

"If You Want

The Earth You
Can Get It."

"If You Don't

Get It 'Twill be
Your own Fault."

"If You Want

A Fence Around It
We Can Help You."

WE HAVE THE

Leading

Grocery and Provision House

—OF—

Culver * City.

We keep only the best articles
that money can buy. We are
not selling goods at

50 PER
CENT Below Cost.

—BUT AT—

Live and Let Live Figures

We have no spontaneous com-
bustion, whoop-and-holler low
prices on one article and knock
your eye out on another, but we
keep right along in the proces-
sion and treat you square in
every instance.

YOU KNOW THIS

consequently the great rush of farm-
ers at MEREDITH'S.

It is a fact that we keep a full
stock of very select goods and will
cater to the Lake Trade with as fine
a line as can be found in the county.

Don't miss the place,

Main St. East Side

near defunct Nussbaum &
Mayer's Store.

Highest Market Price paid
for FARMERS' PRODUCE.

H. J. MEREDITH.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS CURTAILED

And Put in Good Form for the Benefit
of the Herald's Numerous
Readers.

Mrs. J. Shugrue is visiting friends
at Greencastle, Ind.

Mrs. Frank R. New and wife, of
Indianapolis, are guests at the Bay
View Hotel.

Mr. J. L. Booth, of the Bay View
hotel, visited friends at Glendale,
Ohio, last week.

Miss Belle Wood, of Newtown,
Fountain county, Ind., is in town
visiting her uncle, Dr. Wiseman.

Aint it queer,
That everybody, far and near,
Calls at Taylor's
To get the Anheuser-Busch beer. 49t

M. Levine, of Michigan City, was
in town this week. He contemplates
starting a clothing store at this
place.

Mr. Frank Green and Miss Emma
Stevens were married at Plymouth,
Saturday. THE HERALD wishes them
a long and happy life.

Wm. Hand, Jr., who lives near
Argos, presented the editor with
some strawberries last week which
only took 23 to make a quart. We
would like to see the gentleman that
can beat it.

Lawrence Mosher, of Marmont,
made the trip overland on his wheel
Thursday of last week. As Law-
rence lost the right road he covered
about sixty miles when he got here.
—Logansport Chronicle.

Democrats and Republicans held
their respective primaries last Satur-
day and elected delegates to attend
county conventions, the former being
held at Plymouth, Monday, and the
latter Thursday.

Geo. Whitcomb and Chas. Keifer,
who conducted the Bay View hotel
last season, are spending a few days
at the lake. The boys have hosts
upon hosts of friends here who are
glad to see their smiling faces again.

Miss Martha Jaeger, who has
been attending school at Cincinnati
the past year, returned to this city
Friday evening. We are pleased to
say that she stood second in her
studies in her department, which
contained sixty scholars.

An annual output of 40,000 cars
of fruit and an immense acreage in
the United States and Canada is rep-
resented in the American Fruit
Growers' union, the organization of
which was completed Thursday in
Chicago. The new union brings into
effective co-operation practically all
the minor associations of fruit grow-
ers in this country and Canada. The
central headquarters will be located
in Chicago and through a system of
bulletins it is proposed to keep fruit
growers in every part of the country
informed of the movements of the
markets. By this means it is hoped
to distribute the output more evenly
and to prevent any glut and consequent
loss of money and goods. Through
the organization rates will be made
with railroads and refrigerator compa-
nies and information will be circulated
relative to improvements of methods,
culture, packing and caring for fruit.
It is hoped by this means to raise
materially the standard of the fruit
put upon the market. The organiza-
tion will be used also as a means of
securing the services of commission
men of acknowledged high standing
and integrity and as a means of self
protection against those who are un-
reliable. A manager will be station-
ed at Chicago; who will have charge
of the business of the union and will
control its funds. The president and

mover in the plan of organization is
John D. Cunningham of Marietta,
Ga., president of the Northwestern
Fruit Growers' association, is secre-
tary. A vice president for each
state was chosen, R. D. Graham of
Fennville filling that position for
Michigan.

I am no fishing enthusiast of the
sort that can sit along without catch-
ing anything, and still thank heaven
for being allowed to live; but I con-
fess that I do love to fish in a region
where the fish that are being fished
for have the courtesy to bite once
every half hour or so. And, while I
have no wish to be considered a liar,
I must own that I put in a most
pleasant morning last week in a
place where five hooks brought up
sixty-two fine fish in less than two
hours. The place was Maxenkuckee.
The lake is made of fish up there,
me thinks; and aside from the sport
itself, which is enough to make the
blase old fisherman on earth laugh
for joy, the atmosphere of the place
brings balm to the spirit of the
thinker after rest. The quiet stretch
of historic blue water, the silken
clouds, the caressing breeze, the
skimming sail-boats, with here and
there a queenly white steam yacht
these are some of the impressions of
an early summer picture, the sight
of which makes one feel that life is
worth living.—Advertiser.

Prosperous Marshall County Farmer.

For spirit, thrift, energy, general
all-round get-up-and-get-ativeness,
and all the other qualifications that
smacks of solid and substantial pro-
gressiveness and prosperity, the peo-
ple of Marshall county, and espe-
cially its farming community, will
and do rank second to no others in
this part of the great commonwealth
of Indiana, and, for that matter, in
the whole United States. As an il-
lustration of these peculiar and en-
nobling virtues possessed by its in-
habitants, we have only to mention
the name of one of its most success-
ful farmers, Mr. V. A. Lidecker, who
lives about eight miles northeast of
Culver City.

Starting away from home when
quite a young man, about twenty-
five years ago, nearly shirtless and
sockless, with but little money in
either of his pockets, but with a de-
termination to succeed, he soon found
employment as a common farm la-
borer in this county. He saved his
earnings and soon hoarded sufficient
money to buy himself a little piece
of land, and, by dint of the strictest
economy and hardest kind of
labor, kept adding to his first small
purchase until to-day he has one of
the best stocked farms of over 200
acres there is in this country. All
the comforts, happiness and pleas-
ures of the home surrounds him—
the envy of his less thrifty neigh-
bors. Fruit, flowers, and shrubbery
of every kind adorn his possessions.
He is one of the largest stockbreed-
ers in the state. His stables are
filled with thoroughbred horseflesh,
among them being a noted Belgian
stallion. He has also a large herd
of Hornless Durhams, and is an ex-
tensive breeder of the justly celeb-
rated Poland-China hogs, universally
acknowledged to be the most profit-
able of swine for the farmer to raise.

Taken altogether, he is most hap-
pily situated for the balance of his
life—and the HERALD wishes it may
be a long one. Everything that
heart can wish in this world are at
his command.

We merely give Mr. Lidecker this
amount of space in this issue of the
HERALD to show what indomitable
will power, coupled with hard knocks,
perseverance through adversity, strict

economy and close attention to one's
own business can and did accomplish
in his particular case, and with the
hope that the manner in which he
obtained his phenomenal success may
be emulated by the youth of the
whole land who desire to succeed in
life. If this laudable purpose shall
be accomplished we believe we have
wisely written and need no recom-
pense or other emolument for the
space given Mr. Lidecker in this
number of the CULVER CITY HERALD.

