

County Recorder's Office

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

AT THE LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

VOL. II.

CULVER CITY, MARMONT P. O., IND., FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1896.

NO. 47

"If You Want

The Earth You
Can Get It."

"If You Don't

Get It 'Twill be
Your own Fault."

"If You Want

A Fence Around It
We Can Help You."

WE HAVE THE

Leading

Grocery and Provision House

—OF—

Culver * City.

We keep only the best articles
that money can buy. We are
not selling goods at

50 PER
CENT Below Cost.

—BUT AT—

Live and Let Live Figures

We have no spontaneous com-
bustion, whoop-and-holler low
prices on one article and knock
your eye out on another, but we
keep right along in the proces-
sion and treat you square in
every instance.

YOU KNOW THIS

consequently the great rush of farm-
ers at MEREDITH'S.

It is a fact that we keep a full
stock of very select goods and will
cater to the Lake Trade with as fine
a line as can be found in the county.

Don't miss the place,

Main St. East Side

near defunct Nussbaum &
Mayer's Store.

Highest Market Price paid
for FARMERS' PRODUCE.

H. J. MEREDITH.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

George W. Smith Run Over by a
Vandalia Freight Car.

His Legs Crushed and Mangled by the
Heavy Truck Wheels.

Last Friday morning George W. Smith, a resident of Culver City, met with a horrible accident about 7:13 a. m. He had been employed by the Maxenkuckee Ice company, assisting to load cars with ice, and upon the fatal morning mentioned was about 10 minutes late. When he arrived at the ice houses several men were pushing two freight cars along the switch track intending to get them in position to load. Smith was upon the east side of the main track talking with a fisherman, when he glanced south and saw the morning passenger only a few rods away coming toward the north. In an instant he sprang ahead of the passenger train and took hold of one of the cars being pushed by the boys, ostensibly for the purpose of assisting, when in some manner one of the truck wheels caught his foot, and he fell face forward across the track under the cars, and realizing his awful danger rolled his body outside the track while the cruel wheels ran over his legs just below the knee joints, crushing and mangling them in a fearful manner. The unfortunate man was taken to his home a few blocks distant and Drs. Wiseman and Rea were summoned who skillfully attended the badly injured man. When he was injured and during the terrible ordeal of having his wounds dressed, he exhibited remarkable nerve, never fainting or in the least flinching during the operation. The physicians have hopes, if nothing of a serious nature sets in, that the man will recover, although he will be badly crippled. It has been stated that Mr. Smith was accidentally pushed under the car by one of the men, which was a mistake. Smith's own story is as follows: "I ran ahead of the passenger train and took hold of something upon the freight car, when Jones, a deaf and dumb mute, in his haste to get between the cars, while passenger train was going by, pulled my hand loose, and as the truck had already caught my foot, I was unable to hold myself up, consequently I fell under the car and was run over by the rear trucks." The above story is emphatically denied by Jones, and in the terrible excitement of the time of course Mr. Smith might be mistaken. Mr. Smith has the sympathy of the entire community and a substantial aid in a financial way has already been rendered him. He is a poor man and has a large family, and now is the time for the good church people all over this country who are trying to follow the teachings of Jesus Christ, to start a relief fund, and have all the churches in the country send in their mite. The preachers should especially take this matter in hand, as the injured man has done good work in the evangelical field. We hope every newspaper that has an exchange with THE HERALD will give a local upon this matter of raising money, as the object is a worthy one.

If you want first class minnows, call upon Sidney Flagg, or leave word at the Gerard saloon.

Remember that Covert & Stevens have opened dressmaking rooms at Covert's residence second door south of the postoffice, and invite you to call and learn prices before going elsewhere. Years of experience affords them the pleasure of warranting their work. 45-4w

The following guests were installed at the Palmer House when a reporter for THE HERALD called there Saturday: Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bracken, of Cincinnati, have been sojourning there the past four weeks, both charming people; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thayer, son and daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thayer, Jr., and wife, and a Miss King, of Plymouth, who remained over Sunday; Mr. Henry Isman, of Chicago; Mr. H. Mullius, of Peoria, Ill. The latter are spending their honeymoon at the lake, and they are a handsome couple.

CULVER ACADEMY NEWS NOTES.

Under the Able Management of Special
Scribes of the Above Institution

ODE TO OUR ALMA MATER

The shades of night were falling fast
As through the Marmont village passed,
A youth, who bore 'mid snow and ice,
A satchel with this strange device,

"CULVER."

His brow was sad, onlookers say
Who saw him on that fatal day;
His brow was sad but why not, pray?
This hapless was on his way

To CULVER.

Naught 'recked he of the future dim,
Or of the soaks in store for him:
A vague foreboding filled each limb,
Presentiment of a phantom grim.

OF CULVER.

A nameless terror fills his soul
His eyes in glassy frenzy roll,
At last his quivering limbs grow cold,
In horror of a fate untold,

At CULVER.

With satchel gripped he downward fell.
But where, can any mortal tell?
Alas! that placard showed too well,
He went with one desponding yell

To CULVER.

Last Saturday occurred the "dual" Field Day and Track Athletic meet between the South Bend High School and the Academy boys. The contest was held at Springbrook Park, near South Bend, and was largely attended by the South Bend people.

The prizes competed for were a large challenge cup, to be retained as a trophy by the victorious school; a gold medal, awarded to the contestant securing the largest number of individual points; and a silver medal to the one securing the next largest number of points scored.

For first place in one event five points were given, for second, two, and for third, one. Culver won without an effort securing 60½ points to their opponents' 34½.

Following is the order of events:

100 Yard Dash—Culver first, Elbel second and Stern third. Time 16.4-4.
Throwing Base Ball—Holtzinger, Braden and Grabill. Distance, 284ft. 7in.

Running Broad Jump—Bowman, Elbel and Robinson. Distance, 18ft. 3in.

Quarter mile Bicycle—Hedges, Fisk and Chestnutwood. Time, .21.

120 Yard Hurdle—Elbel, Culver and Robinson. Time, .21.

Putting 12lb Shot—Stern, Jacobs and Platz. Distance, 35ft 3in.

Half Mile Run—Jacobs and Fish tie, Braden. Time 2.25.

Standing Broad Jump—Elbel, Culver and Stern. Distance, 9ft 7-12in.

One Mile Bicycle—Hedges Chestnutwood and Fisk. Time, 2.14 1-2

Running High Jump—Elbel, Bowman and Braden. Distance, 4ft 3in.

Throwing 12lb Hammer—Dozier, Fisk and Jacobs. Distance, 81ft. 11in.

One Mile Run—Fisk and Grabill. Time 5.41.

Totals—Culver 60 1-2; S. B. H. S. 34 1-2

Individual Scores—Elbel 19 1-2; Fisk 13 1-2.

We wish that Lieut. Culver would stop writing to so many girls and give some of the other boys a chance.

Cadet Holtzinger returned on Saturday from his home in Cincinnati. We are glad to have him with us again.

Our auburn haired Lieut., Asa Purinton, was seen walking toward town this week with a very high collar, and a broad smile on his genial countenance. This recalls to our mind the sign displayed in Marmont, "Rotzinger will be in his gallery Monday.

During the Field Day sports, Saturday, Thompson, who was entered in several of the events, remained in the grand stand. He was (terrible to relate) in dangerous proximity to several young ladies, and recklessly sacrificed ambition, glory and fame for the purpose of giving away a few military souvenirs.

Cadet Cleveland has finally met his match. In a brief contest which occurred last week he was effectually knocked out in the first round. We cannot sufficiently commend the dexterity and courage which his opponent displayed. With proper training he may be able to try his pugilistic skill on Hibberd or Ireland next time.

Some of our boys enjoyed a pleasant ride on the Aubbeenanabee Sunday afternoon, with Mrs. R. K. Lord as hostess. An excellent musical program was rendered, after which the decks were cleared and dancing was indulged in until a late hour. Before leaving for their respective

quarters they indulged very heartily of steam puffs, chew chews and grease cake, (which was served in an elaborate manner by the engineer and fireman). Everybody expressed themselves as well "sooted" and having a "swell" time.

Cadet Ridley was riding on his "bike" on the pier last Sunday. He was asked to try his skill on the wheel. He done very well until he reached the end of the pier and being unable to stop himself he fell into the lake. He got out himself but left his wheel, which was fished out by some of the boys. He says the next time he gives an exhibition it will stay on dry land.

With the single exception of Elbel, all the South Bends boys behaved in a courteous and gentlemanly manner last Saturday, and the students of Culver hereby tender their sincere thanks to them for their sportsmanlike treatment of the Academy boys. We hope that in the near future we may be enabled to reciprocate. The "exception" before alluded to, behaved in such a manner as render him a disgrace to the High School Track Team

Some of the boys played a joke on the faculty Sunday night. In the hearing of one of the "Profs" they planned, in loud stage whispers, to jump limits after taps. In the meantime the vigilant instructor was listening with both ears extended forward at an angle of 179½ degrees, and after fully mastering the intricacies of the supposed villainous plot, hastened to impart the knowledge to his brother professors. As a result most of them burned the midnight oil and slept little that night. On the other hand the nefarious malefactors tranquilly reposed in peaceful oblivion, utterly unconscious of the dark and terrible (?) fate in store for them. As a clue to the vigilant efforts of the wily instructors, we would remark that several volumes of Conan Doyle's Detective stories have been circulating around the Academy lately.

School Commencement at Maxenkuckee.

Eighteen ninety-six is certainly a memorable year for the history of Union township. On Friday eve, May 15, the work of the past school year culminated in the commencement exercises of fourteen graduates, the largest graduating class in Marshall county. This large class is composed of Lizzie R. Kline, Bret Campbell, Bertha McFarland, Maud M. Hand, Norman S. Norris, Daisy Hissong, Charles Kline, Ed. South, Elnora Dickson, Lottie Wickizer, Estella King, Ella Edwards, Willie Kline and Daisy Snok. The music of the evening was furnished by the Argos orchestra and was enjoyed by all. Beyond doubt the music was the best ever rendered in a Union township commencement. The principle feature of the program was the address by Prof. W. H. Banta, principal of the Rochester University. To the people of Northern Indiana Prof. Banta needs no introduction as he has been identified with the educational interests of Indiana for over thirty years, twenty-seven of which were spent as superintendent of the Valparaiso school. His address, which was delivered without the aid of notes or manuscript, was scholarly, and though logical was very practical. Prof. Banta is entirely at his ease before an audience, has a pleasing delivery which with his unassuming mien, insures for Union township popularity as a lecturer. After the address by Prof. Banta, Jacob Martin, of Plymouth, was called, who gave a short talk, using as his subject the class motto: "It doth not yet appear what we shall be." County Superintendent Fish before presenting the diplomas, also made a few appropriate remarks. The program as printed was gone through in splendid style, each participant receiving warm praise. A. N.

G. W. Gardner, of Terre Haute, is building a fine cottage on the east side.

The most prominent man on our streets these days is our marshal, and what's more, when he leaves for home at the close of day, he leaves an impression that everybody notices—improved and clean streets. More power to him.

INDIANA ATTORNEYS

Are Bitterly Opposed to the Special
Verdict Law,

And the Next Legislature Will be Asked
to Repeal It

Attorneys of Indianapolis, who practice in the Circuit and Superior courts, are getting more and more dissatisfied with the special verdict law, according to the Journal of that city, and it is not at all unlikely that a powerful legal influence will be brought to bear on the next legislature, looking toward the repeal of the law. Many of the attorneys say the law confuses juries, for in answering the great number of interrogatories propounded to them they are able to lose sight of important points. It is said that some of the corporation attorneys are dissatisfied with the law, notwithstanding the fact that corporations lobbied in its interest.

The above special verdict law was the direct cause of Mr. E. M. George being defeated out of his just dues in the case of George vs. Wise, as the jury did not know whether they were "on foot or a horseback" when they came to tackle numerous interrogatories.

Nature as a Child's Teacher.

Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D.D., writes upon "Memories of Our Childhood Homes," in Ladies' Home Journal, and emphasizes the necessity of surrounding children with bright pictures and cheery furnishings, as the mental photographs they make in early years are the ones that never fade, but last, and remain vivid through life. Nature, too, has a big part to play in the teachings of the youth. "It takes a great deal to make a good home," writes the forceful leader and teacher.

"It needs something even beside father and mother, and an open fire, and the cat on the hearth. The first element in the house is the house itself, which needs to be distinctly different from any other house in sight. Then there needs to be some land around a house before it can be 'real homey.' It gives playroom for the eyes as well as for the feet. A wide range of solemn woods will do more for a child in a week than yellow bricks and dirty paving stones will do for him in a year or ever do for him. It is a great thing for a child to grow up within earshot of a babbling brook. There is a kind of musicalness of spirit that will become his in that way that he will never be able to acquire from a piano teacher or a fiddling master. This wide range of prospect will also companion him with the bright and the more earnest moods of the great mother earth on whose he is being nourished. He will have opportunity to see the days brighten in the east in the morning, and his soul will unconsciously absorb some of the glory of the setting sun. Children in the city hardly ever see the sun come up or go down. It simply grows light about the time they have to get up and grows dark a dozen or hours later. To a child in the country there is likewise an opportunity for him to see it rain. There is a great difference between rain and falling water. Rain in the city is only wetness broken loose, and is calculated only in terms of street-cleaning and aqueduct supply. A square mile of rain or a dozen square miles is of a different matter and is unconsciously construed by the child as being a mood of Nature's mind rather than a hydropathic uncorking. Still more impressive upon the child's mind are the strange communications made to him by the lightning flashing above him across a hundred miles of country sky, and the weird aurora and the swift and blazing track of "falling stars," that make him feel how solemnly close to him is the great wonderful world above the clouds.

Democratic Editors.

The summer meeting of the Indiana Democratic Editorial Association will be held in this city on July 31st. This was determined upon at a meeting of the executive committee held at Indianapolis. An interesting program has been arranged. A two days' meeting will be held.

Zion Items.

Children's Day one week from next Sunday.

Mrs. J. C. Zechiel is very sick with sore throat.

The quarterly meeting at Emanuel's was well attended last Sunday.

Mrs. Abe Stoltz made a business trip to South Bend last week.

Mrs. Keller has improved the appearance of her house by giving it a new coat of paint.

J. W. Cronley is papering his house this week. He is a hustler.

Frank Culver, of Logansport, is visiting with his parents this week.

BUNCH OF CYCLONES.

THREE TWISTERS COMBINE IN OKLAHOMA.

Great Damage to Life and Property—Many Houses Totally Demolished—Lake Schooner Cut in Two by a Barge—Phoebe Cousins Ill.

Ten Are Killed. A disastrous cyclone and waterspout passed over Guthrie, Okla., and vicinity, causing great damage. At Edmond twenty houses were demolished and two persons, Harvey Rich and his daughter, were killed. At White Eagle, thirty miles north, three cyclones formed within a space of an hour and swept toward the Osage country. Twelve houses were demolished and forty or fifty head of stock killed in the vicinity of White Eagle. At Black Bear John Rodgers and his wife were killed by falling timbers. A farmer named White was killed and all the members of his family injured by their house being blown down on them. At Cushing five persons were killed. They are: Harris McIntyre and daughter Julia, Jennie Wilmer, Peter Davis and his son, Frank Davis. The storm came up from the south and traveled north, where it collided with another storm, coming from the west. It is reported that \$75,000 damage was done to property and stock in the Osage country. Several lives are reported lost, but particulars are hard to obtain. Eight cyclones have occurred within a radius of fifty miles in that section within five days. The city of Guthrie has always escaped the fury of storms, owing to its location.

SENT TO THE BOTTOM.

Schooner Sunrise Run Down by the Whaleback Barge 133.

