturgis was, the fight was mighty warm; However that may be, just now an orphan owns the farm. —Wex Jones, in Chicago American.

**Pennsylvania Lines—Time Card**  
 In Effect May 28, 1904.  
**NORTH BOUND**  
 No. 46 Daily ..... 8:16 a. m.  
 " 40 " " " " 11:28 a. m.  
 " 42 " Ex. Sun. 6:53 p. m.  
 " 48 Sunday only .. 5:50 p. m.  
**SOUTH BOUND**  
 No. 41 Daily Ex. Sun. 6:06 a. m.  
 " 43 " " " " 11:52 a. m.  
 " 45 Daily ..... 6:06 p. m.  
 " 49 Sunday only .. 8:10 p. m.

Direct connections for Indianapolis via Colfax and Frankfort; also for St. Louis, Evansville and all points south and west.

JAMES SHUGRUE, Agent.

**PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.**

**B. W. S. WISEMAN, M. D.**  
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
 CULVER, INDIANA.

**DR. H. A. DEEDS,**  
 DENTIST  
 OFFICE: Over Leonard's Furniture Store,  
 PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

**D. E. PARKER,**  
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
 Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. Office over Culver Exchange Bank. Residence, corner Main and Scott Streets. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

**DR. O. A. REA,**  
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
 OFFICE: Main Street, opposite Post Office  
 CULVER, INDIANA.

**C. C. DURR, D. D. S.**  
 DENTIST  
 Friday and Saturday of each week. Office opposite Postoffice, CULVER, IND.

**ROBERT C. O'BLENIS,**  
 ATTORNEY AT LAW AND  
 NOTARY PUBLIC.  
 Also Deputy Prosecutor, Office—Pickert Block  
 ARGOS, INDIANA.

**DR. NORMAN S. NORRIS,**  
 DENTIST.  
 Office—Opposite M. E. Church  
 CULVER, IND.

**N. J. FAIRCHILD,**  
 LIVE STOCK AND GENERAL  
 AUCTIONEER.  
 Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for dates. Residence, 2 miles east of Maxinkuckee Lake. CULVER, IND.

**CHARLES KELLISON,**  
 ATTORNEY AT LAW  
 Practices in All Courts—State and Federal.  
 PLYMOUTH, IND.

**Trustee's Notice.**  
 After April 1st, my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as follows: Tuesdays at my residence, and Saturdays at my office over the Exchange Bank, Culver.  
 FRANK M. PARKER, Trustee.

**GET THE BEST!**  
 IT COSTS NO MORE.

**Schlosser Bros.**  
**Pure Ice Cream**  
 Delivered Anywhere About the Lake

**HARRY MENSER**  
 TELEPHONE 35.

**Public is Aroused.**  
 The public is aroused to a knowledge of the curative merits of that great medicinal tonic, Electric Bitters, for sick stomach, liver and kidneys. Mary H. Walters, of 545 St. Clair Ave., Columbus, O., writes: "For several months, I was given up to die. I had fever and ague, my nerves were wrecked; I could not sleep, and my stomach was so weak, from useless doctors' drugs, that I could not eat. Soon after beginning to take Electric Bitters, I obtained relief, and in a short time I was entirely cured." Guaranteed at T. E. Slattery's drug store; price 50c.

See Medbourn & Dillon for lime, Portland cement, plaster paris, etc. Get prices for hard and soft coal for fall and winter.

THE CITIZEN—Only \$1.00 a year.

**THE CULVER CITIZEN**  
 J. H. KOONTZ & SON, PUBLISHERS

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES**  
 One Year, in advance ..... \$1.00  
 Six Months, in advance ..... .75  
 Three Months, in advance ..... .50

**ADVERTISING**  
 Rates for home and foreign advertising made known on application.  
 Legal advertising at the rates fixed by law.

Entered at the postoffice at Culver, Indiana, as second-class mail matter.

CULVER, INDIANA, AUG. 10, 1905.

**WASHINGTON.**

Gillie Jones Correspondent.  
 Mrs. A. L. Wilson, of South Bend is visiting relatives here.

Grandma Lockwood and Mrs. E. Hibray are reported dangerously ill.

Lemuel Crabb and family, of Kewanna visited relatives over Sunday.

J. Jones, Debolt Kline and wives took dinner with John Kline and family, Sunday.

Rev. Whittaker, will preach his farewell sermon at East Washington, Sunday evening.

Most of the people from this neighborhood attended the picnic at Leiters, Saturday.

**NORTH UNION.**

Miss Ruth Castleman, Correspondent.  
 Miss Pearl Pettis spent Sunday at Indianapolis.

Miss Mabel Bush is visiting in Culver for a few days.

Wm. Castleman, wife and daughter visited friends in Plymouth Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Hawkins visited with Mrs. Sarah Geiselman Sunday.

George Osborn, wife and daughter attended the harvest meeting Salem Sunday.

Mrs. Nelson Geiselman and little daughter are visiting Mrs. Sarah Geiselman and family.

**OSBER.**

Stephen Shepherd, Correspondent.  
 Willie Hisey came home over Sunday.

Lee Ransbottom and wife spent Sunday at Osber.

Mrs. Elizabeth Green visited at Thomaston, Sunday.

Mrs. A. H. Jones, died Saturday and was buried Monday.

Misses Lela and Izora Bohlen visited at Mr. Reas, Thursday.

Mel Geishman is working on the Knox section for Mr. Denton.

Clayton Lane, Willie McGaffey and Henry Nelson, started for North Dakota, Sunday.

Misses Elora Clapsaddle and Inez Rea visited A. C. Bohlen and Joseph Bohlen last week.

Abel Rea, had a valuable cow killed by the cars last week, it is only a year since he lost a fine horse the same way.

**BURR OAK**

G. A. Maxey, Correspondent.  
 Rev. Martin preached at the U. B. church Sunday night.

Miss Blanch Vanderweele is visiting in Lagrange County.

Rev. A. H. Zilmer will preach at Burr Oak, Thursday night.

Chas. E. Paddock, returned to Fort Worth, Texas, Monday.

Roy Turner, went to South Bend Monday, to be gone a few days.

Miss Maude Maxey spent Sunday at home returning to Valparaiso to school Sunday evening.

There was 15 passengers for Chicago last Sunday from Burr Oak and eleven of them went on to North Dakota.