**The Enquirer's Interpretation of Free
Coinage.**

The Cincinnati Enquirer is the
most outspoken Democratic newspa-
per that favors free coinage. It has
a wider circulation in Indiana and
Ohio than any other newspaper. In
a recent issue it gives the following
views concerning free coinage:

The free and unlimited coinage of silver
means that neither the president nor his
secretary of the treasury would be allowed
any longer to boycott the four hundred and
twenty-eight millions of standard silver
dollars now in existence. The
power that could re-establish silver
coinage would compel the use of silver with
gold in the redemption of greenbacks.
This would do away with the small pretense
that bonds must be sold with which to buy
gold to redeem greenbacks. It would re-
move the constant menace by the gold gang
that the legal tender quality shall be taken
away from the vast amount of silver dol-
lars now in existence. It would add enough
to the money in circulation in the country
each year to keep pace with the increase of
population and the requirements for do-
mestic exchanges. It would make all the
silver bullion in the world worth just as
much as though it were already coined into
dollars. It would stop greenbacks from
being presented for redemption at the
treasury, because Heidelberg, Ickelheimer
& Co., and the rest of the breed of gold
speculators would be offered silver when
they demanded gold, and they would not
want it. Free coinage would guarantee
the stability of the currency. The grind-
ing contraction now going on would cease.
The borrowed surplus now in the treasury
of nearly \$200,000,000 would be expended
in grand public improvements, including
coast defenses, and thus be restored to cir-
culation among the people. It would grad-
ually raise the general level of prices. The
production of wheat and other farm pro-
ducts would be resumed on the former scale.
Manufacturers of every description would
no longer engage in hand-to-mouth pro-
duction, but would manufacture for the re-
quirements of the coming year. This would
give work to those now in distress, and
would enable laboring people themselves to
buy what they are now doing without un-
der the harsh compulsion of poverty. The
commerce between forty-five states would
be resumed; railroads would be taken out
of the hands of receivers, because they
could again earn interest on their debts
and expenses, and something more. The
occupation of the panicmaker would be
gone.

Mrs. Kate Cleveland.

wife of James L. Cleveland, of this
city, died at Chicago at 9 o'clock
Saturday night. The remains were
brought to this city this morning.
Mrs. Cleveland had been sick for
more than a year, and last February,
in the hopes of benefitting her peo-
ple. Notwithstanding every effort
in her behalf, she continued to grow
worse until her death.

Mrs. Catherine McDonald-Cleve-
land was born in Union township,
this county, March 19th, 1837, the
daughter of Thomas McDonald, and
has lived in Marshall county con-
tinuously since. She has lived in
this city since she was a young lady.
In 1867, she was married to James
L. Cleveland, but leaves no children.

Mrs. Cleveland was well known
and most highly esteemed. She
was unassuming, but a most genial
lady and a devoted friend. None
knew her but to love her, and in her
unselfish devotion to home and its
attachments, she had the admiration
and highest regard for all. The de-
ceased was a devoted member of the
church of God, a true whole-hearted
Christian lady. Her rich, full and
sweet alto voice in sacred song will
be long missed by her church associ-
ates and friends, and the good in-
fluences of this noble woman, will
live long years, and her memory will
be cherished by innumerable friends.

The funeral was held last Tues-
day at 2 p. m. from her late home,
corner Garro and Walnut streets.

Democratic County Convention.

The Culver City band, accompa-
nied by quite a number of Repub-
licans as well as Democrats and the
regularly appointed delegates from
this place, went to Plymouth last
Monday to attend the Democratic
county convention. The Hon. B. F.
Shively, of South Bend, Indiana's
silver-tongued orator and candidate
for governor on the free silver plat-
form was the advertised card that
drew to that wide-awake, hustling
town several thousand people of all
political creeds and complexions.
But, for some unaccountable and in-
explicable reason, Mr. Shively failed
to materialize, much to the disap-
pointment of the vast crowd who
went there with the avowed purpose
of seeing and hearing him discourse
on the all-sorbing topic of the day—
the money question.

Permanent Chairman, Attorney S.
N. Stevens, called the convention to
order and K. F. Brooke was secre-
tary. Speeches were made by
several able orators, a free silver
platform was adopted, and the Hon.
B. F. Shively was endorsed for gov-
ernor. The large crowd present was
well-behaved and moderately enthu-
siastic.

There were 549 delegates, and 275 were ne-
cessary to a choice. The order of nomi-
nations was announced as follows: Represen-
tative, treasurer, recorder, sheriff, coroner,
surveyor, county assessor, commissioners
first and second districts.

Charles Ulrich presented the name of Ad-
am E. Wise, and John W. Houghton pre-
sented the name of T. J. Winnings for re-
presentative. The delegates then repaired to
their respective township posts and proceed-
ed to ballot for said candidates, which re-
sulted as follows:

Wise, Representative,.....484½
Winnings, ".....62½

For treasurer there was but one candidate,
C. C. Vink, of Bourbon township, who was
nominated by acclamation.

For recorder there was also but one can-
didate, Thos. M. Walker, the present incum-
bent, and he was likewise nominated by ac-
clamation.

Then the real battle began, that for sheriff,
Joseph E. Marshall, Wm. Klinger, Freder-
ick Zimmerman and Jas. M. Wade were rap-
idly placed in nomination. Contrary to ev-
ery expectation but one ballot was necessary,
resulting in the nomination of Jos. E. Mar-
shall.

Marshall, for sheriff.....286 13-33
Klinger, ".....16
Zimmerman, ".....51
Wade, ".....194 18-33

The townships again repaired to their
places of voting and the following result
was announced on the first ballot:

For coroner, Dr. C. E. Nussbaum, of Bre-
men, and Dr. W. C. Sarber, of Argos, were
placed in nomination.

Nussbaum, for coroner.....222½
Sarber, ".....326½

For surveyor, W. H. English, A. C. North,
and Marion C. Guyer were placed in nomi-
nation, the ballot resulting thus:

English, for surveyor.....299 29-33
North, ".....87 16-33
Guyer, ".....159 21-33

For assessor, Dr. Eley, of Tippecanoe
township, beat John Noll, of Bremen, by a
vote of 353 16-29 to 192 13-29.

For commissioner of 1st district Henry L.
Jarrell was nominated and for commis-
sioner of 2d district Frederick Seider was nomi-
nated, both by acclamation.

Every Sunday

agents of the Nickel Plate Road are
authorized to sell one limit excursion
tickets between any local stations at
a one fare rate. 45-51

Butter, eggs and poultry at mar-
ket price will be taken in exchange
for millinery goods at Mrs. W. F.
Eulitt's.

FOR SALE.—A male Jersey ox,
over a year old. For particulars
apply to Michael Baker, one and a
half miles south of Hibbard.