The schooner Sunrise was cut in two by whaleback barge 133, in tow of the steamer W. H. Gratwick, some sixty miles northeast of Chicago harbor, Thursday morning. The schooner went to the bottom so quickly that the crew had barely time to launch the lifeboat and get clear of the wreck. They were taken on board the whaleback and were then transferred to the Gratwick, which arrived at Chicago the next morning. The Sunrise left Chicago Wednesday night, bound for Cockburn island, Lake Huron, for a cargo of cedar. She was in command of Capt. Duncan Buchanan, one of the old-time navigators of the lakes. Just after day-break Thursday morning, when a dense fog hung on the lake, the three blasts of a steamer's whistle were heard. The Sunrise was then running before the south wind. Capt. Buchanan had taken in all the light canvas, and the schooner, one of the fastest on fresh water, was jogging along some five miles an hour. By the sound of the whistle blast, Capt. Buchanan found he was clear of the steamer. He heard no bell or anything to indicate that she had another boat in tow. The next thing he realized was that his boat was struck by the whaleback barge on the starboard bow. The crash was terrific. The whole bow of the schooner was cut off clean, twelve or fifteen feet back from the stem.

MILLIONS FOR COAST DEFENSES.

Fortifications Bill Carries an Appropriation of \$10,763,888.

The fortifications bill which passed the Senate appropriates the liberal sum of \$10,763,888. The House Committee on Appropriations appropriated \$5,845,837 for coast defenses, but the Senate increased the amount by \$4,918,051. The main question of the importance of having this large appropriation made was conceded without objections in the Senate, so that the fortifications bill passed unanimously.

National League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

W. L.	W. L.
Cincinnati .19	10 Washington .14
Cleveland .17	9 Chicago .15
Boston .18	10 Brooklyn .11
Pittsburg .15	11 New York .10
Baltimore .15	13 St. Louis .10
Philadelphia 15	13 Louisville .7

Western League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Detroit .17	6 Minneapolis .14
St. Paul .15	9 Indianapolis .11
Milwaukee .16	12 Columbus .8
Kansas City 13	10 Grand Rapids 6

Blown to Atoms.

At Tipton, O., the boiler of a tile mill exploded Thursday afternoon, killing two persons and seriously wounding two others. The dead are: Alexander Moore, proprietor of the mill; George Moore, son of the proprietor. The bodies of the two Moores were torn to pieces, while the wounded men were terribly mangled. Alexander Moore was running the engine and boiler, and to his lack of experience in handling steam is attributed the accident.

Phoebe Cousins in Distress.

Miss Phoebe Cousins, the noted lecturer and woman suffragist, who went to Los Angeles, Cal., a few months ago on account of a severe attack of rheumatism, has rapidly grown worse and is now very ill. While not in absolute want, Miss Cousins' exchequer is somewhat depleted, and in consequence she applied to the suffrage association for a loan in order that she might leave that climate, which does not agree with her.

REED OUT OF THE RACE.

Has Closed His Headquarters at Washington, D. C.

Washington dispatch: Speaker Reed is definitely out of the presidential race. He has discharged his press agents, Aldrich and Manley, and shut up his literary bureau, locked the door and thrown away the key. "Joe" Manley has gone back to Maine to attend to some private business that had to be looked after before the meeting of the national committee in St. Louis, and Aldrich has thrown up his hands. His political machine for the defeat of McKinley ran down and stopped without any warning whatever. As for the speaker himself, he is saying nothing for publication, but those who are closest in his confidence no longer keep up the pretense that he is in the field or that he expects to be put in nomination at St. Louis. Mr. Reed does not believe in carrying a bluff to the limit of absurdity, and has quit. He may not publicly and formally retire from the race, but he has just as certainly and positively renounced his candidacy as though he had written and signed a letter of withdrawal. A large majority of the New England delegates favor McKinley, and with Reed out of the way the McKinley column will be swelled not less than fifty votes not hitherto included in tabulations.

KILLED BY ANTI-TOXIN.

Death of an Eminent Physician's Child Causes a Sensation.

A profound sensation has been caused among medical men of Germany and France through the fatal effects attending the administration of the famous antiphtheritic serum in the case of a child of an eminent Berlin physician. A servant in the physician's household, showing signs of diphtheria, the doctor, to prevent his child from contracting the disease, administered an injection of the serum and the child died in a few minutes. United States Commercial Agent Moore at Weimar has made the incident the subject of a special report to the State Department, in which, after telling of the various theories put forth by the medical authorities to account for the fatal action of the serum, he declares that the child died from nervous shock, although it has been concluded that the injection of the serum into a healthy person for prevention is a dangerous practice.

European Crop Outlook.

The foreign statistics gathered by the Agricultural Department show the crop conditions throughout the year. The summary follows: Great Britain—The crop outlook everywhere is good and promises a harvest about two weeks earlier than usual. This would diminish the imports for the remainder of the current cereal year by about 5,000,000 bushels. France—With normal weather until harvest the wheat crop will more than suffice for home requirements. A surplus for export is confidently predicted by French agricultural journals and statisticians, some expecting that it will amount to 40,000,000 bushels. This quantity would affect prices, especially if the French Government should pay a bounty on exports. Austria-Hungary—The weather has been favorable and the crops promise well. Roumania—Cold weather in April retarded the crops, but the outlook is generally promising. Russia—Excellent prospects of a crop above the average in quantity and quality are generally reported. The unfavorable March weather in the south is found to have done no serious damage. Spring sowings have been completed under good conditions.

Trade at a Standstill.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "It is now too late for business to change materially until the prospects of coming crops are assured and definite shape has been given to the presidential contest by the conventions. Until the future is more clear there is a prudent disinclination to produce much beyond orders or to order beyond immediate and certain needs. If this waiting spirit prevails two months longer it will crowd into the last half of the year an enormous business if the outlook then is good. For the present there is less business on the whole than a year ago, though in some branches more, and the delay following months of depression is to many trying and causes numerous failures. The most fortunate of the chief industries at present is the boot and shoe manufacture, which is not only shipping to customers within 6 per cent of the largest number of cases ever forwarded in the first half of May, but is getting many new orders, and there are many urgent requests to anticipate orders for June and July delivery, indicating that distribution to consumers has much outrun expectations."

Betrayed by a Woman.

Sheriff Price, of Hughes County, South Dakota, arrested S. F. McNutt, an alleged horse thief, at Leavenworth, Kan. McNutt, with a partner named John Gilpin, stole two car loads of horses last winter and sold them in Minneapolis. Gilpin was arrested, while McNutt escaped. Recently McNutt wrote to a woman, a friend of Gilpin's. McNutt made slighting remarks against Gilpin, which so angered her that she turned the letter over to Sheriff Price.

Kansas Towns Levied.

A devastating tornado passed through Seneca, Kan., Sunday evening. Everything in its path was completely wrecked. Couriers from the country report great damage to property and probable loss of life. In Seneca four were killed and a number injured. There were many miraculous escapes from instant death. Other towns were reported to have suffered greatly, but communication was interrupted and details were meager.

Mexican Mills Burned.

The large flouring mills and grain elevators of the Alianza Manufacturing Company at Torreón, Mexico, were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$150,000.

Two Prisoners Break Jail.

Grant Hecker, sentenced to one year in the penitentiary, and Charles Reedy, held for robbery, broke jail at Bucyrus, O., making good their escape.

ANXIOUS TO LEARN.

CHINESE YOUNGSTERS TO BE EDUCATED IN AMERICA.

Twenty Boys Will Be Given a Thorough Mechanical Training as an Experiment—China Convinced that Defeat Was Due to Western Methods.

Coming Here to Study.

The Chinese Government has awakened to the fact that the recent defeat by their smaller but more highly educated neighbor, Japan, was due entirely to the inculcation in the latter nation of western methods. In view of possible future complications the Chinese Government has decided to recognize the superiority of foreign training. As a result twenty Chinese boys, ranging in age from 10 to 12 years, will soon make their appearance in this country. Unlike their predecessors, these visitors come as children to become skilled in mechanical arts. The youngsters will come over in care of the Rev. Hui Kin, superintendent of the Presbyterian mission, who is a graduate of an American college and the third Chinaman to be ordained in this country. Mr. Kin saw what the Chinese officials had not seen—that to properly educate the oriental in western methods he must be brought here while very young. Finally as an experiment it was decided to permit the minister to bring back with him to America twenty boys. He selected the sons of farmers as being better fitted physically to enter into mechanical training. The expenses of the pupils are paid by their fathers. Mr. Kin's plans are not yet known to the people in charge of the mission, but it is understood the lads are to remain here for some years, and return to China with a liberal mechanical and scientific education. China, it is believed, will also apply soon to this Government for the privilege of sending one or more of its youths to West Point and Annapolis. The twenty youngsters who will arrive soon will remain here under bonds to return to their native country, and every precaution will be taken against the violation of our anti-Chinese laws.

IMMIGRATION BILL PASSED.

By Its Terms Illiterate Aliens Are Barred Out of This Country.

After two days' debate the House Wednesday, by the overwhelming vote of 195 to 26, passed the Bartholdt-McCall immigration bill as modified by the Corliss amendment. The Stone consular bill, which was offered as a substitute, was defeated 75 to 131. The bill as passed adds to the classes of aliens excluded from admission to the United States all male persons between the ages of 16 and 60 years (except parents of persons living in this country) who cannot both read and write English or some other language. The Corliss amendment added to the bill excludes aliens who come across the borders year after year to perform labor in the United States with no intention of settling therein. It declares all labor contracts with aliens void and makes parties thereto within the jurisdiction of the United States punishable by a fine of \$1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year; makes it a misdemeanor for a naturalized citizen who has returned to a foreign country to make the same his home to again perform labor in the United States; makes it a misdemeanor for any alien to cross the border for labor in the United States except at a port of entry, and imposes a head tax of 50 cents on each immigrant.

TREATING FOR RABIES.

Full Dozen Wichita People Take the Pasteur Treatment.

Twelve people from Wichita, Kan., are now being treated for hydrophobia at the Pasteur institute in Chicago. There is a mad-dog scare of the wildest description at Wichita. About 250 dogs have been killed and the Common Council has ordered that all the animals be muzzled for sixty days. Almost every citizen carries a revolver, which he is free to use on any member of the canine population he sees on the street. As fast as the victims of the rabid animals can be found they are sent to the Pasteur institute at the expense of the Commercial Club of Wichita. On the afternoon of May 10 a valuable coach dog developed rabies and started on a tour of inoculation. It is not known how many people and animals were bitten, but the dog was at liberty for several hours and used its teeth on almost everything that it approached. Many horses, cats and cows have been put to death because of their having been bitten. The Rev. E. C. Beach, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Church at Wichita, is in charge of the party. He was bitten on the foot and is undergoing treatment.

BIG PILE OF AMERICAN GOLD.

Russia Has Over \$30,000,000 Worth of It in Her Strong Box.

The State Department has received a report from United States Consul General Laarel, at St. Petersburg, that he has seen no less than \$30,769,115 in good United States gold coin in the coffers of the Russian Government. While the coinage of all the nations of the world was represented in this particular pile of gold, no other nation save Russia itself came anywhere near the store contributed by the United States to the Russian coffers. At the same time the Government bank had a stock of 3,933,823 United States gold half-eagles, amounting in value to 25,462,945 roubles.

For Boies and Silver.

The Democrats of Iowa, in convention at Dubuque, declared for free silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 and instructed twenty-six delegates to Chicago to present the name of Horace Boies as a candidate for the presidential nomination on a free silver platform.

Cholera Record in Egypt.

At Cairo, there were twenty-four deaths from cholera Monday, twenty-eight at Alexandria, and one at Turah.

WHOLE ISLAND IN REVOLT.

Spaniards Merely Acting on the Defensive in Cuba.

The London Times publishes a letter from a correspondent in Havana, in the course of which he says: "It is quite useless to hide the real situation. The whole island is in revolt and the Spanish troops are merely acting on the defensive. It is impossible that they can prevent the landing of supplies and war materials for the rebels. Even the position of Maceo's forces, confined in Pinar del Rio, is not of a desperate nature, as the Spaniards make believe. Only a few isolated rebels have taken advantage of Captain General Weyler's offer of amnesty. Spain has lost the power to protect life and property in Cuba. Widespread inquiries fail to justify the charges of cruelty against Captain General Weyler, but the rebels' destruction of property cannot be justified. The wanton burning of some £1,000,000 worth of property belonging to inoffensive people is not war." The letter proceeds to dilate upon the economic ruin wrought by the breakdown of the sugar crop, which has rendered thousands destitute, while the tobacco trade is in a still worse condition.

O. E. MILLER INDICTED.

Chicago Man Who Is Charged with Embezzling \$125,000.

The Federal grand jury, it is announced at Denver, has indicted O. E. Miller, of Chicago, on the charge of embezzling \$125,000 from the Commercial National Bank, and Charles H. Dow, who was president of the Commercial, is charged with having conspired with Miller to defraud Commercial depositors and with having violated the national banking law by loaning to Miller \$145,000, whereas under the law the bank could not loan to one individual or company more than 10 per cent of its capital stock, which was \$220,000.

"Jim Crow" Cars Sustained.

The Supreme Court of the United States has decided what is known as the "Jim Crow" car case of Plessy vs. Ferguson that the statute of the State of Louisiana requiring railroad companies to supply separate coaches for white and colored persons is constitutional, affirming the decision of the court below. Justice Brown delivered the opinion. Justice Harlan dissented.

Coast Blocked with Ice.

The English steamer Nimrod has returned to St. John's, N. F., from Green's Pond, where with the landing crew, she was jammed in the ice blockade sixteen days. She reports that the whole coast is blocked with ice and that all the bars are full of it. Serious destitution exists, owing to the inability of traders to procure supplies from St. John's, navigation being impossible.

Takes Elephants for a License.

Bond Brothers' circus struck Butte, Mont., Friday in a snowstorm. After paying a State and county license of \$250 their treasury was depleted, and the outfit was compelled to give the city of Butte a mortgage on three elephants to secure payment of a \$150 city license. There is a prospect that the city of Butte will have a few elephants on its hands.

Cash for Cyclone Victims.

Sixteen hundred dollars was raised in one day among the business men of St. Louis for the relief of those who suffered from the cyclone in Texas. This amount was immediately forwarded to Texas by telegraph, and will be followed by more later.

Elect Two Bishops.

The general Methodist Episcopal conference at Cleveland elected C. C. McCabe bishop on the fifteenth ballot, with a plurality of 8 votes. Rev. Earl Cranston of Denver was elected bishop on the sixteenth ballot, with a plurality of 30 votes.

Cyclone in Nebraska.

Four persons were killed outright and a number injured by a cyclone which swept over Falls City, Neb., Sunday night.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 61c to 62c; corn, No. 2, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 16c; eggs, fresh, 8c to 10c; potatoes, per bushel, 12c to 20c; broom corn, \$25 to \$50 per ton for common to choice.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 64c to 66c; corn, No. 1 white, 29c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 66c to 68c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 32c to 34c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 66c to 68c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 29c to 31c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 23c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 37c to 39c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; rye, 36c to 38c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 67c to 69c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 28c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 21c; rye, No. 2, 37c to 38c; clover seed, \$4.55 to \$4.65.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 3 spring, 61c to 63c; corn, No. 3, 29c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; barley, No. 2, 32c to 33c; rye, No. 1, 37c to 38c; pork, mess, \$7.25 to \$7.75.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.25 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 33c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; butter, creamery, 12c to 16c; eggs, Western, 9c to 11c.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

WORK OF OUR NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS.

A Week's Proceedings in the Halls of Congress—Important Measures Discussed and Acted Upon—An Impartial Resume of the Business.

The National Solons.