Lewis Schock fell from a hand car last Saturday and the car ran over him, injuring him quite severely. He is improving some and hopes to be out to work in a week or two.

The Harvest meeting at Salem last Sunday was interesting and instructive, and after the forenoon sermon the tables were spread and dinner was served to every one present.

When Secretary Shaw leaves the Cabinet, he is expected to become head of a big New York trust company. The Government seems to be a kind of training school for all the big financial concerns.

Miss Alice Shultz is visiting Dr. O. A. Rea and family.

**NORTH BEND.**

Mrs. Jane Castleman Correspondent.  
 J. E. Demont drove to Bass lake Sunday.

James Lohr has sold his farm to Knox parties.

Lizzie Castleman visited Sunday with May Lucas.

Roy Chapman, was home over Sunday, from Hamlet.

Joe Joy wife and son, visited Harry Leopold last week.

Miss Della Overmeyer and brother Roy, spent Sunday in Ora.

Mrs. Wm. Casper visited Sunday afternoon with her brother Alvin Good.

Miss Abbie Demont, returned to Chicago Sunday, having been home on a visit.

Mrs. Jacob Weise, was home from South Bend for a few days visit with her parents John Casper.

Ora Lang, who completed a term of work for Harry Leopold, Thursday told them he was going to North Dakota, and took his departure.

There will be preaching at No 4 (Hornersburg) next Friday, Saturday, and Sunday nights, Aug. 11, 12, and 13th. Lady ministers will conduct the services.

Uncle John Leopold, drove to Knox Sunday with his sister-in-law Miss Winters, who intends staying a few days there visiting her niece Mrs. John Cox and family before returning to Chicago.

The elevator at Culver is open for business. We are prepared to handle all kinds of grain for which we will pay the highest market price.—DILLON & MEDBOURN.

**HIBBARD.**

Mrs. E. J. Reed Correspondent.  
 Threshing has begun at Hibbard.

Mr. Yeoman visited his wife at Renselear last Sunday.

Mrs. F. Groves, visited Mrs. Livinghouse last Monday.

Dan Muchelkhouse returned from Peru where he has been visiting his sick father.

A number of young folks of this place attended the Young People's Alliance at Rutland last Sunday evening.

Bert Vories, and sister Grace, Will Lowery and wife of this place attended the picnic at Leiters last Saturday.

Peter Lichtenberger, Mrs. Louise Lichtenberger, Mrs. Lavering and Mrs. Amanda Wilson went to Plymouth last Monday.

Amos Lichtenberger, James Lavering and Ervin Lavering of this place started for North Dakota last Sunday morning.

Some sneakthief entered the house of Sidney Wilson, in the absence of Mrs. Wilson and took her purse from off the wall, containing near four dollars, on last Saturday afternoon.

Bring your grain to the Culver elevator. We handle grain economically, and will pay the highest market price.—DILLON & MEDBOURN.

**Expenditures and Tax Levies for the Year 1906.**

The Trustees of Union Township, Marshall County, propose for the yearly expenditures and tax levies by the Advisory Board at its annual meeting, to be held at the Trustee's office, the following estimates and amounts for said year:

1. Township expenditures.....\$2434.80 and Township tax, 10 cents on the hundred dollars.
2. Local Tuition expenditures.....\$841.43 and tax, 30 cents on the hundred dollars.
3. Special school tax expenditures.....\$2591.10 and tax, 21 cents on the hundred dollars.
4. Road tax expenditures.....\$8 and tax, 20 cents on the hundred dollars.
5. Additional Road Tax expenditures.....\$640.75 and tax, 5 cents on the hundred dollars.
6. Poor expenditures for preceding year \$128.15 and tax, 1 cent on the hundred dollars.

Total expenditures.....\$12302.16 and total tax, 96 cents on the hundred dollars.

(Signed) F. M. PARKER, Trustee.  
 Dated August 1st, 1905.

**THE GEM HARNESS SHOP**  
 For Hand-Made Harness  
 CULVER, IND.

**ECZEMA** sufferers cured with "Hermit" Salve, who have been advised to have limbs amputated. 25 & 50c. All druggists. Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

**I. P. SHAMBAUGH**  
 SUCCESSOR TO WM. FOSB.

PROPRIETOR OF THE  
**CULVER BAKERY**

All kinds of Choice Bakery Goods.

Parties and Weddings supplied on short notice. Give us a trial.

**EXCHANGE BANK**

Insured Against Burglary

Does a General Banking Business  
 Makes Loans  
 Receives Money on Deposit  
 Buys Commercial Paper  
 Farm Loans Made at Lowest Rates  
 Prompt and Courteous Attention to All

Also agent for the Old Reliable  
**JOHN HANCOCK**  
 Life Insurance Co. of Boston, Mass.

Your Patronage Solicited

S. C. SHILLING  
 President

**CULVER CITY Meat Market**

DEALERS IN  
 FRESH & SMOKED MEATS  
 SAUSAGES, ETC.

WALTER & SON, Props.  
 Cor. Main and Washington Sts.,  
 CULVER, IND.

**McLANE & CO.**

Livery Feed and Sale Stable

Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable.

Barn East of the Postoffice

**HOWARD & DAVIS' BAKERY**

BAKERY GOODS  
 CONFECTIONERY  
 AND ICE CREAM

**MEALS SERVED**

**KREUZBERGER'S PARK**

The best Whiskies, Brandies, Cordials, Rhine and Moselle Wines, and French Claret, Ports and Cherry Ales, Beers, Mineral Water, etc. and a stock of fine Domestic and Key West Cigars.....

Lake Maxinkuckee: Culver, Ind.

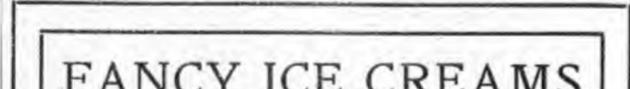
**WALL PAPER AND PAINTS**

**Spring Will Soon Be Here**

Soon be time to have those rooms re-papered and that job of painting done. We want to show you the handsome new designs in Wall Papers we have received. Our low prices tend to make the cost of "brightening up" as little as possible.

**SLATTERY'S DRUG STORE**

**FANCY ICE CREAMS AND ICES**



**Dr. Pepper**

And Other Soft Drinks

Delicious, healthful and refreshing during the hot weather. Served at all restaurants and soda fountains. Special orders receive prompt attention.