Ask agents of the Nickel Plate
Road about Sunday Excursions.
Tickets are on sale every Sunday at
one fare for the round trip. 48-109w4

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Owing
to health failing me, I wish to retire
from business, and offer my entire
stock of goods, or any department of
same, for sale or exchange. For fur-
ther information, call on or address,
E. M. GEORGE, Marmont, Ind.

Home-seekers excursion to the west
on June 9th and 23rd via the Nickel
Plate Road. Ask Agents. 107-48w3

AFTER THE TORNADO

Storm-Stricken Cities Now Face the Future.

BRAVE AND HOPEFUL.

Thousands Are Busy Clearing Away Wreckage.

Story of Violence, Terror, Ruin, Desolation and Death—Burying the Dead and Caring for the Injured, Hungry and Homeless—Close Estimate of the Property Damage—Thousands Go to View the Storm's Work—Pen Picture of the Horrors the People of St. Louis Have Endured.

Bruised and torn and bleeding, staggering from the force of the blow, but still reliant and confident in her own strength, the city of St. Louis is standing in the view of hundreds of thousands of visitors, a beautiful picture even in her misery and pain. Though 200 of her children were torn from her by the merciless wind, and scores are lying in the hospitals on beds of agony, she is rallying her superb resources ready to begin again the march of progress. Property worth millions was snatched from her bosom, and from the fair surface of her vicinage huge factories, beautiful dwellings, gigantic elevators and thousands of homes of the poor have been razed. Dazed and half bleeding, she has struggled to her feet, groping in the darkness of affliction.

Her little neighbor is scarcely able to move. The full force of the storm that laid her waste was not lost in the long and remarkable voyage across the river. Out of a population of nearly three-quarters of a million St. Louis lost two hundred souls. East St. Louis has scarcely a family in her limits that does not number in its membership one dead or wound-



EAST ST. LOUIS CITY HALL.

ed. The list of victims to the fury of the wind runs up to 150, and to say who is injured would be to enumerate one-half the population of the bustling little community. Weaker than St. Louis, in that she lacks the size and wealth, she is strong in her own might. With the assistance of the outside world she will recover from the blow in time and her blocked streets will again be the thoroughfares full of teams and men they were before the terrible visitation. But in the history of the world, the disaster



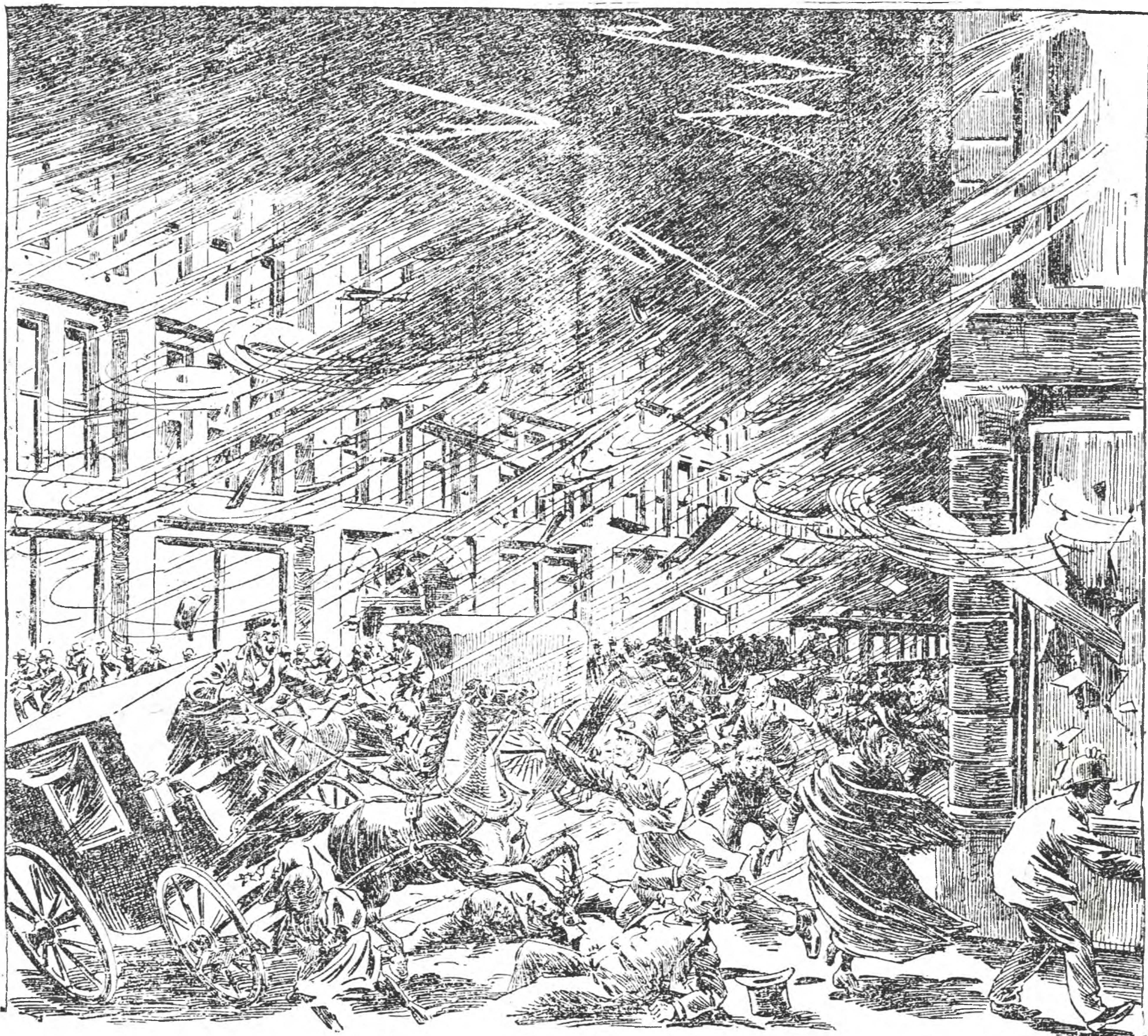
VIEW ON SIXTH STREET, ST. LOUIS—TYPICAL SCENE IN THE SOUTH-WESTERN PART OF THE CITY.

that overtook the sister cities will live on and on as the greatest of modern times.

Birth of the Tornado.

On that fateful Wednesday afternoon the clouds formed in conclave over St. Louis. For months, weeks they had been hovering in an atmosphere that made them worried and restless. They were surcharged with energy generated by excessive heat and they were surly. They thirsted for rapine and slaughter. Down below them myriads of mortals ran about the streets of the big city like ants, each carrying out his part in the daily journey of the world. Across the river dense volumes of smoke arose and from the many railroad yards the shriek of locomotive whistles mingled with the rumble of moving cars. The great stock yards and the rolling mills and the foundries were adding their quota to the atmosphere that was irritating the vapory masses in the sky.