The Cuban question was revived in the Senate Saturday, when Mr. Morgan of Alabama, who reported the original resolutions, spoke in favor of further and more decisive action toward the recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. The Senator declared it to be the duty of Congress to adopt joint resolutions on belligerency, which, unlike the previous concurrent resolutions, would require the approval of the President, and thus fixing the responsibility. At the close of Mr. Morgan's speech the Senate adopted without division the resolutions introduced by him directing the committee on foreign relations to inquire into and report on the treaty relations between the United States and Spain relating to the Americans now under condemnation at Havana, also requesting the President to submit the recent diplomatic correspondence with Spain on this subject. The resolutions have no reference to the recognition of belligerency.

In the Senate Monday the entire day after 1 p. m. was given to the bill regulating gas rates in the District of Columbia. The following bills were passed: Authorizing the purchase by the United States and the making free of toll roads passing over the Yosemite national park; regulating the pay of non-commissioned officers of artillery, cavalry and infantry of the army. Quite a number of minor bills and conference reports were adopted by the House, and bills were passed as follows: To allow the bottling of distilled spirits in bond; to expedite the delivery of imported goods in parcels and packages not exceeding \$500 in value; to provide for the registration of trade marks on bottles, barrels, corks and other receptacles used in interstate and foreign commerce; for the general distribution of condemned cannon by the Secretary of War and Secretary of the Navy; to compel the attendance of witnesses before the local land officers. The conference report on the bill to improve the merchant marine engineer service was adopted.

The Senate Tuesday passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill, carrying approximately \$7,200,000. A debate on the question of appropriations for sectarian purposes cropped out on the paragraph making appropriations for charities in the district. On a vote the Senate sustained the committee in providing specific appropriations for numerous private charitable institutions, some of them of a sectarian character. A further provision was adopted for an investigation into the charity system of the district, with a view to ascertaining what, if any, part of the public appropriations are used for church purposes. Mr. Bacon (Dem.) of Georgia offered a resolution, which was referred, for the loan of exhibits from the various Government departments and Smithsonian institution to the Southern States exposition at Chicago from August to November, 1896. The House entered upon a long debate on the immigration bills, and summoned the county clerks in the Rinaker-Downing contest from Illinois.

The Senate took another long step toward adjournment Wednesday by disposing of the fortifications appropriation bill at a single sitting. Nothing now remains but the deficiency bill and the conference reports on the naval, river and harbor, District of Columbia, Indian, and fortifications bills. The river and harbor and naval bills are still the most difficult ones. The harbor and river conferees made a report Wednesday that they were agreed on everything except Santa Monica. It is understood that the House conferees stand out most strenuously against that, and will only agree to the appointment of a commissioner to report on the two harbors and let Congress afterward act on the subject. The most important business transacted in the House was the passage by the overwhelming vote of 195 to 26 of the Bartholdt-McCall immigration bill, as modified by the Corliss amendment. The Stone consular inspection bill, offered as a substitute, was defeated 75 to 131.

The House Thursday passed the Hoover pension bill over the President's veto, by a vote of 196 to 47. The bill was a private one, and grants a pension of \$50 per month to Francis E. Hoover, private in Ohio volunteers. The balance of the day was spent in discussing the bill to authorize the President to appoint a non-partisan commission to collect information and to consider and recommend legislation to meet the problems presented by labor, agriculture and capital. The Senate did nothing of importance.

Pasteur Treatment for Rabies.

The latest report issued by the Pasteur institute in Paris shows many gratifying results. In the year 1895 1,520 persons suffering from rabies or incipient rabies were inoculated, and only two died. Of the patients, 1,233 were French, 173 English, 35 Swiss, 20 Anglo-Indian, 11 Spanish, 6 Belgian, 6 Dutch, 2 Egyptians, 2 Greek and 2 Turkish.

Temperature of the Organs.

Doctors d'Arsonval and Charrin of Paris have been taking the temperature of our internal organs. They find that it is the highest in the normal liver, which is one degree centigrade hotter than the intestine; then follow in a decreasing rate the spleen, the heart, the kidney, the marrow, the brain, the muscles and the skin.

Canary at a Wedding.

A bride in Montreal appeared at the altar with her pet canary fastened to her shoulder by a golden chain. During the marriage ceremony the bird broke into song.

GREAT SEED HUMBAG.

COSTLY TRASH SUPPLIED TO THE FARMERS.

Each Recipient of a Free Package Gets Two-thirds of an Ounce, Not Enough to Be Serviceable, and Uncle Sam Pays \$165,000 a Year for it.

Congressional Extravagance.

Washington correspondence.

HUMBAG, thy name is Congress! There never was a better illustration of this fact than the recent controversy over the question of distributing free seeds. Secretary Morton wanted to put a stop to this ridiculous abuse, which, in the last twenty years, has cost the Government over \$2,580,000; but the Congressmen objected because they would be deprived of the privilege of scattering complimentary prize packages among their constituents without cost to themselves.

The hollowness of the fraud was strikingly exhibited when, a few weeks ago, Secretary Morton proposed to furnish to each member of Congress 1,000 packages, every one of which should contain one large paper of big peas or corn and fourteen papers of small seeds. This raised a row right away, because the legislators said that 1,000 packages would not go around among their constituents. They obliged the Secretary to divide the seeds into packages of five papers, so as to give 5,000 to each Congressman. It was made clear to them that the packages of five papers each would be too small to be of any practical use, but that objection was ignored. It was not desired that the seeds should be useful to the farmers and other people, but that they should serve the political ends of the Congressmen. Accordingly, the order was changed at a cost of about \$600 for the additional number of envelopes employed.

Not Enough to Be of Service.

The law prescribes that the seeds shall be of "rare and uncommon varieties." But the Congressmen will have nothing but ordinary garden and field seeds, ranging from nasturtium and pansy to corn and peas. Each package contains five little papers of seeds, amounting in all to about two-thirds of an ounce, and consisting of two-tenths of an ounce of cabbage seed, two-tenths of an ounce of cucumber seed, three-tenths of an ounce of squash seed, three-tenths of an ounce of turnip seed and less than one-tenth of an ounce of tomato seed.

This is as much as any individual gets from the much-advertised distribution of free seed by Congress. It is for this that the Government is paying out \$80,000 this year, without counting the cost of sending the packages by mail. The cost of such a package to Uncle Sam, including the envelopes and printing, is 3-7c. The actual expense of delivering it by mail is 4c in addition. For this expenditure the farmer receives a little gift which he could purchase at the country store for from one to three cents. In any such store will usually be found on the counter several boxes of assorted seeds, retailing at from two cents to five cents a paper. They are just as good as those furnished by the Government and the papers are apt to hold about twice as much.

\$165,000 Wasted Every Year.

In every third package of vegetable seeds sent out this year is a paper containing about one-sixth of a pint of peas or corn. Imagine how useful that is likely to be to the farmer. But as has been said, it is not intended to be useful to him; it is designed as a compliment from the Congressman and to please the good wife and the children. The seed contracts enforced by Congress call this year for 10,125,000 papers of seed, costing the Government \$75,000, to which must be added \$89,000 for postal expenses. In other words, the so-called "free seed" this year will cost the people of the country nearly \$165,000, besides injuring the legitimate seed trade to an extent representing an equal amount. The distribution is made in order, as a member of Congress said during the recent discussion, to show the poor toiling farmer at home that Uncle Sam remembers him and desires to assist him in his struggle for existence—to the extent, forsooth! of three-quarters of an ounce of seeds, which he must in the end pay for himself. Congress has increased the appropriation for the seed distribution for next year so as to make possible the purchase of about twice as much seed as will be distributed this year. The recent fight in Congress has attracted so much attention to the seed distribution that applications for free seed have greatly increased in number.

The distribution of seeds by the Government began in 1839 with the appropriation of \$1,000, which was given to the patent office for the purpose of collecting and giving away rare and improved varieties. Since that date, with the aid of steadily increasing sums of money furnished by Congress annually, every seed that could be found anywhere offering a reasonable prospect of usefulness in any part of the country has been purchased and liberally distributed. People all over the United States have already secured nearly all of the vegetable and field seeds, plants and trees that are adapted to their peculiar soils and climates. It goes without saying that the obtainable number of valuable and uncommon seeds is limited. Although a request is sent with each package for a report as to the result, not one recipient in 1,000 makes any response.

Jack Campbell, a barber; E. M. Pritchard, a laborer; Fred Parks, a painter; Isaac Close, Daniel Neil, Ernest Norton and Clara Smith, a domestic, are under

arrest, charged with murdering Harry Oswald, who was found dead at South Omaha.

A BOUNTEOUS HARVEST.

It Is Predicted by Those Who Study the Crop Outlook.

It is an accepted fact that whatever conditions affect the agricultural interests of a country will have a direct bearing on all its other industries. In other words, whatever tends to aid or injure farming pursuits will beneficially or disastrously affect every other important interest. It is a matter for congratulation, therefore, that exceptionally favorable reports are received regarding the outlook for a splendid crop in the corn belt region.

Copious rains had fallen during the spring and put the ground in splendid condition for seeding and growing. The fears of another drouth have long since been laid to rest and the agriculturist looks hopefully forward to a rich reward for his toil. Not only does the farmer expect a good crop this year, but the conditions thus far have been so much more favorable than in several years past that he expects a crop which will fully make up for a few short ones. Nor is the expectation without reason. There is not a single condition lacking, either of soil or weather, which should bring this hope to the farmer. The soil has received more moisture in the shape of rain and snow than in many years and the weather has been all that could be desired for growing. Therefore, if all these signs count for anything, they indicate a year of prosperity throughout the great West. Even before the first week in May almost half the corn was planted, with considerable of it showing nicely above ground and doing well. In many localities it was even then several inches high.

As the rainfall has been fairly frequent in its visitations during the portion of the season which has passed and fully up to normal, it is but fair to assume that this normal condition will continue, and that the hopes of the farmers will be fully realized. Reports from widely different localities in the great corn producing States point to the fact that moisture has saturated the soil to a much greater depth than in many previous years. This is particularly true with regard to Nebraska, where the favorable outlook of the present time has not, in many parts of the State, been excelled, even in the opinion of old inhabitants. In fact, the prospect is so encouraging that farmers all over the State are letting go their corn and grain, to which they had been holding tenaciously since last harvest, in the dread that the drouth period was not at an end. They are now shipping it eastward in big quantities or feeding it to their stock and fattening pigs for the market.

During the past week there has been on exhibition in a window of the city ticket office of the Burlington road at Chicago a sample of rye plucked in Furnas County, Nebraska, toward the end of April. It stood 33 to 34 inches high and was, even at that early date, nicely headed. Alfalfa about the same time was knee high, and small grains were looking exceptionally advanced for that time of the year. The Chicago newspapers, realizing the close tie that binds it to the West, have dilated at frequent dates on the favorable prospect for a bounteous harvest.

CUBA'S AMERICAN PRISONERS.

Owen Milton and Alfredo Laborde, Who Were Condemned to Die.

The American citizens who are causing all the trouble between Spain and the United States are Owen Milton, a newspaper correspondent, and Alfredo Laborde, who was in command of the schooner Competitor when she was captured by the Spanish gunboat. Milton is the son of D. W. Milton, who was a lieutenant in the Confederate army.

He is but 23, a college man, of medium stature, with good features, a fair complexion and a slight mustache. Of late he had been living in Florida. He went thither from Arkansas, where he had been teaching school. He drifted to Key West, and was there a correspondent for several western newspapers. When the war came in Cuba he determined to go to the island, reach the insurgent lines, and furnish true stories of the revolution to American newspapers. He had engaged himself to do this for a Jacksonville paper among others, and was furnished with the usual credentials. Before leaving Key West Milton stipulated that part of his salary be sent to his father, who lives at Aurora, Ark. All these facts go to disprove the Spanish claim that Milton was taken with arms in hand.

The other American, ALFREDO LABORDE, can be Alfredo Laborde. He is 33 years old and was born in New Orleans. His father is a retired colonel in the Spanish army and lives in Havana. Captain Laborde has two brothers in New York and two sisters and five children near Havana. Another brother was one of the nine students who were shot in Cuba in 1871 for the desecration of Castoion's grave. It was this event that moved the father to retire from the Spanish army. Laborde was twice married. His present wife, to whom he was wedded only a short time ago, is now residing with her parents at Key West.

Gov. Altgeld has restored the rights of citizenship to Lyman Wagoner of Peoria, who served fifteen years in the State penitentiary at Joliet for a criminal assault.

After careful examination the President has approved the report of a naval board appointed to prepare a code of uniform punishments for naval offenses.

SAFE FOR M'KINLEY.

GEN. GROSVENOR CLAIMS 592 VOTES ON FIRST BALLOT.

In Any Event He Says the Ohioan Is Sure to Receive the Nomination, and the Point of Interest Is Who Will Be His Running Mate.

Twenty-nine States for Him.

The naming of delegates to the Republican national convention has closed. The great body of "kingmakers" has been completed and a conservative analysis of its composition shows, to a Washington correspondent, that McKinley will have more than enough votes to nominate him on the first ballot.

Gen. Grosvenor, of Washington, the chief spokesman of the McKinley campaign, gave out his final bulletin at the capital the other evening. It was as follows:

"Last week closed the election of delegates to the St. Louis convention, and McKinley was indorsed by all the States that expressed an opinion during the week—Washington, Wyoming, West Virginia and North Carolina. The free silver States refused the indorsement of McKinley, and their delegates are unfrustrated as to persons, but they have received very peremptory orders as to principles. There are now elected 918 delegates, but four in Arizona, four in New Mexico and four in Oklahoma must depend upon the future action of the national convention for seats in that body, the official call authorizing them to elect only two delegates in each of the territories.

"The following States have elected either solid McKinley delegations or delegations with a majority of McKinley men, so that it may be conceded that McKinley's following will control these States, to wit: Alabama, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maryland, Michigan,

BACK TO THE ERMINE.

William Lochren Quits Office of Commissioner of Pensions.

The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations: William Lochren, of Minnesota, to be United States district judge for the district of Minnesota, vice Rensselaer R. Nelson, resigned; Dominic J. Murphy, of Pennsylvania, now first deputy commissioner of pensions, to be commissioner of pensions, vice William Lochren, resigned; Napoleon J. T. Dana, of New Hampshire, to be first deputy commissioner of pensions, vice Dominic J. Murphy, nominated for commissioner of pensions.

Judge Lochren was appointed commissioner of pensions at the beginning of the present administration. He was then a district judge in Minnesota. Judge Nelson, whom he succeeds, was appointed in



JUDGE WILLIAM LOCHREN.

1858 by President Buchanan, and had seen the longest service of any judge in the United States courts.

Ever since Judge Lochren's appointment as commissioner of pensions it had been the desire of his friends to have him promoted to the bench in case Judge Nelson would resign. It has been known that his preference has been for the bench rather than an executive position. Leading lawyers in Minnesota have petitioned for his appointment as United States

RECORD OF THE WEEK

INDIANA INCIDENTS TERSELY TOLD.

Democrats Gain an Apparent Advantage in the Apportionment Matter—Wabash County Wheat and Rye Have a New and Woolly Enemy.

Upholds the Apportionment.