**SOWERS & EXMEYER**

Factories at Rochester and Peru, Indiana

**Going to Build this Spring?**

WHEN in need of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Building Hardware, Tile, Sewer Pipe, Brick, etc., call and get my prices. I have a large stock on hand at all times.

**J. O. FERRIER, Culver, Indiana.**

**CLOSING OUT SALE OF FOOTWEAR**

Everything in this line to be sacrificed regardless of cost or value. Don't miss this if you are in need of Footwear. We save you money

**STAHL AND COMPANY**

PILES the sufferer who thinks this disease incurable has never tried that peculiar "Hermit" Salve. A trial will convince the most sceptical. 25 & 50 cents. All druggists. Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

PILES and "Hermit" Salve are incompatible. The disease must leave when you use "Hermit" Salve. Book free. 25 & 50 cents. All druggists. Hermit Remedy Company, Chicago.

**CULVER MARKETS.**  
(Corrected August 9.)

Eggs	15
Butter	15
Chickens	108
Roosters	04
Spring chickens, per lb.	12 1/2
Lard	09
Wheat	76
Oats	23
Corn per bu.	55
Rye per bu.	52
Clover seed, per bu.	5.00
Cattle—Butchers	3.50@4.00
Killers	4.50@5.00
Hogs	4.50@4.75
Sheep	2.50@4.00
Lambs	4.00@
Milch Cows—Choice	30.00@40.00
Common	15.00@25.00

**LOCAL ITEMS**

David Smith is nursing a sore hand.

E. A. Poor moved into his new residence last Friday.

S. S. Chadwick is offering some very valuable property for sale.

FOR SALE—Choice timothy seed at the grist mill.—Collier Bros

Ex-Sheriff, Frank Dillon, is the newly appointed post master at Rochester.

Howard and Davis are flooded with orders for their bakery and ice cream products.

Miss Johnson, of Rochester visited a few days with Miss Mary Medbourn this week.

Mrs. J. M. Ritter and daughter, of Rutland, are visiting with the family of L. C. Wiseman.

Marion Keen and wife spent Sunday with Channcey Overmyer and family near Leiters Ford.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

Thompson returned Miss Golda Mr. and Mrs. Guy to Chicago with visit with them for Bigley and will several weeks.

Mrs. Rotta Waan, of Warsaw, spent several days with Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McDonald at the Pottawattomie Reservation.

Rev. Shepherd, of Plymouth preaches at the Assembly grounds Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and at Maxinkuckee in the evening.

G. W. Osborn was appointed overseer for the gravel road to be built from the county line west to Bass Lake. There were five applicants.

There will be a meeting of the Ladies' church Guild on Tuesday Aug. 15. A postal will be sent to each member later in the week, giving the place of meeting.

The Japanese plenipotentiaries want the peace negotiations conducted in the English language. The significance of this desire will

not be lost upon the French, whose tongue has hitherto been the accepted language of diplomacy.

John Wassick and wife, of Logansport were guests of Louis Raver and wife last Wednesday. Mrs. Wassick will be better remembered as Miss Nora Snyder, North Bend.

A son of Dick Patsel was severely burned about the face and neck, by being thrown against a gasoline torch on the Assembly pier. The wounds are very painful but not dangerous.

Prof. J. L. Rettger and family of Terre Haute, are spending a month at the Chadwick Hotel. Prof. Rettger delivered the address at the graduating class of Culver High School last spring.

Counterfeit dollars and half dollars are in circulation here. The greatest care should be exercised in making change or in receiving silver, especially when dealing with a stranger. The Exchange Bank has several of the spurious coins.

Last Saturday evening a party of friends gathered at the home of James Lohr. Those present were: Alvin Goot and family, Joseph Castleman and family, Elza Lohr and wife, Henry Lohr and wife and Louis Raver and wife, of Culver. Ice cream and cake were served. All stayed till a late hour. A good time reported.

**MOUNT HOPE.**

Miss Della Edgington, Correspondent.

Ellsworth Edgington spent Sunday at Indianapolis.

George Sturgeon and wife spent Sunday with James Hay's.

A. Ralston, of near Rochester visited Geo. Truex's Sunday.

Val Zimmerman and wife of Rochester visited Lee Slonaker and family Sunday.

Mrs. Jesse Crabb and baby, of Kewanna are visiting her parents, Jacob Hartle and wife.

Mrs. Whistler and daughters, Mrs. Lawrence, Shannon Fountz, are visiting Wm. Cavender's.

Alvin Hartle and wife, spent Sunday with Theodore Kline and family of Washington neighborhood.

Mrs. Minnie Goodman, of Chicago has been visiting her parents Wm. Hay and wife the past two weeks.

O. D. Duddleason, wife and daughter, of South Bend and Miss Bessie Medbourn, of Culver spent Friday with Isaac Edgington and family.

Miss Margaret Buchanan, of Logansport, Maude Hays, of Chicago, Maude Morgan, of Argos and Harry Meiser, of Winamac were the guests of Charles Meiser and sisters last week.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

**\$5,000**

Reward will be paid to any person who can find one atom of opium, chloral, morphine, cocaine, ether or chloroform in any form in any of Dr. Miles' Remedies.

This reward is offered because certain unscrupulous persons make false statements about these remedies. It is understood that this reward applies only to goods purchased in the open market, which have not been tampered with in any way.

Dr. Miles' remedies cure by their soothing, nourishing, strengthening and invigorating effects upon the nervous system, and not by paralyzing and weakening the nerves as would be the case if these drugs were used.

For this reason Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are universally considered the best pain remedy. "I have suffered for 25 years with severe pains in my head, heart and back, and have tried everything I could get and could not find any relief until I got a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I suffered as long as 12 hours at a time with such severe pains that I feared I would lose my mind. The Anti-Pain Pills gave me relief in from 10 to 20 minutes. I do not have to use Morphine any more. I wish you would publish this so that other sufferers may find relief."