Traitorously the storm crept upon the city, and even as the people wondered why the shadows of vapor were behaving in a manner so unusual they framed their battle front and brought to being the tornado, the child of unusual atmospheric conditions, the concentration of the power of the elements. In less than ten minutes it caused damage to property that cannot be replaced in years and loss of life horrible to dwell upon. It swept a city from end to end, attacked a swollen river, lined with shipping, made of it a waste of muddy water, showing here and there on its surface a wreck, and rushed on through the little city across the bridge, demolishing it most utterly. It left behind a long trail of blood and



When the force of the wind abated from every door and every place of shelter men and women swarmed with blanched faces and trembling lips. Every thoroughfare was a vista of broken signs, overturned vehicles, ground and shattered glass and twisted wires. Lights were snuffed out by the fury of the gale and the wonderful current that propels so many of the cars of the city was rendered useless. In the downtown business districts, where the damage was slight, the streets were crowded with citizens anxious to get to their homes to reassure loved ones. All felt that a dreadful calamity had occurred, but none could say the extent of it.

Night came on a city thoroughly and pitifully demoralized. In all its vast extent there was not a man who knew what had been accomplished by the terrible wind.

Ghastly Tales Told.

About 7 o'clock the eastern horizon took on a ruddy appearance, and through the blinding rain long tongues of fire could be seen mounting high in the air. East St. Louis was on fire. There were fires to the south and to the east and to the west. The city was walled in with flames on three sides and the streets were impassable.

Out of the confusion and chaotic spawn of rumors, it became soon apparent that the bulk of the damage had been done in South and East St. Louis. No one knew the extent of it and all feared to guess. That it was unprecedented was intuitively surmised. Up in the city, where the

ly naked, stripped by the violence of the storm. Speed was necessary in treating them and the gentle, kindly words of the surgeon who has plenty of time were not spoken. It was hurry, hurry, hurry. A man with one fractured leg would give way on an operating table to a man with both legs fractured, or a woman with her tender flesh hanging in shreds. Little children, torn and crushed, were brought in and laid before the surgeons, their shrill cries and pitiful moans contrasting with the howls of the more powerful adults. They came in a swift stream that seemed to be without end, all night long, and it appeared to those who handled them that the sights and sounds grew more terrible as the hours crept by.

Among the Mangled.

The scenes at the hospital were a repetition of those at the dispensary. It was at the morgue that the full force of the disaster was brought to the understanding. The little slate-colored building on Twelfth and Spruce was the magnet that drew a funeral procession, radiating from every part of the South Side. First, the slabs were filled in the usual way, one body to a slab, and then two slabs were placed together and made the resting place for four bodies. Still the corpses came. They were dumped in like grist into a mill.

All night long St. Louis and East St. Louis were cities alone in their terrible desolation, almost entirely cut off from communication with the rest of the world. And in all the horror of the black night and its terrible developments reigned a feeling of dread for what might be disclosed by the day. When the first gray coloring in the eastern sky gave evidence of the coming of the light, the watchers gazed with mingled feelings of thankfulness and fear. Objects became discernible dimly as the sun mounted higher on the course of his daily journey, emphasizing the ruin that was rather felt than seen in the gloom of the night.

After the Storm.

The first reports of the great storm were considerably exaggerated, as is usually the case when such a calamity occurs. It was impossible in the confusion and darkness to obtain definite information, and the stories of havoc and fatality were magnified by the exciting influences of the situation. The number of killed, which was hastily estimated at 1,000, is now known to be less than 500 for St. Louis and East St. Louis, while the destruction of property may be put at not to exceed \$5,000,000. It is impossible to tell how many were wounded, but the list is likely to be several times as large as that of the dead; and there are hundreds of houseless and destitute families, thankful in their distress that they escaped with their lives. The work of succoring the needy is being carried on with all possible diligence and effectiveness. There was a quick response of public sympathy and charity to the demands of the occasion, and well organized efforts of relief give assurance that no suffering will



SCENE IN HICKORY STREET.

be neglected and no means spared to restore general comfort and happiness. It will take some time to repair the property damages, but the undertaking is already in progress and will be pushed forward with characteristic American pluck and enterprise until the last vestige of the misfortune is removed.

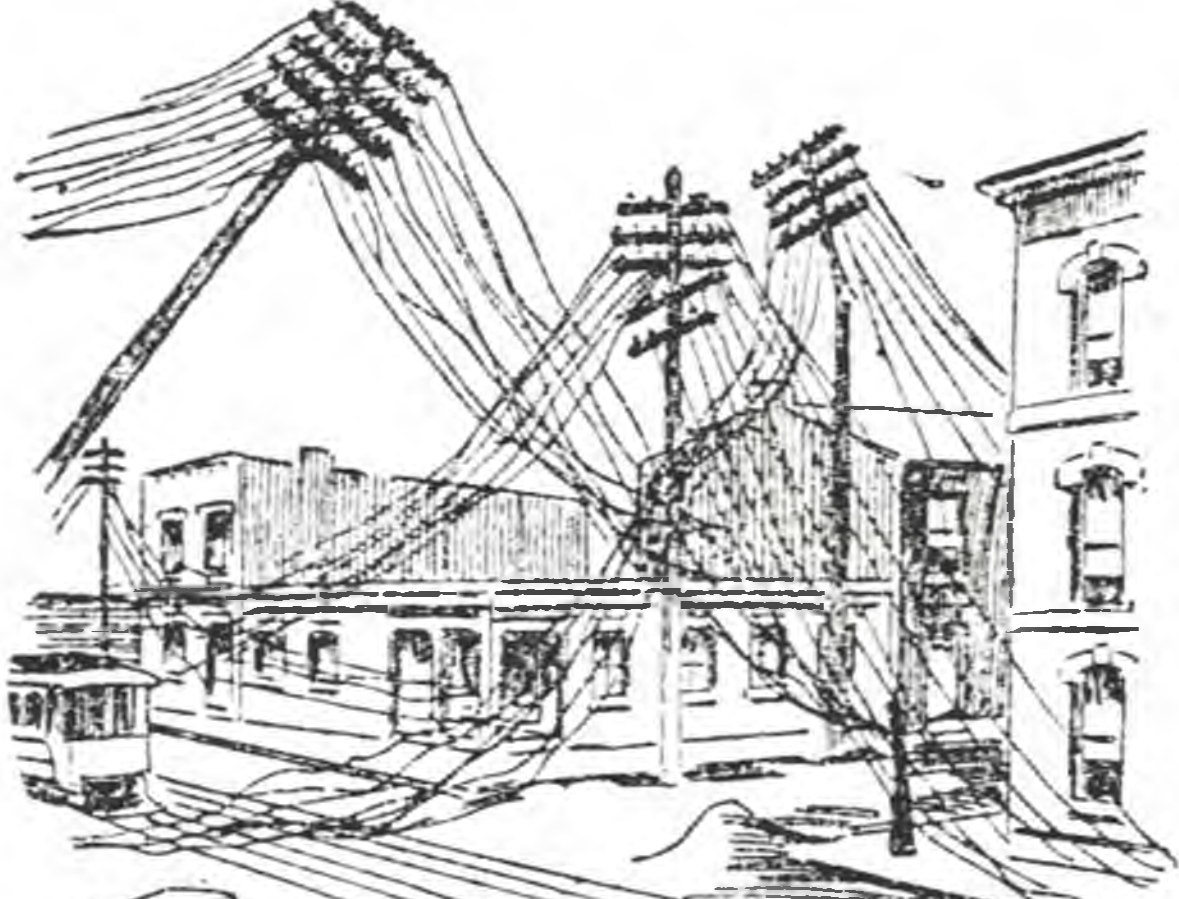
It will take at least two years to repair the damage done by the tornado. It is estimated that in St. Louis at least 7,500

are inclined to place it at 10,000. The number of buildings destroyed or damaged at East St. Louis will not fall below 500, which means a loss from which the Illinois town will not recover in many years. The tornado was not a respecter of classes, and made no distinctions. It swept away the palaces of wealth as well as the hovels of the poor. It spared neither institutions of mercy nor the monuments of productive industry. While the money value of the damage is estimated in aggregate at not over \$5,000,000, these figures do not convey an adequate idea of the tremendous losses sustained by the great catastrophe. The losses entailed by suspended business operations and the money that will be required to clear away the wrecked factories, blocks and dwellings will swell the total loss to an incredible figure.