The Supreme Court has decided that the legislative apportionment act of 1885 cannot be set aside, and that it is the only act under which Senators and Representatives can be elected this fall. The majority opinion was written by Judge McCabe. Judge Monks filed a dissenting opinion. The effect of the decision is to elect members of the Legislature under an act that the Democrats passed when they had a majority in the Legislature, and which, if there is any advantage in it, is in their favor. When the court set aside the laws of 1893 and 1895, and thus brought the law of 1885 into effect, the Democrats proposed that no further questions should be raised, and that the two parties should acquiesce in the decision. The Republicans, however, attacked the law of 1885 on the ground of unconstitutionality, and this decision sets the matter at rest, although there are suits pending to set aside all apportionment laws under the present constitution, which was adopted in 1851. The court enters upon the discussion of the points involved by declaring that the law of 1885 is the only act now upon the statute books under which an election of members of the Legislature can legally be held. Prior to 1879 the franchise was limited in this State to the white male population above the age of 21 years, and all apportionments made before that time excluded the negroes from voting. If a law, argues the court, were revived under which this class of citizens could not vote, it would be in conflict with both the State and Federal constitutions, and no election held under it now would be legal.

Additional Pest in Indiana.

In addition to the rust and the Hessian fly, which have been destroying the wheat and rye in Wabash County, the farmers of that locality have a new enemy to contend with. Ex-County Commissioner J. D. Starbuck, of Largo township, has found thousands of woolly worms about an inch and a half in length and totally unlike any other pest he has ever seen destroying his corn crop. They appeared to come from a strip of woods and, invading a fine field of corn, ate four acres of the grain off just above the ground. Mr. Starbuck says they are in evidence in countless numbers on his place and farms adjacent and his neighbors are much alarmed by their appearance.

All Over the State.

Henry Stefke, aged 40 years, was found dead in Bloomington, the presumption being that he met death in a runaway.

William Coglin, who was killed by a Big Four train at Muncie, did not live in Cumberland, Md., as he said just before he died. He had been working at the Union steel works in Alexandria, Ind., and leaves a widow there, to whom he was married only three weeks ago. He came to Muncie on business and was killed an hour after his arrival.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction announces that the enumeration of persons of school age, taken under the law of 1895, shows a total falling off of 65,000 persons. This is taken as proof that much dishonesty was practiced under the old law. The falling off is all in the cities, so that the country districts will have longer school terms than heretofore.

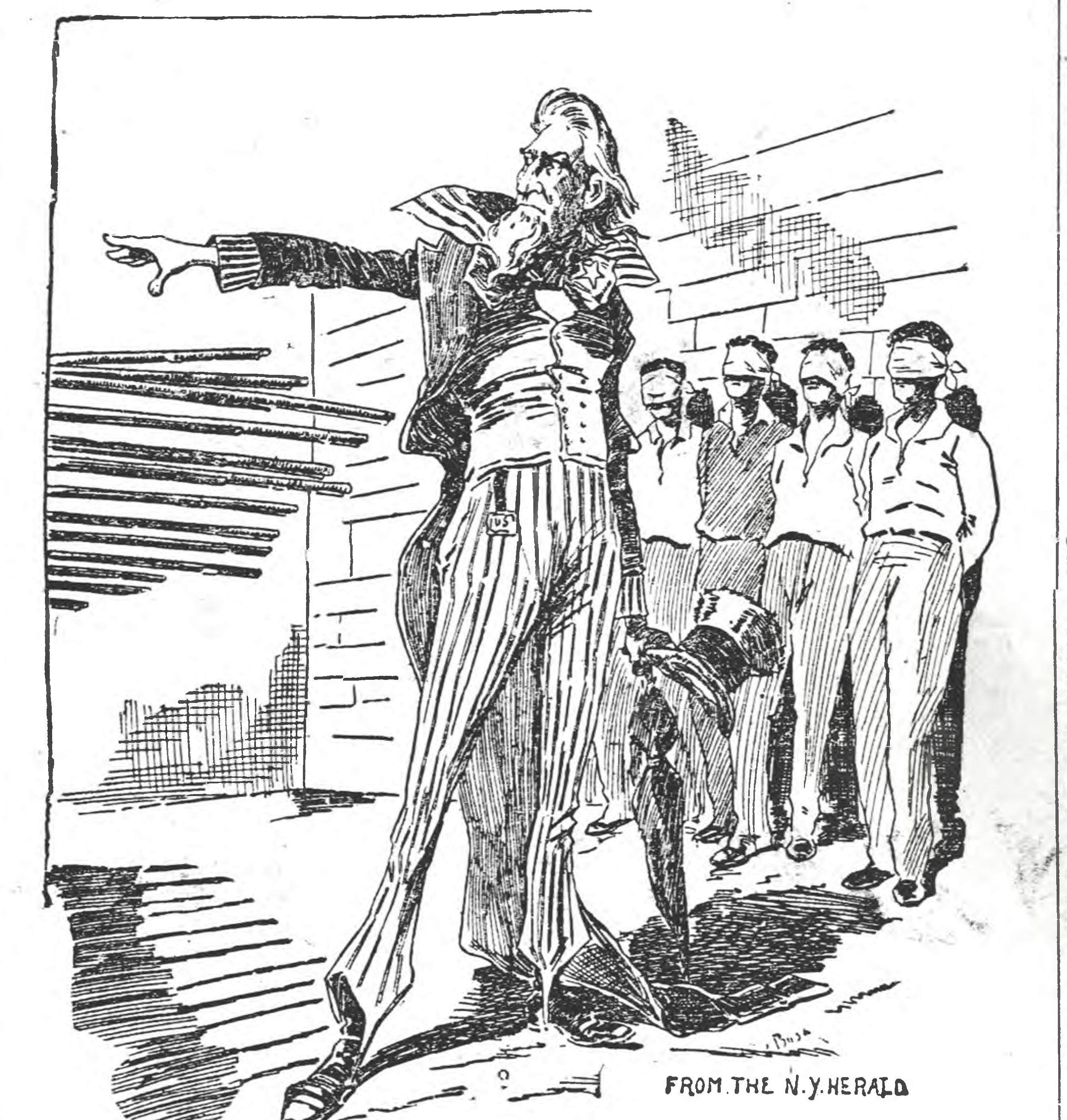
The Terre Haute Council has passed an ordinance fixing the maximum bicycle speed on the business streets at six miles and on all other streets at eight miles an hour. Children under 12 years are not allowed to ride on Main street. Lights are to be carried and warning bells sounded at crossings. An unsuccessful effort was made to include a section prohibiting the carrying of infants on wheels.

The Indianapolis sanitarium has addressed a note to the superintendent of the city schools, and among other things suggested that kissing as practiced by women school teachers among their pupils be interdicted, because disease is thereby apt to be communicated. He also condemned the habit of pupils of drinking from a common vessel and of using the same lead pencils. The superintendent has promised compliance with these suggestions.

An official sensation was caused at Anderson by Judge Diven, of the Superior Court, appointing Attorneys Foster and Walker and instructing them to at once prepare and file cases against Prosecutor Scanlon and ex-Prosecutor Doss to disbar them. Doss brought suit against Prosecutor Scanlon several weeks ago asking for an accounting of fees, claiming the official had juggled them. He got judgment for \$230. In the trial he endeavored to show that Prosecutor Scanlon was conducting the office on a boodle plan and was accepting bribes. Evidence was also introduced to show that Doss, the Elwood deputy, was accepting bribes. Judge Diven proposes to sift the matter to the bottom. It is claimed criminal prosecution will follow.

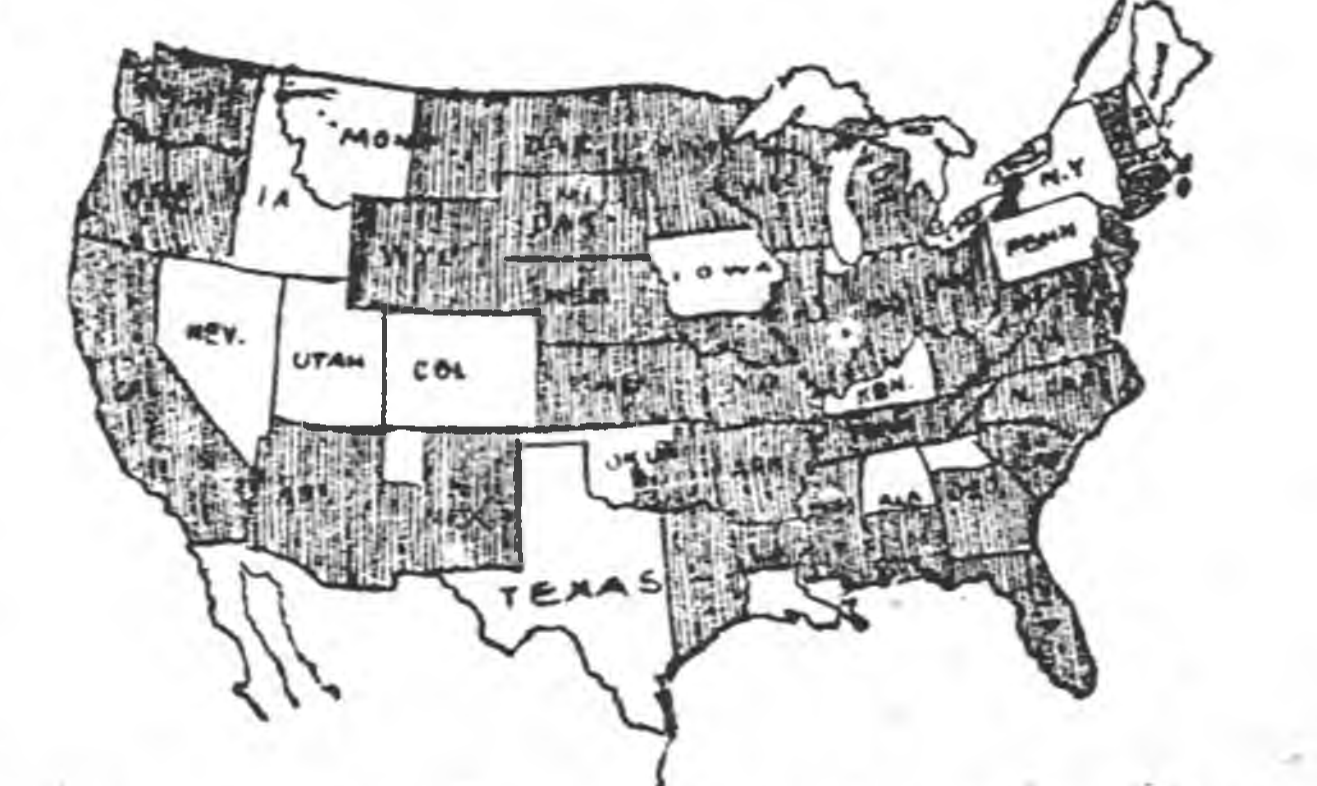
All day Tuesday a gang of tramps, composed of about twenty-five of the worst looking specimens in the country, hovered about Decatur. At night they made their headquarters near the Chicago and Erie Railroad and kept up their carousing until a crowd of citizens, accompanied by the entire police force, moved on them. When the officers attempted to make the arrests the tramps, who were armed, opened fire. Daniel Haley, a citizen, was shot down and probably fatally injured. The tramps were finally run down and eight of them placed in jail. Several of the tramps were shot, but were helped away by their companions. Great excitement prevailed on the streets, and lynching was strongly talked of and is a possibility if Haley should die.

WARNING TO THE ARROGANT SPANIARD.



UNCLE SAM—DON'T FIRE! IT MEANS WAR!

Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming and the territories of New Mexico and Oklahoma. Only three of these States have contests for the entire delegations, and, throwing them out, there would be left twenty-nine McKinley



The shaded portions of the above map show the territory whose delegates to the St. Louis convention McKinley managers now claim for their candidate.

States and territories to elect members of the committee on credentials."

The delegates elected are as follows:

Alabama	20	Ohio	46
Arkansas	10	Oklahoma	4
Arizona	6	Oregon	8
California	18	Pennsylvania	4
Florida	8	South Carolina	17
Georgia	22	South Dakota	8
Illinois	40	Tennessee	22
Indiana	30	Texas	12
Kansas	20	Vermont	21
Kentucky	11	Virginia	8
Louisiana	16	West Virginia	12
Maryland	15	Wisconsin	24
Michigan	28	North Carolina	19
Minnesota	18	North Dakota	6
Mississippi	18	Connecticut	6
Missouri	34	Indian Territory	2
Nebraska	16	Washington	8
New Jersey	16	Wyoming	6
New Mexico	4		
New York	4	Total	592

The largest verdict rendered in Massachusetts in ten years in an action brought to recover damages for personal injuries was found by a jury in the Suffolk County Superior Court, when Francis A. Daly, of Lynn, was awarded \$35,000 for the loss of a leg. Daly's suit was against the Lynn and Boston Street Railway Company.

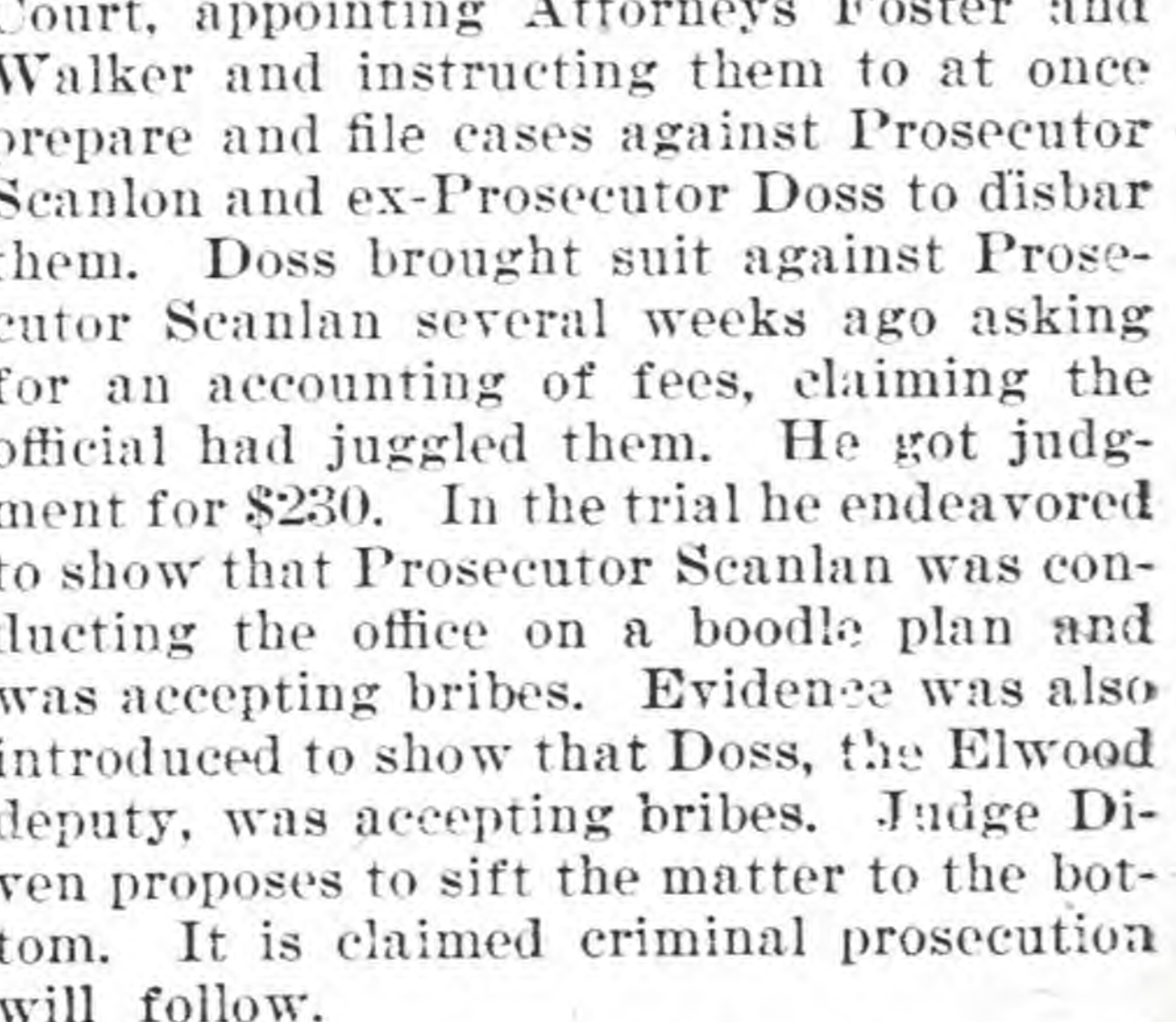
judge. Mr. Lochren was indorsed by the Minnesota Legislature unanimously for the position he now holds. The successor of Judge Lochren, Mr. Murphy, was chief clerk of the pension office during the first administration of President Cleveland. To him has been largely entrusted the details in the office and much of the executive management. He was first deputy before Judge Lochren was appointed and was active in the reorganization of the office.