I. A. WALKER, Salem, Ind.  
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**No Person on Earth Should be Suffering from Dyspepsia if Pepsoids is within their Reach. The First Bottle is Free.**

There is no case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion or Stomach Trouble that Pepsoids will not cure. So certain are we that it will cure you, that we are willing to send you the first bottle free on approval. If Pepsoids do as we say, cure you, then you pay 50 cents, otherwise you are under no obligation to pay one penny. We could not afford to make

you this offer if we did not have confidence in the curing power of Pepsoids. You will have the same confidence in its curing power after you use the first bottle. We want you to write us today. The sooner you begin using Pepsoids the sooner you will be well to take no chances. We want to cure you. Do you want to get cured? Try Vio

the famous prescription of Dr. V. I. Oidman in tablet form. The formula is on each bottle. Pepsoids is warranted to cure the worst forms of Stomach Disorder. Write at once. We ask you to take no chances. We want to cure you. Do you want to get cured? Try Vio

Sold by T. E. SLATTERY, Proprietor, Culver, Indiana. CHEMICAL CO., Chicago, Ill.



**M. R. ELINE**  
CONTRACTOR & BUILDER  
Residence MAXINKUCKEE.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

Get your printing at the CITIZEN.

**WILLIAM GRUBB**  
*Practical Plumber*

Having opened a shop in Culver, I am now prepared to do all kinds of Plumbing and Well Work. Give me a trial.

Shop in Rear of Tin Shop : CULVER, IND.

**CHEAPER THAN DOING WITHOUT**

Jap. Buckwheat . . . . 80c per bu.  
Siberian Millet, . . . . 80c per bu.  
Turnip Seed, oz., 5c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 35c  
Add 5c per pound if wanted by mail.

**Forbes' Seed Store, Plymouth, Ind.**

**W. S. Easterday**  
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING

Day or Night Calls Promptly Attended To.

A GENERAL LINE OF FINE FURNITURE AT LOW PRICES

Independent and Bell Telephones—Next Door to Postoffice, Culver

**FOR SALE**

**THE CHADWICK HOTEL**

containing sixteen rooms. 300 feet lake frontage. Four acres of ground, all well fenced, and in a high state of cultivation. One acre of gardening, well stocked with small fruits—strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, gooseberries, currants and grapes, and apple, peach, pear, cherry and plum trees. Good barn, three wells of fine water, and a 200-bbl. cistern. Especially suitable for club house. Also six beautiful lots in Chadwick's addition to Long Point.

FOR PARTICULARS, ADDRESS  
**S. S. CHADWICK, Culver, Ind.**

FRESH—PURE DELICIOUS

**Ice Cream and Ices**

All flavors and colors; fresh every day; delivered to your order anywhere. Ice Cream, plain or in bricks, Ices, and Cake of every description for parties a specialty.

**HOWARD AND DAVIS**  
Manufacturers Phone 23-2 — CULVER, IND.

**FOR SALE**

AT

**Hayes & Son's Livery**

First and Second-Hand Buggies and Carriages at your own price.

**"GET IN" SATURDAY SURE**

The bargains are great and many. By far the biggest August Sale we ever experienced is now in progress at

**ALLMAN'S, The Busy Big Store, Plymouth, Ind.**

A few out of a thousand winners from our reliable clothes, shoe and dry goods departments that make this the Busy Big Store

10 yards best Calico for	33c	Choice of all new fall 50c and 60 Dress Goods, per yard	36c	30c Ingrain Carpet (heavy), per yard	21c
2 spools Coates' Thread (with other purchases)	4c	Ladies', Misses' or Children's 15c Hose	7 1/2c	\$2.00 Suit Cases	\$1.29
Men's or Ladies' \$2.50 Shoes	\$1.75	\$3.50 Douglas Shoes	\$2.79	\$2.00 Hats for	\$1.00
Choice of Mens' Suits worth up to \$13.00	\$7.77	Finest black yard wide Silk (heavy)	88c	Young Men's \$10.00 Suits	\$5.70
Choice of all 50c Dress Shirts	33c	Best Overalls, together with best striped Work Shirt	80c	Ladies' 50c and 60c fine new Silk Belts	38c
Bargain tables of Dress Shirts	22c	Ladies' best Calico Wrappers	77c	Choice of Baby Bonnets worth up to 75c	22c

"Get in" Saturday sure. An extra force of clerks will be ready to serve you. Our great north room will soon be ready: There's surely something doin' at

**ALLMAN'S, THE BUSY BIG STORE, Plymouth**  
The store that puts Plymouth on the map

# JOAN OF THE SWORD HAND

By S. R. CROCKETT, Author of "The Raiders," etc.

## CHAPTER VII.

**Johann in the Summer Palace.**  
It was with a beating heart Johann Pymont knocked at the door of the summer palace.

"Enter!" said a masculine voice within, with startling suddenness. And opening the door and grasping his papers, the secretary suddenly found himself in the presence of the hero of the tournament.

"You have business with me, young sir?" said the prince, courteously, turning upon the youth a regard full of dignity and condescension. The knees of Johann Pymont trembled. For a full moment his tongue refused its office.

"I come," he said at last, "to convey these documents to the most noble Prince of Courtland and Wilna." He gained courage as he spoke, for he had carefully rehearsed this speech to Dessauer. "I am acting as secretary to the ambassador—in lieu of a better. These are the proposals concerning alliance between the realms proposed by our late master, the Prince Karl, before his death; and now, it is hoped to be ratified and carried out between Courtland and Plassenburg under his successors, the Princess Helene and her husband."

The tall, fair-haired Prince took the papers from the hand of Johann Pymont, and laid them on a desk beside him, without, however, breaking the seals.

In a nod regarding the youth, whose blushes came and went as he stood irresolute before him.

"A modest lad," said the prince to himself, "his ingenuousness is particularly charming in a secretary of legation. I must see more of him."

Suddenly a thought appeared to cross his mind.

"Why, did I not hear that you came to us by way of Kurushberg?" he said.

The blushes ceased and a certain pallor showed under the tan, which overspread the young man's face as the prince continued to gaze fixedly at him. He could only bow in assent. "Then, doubtless, you would see the Duchess Joan?" he continued. "Is she very beautiful? They say so."

"I do not think so. I never thought about it at all!" answered the secretary.

The prince laughed, throwing back his head a little.

"That is surely a strange story to bring here to Courtland," he said, "whether the lady is to come as a bride or long! Especially strange to tell me, who—"

"I ask your pardon," said Johann Pymont, "your Highness must hear with me. I have never done an errand of such moment before, having mostly spent my life among soldiers and he was on his guard now in a fortress. For diplomacy and word-play I have no skill—no, nor any liking!"

"You have chosen your trade strangely then," smiled the prince, "to proclaim such tastes. Wherefore are you not a soldier?"