KILLED BY THE WIND.

Nearly One Thousand Lives Blown Out in the Last Sixty Days.

Illinois.	
Dead.	Injured.
Peru, May 13.....	1
Mercer County, May 16.....	1
Elgin, May 16.....	4
Rockford, May 16.....	3
Monroe, May 24.....	2
Leaf River, May 24.....	1
Cairo, May 25.....	14
East St. Louis, May 27.....	150
Total.....	300



AT TENTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS.

Missouri.	
New Baden, May 27.....	13
Birkners, May 27.....	2
Boyd, May 27.....	2
Irrington, May 27.....	1
Hoyleton, May 27.....	8
Mascoutah, May 27.....	1
Jefferson City, May 27.....	5
Fairfield, May 27.....	1
Total.....	208

Michigan.	
Oakland County, May 25.....	113
Mount Clemens, May 25.....	12
Total.....	125

Iowa.	
North McGregor, May 24.....	15
Valeria, May 24.....	5
Bondurant, May 24.....	4
Mingo, May 24.....	4
Santiago, May 24.....	3
Durango, May 24.....	5
New Hampton, May 24.....	1
Centerville, May 27.....	3
Total.....	40

Kansas.	
Concordia, April 26.....	8
Falls City, May 16.....	4
Sabetha, May 16.....	13
Oneida, May 16.....	6
Reserve, May 16.....	4
Emporia, May 20.....	1
Total.....	36

Indiana.	
Warsaw, May 27.....	2
Total.....	2

Texas.	
Denton and Grayson Counties and city of Sherman, May 15-100	200
Denver, March 27.....	1
Total.....	1

Kentucky.	
Elva, May 16.....	5
Total.....	5

Oklahoma.	
Osage Reservation, May 20.....	4
Total.....	4

North Dakota.	
Epiphany, April 27.....	3
Total.....	3

WANT BONDS BARRED

SENATORS ADOPT THE BUTLER MEASURE, 32 TO 25.

Further Issues, Without Consent of Congress, Prohibited—Lively Debate Precedes the Vote—Pass River and Harbor Bill Over President's Veto.

Anti-bond Bill Passed.

At 7 o'clock Tuesday night the long struggle in the Senate over the bill to prohibit the issue of bonds came to an end and the bill was passed by a vote of 32 to 25. The bill as passed covers only three lines, as follows:

"Be it enacted that the issuance of interest-bearing bonds of the United States for any purpose whatever without further authority of Congress is hereby prohibited."

The vote on its final passage was as follows:

YEAS.	
(Republicans.)	
Brown,	Pettigrew,
Cannon,	Pritchard,
Dubois,	Teller,
Hansbrough,	Warren,
Mitchell (Ore.),	Wolcott—10.
(Democrats.)	
Bacon,	Morgan,
Bate,	Pasco,
Berry,	Pugh,
Chilton,	Tillman,
Daniel,	Turpie,
George,	Vest,
Harris,	Walthall,
Jones (Ark.),	White—17.
(Populists.)	
Allen,	Peffer,
Butler,	Stewart—5.
Jones (Nev.)	
NAYS.	
(Republicans.)	
Aldrich,	Hawley,
Allison,	Lodge,
Burrows,	McBride,
Chandler,	Nelson,
Cullom,	Platt,
Davis,	Quay,
Gallinger,	Wetmore,
Hale,	Wilson—16.
(Democrats.)	
Brice,	Mitchell (Wis.),
Caffery,	Palmer,
Funkhner,	Smith,
Hill,	Vilas—9.
Lindsay,	

The voting did not begin until 6:30 p. m., at which time the chamber was dimly lighted and the galleries almost empty. A flood of amendments were first voted down, all being defeated. One by Mr. Aldrich of Rhode Island gave the executive power to issue bonds in certain emergencies, another by Mr. Aldrich provided that the act should not impair the obligation to pay in coin. Mr. Hill's amendment that treasury notes be retired when redeemed was tabled—43 to 12. Mr. Quay's amendment for the substitution of coin notes for treasury notes was defeated without a yeas and nays vote. The last preliminary vote was on Mr. Hill's motion to postpone the subject until next December, which was defeated. Then came the final vote.

River and Harbor Bill.

The report of the Committee on Rivers and Harbors recommending the passage of the bill over the President's veto was made by Chairman Hooker, and the report was read. Mr. Hooker moved the passage of the bill, saying that the committee was of the opinion that the President's message covered every possible objection to the bill and that the report answered all objections. "Many members have asked me for time to debate this matter," he said, "and to yield to their requests would take much time. Without expressing any opinion on the question whether there be debate and to test the opinion of the House on the question whether debate is necessary I will demand the previous question."

Instantly Mr. Dockery (Dem.) of Missouri was on his feet demanding recognition, but the speaker told him that debate was not in order. Members were shouting "Vote, vote," but the voice of Mr. Dockery pierced the uproar, shouting: "The gentleman agreed with me yesterday to have debate on this bill. This is unfair, unjust, unmanly." The House demanded the previous question—178 to 60 by a rising vote, and only 46 rose to sustain the request for yeas and nays. "Under the rules the vote on the passage of the bill must be taken by yeas and nays," the speaker announced. "Is there no rule by which we can have debate?" asked Mr. Dockery. "Not if the House orders the contrary," said Speaker Reed. "And the House has so ordered—to stifle debate," responded Mr. Dockery.

The bill was passed by a vote of 220 to 60, a wide margin over the necessary two-thirds.