HARRISON M'KEE'S ILLNESS.

His Condition Remains Unchanged—His Fame as "Baby" McKee.

The condition of Benjamin McKee, ex-President Harrison's grandson, who is suffering with what is believed to be pneumonia, was unchanged at last reports. Master McKee's serious illness recalls the literature current about him when he was a baby. He is the son of J. H. McKee, who married Mr. Harrison's daughter, and "Baby McKee" was ever a favorite with his distinguished grandfather. When Mr. Harrison went to live in the White House his precocious grandson shared with him the brunt of all the personal gossip that usually follows a presidential election, and "Baby McKee" became as much of a national character as any Senator or Congressman or member of the cabinet. During the campaign of 1888 little McKee was as much written about as anybody, and the pet name given him by the press stuck to him even after he had grown up to be a big boy. He is an interesting child, and his illness is the concern of all of Gen. Harrison's friends.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria opened the millennial exhibition at Budapest. His majesty wore the uniform of a Hungarian general and was accompanied by the empress.



B. H. M'KEE.

THE HERALD.

Entered at Marmont Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS \$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

GEORGE NEARPASS, PUBLISHER.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.

David C. Smith, the present incumbent, will be a candidate for re-nomination for the office of Sheriff of Marshall county, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention, June 11, 1896, and respectfully solicits your patronage.

REPRESENTATIVE.

The name of Dr. O. A. Rea is hereby announced as a candidate for Representative, subject to the decision of the Marshall county Republican convention to be held on the 11th day of June, 1896, at Plymouth, Indiana.

FOR TREASURER.

William J. Rankin, the present incumbent, will be a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Marshall county, subject to the decision of the Republican county nominating convention to be held June 11, 1896. Your support is cordially solicited.

FOR RECORDER.

Thomas M. Walker desires to announce himself as a candidate for re-nomination for the office of County Recorder, subject to the Democratic Convention, to be held June 8, 1896.

New Livery Barn.

Not long since Enoch Mow, the hustling liveryman, came to Plymouth and opened a livery stable. We had the pleasure yesterday, of looking through his establishment, and were surprised at the number of elegant turnouts Enoch has for the accommodation of the public. At present he has but eight horses, but intends to buy others as soon as he can find them to suit. The demand for his rigs is greater than the supply. His carriages are of the finest make and are beautifully finished, and his tally ho is attracting considerable attention. A cordial invitation is extended to all to come and inspect his line of conveyances, and we insure them the most courteous treatment. Enoch says he will keep nothing but safe, pleasant drivers, and only desirable and up-to-date rigs. —Plymouth Evening News.

Mrs. J. C. Snyder, of Plymouth, has been visiting her son Albert, who lives north of town, for a few days past.

One Minute Cough Cure is a popular remedy for croup. Safe for children and adults. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

Prof. Miller, of Laporte, has been in town several days visiting friends. He is taking treatment at the Plymouth sanitarium for severe lung trouble.

The Republicans of Union township will meet in convention in Marmont on Saturday, June 6, 1896, to select delegates to the county convention to be held at Plymouth, June 11th. COMMITTEE.

Last week N. Gandy, one of the leading and hustling livery stable proprietors of Northern Indiana, was at Nappanee and purchased a splendid sample wagon, which is also designed for the use of pallbearers and for a large family who desire to take a pleasure ride.

Probably one of the most disastrous cyclones ever witnessed or heard of, visited St. Louis Wednesday last. Over 1,000 people were killed and millions of dollars worth of property destroyed. Thus far we see no mention of the Culvers being in the track of the destroyer.

The case of Samuel Stewart, charged with the killing of John Swoverland last March, was called this morning at 9:30 o'clock. A large crowd of people, besides the regular and a special venire, were present, mostly from the neighborhood of the killing. Martindale & Sterens represent Mr. Stewart, and Parker and Drummond are assisting Prosecutor Houghton. The regular and special panels were examination by 11:30, and the jury was incomplete. A special venire of ten more were ordered and the court adjourned until four o'clock, when the case will be resumed. —Ex.

County Treasurer W. J. Rankin, who is a candidate for re-nomination, was calling upon his many friends in this locality last Thursday. We feel confident that the Republicans of Marshall county will give Mr. Rankin this nomination as it is his just due. He has filled the office with credit to himself and his constituency, and by his courteous treatment of all doing business with him in his line of duty, has won hosts upon hosts of friends among all classes, and we predict that he can hustle his opponent, whoever he may be, simply because he is an efficient man and very popular.

Mrs. E. Witter, of Lagrange, N. Y., on her way home from California, where she passed the winter, is stopping a few days in Culver City. She is a sister of Hayden Rea.

We extend thanks to Mr. William C. Hand for a basket of delicious strawberries. He has gained the reputation of being the champion strawberry grower in Northern Indiana, and we say if you want a good article give him a call.

W. A. Keys, deputy past chief of the Tribe of Ben Hur, will be in our city the first of next week for the purpose of organizing a local court. This order gives the cheapest reliable life insurance now offered to the public. He is now at Plymouth and is meeting with good success.

The Heinz Pickle Co., who have a salting house at this place, will erect a new building at Saginaw, Mich., size 400x400, where they expect to care for the product of 1,000 acres of cabbage, tomatoes, pickles, etc., and will try the experiment of raising califlower there this year.

MR. EDITOR: Every good citizen will be thankful for suggestions that will make his town a more desirable place to live in and bring up a family of children. No one can be benefitted by trying to conceal vices, follies or wickedness that will bring reproach upon the town if persisted in, and a community cannot be injured if such is pointed out for correction for the benefit of all. Some may think it a wrong to point out a wrong, but not any harm to commit that wrong, however. What think you? It may not hurt a man who has his name upon the church book, and is known to be a member, to go into a saloon and drink beer, etc., but what an influence it has upon the young. The rising generation sees a church member in a saloon, is surprised and upon reflection, thinks it is all right and visits the saloon also, while away down in his young heart he knows the man with his name upon the church book is a hypocrite and a fraud. These mistakes occur every day where the members of churches all over this land are frequenters of saloons and other places they should shun, and yet people will wonder why the churches are losing their power, and look with holy horror upon the fact that the list of drunkards is increasing at an alarming rate as the years pass by. Oh for a reformation in the churches, then their power will be felt for good. E. G.

Burr Oak.

Messrs. Jesse Friend and Samuel Ulery were in Plymouth Tuesday.

Mr. Samuel Wise has removed his farm implements and household commodities to Mr. John Garver's farm, where he intends to reside.

Mr. Wm. Bollman of Plymouth, was in town last Tuesday.

Dr. Loring made a business trip to Plymouth last Tuesday.

J. C. Clemens and son were in Argos last Tuesday.

Messrs. Jerry and Albert Overmyer, of near Richland Center, visited their father last week.

Rev. Teeters preached a good sermon at the chapel Sunday eve.

Mr. J. E. Burns and family visited friends and relatives at Bourbon over Sunday.

There will be a strawberry carnival at Steven Smith's, Friday evening, June 5th. Everybody invited. —LKE.

Burns are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles. Culver City Drug Store.

ATTEND THE

GREAT

CLEARING SALE

—AT—

The .. Model.

Everything Sold Strictly for CASH.

As we do not want you to pay the losses sustained by those who do a

Credit Business..

When you trade with us you receive one hundred cents for every dollar. Nothing in bad debts.

Respectfully,

RYAN & JOSEPH,

Proprietors of the

THE MODEL, PLYMOUTH, IND.

Our Special Clearance Sale begins

Thursday, June 4th.

Watch this Space.

J. C. KUHN & SON, The only One Price Outfitters in the County, 105 Michigan Street, PLYMOUTH, IND.

* LADIES, *

We would respectfully call your attention to a brand new lot of waists just received.

Waists of all sizes.

Waists in all prices.

Waists made of Percales.

Waists made of Organdies.

Waists made of Dimities.

Waists with white collars and cuffs, Waists with detachable collars and cuffs.

Waists with attachable collars and cuffs.

Waists at all prices.

Commencing at 25c. and 48c. up to \$2.00. Waists that are beauties. Waists that you are sure to admire and buy at first sight. Call at our store and see them.

Kloepfer's New York Store, Plymouth, Indiana.

We are going to move in- to the new

K. of P. Build- ing about JUNE FIRST.

and will make a big inducement to reduce our stock of goods. Be sure to call and get prices. PORTER & Co.

IF YOU THINK TH. TALK IS CHEAP,

You can quickly undeceive yourself by having a ten minutes business conversation with a good lawyer. Then pay for it. Newspaper Talk is costly, yet we state facts briefly and let the goods inspire the Customer, when he sees the bargains we offer.

This week we offer

for you

G. A. R. MEN

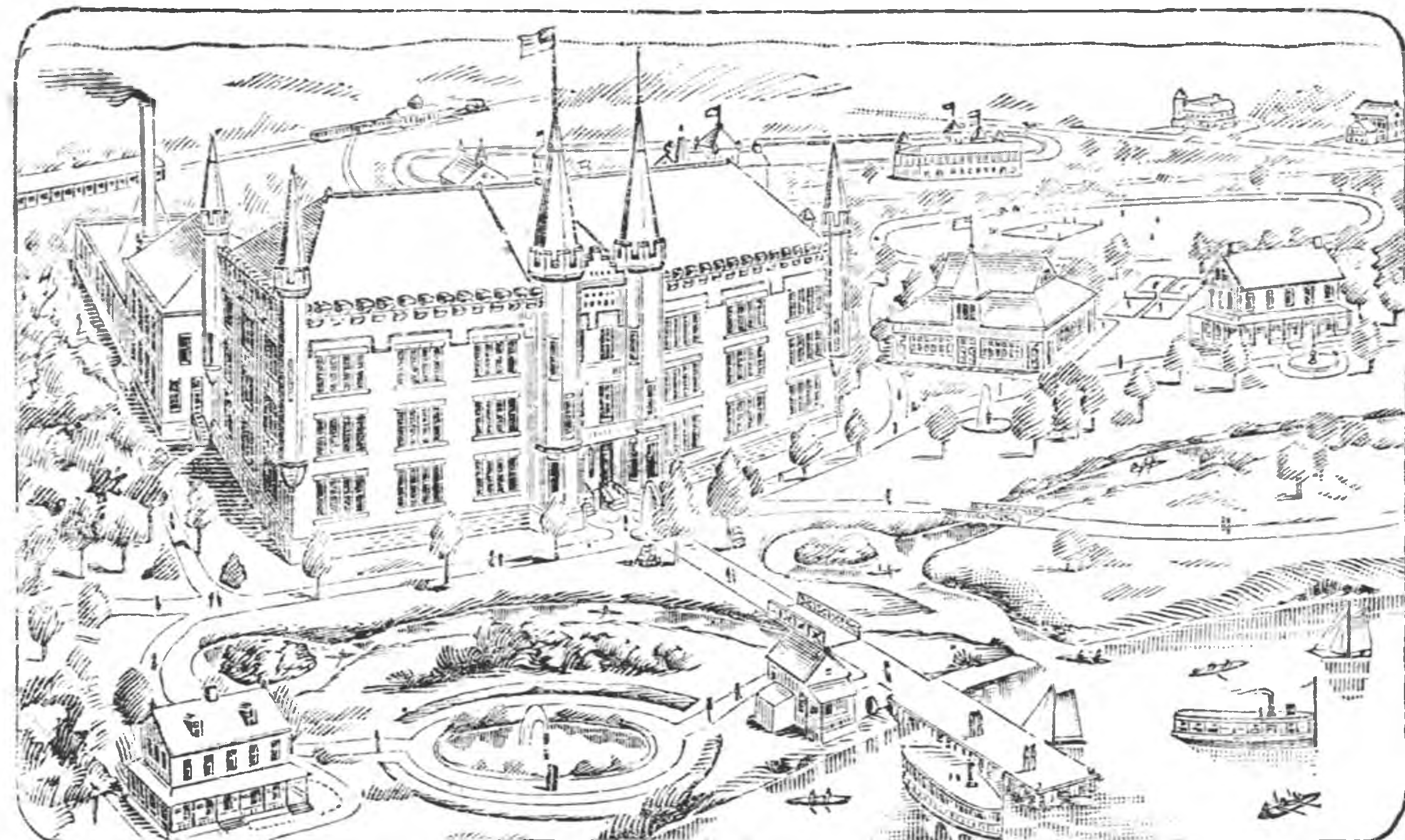
50 Mens' Wachusetts Flannel G. A. R. Suits, \$4.79. Remember that it pays to trade with

M. LAUER & SON,

"Clothing That Makes Friends."

PLYMOUTH'S ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.

CULVER MILITARY ACADEMY



is situated on Lake Maxenkuckee, Indiana, in a beautiful park of 80 acres, containing campus, fine course for cavalry practice, track for bicycle and sprinting races, lawn tennis and base ball grounds, gymnasium, (70x80 feet), six flowing artesian wells, etc. The lake is one of the most beautiful in the United States, covers an area of about 12 square miles, is wholly fed by springs, has a beautiful gently sloping beach, and is a most pleasant and popular summer resort, affording opportunity for all kinds of aquatic sports. The Academy and Dormitory building is complete in every particular, entirely new ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF, finished in hard wood, heated by steam lighted by electricity, has hot and cold water baths, lavatories, and all toilet conveniences. The course of study prepares cadets for college, scientific schools, business, West Point or Annapolis. The Academy is under the supervision of a West Point graduate and ex-army officer of large experience in teaching, who will have direct control of the discipline of the cadets.

For further information and catalogue address:

Culver Military Academy, Marmont, Ind.

CULVER CITY HARNESS STORE.

A good stock to select from. Heavy and Light HARNESS, NETS, HARNESS OIL AND AXLE GREASE.

Is the place to get your

Harness Goods

Live and Let Live, is my principles.

DUSTERS, HAMMOCKS, SWEAT PADS, BRUSHES, COMBS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, WHIPS, LASHES, ETC.

Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of the same. Goods as represented.

HAYDEN REA



LOOK! STOP! READ!

Lots for sale. Lots for the rich. Lots for the poor. Lots for the tall. Lots for the small. Lots for you and for you all. Lots in the city of Chicago. Lots in the city of Plymouth. Lots in Culver City. Lots of every size. Lots of Real Estate for Sale, By J. A. MOLTER, Plymouth.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS CURTAILED

And Put in Good Form for the Benefit of the Herald's Numerous Readers.

Henry Speyer transacted at Chicago this week.

Rev. Howard preached at Kewanee last Sunday evening.

Dr. Babcock visited South Bend and Elkhart Wednesday.

The cheapest and best millinery goods for sale at Mrs. Eulitt's.

We noticed Prof. Alexander, of Bremen, upon our streets Thursday.

The president of the Pennsylvania railway system was in town Thursday.

Chas. Curtis, of Argos, is transacting business in this city this week.

Evert Fields and Rollo Bennett, of Plymouth, spent Sunday in Culver City.