"I am! I am!" cried Johann eagerly; "at least, as much as it is allowed to one of my—of my strength to be." "I doubt not, young sir, that you were one of the mighty army of admirers which, they say, continually surrounds the Duchess of Hohenstein!" said the prince.

"Indeed, you are in great error, my lord," said Johann Pymont, with great earnestness and obvious sincerity; "I never in my life said one single word of love to the Lady Joan—no, nor to any other woman!"

"No," said a new voice from the doorway, that of the Princess Margaret, "but doubtless you took great pleasure in teaching them foreign customs. And I am persuaded you did it well, too!"

The Prince left his desk for the first time and came smiling towards



The Prince was standing by a desk, his sister. The impulsive Princess Margaret threw her arms warmly around her brother's neck, and then, as quickly releasing him, turned to the secretary, who stood deferentially looking out of the window, that he might not observe the meeting of brother and sister.

"This young man knows the Duchess Joan of Hohenstein," said the Prince, still smiling quietly; "but I do not think he admires her very greatly—an opinion he had better keep to himself if he would have a quiet life of it in Courtland!"

"Oh, cried the Princess, laughing outright. "There is no reason in the

world why, because you are ready to fall down and worship, this young man or any other should be compelled to do likewise."

And right princess-like she looked as she pouted her proud little lips and with her foot patted the polished oak. "But," she went on again to her brother, "if you have done with this noble youth, I have a fancy to hear him tell of the countries wherein he has sojourned. And, in addition, I have promised to show him the cory in the ponds. You have, it seems to me, spent half the day in each other's society."

The tolerant prince laughed. He was evidently accustomed to his sister's whims, and knowing how perfectly harmless they were, he never interfered with them.

"A good day to you," he said to the young man, by way of dismissal. "If I do not see you again before you leave, you must promise me to come back to the wedding of the Duchess Johanna. In that event you must do me the honor to be my guest on that occasion."

"I hope to be your guest, most noble prince," said the secretary, looking up at him quickly as he went through the door.

It was a singular look. For a moment it checked and astonished the prince so much that he stood still on the threshold.

"Where have I seen a look like that before?" he mused, as he cast his memory back into the past without success. "Surely, never on any man's face before."

Which, after all, was likely enough. But putting the matter aside as curious, but of no consequence, the prince rode away toward that part of the city from which the towers of the minister loomed up. A couple of priests bowed low before him as he passed, and the people, standing still to watch his broad shoulders and erect carriage, said one to another, "Alas! alas! the truest prince of them all—to be thus thrown away!"

And these were the words the secretary heard from a couple of guards who stood at the gate of the rose garden, as they, too, stood looking pensively after the prince.

"Wait," said Johann Pymont to himself; "wait, I will yet show them whether he is thrown away or not."

The rose garden of the summer palace of Courtland was a paradise made for lovers' whisperings. Its bowers were crevice-angled. Trees met over paths bedded with fallen petals, a shade in sunshine, a shelter in rain, delightful in both.

It was natural that so fair a princess, taking such a sudden fancy to a young man, should find her way where the shade was deepest and the labyrinth most entangled.

"Do you know," she began, "that I might well have lodged you in a dungeon cell for that which in another had been dire insolence?" They were pacing a long, dusky avenue of tall yew trees. The secretary turned toward her the blank look of one whose thoughts have been far away. But the princess rattled on, heedless of his mood.

"Nevertheless, I forgive you," she said, "after all, I myself asked you to teach me your foreign customs. If any one be to blame, it is I. But one thing I would impress upon you, sir secretary, do not practice these outland peculiarities before my brothers. Either of them might look with prejudice upon such customs being observed generally throughout the city. I came back chiefly to warn you."

It was with an effort that the secretary detached himself sufficiently from his reveries upon the interview in the summer palace to understand what the princess was driving at.

"All this mighty pother, all because I kissed her on the cheek," he thought. "A Princess of Courtland is no such mighty thing—and why should I not? Oh, of course, I had forgotten again. I am not now the person I was."

But what need to tell with what infinite condescension the princess took the young man's hand and read his fortune, dwelling triumphantly on the lines of love and life?

"You have too pretty a hand for a man," she said; "Why is it hard here and here?"

"That is from the sword grip," said the secretary, with no small pride.

"Do you, then, fence well? I wish I could see you," she cried clasping her hands. "How splendid it would be to see a bout between you and Prince Wasp—that is the Prince Ivan of Muscovy, I mean. He would give something to be sitting here teaching me how they take hands and bid each other good-bye in Bearland. They rub noses, I have heard say, a custom which, to my thinking, would be more provocative than satisfactory. I like your Plassenburg fashion better."

Whereat there was nothing for it but the secretary should arouse himself out of his reverie and do his part.

"I think in some wise it were possible to improve upon the customs even of Plassenburg," said the Princess Margaret, after certain experiments; "but tell me, since you say that we are to be friends, and I have admitted your plea, what is your fortune? Nay, do you know that I do not even know your name—at least, not from your own lips."

"My father was the Count von Loen, and I am his heir!" said the secretary

"Then you are the Count von Loen?" said the princess. "I seem to have heard that name somewhere. Tell me, are you the Count von Loen?"

"I am certainly the heir to that title," said the secretary, grilling within and wishing himself a thousand miles away.

"I must go directly and tell my brother. He will be back from the cathedral by this time. I am sure he did not know. And the estates—are they in your side right?"

"The estates are extensive. They are not encumbered, so far as I know. They are all in my own right," explained the newly styled count with perfect truth.

A new thought seemed to strike the princess as he was speaking.

"But so young, so handsome," she murmured, "so apt a pupil at love!" Then aloud, she said, "You are not deceiving me? You are not already betrothed?"

"Not to any woman!" said the deceitful count, picking his words with exactness.

The gay laugh of the princess rang out prompt as an echo.

"I did not expect you to be engaged to a man!" she cried. "But now conduct me to the entrance of my



Found himself face to face with Prince Wasp.

chambers" (here she reached him her hand). "I like you," she said frankly, looking at him with unflinching eyes. "I am of the house of Courtland, and we are accustomed to say what we think—the women especially. And before I carry out this wretched contract and marry the Prince Wasp, I will run away and wed a dog-whisperer!" "But perhaps I may do better than either!" she said in her heart, nodding determinedly, as she looked at the handsome youth before her, who now stood with his downcast eyes upon the ground.