The Democrats who voted to pass the bill over the veto were:

Bankhead (Ala.),	McCalloch (Ark.),
Berry (Ky.),	McMillin (Tenn.),
Buck (La.),	McRae (Ark.),
Catchings (Miss.),	Meyer (La.),
Clarke (Ala.),	Money (Miss.),
Cobb (Mo.),	Ogden (La.),
Cooper (Fla.),	Owens (Ky.),
Cooper (Texas),	Price (La.),
Culberson (Texas),	Robertson (La.),
Cummings (N. Y.),	Sparkman (Fla.),
Denny (Miss.),	Strat (S. C.),
Dinsmore (Ark.),	Talbot (S. C.),
Ellet (Va.),	Terry (Ark.),
Elliott (S. C.),	Turner (Ga.),
Fitzgerald (Mass.),	Tyler (Va.),
Kendall (Ky.),	Underwood (Ala.),
Kyle (Miss.),	Washington (Tenn.),
Latimer (S. C.),	Williams (Miss.),
Lester (Ga.),	Wilson (S. C.)—39.
Little (Ark.),	

The Republicans who voted against passing the bill over the veto were:

Allen (Utah),	Long (Kan.),
Anderson (Tenn.),	McCall (Tenn.),
Andrews (Neb.),	McClure (Ohio),
Baker (N. H.),	McEwan (N. J.),
Brown (Tenn.),	Pearson (N. C.),
Calderhead (Kan.),	Pitney (N. J.),
Connelly (Ill.),	Scranton (Pa.),
Crout (Vt.),	Settle (N. C.),
Eager (Iowa),	Shafroth (Col.),
Hainer (Neb.),	Sherman (N. Y.),
Peppburn (Iowa),	Strode (Neb.),
Leighly (Ind.),	Tracewell (Ind.),
Linney (N. C.),	Updegraff (Iowa)—26.

The steamer Bernuda sustained a setback when Capt. Clipperton, the British consul at Philadelphia, notified the collector of Port Read that he had cancelled the steamer's registration papers. This action was taken as a consequence of ad-

DOMESTIC MARTYRS.

Lots of women suffer constantly, and seldom utter complaint.

Good men rarely know the pain endured by the women of their own household, or the efforts they make to appear cheerful and happy when they ought to be in bed, their suffering is really so great.

Our habits of life and dress tell sadly upon women's delicate organizations.

They ought to be told just where the danger lies, for their whole future may depend upon that knowledge, and how to overcome it.

There is no need of our describing the experiences of such women here, they are too well known by those who have suffered, but we will impress upon every one that these are the never-failing symptoms of serious womb trouble, and unless relieved at once, a life will be forfeited.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound never fails to relieve the distressing troubles above referred to; it has held the faith of the women of America for twenty years.

It gives tone to the womb, strengthens the muscles, banishes backache and relieves all pains incident to women's diseases.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere. Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

There is lots of pleasure, satisfaction and health corked up in a bottle of **HIRES Rootbeer**. Make it at home.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia.

A 25c. package makes 3 gallons. Sold everywhere.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, 450 since.

Binder Twine Largest sellers in the world. Samples & prices free, write to MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 111 to 115 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

The Blue and the Gray.

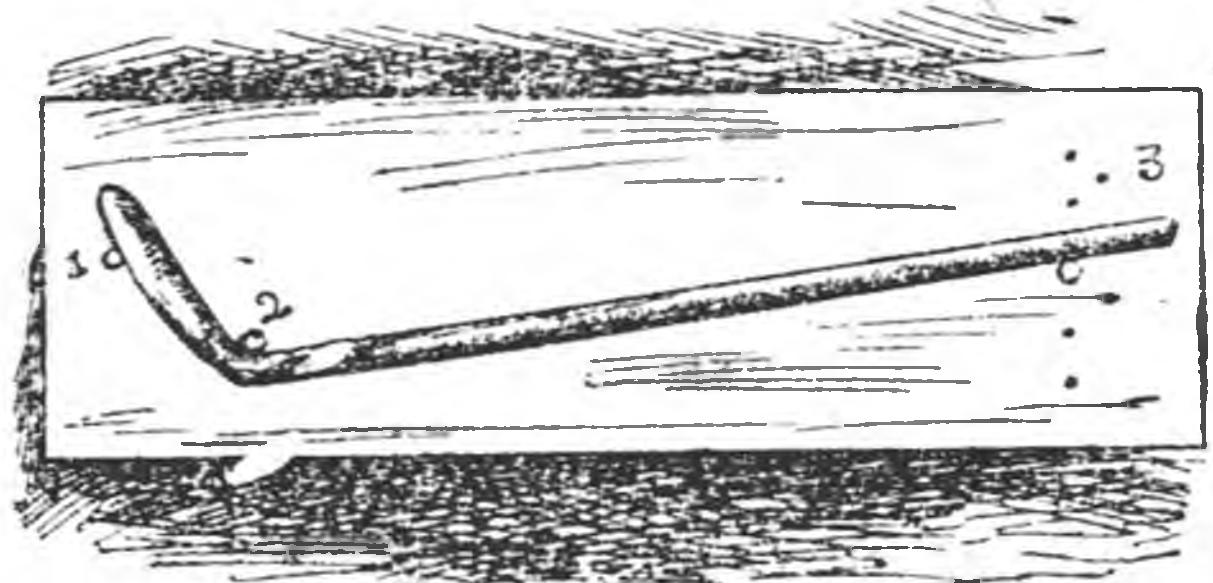
Both men and women are apt to feel a little blue, when the gray hairs begin to show. It's a very natural feeling. In the normal condition of things gray hairs belong to advanced age. They have no business whitening the head of man or woman, who has not begun to go down the slope of life. As a matter of fact, the hair turns gray regardless of age, or of life's seasons; sometimes it is whitened by sickness, but more often from lack of care. When the hair fades or turns gray there's no need to resort to hair dyes. The normal color of the hair is restored and retained by the use of

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Ayer's Curebook, "A story of cures told by the cured." 100 pages, free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

To Make a Shiny Stick.

A bright boy writing to the St. Nicholas tells how shiny sticks are made. "I get sticks," he writes, "as nearly straight as possible and bend them at home. I have a board made like this: There are two pins at one end, at 1 and 2, around which the stick is bent; and at the other end are two rows of holes into which a pin, No. 3, can be put to hold the handle in place. When the sticks—they should be as green as possible—are in place on the board I put the whole thing in the back of the



A SHINY STICK.

furnace, where the stick will bake. In about two days the sap is dried out and the stick will keep its curve.

"Then I take a belt lace—a leather string about half an inch wide and one-sixteenth of an inch thick—and bind it on the short end. If the stick is split, I bind it first with brass wire and then put the leather binding over the brass."

May Prove Interesting.

In the Tyrol girls who are fond of cats marry early.

The Pennsylvania Dutch believe black cats cure epilepsy.

Throwing a cat overboard from a ship will cause a cyclone.

A person who despises cats will be carried to his grave in a howling storm.

The more honest our intentions are the less suspicious are we of others' designs.

Cleverness is a sort of genius for instrumentality. It is the brain of the hand.

The lotus in India is emblematic of life; in ancient Egypt it was a death flower.

Before we boast of how bad we have been, we had better be sure we are not that way still.

The purple columbine, in both England and Scotland, is symbolic of determination.

Over 7,000 varieties of microscopic sea shells have been enumerated by naturalists.

Say what you please, the greatest pleasure in the world is to scratch when you itch.

They say an ostrich can digest anything. We wonder if an ostrich ever tried radishes?

To dream of a black cat at Christmas time in Germany is an omen of alarming illness.