Frank Keller, of Logansport, called upon his many friends here this week.

Mrs. H. J. Meredith and Mrs. S. E. Medbourn visited friends at Rochester.

Capt. Morris, Thos. Medbourn and Ed. Houghton transacted business at Plymouth Tuesday.

Chas. Underhouser, of Cincinnati, a former cadet at the Academy, is spending a few weeks at the Lake.

Butter, eggs and poultry at market price will be taken in exchange for millinery goods at Mrs. W. F. Eulitt's.

Chas. Curtis, Miss Walter, and H. J. Meredith and wife took a trip Sunday via Burr Oak, Hibbard, etc., upon their wheels.

The Evangelical society will erect a church at Rutland. The plans have been made and work will be commenced at once.

Genial George Whitcomb, one of the proprietors of the Bay View last year, was calling upon his many friends at the lake this week.

Millinery sold at a big reduction tomorrow (Saturday), May 30th.

Mrs. Ed. Edwards, Vanschoiack's Store.

The Epworth league of this city held anniversary services at the M. E. church last Sunday evening in honor of its seventh anniversary.

J. H. Zechiel and children gave an ice cream supper last Sunday in honor of Mrs. Zechiel's 50th birthday. A good time was reported.

The "Indiana Team" of South Bend will play ball with the Culver Military Academy team next Saturday afternoon at Culver Park, this city.

Remember that all who desire to participate in Decoration Day exercises should meet promptly at the M. E. church at 9 a. m. Saturday morning.

The balance of my hay in my barn in Stark county, will be sold at \$10 per ton if purchased and taken away by the 15th of June.

JOHN W. OSBORN, Marmion.

There will be an excursion from Ft. Wayne to Culver City next Tuesday via the Nickel Plate. The excursionists will be conveyed from Burr Oak by vehicles.

The Gypsy Carnival which was held at the residence of S. E. Medbourn's last Friday evening, for the benefit of the ladies' aid society, was well attended. The society cleared over \$40.

One of the chief attractions that will be at our fair this year will be the gentlemen's driving race, which will be confined strictly to horses in Marshall county. There are several fine driving horses in Plymouth and we expect several of them present.

A. J. Flagg, well known in this section, has leased the Windsor house at Plymouth and is now conducting the same in a first-class manner. The house has been thoroughly repaired and renovated, and Mr. Flagg would be pleased to see all his old friends.

Don't forget to take a peep in Will Eulitt's "wigwam," east of the Colonade Hotel, directly opposite a barber pole, and near the depot. If you look in, you will find it so cool and inviting that you will be forced to settle down in his easy chair and undergo the operation of having one of the smoothest and cleanest shaves, haircut or shampoo you ever had in your life. You will find him an entertainer of the highest order, and a humorist of the "Bill Nye" class (in fact he is a fac simile of old "Bill" himself), and as courteous as they make 'em.

DROP IN.

SATURDAY, MAY 30

and see our line of

LADIES Fine Shoes.

We think we carry one of the best selected stock of Shoes in the county. We make this branch of our business a special study. Our shoes are sold at so small a profit that a good shoe is placed within the reach of all.

E. B. VANSCHOIACK.

Bigger and Better Than Ever

—IS OUR STOCK OF—

CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps, Underwear,

Gents' Furnishings, and

Mens' and Boys' Shoes

We desire to call special attention to our line of BOYS' SUITS, which is by far the largest carried in Marshall county.

We shall show you our lines with pleasure and sell you anything you may want so cheap that you positively will save money.

There is no better way to make money than by saving it, and no better way to save it than by buying your wearing apparel of

BALL & CARABIN,

Plymouth, - Indiana.

An American branch of the Salvation Army is located at Plymouth. It consists of about 20 young men and all are gentlemanly and live to the letter the life they profess as near as possible for humanity. They hold services each evening in a large tent which is crowded. They have a fine cornet band and furnish excellent sacred music, and above all tell the truth; and like the writer of this article have no use for hypocrites.

We understand that a lumber company has been organized in this city in connection with Plymouth, and will open a yard here on or about June 15th. It is said that the company will keep everything in the building material line, as it buys for cash will sell at the very lowest possible margin. Wm. O'Keefe, of Plymouth, will be president, John Osborn vice president, and B. F. Medbourn secretary.

Talk is Cheap,

but it takes facts to convince people nowadays that we mean what we say,

CLOTHING IS CHEAP!

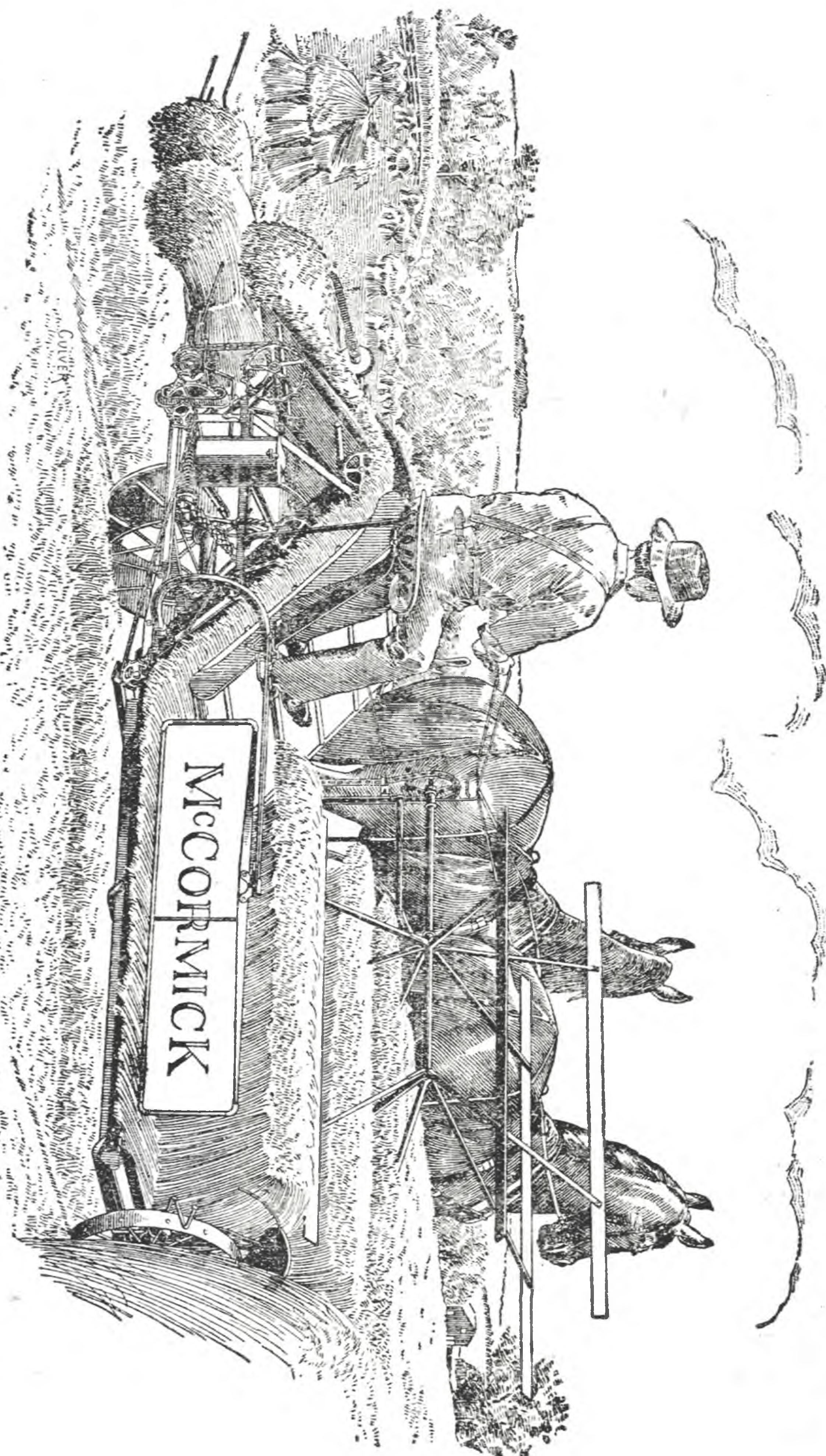
no cheaper in quality, but an awful sight cheaper in price at my store than anywhere else. Come over and I will convince you that I am NOT talking to hear myself talk. Yours for bargains.

GUS REIS,

Knox, Ind.

We have the exclusive sale of the above celebrated harvesters in this section, the only right-handed machine ever introduced in this township. Over 20,000 have been sold, which have given great satisfaction.

ROBERTS & BROOKE, Gromley Block, Culver City, Ind.



HELLOW!

Look here Everybody, you will be surprised when you call and see

the New Stock Of

Jewelry, Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines, also a Line of Buggies, as well as a full Line of Small Instruments.

In the New Brick Building South of the River on Michigan Street, PLYMOUTH, IND. Low prices for the next thirty days. Come and examine for yourselves. Terms to satisfy everybody.

LILLYBRIDGE & EDINGER.

READ! READ!

When in Rutland call at

CAVENDER'S

and see his stock of

Fresh Groceries.

Everything in the

Grocery

and Dry Goods

line sold at

Hard Pan Prices.

We mean business.

S. CAVENDER,

Rutland, Ind

We might tell you more about One Minute Cough Cure, but you probably know that it cures a cough. Every one does who has used it. It is a perfect remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness. It is an especial favorite for children, being pleasant to take and quick in curing. Culver City Drug Store.

A little ill then a little pill The ill is gone the pill has won. DeWitt's Little Early Risers the little pills that cures great ills. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE

If suffering with piles, it will interest you to know that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. This medicine is a specific for all complaints of this character, and if instructions (which are simple) are carried out, a cure will result. We have tested this in numerous cases, and always with like results. It never fails. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

Busy people have no time, and sensible people have no inclination to use a slow remedy. One Minute Cough Cure acts promptly and gives permanent results. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

Remember that Prof. Leitch will tune and repair your organs and pianos, and warrants his work. Call upon him at W. S. Easterday's store.

One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It affords instant relief from suffering when afflicted with a severe cough or cold. It acts on the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs and never fails to give immediate relief. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE

Take a dose of DeWitt's Little Early Risers just for the good they will do you. These little Pills are good for indigestion, good for headache, good for liver complaint, good for constipation. They are good. Culver City Drug Store

MY PATRIOT BOY.

Did I tell you, O friend, of a proud, sad day
When my beautiful boy went marching away
To a far-away battle-field?
When our country's call was heard by me
And all mothers whose sons were needed to
fight
For God and our country and the cause of
right.
But my heart stood still and it seemed that
a pall
Wrapped me as the world is wrapped by the
night.
And I thought as I wrought while the days
went by—
And I prayed to my God, whose throne is on
high.
And who careth for me to care for my boy.
To bless our land and give us joy
In the light of liberty's sun.
Then victory came, but 'twas purchased dear.
The bells pealed out from far and near.
And I heard loud shouts ring in the air.
And the feet of men rush here and there.
I called aloud: "Is there news for me? What
news for me?"
My tear-dimmed eyes can scarcely see—
And I heard for answer, so like a knell:
"It is well with your boy. It is well."
And then I knew my child no more
Would come to me as in days of yore.
And thus the Father had answered my
prayer
By taking from earth to the home over there
My darling child, so brave, so dear.
His sweet "My mother" I'll never more hear.
And yet 'twas a glorious death, and he
Died for the life of our dear country.
And your children's children will peace enjoy,
Bought with the life of my precious boy.

WHERE THE BATTLE WAS FOUGHT.



OLD up your right hand, my man." The witness held up his left hand, and the judge, believing that he was defiant, said with a show of anger: "Hold up your right hand and take the oath!"

Again the left hand was raised, and the judge, turning to a deputy, shouted: "Arrest that man for contempt of court. He refuses to hold up his right hand." "Judge," said the man, a dilapidated specimen of humanity, "I can't hold up my right hand—I left it at Gettysburg a good many years ago. But I can swear all right with my left hand."

There was a sensation in court. No one had noticed that the artificially stuffed sleeve was tucked into the coat pocket at the wrist, giving the figure that defiant air that had aroused the anger of the presiding officer. Now when they knew that no hand was there, a thrill of sympathy ran through the crowd, and the judge was visibly agitated and even apologized.

"I did not know that you had been a soldier," he said gently, as if that fact were excuse enough for any lapse of duty on the present occasion.

"I am a soldier yet," said the man in the witness box; "once a soldier always a soldier, is my creed. I'm under marching orders and likely to join my regiment any time. It's many years since I first went soldiering. I was a likely chap then, judge."

"Yes, yes," said the judge, who had been staring fixedly at the man while his face, flushed and pale with some secret emotion, "but this is hardly the time or place for reminiscences. Your testimony in the case on hand is all that is required now. Counsel for the defense will examine this witness," and the judge turned to other business as if the subject no longer interested him.

But he had not done with it. When he went out of the court house on his way home, the one-armed soldier was waiting for him, and he stopped with an impatient air to hear what he had to say. It was evident that the man had been drinking, and his general appearance was more down at the heels than before.

"Judge," he asked, with tipsy gravity, "might your name be Shields?"

"Yes, my name is Shields. Have you any further business with me? I am in something of a hurry."

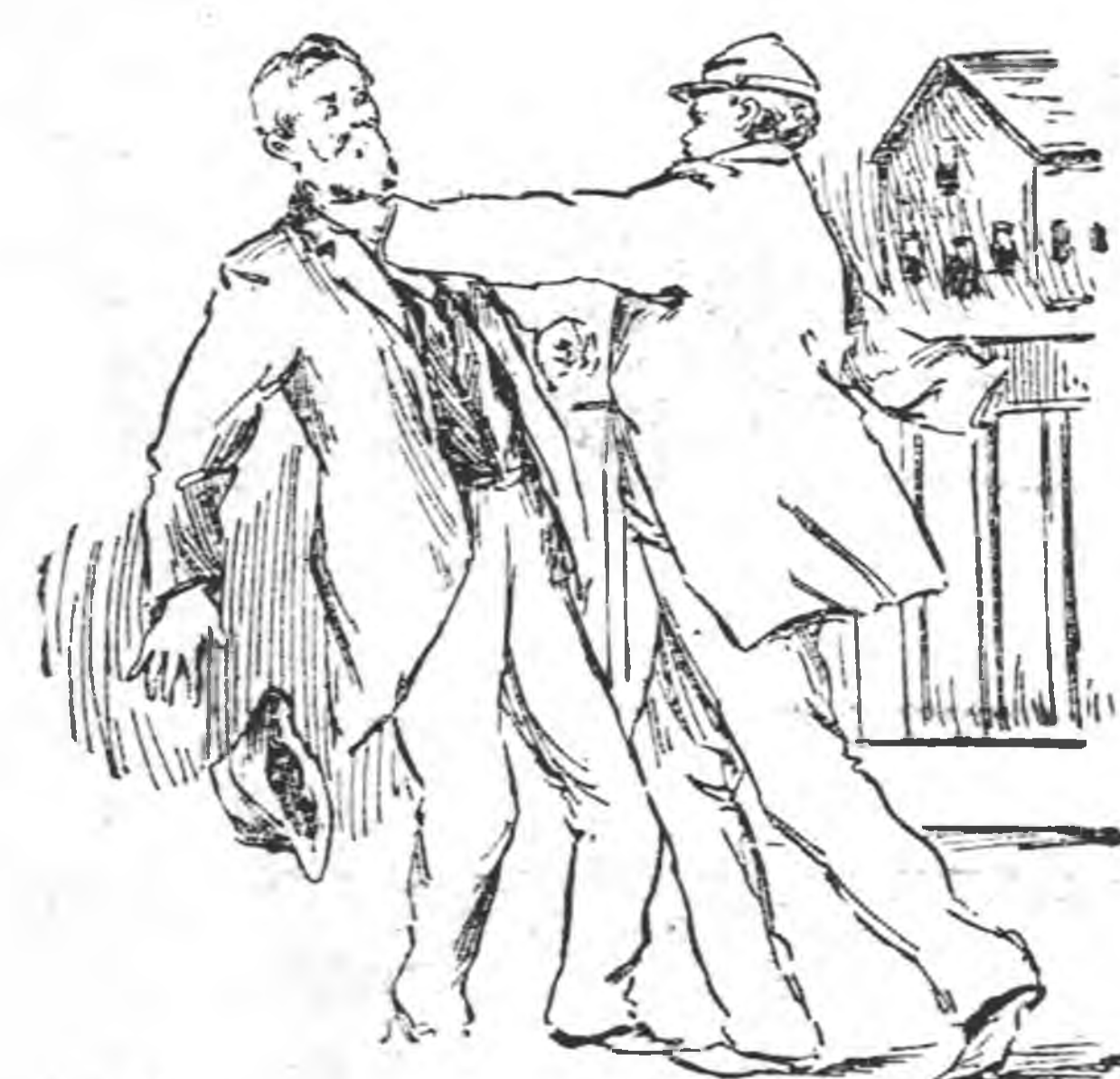
"So'm I, Judge Shields. I've been waiting over thirty years to ask you a question and get an answer. You don't happen to know me, judge?"