They were almost out of the yew-tree walk, and the voice of the princess carried far, like that of most very impulsive persons. It reached the ears of a gay young fashionable, who had just dismounted at the gate which led from the rose garden into the wing of the palace inhabited by the Princess Margaret and her suite.

"Now," said the princess, "I will show you how apt a pupil I make. Tell me whether this is according to the best traditions of Plassenburg!" And taking his face between her hands, she kissed him rapidly upon either cheek, and then upon the lips.

"There!" she said, "I wonder what my noble brothers would say to that! I will show them that Margaret of Courtland can choose both whom she will kiss and whom she will marry!"

And flashing away from him like a strong-winged bird she fled upward into her chambers. Then, somewhat dazed by the rapid succession of emotions, Johann the secretary stepped out of the green gloom of the yew tree walk into the broad glare of the September sun and found himself face to face with Prince Wasp.

(To be continued.)

**Rural Love.**  
The Kansas papers, discussing rural love, relate a homely idyl, such as Theocritus never sang, about a love affair "Oklahoma Dave" Payne once had. Payne lived on a farm when a boy, and his raiment consisted of a livery sack with holes for his head and arms. He was deeply in love with a neighbor farm girl. One evening he went over and sparked the girl while she was milking the cow. She sat on one side of the cow and he squatted on the other, so he could look her in the eye while she milked. Dave felt his love for the girl growing rapidly. It affected the boy in a peculiar way. Something warm would chase itself up and down his spinal column. It was a new sensation and in his inexperience he was sure it was love. Just when the sensation was the greatest the girl remarked: "Dave, the calf is chewing the back of your sack!"—Brooklyn Eagle.

**Great is an Education.**  
It is easy enough for a man to take a 2-cent pencil and a cent's worth of writing paper and figure how he could make 1,000,000 by running a corner on wheat.

That is the advantage of having a common school education. A man may have gone through only two or three grades in school, yet he should be able to do this in a single evening without biting more than two inches off the end of the lead pencil.

We should pity the poor, benighted Russian, many of whom cannot read or write, to say nothing of figuring. It would take them several days to work the problem out in their heads and by that time the glorious opportunity might have gone by.—Illinois State Journal.

## RUSSIAN EXILES TO BE SET FREE

### Japan Will Liberate Political Prisoners on Island of Sakhalien.

### MUST DECLARE ALLEGIANCE

#### Convicts Who Enlisted as Volunteers in the Czar's Service Will Be Held, But Others Are Simply to Take the Oath.

Washington, dispatch.—Japan will free the thousands of Russian political prisoners who have been exiled to Sakhalien Island.

The island is now in Japan's hands, the Russian garrison of 70 officers and 3,200 men having surrendered July 31, with all guns, ammunition, and military supplies. The flag of Japan now floats unchallenged over practically the entire island.

Sakhalien has been Russia's penal colony for many years. On the island there are between 20,000 and 30,000 convicts. Thousands of these are there as exiles from Russia because of political offenses. Their only crime has been their opposition to the autocracy and the bureaucracy.

**Liberty for Exiles.**  
These exiles will be set at liberty by Japan. All of them who desire to emigrate to foreign lands will be permitted to do so.

The convicts who enlisted as volunteers in the Russian militia will, of course, be treated as prisoners of war.

These provisions will apply to all prisoners, without regard to their nationality, race or origin. Many of the prisoners are Jews, and their compatriots in the United States recently petitioned the Japanese government to grant freedom to "all victims of political oppression" now on the island.

Any of the prisoners who desire to make their homes on the island will be permitted to do so on declaring their allegiance to Japan.

### Battle Is Near.

Tokio, cable.—It is reported that the advance guards of the hostile forces south of the Tumen river are within rifle range. An early conflict is regarded as inevitable.

### Japanese Begin Advance.

Godzudani, Manchuria, cable.—Dispatches from Korea report that the Japanese have begun a simultaneous advance from Kuanchodai against Musariel and Pilsabang passes, but that both columns were checked under pressure of the Russian advance detachments. The Russian losses, the dispatches say, were insignificant.

Japanese war ships are reported to be cruising off the mouth of Peter the Great bay, on which Vladivostok is situated, their lights often being visible from Russian Island.

Almost tropical rains are falling in Manchuria, and the hilly regions are impassable for trains of artillery. Every mountain path is a torrent, and every valley a quagmire. Important operations, apparently, will be impossible for a long time to come. The alternation of rains and fervid sunshine has a depressing effect on the health of the army.

### Too Much for Linevitch.

London, cable.—The Daily Telegraph's Japanese correspondent at Meiji comments upon the tremendous extent of Gen. Linevitch's command, including as it does Vladivostok and northern Korea, and doubts the Russian general's ability to have effective control of such a far-extended line, which is unprecedented in the history of the world. He declares that the coming battle, unless it is averted by peace negotiations, will be on such a gigantic scale as to decide the war once and for all.

### TAKE LIVE MAN TO THE MORGUE

#### Pressman Who Took Poison Is Hustled to Deadhouse Prematurely.

Denver, Col., special: Frank J. Rabak, the Chicago pressman who drank acid was taken to the morgue two hours before death occurred. Police Surgeon Prewitt who arrived within ten minutes after the poison was taken was using the stomach pump when the deputy coroner arrived. "Take him along," said Prewitt, indicating Rabak. Rabak was hustled into the dead wagon, but while he was being unboxed at the morgue bystanders protested, so fifteen minutes later Rabak was taken to Mevey hospital, where he died an hour after arrival.

### Cause of Bennington Disaster.

Washington dispatch: It is stated that the naval court will find that holler B of the Benning exploded not because of unusually high pressure, but because of the metal of the crown sheet, and the bolt's holding that crown sheet in place had become "dead," had lost all life and nearly all tensile strength.