If it rains on a Dutch girl's wedding day it is because the bride has forgotten to feed her cat.

When a woman contracts the habit of chasing the men, it is as hard to recover from as the tobacco habit.

Mothers who have had experience say that big children cause them a great deal more worry than babies.

In Ireland the cat must not be taken to a new house by a moving family, especially if water has to be crossed.

Every stop a woman makes when she is traveling she sits down in the depot and writes a letter on her knee.

A cat born in May will be of a melancholy disposition, given to catching snakes and bringing them into the house.

There are very few things in this world worth getting angry about, and they are precisely the things which anger does not help.

We are ruined, not by what we really want, but by what we think we want; it is wise, therefore, never to go abroad in search of our wants.

In the south of France the handling of a sweet pea by a young woman to a young man is a polite way of stating that she is tired of his company.

The Jesuits have purchased the famous palace Mondragone, near Frascati, Italy, from Prince Borghese, for \$80,000. It will be used as an institute.

Theosophical School.

"A school for the revival of the lost mysteries of antiquity" is the title of the new enterprise which the Theosophists of this country now have on hand. The matter has been in mind for some time, but was formally launched at the late convention in New York. It has not been decided yet in what city it will be built, but it is thought that Boston stands a good show. The plans are embryotic, but the building will be a continuous open house for all interested in Theosophy.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.

The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the best thing to be done is to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a superbly nervine. No less beneficial is it for dyspepsia, biliousness, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

The Inevitable.

"You seem to me a very stupid person," observed the heroine of the society novel.

"And you," rejoined the hero, "likewise seem to me stupid."

"Then we shall be dramatized."

"Presumably."

At that they yawned.—Detroit Tribune.

A Successful Doctor.

We take pleasure in calling your attention to the advertisement of Dr. Marsh, Quincy, Mich., with regard to his cure for the opium and morphine habit, to be found in another column of this paper. The Doctor has been engaged for twenty-five years in this specialty, and is well and favorably known for the cures he has made of these habits. We take pleasure in commending him to any and all who need his services, having been personally acquainted with him for the past twenty-five years. Free trial on application.

Indefinite Information.

Mr. Wickwire—How is that Mrs. Finnegan isn't here to do the washing?

Mrs. Wickwire—Her husband looked in long enough to tell me that 'the old leddy had a fall and broke her bike,' but he got away before I could ask him whether he meant her wheel or her spine.—Indianapolis Journal.

All About Western Farm Lands.

The "Corn Belt" is the name of an illustrated monthly newspaper published by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad. It aims to give information in an interesting way about the farm lands of the West. Send 25c in postage stamps to the Corn Belt, 209 Adams street, Chicago, and the paper will be sent to your address for one year.

Criminal Haste in Gotham.

They say the Harlem driveway has been built with criminal haste. Never knew New York City ever did anything in a hurry before.—Buffalo Commercial.

Low Rate Excursions South.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month till October about half rates for round trip will be made to points in the South by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or J. K. Ridgely, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

It is rare that, after having given the key of her heart, a woman does not change the lock the day after.—Charles Augustin Sainte-Beuve.

A stimulant is often needed to nourish and strengthen the roots and to keep the hair a natural color. Hall's Hair Renewer is the best tonic for the hair.

It is a fraud to conceal a fraud. The law compels no one to do impossibilities.

I believe Piso's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption.—Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 12, '95.

God healeth, and the physician hath the thanks.

Buy \$1. worth Dobbins Floating Borax Soap of your grocer, send wrappers to Dobbins Soap Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Pa. They will send you, free of charge, post-paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary, 29c. package, cloth-bound; profusely illustrated. Offer good till Aug. 1 only.

FIT'S—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

No Trouble to Marry.

An amusing story is told of the way in which a New England couple were married over fifty years ago in a small New Hampshire town.

The minister had a sawmill which occupied many of his week-day hours, and he was standing in the door of this sawmill one bright September morning when a horse came along the road which wound down to the mill. On the horse was a young man, a member of the minister's congregation, and a pretty young woman from one of the neighboring villages.

The minister looked at them for a moment, and then said cheerfully, "Want to get married, I reckon?"

"Yes," replied the young man, with an ingenuous blush.

"Do you take this woman for your wedded wife? You needn't get off the horse," said the minister.

"I do," replied the young man.

"And do you take this man to be your wedded husband?" continued the minister.

"I do," said the pretty bride. "Very well, then, you can drive on," said the minister; and forthwith he resumed his work in the mill.

New Train Service on the Monon Route.

Commencing Sunday, June 7th, the Regular Sleeping Car for Indianapolis via the Monon Route will be carried on the Fast Mail Train, leaving Chicago at 2:45 a. m., arriving at Indianapolis 8 a. m.

The Sleeper will be ready for occupancy in Dearborn Station (Folk Street Depot) at 9:30 p. m., thus giving passengers an opportunity to spend the evening in Chicago, go to the theaters or other places of amusement, and retire any time after that hour.

City Ticket Office, 232 Clark St., Chicago.

Skill of Needle Makers.

An expert workman in one of the great needle factories, in a recent test of skill, performed one of the most delicate feats imaginable. He took a common sewing needle of medium size, one and five-eighths inches in length, and drilled a hole through its entire length, from eye to point, the opening being just large enough to permit the passage of a very fine hair.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

The liberal man will seldom cherish sorrow, but the base are uneasy even under benefits.

Won-Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

FAYETTE COUNTY, WEST TENNESSEE is attracting more immigration from the North and Northwest than any other part of the South. Its lands fertile soil, genial climate, fine transportation and hearty welcome to hom-seekers are the inducements. Large numbers of Northern people are located here. Are you thinking of coming South? Write **SOUTHERN HOME-SEEKERS' LAND CO.** Somerville, Fayette County, Tenn.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. East Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

PATENTS. TRADE-MARKS.

Examination and advice as to Patentability of Inventions. Send for INVENTOR'S GUIDE, OR HOW TO GET A PATENT. Patrick O'Farrell, Washington, D.C.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES Sure relief for Acute Rheumatism. Price 25c. per box. ANTI-RHEUMATIC by mail. Stowell & Co., Charlestown, Mass.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drs.

OBSERVE

the following symptoms resulting from Disease of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, illness of the blood in the head, a id ty of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, dist of food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying position, dimness of vision, dizziness on rising suddenly, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs and sudden flushes of heat burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists. RADWAY & CO., New York.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER. Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and def's detection. It has stood the test of 17 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists, and Fancy Goods Dealers in the United States, Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones Street, N. Y.

DAVIS CREAM HAND SEPARATOR One-third more butter and of higher quality than by other systems. Pamphlet mailed free. Agent Wanted. **WILKINSON & JONES,** 44 South Jefferson St., Chicago.

DROPSY TREATED FREE. Positively Cured with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousands cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. TALK OF testimonials of intractable cures sent FREE. Ten Days Treatment Furnished Free by Mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS SPECIALISTS ATLANTA, GEORGIA

SOFTENED EYES DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYE-WATER.