"No," came the low answer as the judge looked into the face of the soldier with a shifting earnestness, taking in the whole figure in that uncertain way, "I don't think I ever saw you before."

"Think again, my friend—you are my friend, ain't you—did you ever know a young man—a robust, strapping fellow—named Leonard Hurst?"

"My God, man, Leonard Hurst died during the war—he was killed in the battle of Gettysburg, and is buried up in yonder cemetery."

"Is he? That's news to me, Hiram



"CAUGHT HIM BY THE THROAT."

Shields, and it's a lie. He had a friend—a young man like himself—no, not like him, for Leonard Hurst would have given his life for that friend, and thought it no sacrifice—but the friend didn't enlist. He stood at home, and while Hurst was fighting the enemy at the front, Shields, his friend, won his promised wife away from him, married the girl Leonard Hurst had loved all his life."

"I'll hear the story at another time," said Shields, who was in a panic of nervousness over this strange recital.

"You'll hear it now," retorted the other



ing with the utmost distinctness. "Leonard Hurst went away with drums beating, and flags flying, and he was gone three years. One of those years he spent in a Southern prison—the fortune of war. He came home a wreck, to be nursed back to life and strength by those for whose sake he had suffered—he came home to find himself a dead man!"

The dry lips of the judge worked con-



"THE SOLDIER LIFTED HIS SHABBY CAP WITH REVERENCE."

vulsively, but he said no word.

"His friend had buried him. A stone at the foot of his grave had his name and number, gathered from the prison hospital. He was dead and buried, and his friend had married his sweetheart."

"You are excited," said Shields, finding his voice; "come home with me and—"

"You haven't heard it all yet. Maybe you think it was hard to stand in front of a fire of shot and shell, and be torn asunder by cannon balls. Why, man, that was nothing, to the soldier, to what he suffered when he came home and found himself shut out of the ranks of living men—read his own name on a gravestone, and heard his friends talk of his death. And that was nothing to the fact that the girl who swore fealty to him had married his false friend. When he knew that, the bitterness of death had passed. It was there his first and last real battle was fought, when he conquered himself, and let the man live who had made earth a hell for him."

"Have you no pension?" asked the judge suddenly.

"Pension? Do they pension dead men?"

The judge was trembling violently. As the effects of the liquor wore off, the soldier became more excitable, and erratic lights flashed from his sunken eyes. His whole expression was a menace to the man who stood trembling before him. But when his strange companion with a sudden swift motion caught him by the throat, Shields made no resistance, and the other holding him thus a moment, threw him off contemptuously.

"Tell me to my face I am dead," sneered the soldier with livid lips, "you who robbed me of the dearest thing I had in life—and of life itself! Assassin! She, too, is dead—perhaps you killed her?"

"Hurst," said Shields, wiping the drops

you are indeed a living man, listen to me. It may be some satisfaction to you to know that Mabel never loved me, although she was my wife. She died with your name on her lips. She believed you dead, and kept your grave green with her tears."

"Say that again!" cried the soldier. "Oh, my God, it pays to have been dead and buried all these years, to know that after all she was true. I had it in my mind to kill you; yes, I meant it when I had my hand at your throat, but those words have saved you! God will settle the account between us!"

"He has settled it," answered Shields solemnly. "He closed the account when he refused me Mabel's love—when he took her from me as the worst punishment he could inflict. But I honestly believed that you were dead—that it was your shattered form I brought from the battlefield and buried yonder."

"That gave you a right to love Mabel?"

"No"—Shields hung his head in bitter grief and shame—"I—I had tried to win her before that, but she would not listen to me—she never would have listened, but for your death—and, Hurst, that knowledge killed her. She was my wife in name, but her heart was with you."

The soldier lifted his shabby cap with reverence. He raised his eyes to the blue canopy of heaven, and his lips moved in prayer.

"I have fought my last battle," he said, extending his one poor hand to Shields, "we are friends from this hour, comrade."

"You have called me comrade," said Shields, his eyes filling with tears; "I am no soldier, but I know what that word means. We are comrades for the rest of the march—we will part no more. From this hour my home is your home."

Thus it came about that these two became to each other even as David and Jonathan, united by a friendship surpassing the love of woman. Nor is the unknown soldier who sleeps far from home and friends forgotten. On each Memorial day flags wave and flowers bloom over his dust and a white-haired man and a one-armed soldier sit there to talk over the strange enigma of his last resting place.

Their Annual Reunion.



The Man of the Musket.

Soldiers, pass on from this rage of renown, This ant-hill, commotion and strife, Pass by where the marbles and bronzes look down

With their fast frozen gestures of life, Oh, out to the nameless who lie 'neath the gloom

Of the pitying cypress and pine; Your man is the man of the sword and the plume

But the man of the musket is mine.

I knew him! By all that is noble, I knew



This commonplace hero I name! I've camped with him, marched with him, fought with him, too,

In the swirl of the fierce battle-flame! Laughed with him, cried with him, taken a part

Of his canteen and blanket, and known That the throb of this chivalrous prairie boy's heart

Was an answering stroke of my own.

I knew him, I tell you! And, also, I knew When he fell on the battle-swept ridge, That the poor battered body that lay there in blue

Was only a plank in the bridge Over which some should pass to a fame That shall shine while the high stars shall shine!

Your hero is known by an echoing name, But the man of the musket is mine.

I knew him! All through him the good and the bad

Ran together and equally free; But I judge as I trust Christ will judge the brave lad.

For death made him noble to me! In the cyclone of war, in the battle's eclipse, Life shook out its lingering sands, And he died with the names that he loved on his lips.

His musket still grasped in his hands! Up close to the flag my soldier went down, In the salient front of the line;

You may take for your heroes the men of renown, But the man of the musket is mine!

Wouldn't Talk.

Of a Parliamentary Ferguson of the time of Pitt, it is said that his only speech in the House was to move that a window where he sat should be mended; but it is also reported that on one occasion he rose, and the unexpected treat of a speech from one whose wit was well known in precincts was greeted with loud shouts of "Hear, hear!" He paused a moment, looked round, then said: "I'll be d—d if you do," and sat down

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

RIPANS TABLETS

In Machias, Me., lives Mr. E. F. Gould, who is employed as a candy maker by the firm of Means & Gardner, of that place. Speaking of Mr. Gould, his friend, Mr. E. W. Mitchell, recently said: "I have known him for some years, and until very lately I always heard him complaining about his food distressing him, and feeling more or less badly about all the time. His work naturally keeps him confined a good deal, and he has very little chance for exercise. Lately, having heard less complaint, I thought I would call and see to what he credited his improvement. He said to me," said Mr. Mitchell, "for years I have been troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia. At times would be dizzy and my head very dull, especially after eating. Then would have distress and palpitation, caused by gas in my stomach from food fermenting. The only thing I could find that would give me any relief was soda, and from that I got no lasting benefit, but now I have struck it rich. My employer brought me a package of Ripans Tablets from Boston. They are the one thing that will fix you up all right. I am feeling splendid now, and I recommend them to you and all for stomach trouble."

Ripans Tablets are sold by druggists, or by mail at the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York. Sample, 10 cents.



MELANCHOLY WOMEN.

AFRAID SOMETHING DREADFUL IS GOING TO HAPPEN.

How a Little Baby Girl Rolled the Clouds Away.

Of course a woman will naturally see the dark side of everything when tortured by some form of female disease, which her doctor cannot or does not relieve. No wonder she is melancholy when head and back ache, pains run through the whole body and loins, nerves are weak, stomach out of order, digestion poor, sense of fullness and bearing-down, poor sleep and appetite, always weak and tired, irregular menstruation, whites, etc.

She probably is not so fortunate as to know that all female ailments are indicated by these never failing symptoms, and are controlled by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; all female weaknesses quickly disappear by its use. It has been the thinking woman's safeguard for twenty years, and all druggists sell large quantities of it because it can be relied upon.

Still another woman speaks: "I wish you would publish my name with your testimonials. I want every one to know that your Vegetable Compound has made me well and strong. I sing its praises all the time. When I was first married I was very weak and had female troubles badly; Oh, I was so weary, sick and melancholy, but the Vegetable Compound built me up, and now I have a dear baby girl, and I am so happy. No home is complete without a dear little baby and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to roll the clouds away."—Mrs. Geo. Claus, 85 Danforth St., Buffalo, N. Y.



ful in water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains. There is no remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS), so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists. RADWAY & CO., New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

A quarter spent in HIRES Rootbeer does you dollars' worth of good.

Made only by The Charles F. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

PATENTS. TRADE-MARKS.

Examination and advice as to Patentability of inventions. Send for INVENTOR'S GUIDE, or HOW TO GET A PATENT. Patrick O'Farrell, Washington, D.C.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. Sure relief ASTHMA. Price 35c. by mail, Stowell & Co. Charlestown, Mass.

Fremont's Monument.

Mrs. Clio Hinton Huniker, of New York, has finished a design for a monument for John C. Fremont, to be erected in Rockland Cemetery, in San Francisco. The monument illustrates the following story:

In Fremont's first expedition across the continent in 1842 he had made the ascent of what is now called Fremont's Peak, in Wyoming. There, upon a great rock, to which the name of Rock Independence has since been given, the soldier made a mark, of which he has written: "Here, not unmindful of the custom of early travelers and explorers in our country, I engraved on this rock



THE STRIKING MONUMENT TO THE PATHFINDER.

of the far West a symbol of the Christian faith. I made on the hard granite the impression of a large cross, which I covered with a black preparation of India rubber, well calculated to resist the influence of wind and rain." The cost of the monument is being defrayed by the associated pioneers of the Territorial days of California. A rock will be placed on the grave in Rockland Cemetery, the elevation of which will be fourteen feet. The statue, which will be of heroic size, is to be of bronze and will stand upon the rock.

Current Condensations. Selfishness is self-destruction.

A word spoken in due season, how good it is.

Caution is often wasted, but it is a very good risk to take.

Better be ill-spoken of by one before all than by all before one.

Occasions do not make a man frail, but they show what he is.

The man who would reform the world needs to begin with himself.

Beware of the man who claims that any kind of a wrong is right.

It is not the clock that strikes the loudest which keeps the best time.

It is because so many people see wrong that so many things go wrong.

Marriage seems to give a woman a license and freedom to indulge in many things she could not afford as a girl.

All fits of pleasure are balanced by an equal degree of pain or languor; 'tis like spending this year part of next year's revenue.

The friends of Rev. Dr. David Riddle Breed, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburg, think that he may be elected moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly, which will meet next month.

It is one of those facts not generally known even to Macaulay's omniscient schoolboy that it is possible to travel by rail in Europe for a continuous distance of over 5,000 miles. Since the extension of the Madrid and Cordova Trunk railway to Gibraltar this is now feasible.

According to a London correspondent, up to the present time Mr. Justin McCarthy has received something like £20,000 as his share of the proceeds of the sale of his "History of Our Own Time." It is said that nearly the whole of his £20,000 profit has been devoted to the cause of Ireland.

Gen. Thomas L. Clingman, for thirty years one of North Carolina's most distinguished citizens, a member of Congress, United States Senator, and brave Confederate soldier, has applied for admission to the Confederate Soldiers' Home at Raleigh, being at the age of 83 homeless and penniless.

HOMAGE TO THE CZAR

RUSSIAN RULER ENTERS THE EMPIRE'S OLD CAPITAL.

Nicholas Is Hailed by Booming Cannon and Pealing Bells—In Dazzling Cavalcade—Royalty and Nobility Journey from the Petrovsky Palace.

Day of Joy at Moscow.

The czar and czarina made their triumphal entry into Moscow amid the thunder of batteries of artillery, the clanging of countless bells and the cheers of a vast multitude of loyal Russians and equally enthusiastic visitors from all parts of the world. Probably never in the history of nations has there been such an assemblage of peoples. Possibly the gorgeous scene may never be repeated in its grand entirety. In anticipation of the coming of the czar, the entire route from Petrovski palace, about three miles on the road to St. Petersburg, to the Kremlin was so densely packed with people that movement except on the outskirts of the immense crowds was out of the question.

The signal for the commencement of the day's movements was a salute of nine guns from a battery outside the city. This was followed by the dull booming of the big bell of the Cathedral of the Assumption and the assembling of the troops at their various mustering points.

Then the countless high dignitaries of the empire and of foreign countries began to gather at the Petrovski palace, to take their places in the gala equipages or to escort on horseback the carriages of their imperial majesties. The grand dukes and grand duchesses, the princes and the princesses, the Asiatic potentates, the innumerable representatives of every country



CZAR NICHOLAS.

under the sun assembled there to do honor to the czar of all the Russias, the ruler of the mighty empire which half encircles the globe. Generals with their staffs, aids-de-camp riding at breakneck speed, orderlies galloping furiously were to be seen everywhere. The clash of arms resounded on all sides, and most impressive was the gathering of the hosts of the mighty emperor.

At 2:30 o'clock there was a further thundering of the cannon, this time from the direction of the Petrovski palace, and that living mass of men and women gave a great sigh of relief, for it was the signal that the czar had started on his journey to the Kremlin.

Reception of the Czar.

After leaving the palace the czar was received by the commander-in-chief of all the troops at Moscow and in its neighborhood, the Grand Duke Sergius, and then the latter, with a most brilliant staff, joined in the procession. At the Resurrection gate the czar dismounted from his horse and the empresses descended from their carriages in order to worship at the shrine of the Iberian Madonna, the most sacred of the many holy symbols in Moscow. At the shrine their majesties were received by the grand vicar of Moscow, who presented them with the cross and sprinkled them with holy water. Their majesties entered the chapel and knelt in prayer before the image. At the conclusion of their devotions the czar remounted his horse and the czarina re-entered her carriage and they passed through the gate into the Kremlin, where they were received with all the ecclesiastical pomp possible.

At the moment their majesties entered the palace of the Kremlin an artillery salute of 101 guns was fired and throughout the journey of their majesties the bells from all the belfries from Moscow were tolled. The czar and czarina will remain at the palace in partial seclusion until the ceremony of the coronation of the imperial standard, which always occurs three days before the coronation.

Cost of the Fetes.