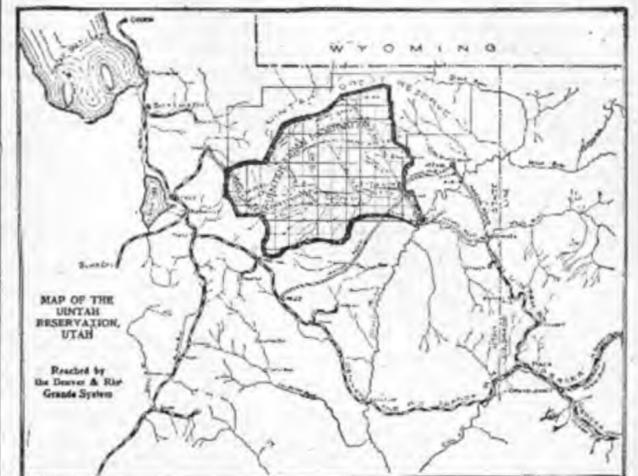
### Probes Chinese Boycott.

San Francisco, Cal., dispatch.—John Barrett, the newly appointed minister to Colombia, is in San Francisco in connection with the commercial relations existing between the United States and China, particularly as regards the boycott inaugurated by the Chinese guilds against American products.

## Opening of the Great Vintah Indian Reservation

President Roosevelt, on July 15 signed the proclamation providing for the opening to homesteaders and settler entry of the unallotted lands in the great Vintah Reservation in Utah.

The Reservation contains 2,445,000 acres, but the Military and Forestry Reserves and such Mineral lands as have to be withdrawn under existing



laws will leave 1,069,000 acres available for entry.

Registration for the land will commence August 1st and close August 12th. Registration may be made at Grand Junction, Colo., and Vernal, Price and Provo, Utah. Prospective settlers may register at any one of these places from 9:00 a. m., Tuesday, August 1st, until 6:00 p. m., Saturday, August 12th.

To obtain registration, each applicant must appear at one of the registration places and show himself duly qualified to make homestead entry

### "Big Tim" on King Edward.

"I understand," says "Big Tim" Sullivan, speaking in London, "that the king is a great fellow. He sticks to his friends, and that is the best." This is the Howroy's first open indorsement of the British throne. It should promote measurably the broadening of the Anglo-American era of good feeling.—New York World.

### Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought

### New Petroleum Fuel.

The new petroleum fuel reported from Switzerland is in the form of briquettes containing four parts of petroleum to one part of secret material. At 15 cents a gallon for oil, the cost of each briquette was about two and one-quarter cents, but on a large scale would be much less.

Out of all the appreciations of John Hay that have appeared since the death of that distinguished statesman, none has been truer or more sympathetic than the brief editorial in "The Reader Magazine" for August. It is accompanied by an excellent and hitherto unpublished photograph of Mr. Hay.

Sit down with "The Country Calendar" and think of all the things that you wish would happen "under the blue sky;" then open it and you'll find how they have happened to others, so attractively presented that you are far inspired to win them for yourself.

### Usual Performance.

"Then so far as you are aware," said the lawyer who was doing a cross-examining stunt, "your wife was performing her usual household duties when the accident occurred?" "Yes," answered the witness; "she was talking."

### Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weakness, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Drugstores or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Lodi, N. Y.

### Wasteful.

Mrs. Chatters—You don't seem to consider my opinions very valuable. Mr. Coalters—My dear, I consider them so valuable that it shocks me to see you giving them out so promiscuously.

### When Your Grocer Says

he does not have DeFiance Starch, you may be sure he is afraid to keep it until his stock of 12 oz. packages are sold. DeFiance Starch is not only better than any other Cold Water Starch, but contains 16 oz. to the package and sells for same money as 12 oz. brands.

The August "Arona" contains a number of unusually strong papers on civic, political and economic subjects which will challenge the attention of thoughtful Americans.

Every person thinking of visiting the Utah Indian reservation in eastern Utah, to be opened for settlement August 28th, should have a Homesteaders' Guide and sectional map. It tells everything. Sent postpaid for 50c. Address W. H. Kimmons, 749 17th St., Denver, Colorado.

The fellow who follows his own inclination is seldom in the lead.

(160 acres) by written application to be made only on a blank form provided by the Commissioner of the General Land Office. Registration cannot be effected through the mails or by an agent, except in the case of honorably discharged soldiers or sailors, who may present their applications and due proofs of their qualifications through an agent of their

### Robert L. Gerry to Have Stable.

Another millionaire's son, Robert L. Gerry, son of Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry of New York, is the latest patron of the sport of kings. He is the proud owner of the sleep-leached horse Joe. Gerry had contemplated such a move for a long time, but as his father was opposed to it he put it off from time to time. The delay only increased his desire to follow the lead of Harry Payne Whitney, Clarence H. Mackay and other rich young men. In connection with Gerry's advent on the turf the report was spread that Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt would become his partner. Gerry and Vanderbilt are close friends. At the latter's wedding the former acted as best man.

### Every housekeeper should know

that if they will buy DeFiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in 3/4 pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because DeFiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12 oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in DeFiance. He knows that DeFiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand DeFiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. DeFiance never sticks.

### Farming Made Pleasant.

In the Palouse wheat region they tell you such stories as these: One farmer on his sulky plow came to the end of his row just in time to meet his neighbor on his sulky plow who had come to the end of his row. "Have a cigar, John?" and he offered him a twenty-five cent perfecto. Or this: A farmer came into town to ask at the bank for the address of a neighboring farmer who was traveling with his family for pleasure. The banker took down a series of telegrams and replied: "Yesterday he left Atlantic City for Newport. He will be there a week—August 'World's Work.'"

### Through Tourist Cars to California.

The Southern Pacific Tourist Car service is famous for its excellent equipment. If going West, investigate this way of travel—you'll be surprised when you find how cheaply you can go, and still travel in comfort. The newest cars and daily service. Write to W. G. Schmyer, General Agent, 120 Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill., for California literature and full information.

### Russians Seek American Aid.

The Russian government has sent to the California University College of Agriculture specimens of the famous "black earth" of European Russia, which is showing signs of deterioration. The Russians want the advice of the Berkeley scientists as to revivifying it.

### Over one million acres of land in the

Utah Indian reservation will be thrown open for settlement August 28th. (Registration begins August 1st, at Grand Junction, Colorado, continuing till August 12, from Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo, the Colorado Midland is the shortest route to Grand Junction or reservation points. Write C. H. Speers, G. P. A., Denver, for booklet, giving information regarding land, rates, etc.)

### One of the most engaging stories of

the season is "The Debutante's Letters," by Reginald Wright Kniffman in "The Pilgrim" for August.



Strictly  
Cash Business  
during this  
sale.

# A GIGANTIC SALE

Railroad  
Fares Paid Both  
Ways to  
All Customers

## AT KLOEPFER'S NEW YORK STORE

**O**UR first week of tremendous selling will, from all present indications, be followed by still greater sales. Thousands of people have already attended this gigantic sale of Kloepfer's high-grade stock of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Cloaks, Jackets, Ladies' Tailormade Suits, Skirts, Furnishing Goods, Carpets, Curtains, Queensware, Tinware, Graniteware, etc., and cannot refrain from telling everybody they come in contact with of the truly remarkable bargains they secured. Not days or months, but years will elapse before the people will forget the wonderful values they get here. This sale will positively end Saturday, August 12. A marvelous event of never duplicated bargains is to prevail on our entire stock during the last three days. The most wonderful bargain giving event this county has ever known. A sale that will prove a veritable sensation—not an ordinary sale, where a few items are taken here and there as special leaders, but the entire stock has been thrown into this mammoth sale, making it the most stupendous bargain giving affair ever attempted.

REMEMBER ONLY THREE MORE DAYS

**Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 10, 11, 12**

WHEN THIS BIG SALE WILL END

Every article, every garment, every yard, everything in the house can be bought at unheard of prices

### Domestics & Wash Goods

All our 8c Onting Flannels, per yard.....4½c  
All our 10c Dress Linings, per yard.....5c  
All our 10c White Shaker Flannels, per yard.....4½c  
All our 15 and 20c Tickings, per yard.....9c and 7c  
All our 10c Cotton Flannels, per yard.....4½c  
Best quality Gingham, per yard.....4½c  
All our 25c to 35c Wash Goods, in newest designs, per yard.....11c  
All our 10c Percales, per yard.....5c  
Turkey Red Table Linen, the 25c quality.....15c

### Dress Goods Reductions

Our Dress Goods section offers unusual values during the last three days of our big sale, tempting prices are made now, because we desire to reduce our stock and you cannot afford to miss some of the good things; for example:

All 2c Dress Goods, per yard.....9c  
All 25c Dress Goods, per yard.....12c  
All 50c Dress Goods, per yard.....25c  
All 75c and \$1.00 Dress Goods, per yard.....39c  
All \$1.25 Dress Goods, per yard.....58c  
All \$1.50 to \$2.00 Dress Goods, per yard.....98c  
Best Machine Thread, per spool.....2c  
Over 800 remnants of Dress Goods, Silks and Domestic Goods to be sacrificed at unheard of prices.

### Silks, Plushes and Velvets

All Silk Velvets, value \$1.50, per yard.....56c  
All Silk Plushes, value \$1.00 per yard, to close out at.....23c  
Black Peau de Soie, guaranteed pure Silk extra with, the \$1.75 quality, sale price, per yard.....98c  
Black Automon Silk, guaranteed all Silk value \$1.00, sale price, per yard.....49c

### Waists, all kinds, to close

All our Silk, Satin and Lawn Waists, to be closed out entirely at remarkably low prices.

Ends Saturday, Aug. 12th

### Basement Bargains

#### Tailored Suits and Wraps

Our large basement is full of big bargains. There is where you can find Tailor made Suits that are worth from \$12 to \$15, but to be closed out now at.....\$4.98  
Ladies' Cravattes and Mackintoshes that are worth \$5 and \$6 must be sold now at.....\$1.38 and 98c  
Ladies' Jackets and Coats, values \$6 to \$10.....\$3.98 and \$1.98  
Ladies' Worsted Dress Skirts, to close out at.....49c  
Black Sateen Shirts, \$1.00 value, sale price.....49c  
Accordion Plaited fine Underskirts, value \$1.00, sale price.....98c  
Children's Eiderdown Coats, value \$1.00, sale price.....29c  
Children's Dresses, value 50c, sale price.....22c  
Ladies' nicely made Wrappers to close out at.....69c  
Everything in this department to go at ridiculously low prices.

#### Granite and Queensware

Everything in Granite, Tin and Queensware in our basement must be closed out by Saturday evening, Aug. 12th. Every item, throughout the entire store has been reduced for great sale. Values unprecedented in the annals of trade are daily gathered in by the throngs of appreciative buyers.

#### Skirt Patterns—All Wool

All wool Skirt Patterns the newest designs, value \$1.25, sale price.....79c

#### Carpets, Rugs & Matting's

We have ample stock and will, for the winding up sale, make the following prices:

All 35c Carpets, sale price per yard.....23c  
All 85c Carpets, sale price per yard.....52c  
All 20c Matting's, sale price per yard.....13c  
All \$1.50 Rugs, sale price.....98c

Ends Saturday, Aug. 12th

### Blankets and Comforters

All 75c Blankets, for.....42c  
All \$1.00 Blankets, for.....58c  
All \$2.00 Comforters, for.....98c

### Lace Curtains & Portieres

All 75c Lace Curtains, for.....42c  
All \$1.00 Lace Curtains, for.....58c  
All \$1.75 Lace Curtains, for.....98c  
All \$5.00 Portieres, sale price per pair.....\$2.48

### Undermuslins & Corsets

All 50c and 65c Corsets.....38c  
Corset Covers, Muslin Gowns and Muslin Drawers at remarkable low prices.

### Underwear and Hosiery

Heavy Winter Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, for men and women, best 50c quality, sale price.....19c  
Ladies' Vests, 20c value at.....9c  
All 25c Ladies' Hose, per pair.....13c  
All 35c and 40c quality Ladies' Hose, to close out, per pair.....19c  
Children's Hose, 15c quality.....8c  
10c and 15c quality, sale price.....4c and 3c

### All Laces at Special Prices

All 5c Valenciennes Laces, per yard.....2c  
All 8c and 10c Laces, per yard.....5c and 3c  
All 15c and 20c Embroideries.....9c

### Ribbons--Sacrifice Prices

Our immense assortment of new Ribbons to be sacrificed, per yard upwards from.....3c

Ends Saturday, Aug. 12th

Hundreds and thousands of other articles will be sacrificed. Be in the crowds these last three days and get your share. The opportunity will not come again.

Look for the  
Big Red Sign  
over the door  
at Kloepfer's.

## KLOEPFER'S NEW YORK STORE

Corner Michigan and LaPorte Streets : : PLYMOUTH, INDIANA

J. C. SILBERSTEIN, Manager of Sale

This Big Sale  
will positively  
end Saturday  
Night, Aug. 12