The Russian Government is said to have spent over \$20,000,000 on the fetes up to the present, and the city of Moscow is understood to have expended nearly as much money and more expenses have to be met. The illuminations cost several millions of dollars to the Government alone, without counting what the city contributed toward this portion of the expense. Besides the expense of the Russian Government and the city of Moscow, the expenses which grand dukes and grand duchesses, foreign princes and ambassadors, etc., have been put to is really enormous, one authority going so far as to estimate that there was about \$100,000,000 worth of jewelry alone in the procession.

The French Government especially has been put to a very great expense for the coronation fetes. The cost of the supper which their imperial majesties attended under the auspices of the French delegation cost over \$100,000, and the carriages used by the French envoys were the property of the Emperor Napoleon, built especially for the christening of the late prince imperial. Ex-Empress Eugenie allowed them to be sent to Moscow for the use of Comte De Montebello and General De Boisdeffre, the representatives of France.

The Commissary Department

Of the human system is the stomach. In consequence of its activity, the body is supplied with the elements of bone, brain, nervous and muscular tissue. When indigestion impedes its functions, the best agent for imparting a healthful impetus to its operations is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, also a curative for malaria, bilious and kidney complaints, nervousness and constipation.

Emperor William has \$250,000 worth of orders, German and foreign. When he travels he carries \$150,000 worth of them in a safe.

All About Western Farm Lands.

The "Corn Belt" is the name of an illustrated monthly newspaper published by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad. It aims to give information in an interesting way about the farm lands of the West. Send 25c in postage stamps to the Corn Belt, 209 Adams street, Chicago, and the paper will be sent to your address for one year.

The fastest train in France makes 53 1/4 miles an hour between Paris and Lille.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

A cycle cleaning brigade is proposed for London, the boys to be stationed at street corners, like the bootblacks.

Hall's Hair Renewer renders the hair lustrous and silken, gives it an even color, and enables women to put it up in a great variety of styles.

Two women plac'd together makes cold weather.—William Shakespeare.

Fiso's Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds.—Mrs. C. Beltz, 439 8th ave., Denver, Col., Nov. 8, 1895.

Idleness is the key of beggary.

Don't you want to save money, clothes, time, labor, fuel, and health? All these can be saved if you will try Dobbins' Electric Soap. We say "try," knowing if you try it once, you will always use it. Have your grocer order.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Hosts of people go to work in the wrong way to cure a

Sprain, Soreness, OR Stiffness,

When ST. JACOBS OIL would cure in the right way, right off.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL DUBAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on leauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 17 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. T. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend Gouraud's Cream as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the United States, Canada and Europe.

FERD. T. HOFKINS, Prop'r., 37 Great Jones Street, N. Y.

C. N. U. No. 22-96

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

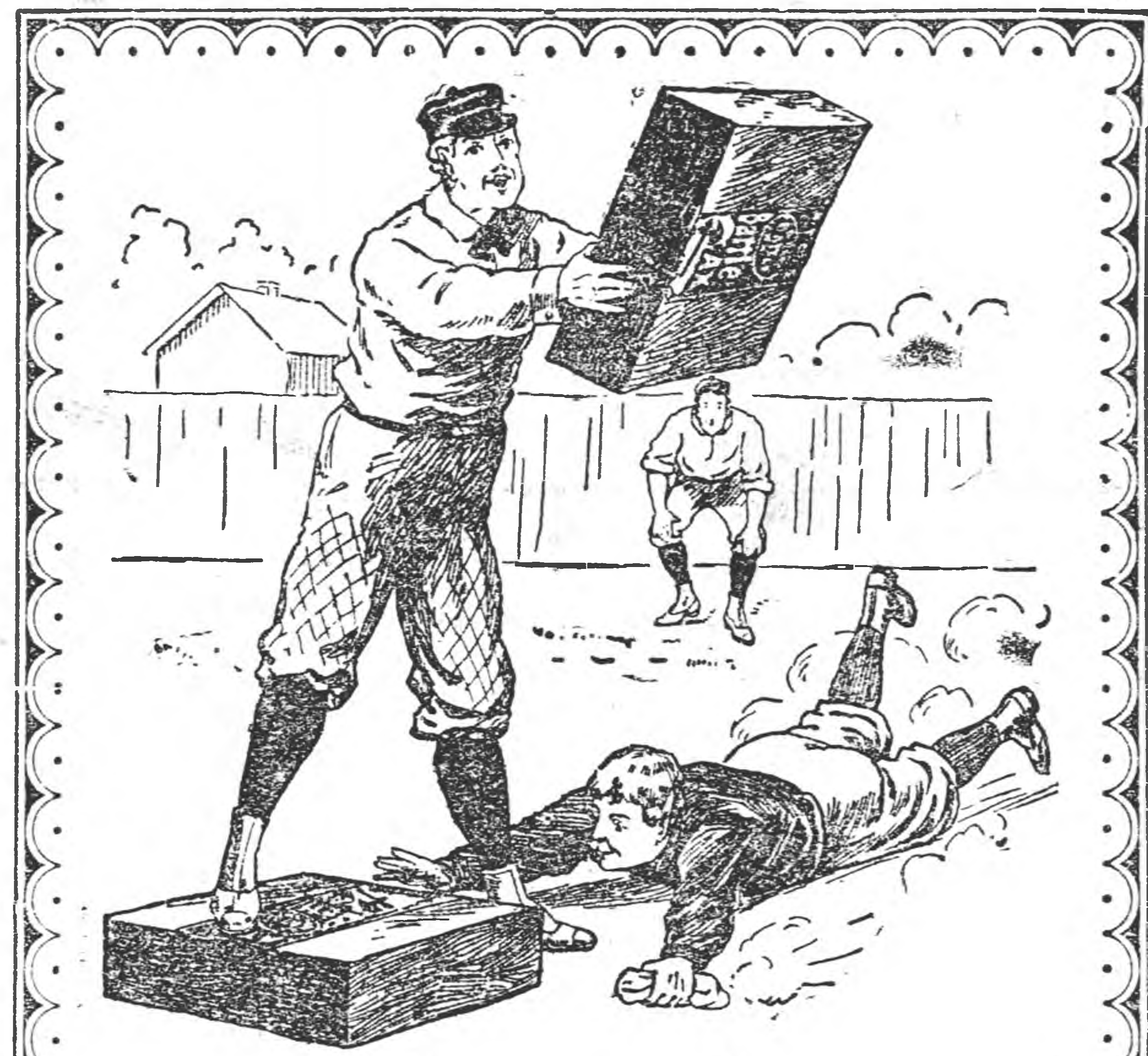
Do You Know that There Is Science in Neatness? Be Wise and Use

SAPOLIO

Real Cocoa

The test of 115 years proves the purity of Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocoa and Chocolate.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Limited, Dorchester, Mass.



"Judgment!!"

BattleAx PLUG

The umpire now decides that "BATTLE AX" is not only decidedly bigger in size than any other 5 cent piece of tobacco, but the quality is the finest he ever saw, and the flavor delicious. You will never know just how good it is until you try it.

When buying sarsaparilla....

ASK FOR THE BEST AND YOU'LL

GET AYER'S:

ASK FOR AYER'S AND YOU'LL GET

THE BEST.

The remedy with a record:

....50 years of cures.

AN IDEAL SUMMER HOME.

Mr. A. J. Knapp Will Open the New
Arlington About June 1st.

As an ideal summer home, the above named house, which is beautifully located upon the south-west shore of Lake Maxenkuckee and a short distance from Culver City, stands, perhaps, without a rival.

In erecting this hotel, Mr. Knapp, the genial proprietor, constantly had in mind the convenience and comfort of his future guests. To be fully convinced of this fact, one need only visit the place and see how skillfully and tastefully everything about the house has been arranged.

Long Point projects out into Lake Maxenkuckee several rods and supports a good substantial steamboat landing. Parties debarking from the boat have no hot and weary climb to climb, but instead have a short delightful walk through a beautiful, cool and shady grove that is situated upon the shore. The building, which faces the lake and catches the fresh, invigorating breeze that day and night sweeps across its surface is spacious and complete in every detail.

Its rooms, including all of the sleeping apartments up and down stairs, have plenty of light and are well ventilated. As an architect Mr. Knapp is deserving of much credit for the skill and genius he has exercised in designing and building such a model summer home, that certainly will please the fancy of and provide the greatest comfort for his many city friends whose patronage he solicits. One of the leading features about this new resort which undoubtedly will prove to be a strong drawing card is its excellent fishing privileges. For many years Long Point has been regarded as the best place on Lake Maxenkuckee for one to drop his hook and line, and this opinion is prevalent. It is claimed by some that nearly all kinds of fish can here be taken from the water almost any day during the season.

Another superior advantage which this uncommonly beautiful resort possesses and which the majority of the people will appreciate is that in case of sickness in the night or any other time the services of a good physician can easily be secured. The distance to Culver City, which does exceed one and a half mile, is over a good road, and can be made in a very short time with a horse and buggy which, in case of emergency, can be procured from the landlord of the hotel.

Taking everything into consideration, a more attractive, comfortable and convenient location for one to enjoy the warm summer months can not be found anywhere.

In introducing this royal and unique summer retreat among the various beautiful and popular resorts already bordering on Lake Maxenkuckee, Mr. Knapp has done a commendable work. Persons who come here this summer for pleasure and recuperation will be highly delighted over the courtesies extended them by the proprietor, Mr. A. J. Knapp and his amiable wife.

There is also in connection with the hotel a fine steamboat, which is used exclusively for the accommodation the guests, and which meets all trains.

Every Sunday

agents of the Nickel Plate Road are authorized to sell one limit excursion tickets between any local stations at a one fare rate. 45-51

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One Minute Cough Cure banishes them. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

It is not a miracle. It won't cure everything, but it will cure piles. That's what DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will do, because it has done it in hundreds of cases. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE

Last season Mr. Ike L. Hall, druggist of West Lebanon Ind., sold four gross of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and says every bottle of it gave perfect satisfaction. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

Local one fare Sunday excursion tickets are on sale between all stations on the Nickel Plate Road—one day limits. 45-52.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cures anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. culver city Drug Store.

Farmers Attention.

A dollar saved is a dollar made. Therefore, when you have any veals, chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks, hides, pelts or tallow, consult me before selling, as I am prepared to pay you the highest market price in cash for all such goods. Don't forget to see me before selling. Office at Marmont Exchange Bank, 44w4 B. F. MEDBOURN.

Half Fare Sunday Excursions.

Commencing at once the Nickel Plate Road will sell one day limit excursion tickets between any two local points at rate of one fare for the round trip. 45-50

Pickle Contracts

On Thursday May 28, our Representative will be at our Marmont Factory for the purpose of distributing seed to our Marmont contractors. H. J. HEILZ CO.

John Osborn, of the Marmont Exchange Bank, has just received notice to let out 50 more acres to pickle growers. This will be your last opportunity and hence you are earnestly solicited to call at the bank and contract at an early date. Prices will be the same as last year and as the prospects are most favorable for a splendid crop, you cannot afford to neglect this chance to acquire ready money. Call at once

O. A. REA, Physician and Surgeon,

Office on Main Street, north of Bank,
CULVER CITY, IND.

ENO MOW, AUCTIONEER.

All Calls Promptly Attended to.
Call at this office or address him at Marmont, Ind.

Kreuzberger's Park

(Lake Maxenkuckee.)
CULVER CITY, INDIANA.

THE BEST

Whiskies,
Brandies,
Cordials,
Rhine and Moselle Wines,
French Claret,
Port and Sherry,
Ales and Beers,
Mineral Water.
A fine stock of Domestic and Key West Cigars.

MONEY TO LOAN!

On Long or Short Time.

Rates of interest depends on class of security and term of loan.
Partial payments allowed on term loans
All legal business given prompt attention
C. B. TIBBETTS,
Plymouth, Ind.

D. C. PARKER,

Proprietor of
Blue Front DRUG STORE,
Argos, Ind.

We want the people to know that we have a large stock of WALL Paper and it pays them to visit us. We also handle the Argos Cycles. Best medium priced wheel on earth. Write for catalogue or call and see them.

The Marmont Exchange Bank,

CULVER CITY, IND.

W. W. OSBORN.....President.
G. M. OSBORN.....Vice President.
JOHN OSBORN.....Cashier

General Banking Business Transacted.
Special attention given to collections Your Business Solicited.

O. K. Barber Shop

Bath Room,

Located in the basement of the John Osborn Co.'s new block.

First Class Work

POPULAR PRICES.
EULITT ROS., Props.

Not to be Trifled With-

(From Cincinnati Gazette.)
Will people never learn that a "cold" is an accident to be dreaded, and that when it occurs treatment should be promptly applied? There is no knowing where the trouble will end; and while complete recovery is the rule, the exceptions are terribly frequent, and thousands upon thousands of fatal illnesses occur every year ushered in by a little injudicious exposure and seemingly trifling symptoms. Beyond this, there are today countless invalids who can trace their complaints to "colds," which at the time of occurrence gave no concern, and were therefore neglected.—When troubled with a cold use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is prompt and effectual. 25 and 50 cent bottles. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

All last winter Mr. Geo. A. Mills of Lebanon, Conn., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. At times it was so severe that he could not stand up straight, but was drawn over on one side. "I tried different remedies without receiving relief," he says, "until about six months ago I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. After using it for three days my rheumatism was gone and has not returned since." Culver City Drug Store.

HARDWARE

FIRST CLASS LINE OF
Heating
Stoves,
Cook stoves,
Etc. Hardware for the millions at
MAR AUGH BROS.
MOTEREY, INDIANA.

NOTICE!

To those who desire to borrow money, I wish to say that I have arranged with private parties to Loan Money on Real or Personal Security at very Lowest Rates. On real estate loans NO CHARGE made for Abstracts of Title, but these are furnished for the purposes of the loan by me for the lender, thus saving in each instance, quite a LEE to the borrower. These funds will be placed so as to allow partial payments. No delays when title and security are approved. Money always ready. Call and see me when you need a loan. Notes bought, especially sale notes. Legal business and collections given prompt attention. L. M. LACER, P. O. Box 25 Plymouth, Ind.

--VANDALIA LINE-- TIME TABLE.

In effect Sept. 23, 1895, trains will leave Culver City, Ind., as follows:

For the North.
No. 52, for St. Joseph, 11:52 a. m.
" 53, for St. Joseph, 7:13 a. m.
" 54, for South Bend, 9:45 p. m.
For the South.
No. 51, for Terre Haute, 5:43 a. m.
" 53, for Terre Haute, 1:35 p. m.
" 57, for Logansport, 7:50 p. m.
All trains week days only.

A complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rates, through cars, etc., address J. Shugrue, agent, Marmont, Ind., or E. A. Ford, general passenger agent, St. Louis, Mo.

NICKEL RATE.

Trains depart from and arrive at Depot, Corner 12th Sts. Chicago, and N. Y., L. E. and S. Ry. Depot at Buffalo.

Going West.			Effect Nov. 24, '95			Going East.		
No. 5 No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9
A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	Ev. Buffalo, Ar.	5.00	P. M.	5.00	A. M.	A. M.
6.35	12.05	6.00	Ev. Cleveland, Iv.	4.11	10.08	9.09		
10.58	7.15	8.60	Ev. Chicago, Iv.	9.50	7.30	6.35		
12.50	9.15	8.40	Postonia	3.50	6.10	5.17		
1.42	11.02	9.49	New Haven	6.20	5.55	5.59		
1.41	12.51	9.15	Ev. New York	5.25	5.35	5.35		
4.20	2.08	2.15	W. W. W. W. W.	1.37	1.37	1.37		
4.30	3.00	3.00	S. W. W. W.	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
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3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
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3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
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3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
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3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
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3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27	3.00	Madison	1.37	1.37	1.37		
3.30	3.27							