OPIUM Habit Cured. Est. in 1871. Thousands cured. Cheap and best cure. FREE TRIAL. AL. State case. DR. MARSH, Quincy, Mich.

C. N. U. No. 24-96

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.



"It's a Good Thing. Push it Along."

Battle Ax PLUG

Why buy a newspaper unless you can profit by the expense? For 5 cents you can get almost as much "BATTLE AX" as you can of other high grade brands for 10 cents. Here's news that will repay you for the cost of your newspaper to-day.

"Cleanliness Is Nae Pride, Dirt's Nae Honesty." Common Sense Dictates the Use of

SAPOLIO

THE HERALD.

Entered at Marmont Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.
TERMS \$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

GEORGE NEARPASS, PUBLISHER.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

JUDGE OF CIRCUIT COURT.

I hereby announce to the Democrats of Marshall and Polton counties, that I am a candidate for re-nomination for Judge of the Circuit Court of the 41st Judicial district of Indiana, subject to the decision of the Democratic Judicial convention.

By A. C. CAPRON.

HOME GOSSIP.

Monterey will soon have a newspaper. Ladies' waists cheaper than ever.

VANSCHOIACK.

Frank Green and wife spent Sunday with the former's parents.

Ben F. Medbourn shipped a large consignment of poultry Tuesday.

A special sale on millinery goods at Mrs. W. F. Eullit's, Saturday, June 13.

George Green and wife are spending a few days with the former's parents.

Mr. Carl Rees, of Logansport, was in town Wednesday transacting business.

The partnership between Reeder & Carey, broom manufacturers, has been dissolved.

J. F. Kemper, of Chicago, will be a guest at the Arlington during the summer.

Next Friday of this week Porter & Co. have their grand opening. Be sure and attend.

Sigmund Mayer and wife, of Plymouth, visited with W. H. Porter and wife, Tuesday.

The Golden Rule Reading Circle will meet at Miss Mabel Duddleson's Friday evening.

Mrs. J. G. Williams and son and Mrs. S. S. Early, of Terre Haute, are guests at the Colonade.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hutchin, Wednesday, June 10th, a twelve and a half pound girl.

The Marshall County Normal will open its 21st annual session at 2 o'clock Monday, July 6, 1896.

Mrs. Edwards was called to attend the funeral of Mrs. John Wolford at Plymouth, Thursday.

Mrs. W. F. Eullit and son Everett returned home Friday after visiting relatives in Rochester a week.

The past week has been a marked epoch in the matrimonial line in this city. Yet there is more to follow.

A big reduction on summer goods for 10 days to close out these lines.

VANSCHOIACK.

After June 22, no trains will stop at Culver City for meals. The Vandalia company will put on dining cars.

Prof. Wm. Matthews left for Star City Wednesday morning, where he will spend a few days visiting friends.

Dora Tucker, of DeLong, acted as chaperon to a number of young ladies during their visit to the lake Sunday.

Miss Mary Green has returned from Terre Haute where she has been visiting her brother the past six weeks.

Miss Mary Hoham, of Plymouth, is visiting at the Palmer House for a few days. She is a sister of Mrs. Palmer's.

Mr. H. H. Culver and wife, of St. Louis, are looking after the affairs at Culver Park. They return home again Saturday.

The Misses Buehrle, of Winnamac, and the Misses Crist, Kelsey and Keitzer called upon Prof. Matthew and wife Sunday.

Remember, we will commence Friday to close out certain lines of children's, boys, ladies and mens' shoes PORTER & Co.

Miss Dora Osteen, of Kingston Springs, Tenn., is spending a few weeks with the family of James Green, south of Culver City.

Thomas and John Medbourn have just finished a splendid drive well for Rev. Zechiel, who is building a new residence in this city.

Miss Minnie Stott left Tuesday for North Dakota, where she will join her father and brother and keep house for them. She is delighted with the country.

Buffalo Bill's bill-posting gang were in town Tuesday, and pasted up mammoth bills, stating that the "Buffalo Bill's" world-renowned combination would appear at Plymouth June 30.

Marbaugh Brothers, of Monterey, have received two car loads of McCormick reapers this season, and perhaps will have to order another car load before their extensive orders can be filled.

A letter from Abe Stotts, who lives near Grand Harbor, North Dakota, emphatically denies the story that small pox prevails in that section, and also states that on June 6th he saw Jacob Huff and family and they were never in better health.

Next week Hayden Rea will move his harness business into the building formerly occupied by L. C. Wiseman as a drug store.

Contractor Walter commenced to erect Tuesday, at Long Point, cottages for Henry Myer and Chas. Moninger, both of Terre Haute.

J. T. H. Miller and wife, of Terre Haute, attended the closing exercises at the Academy. They are registered at the Palmer.

Mrs. E. H. Ireland and son, of South Bend, are guests at the Palmer. They attended the closing exercises at the Academy.

Mrs. S. A. Tobey and Mrs. W. H. Matthew have gone to visit relatives and friends at Star City, Thornhope, Royal Center and Logansport.

Mr. Samuel Dawson, of Rochester, father of Mrs. W. F. Eullit, visited Culver City this week. He was much pleased with the lake and surroundings.

Ladies' fine shoes at greatly reduced prices for 10 days. Do not miss this chance of getting a fine shoe at a very low price.

VANSCHOIACK.

Marbaugh Brothers, of Monterey, have just sold to Horner & Lucius one of the celebrated Huber threshing outfits, consisting of thresher, engine and stacker.

E. B. Vanschoiack has a novelty in the way of a butt of tobacco. It is "whopper." Call and see it, not forgetting to get his remarkable price of contents. It will surprise you.

Colonade stand at Marmont now opened to the public. Everything in the finest line of fruits will be constantly on hand, including choice confectionery and the best grade of cigars.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents, Sunday evening, June 7th, in this city, Mr. George W. Green and Miss Emma Scates, Rev. Howard officiating. The HERALD extends congratulations.

Beginning Sunday evening with a terrific wind storm, this section was visited almost continuously until last Tuesday forenoon with a heavy downpour of rain, resembling very much the June equinox.

Quite a number of men gathered in the furniture store last Monday evening to enjoy the music discoursed on the piano offered for sale by Osias Duddleson. They were treated to choice music and singing.

Be sure and attend the great opening days at Porter & Co.'s new store in K. of P. building, Friday and Saturday of next week. Excellent souvenirs will be presented to all patrons upon the days mentioned.

Five of our Epworth Leaguers attended the conference held at South Bend this week, and report a grand good time. The delegates will give an account of the meeting in the evening services next Sunday in connection with the installation of League officers.

Last Friday L. B. Wiseman, who has been in the drug business at this place for a number of years, sold his entire stock to Terre Haute parties and has retired from the business for an indefinite period. The HERALD wishes him success wherever his lot may be cast.

There were three bands at Plymouth Monday at the Democratic convention, but we noticed that our own Culver City band was right at the front of the procession and "tooted" as well as the best of 'em. We are proud of our band and proud that they can, without fear, compete for honors with all cracked bands in our adjoining towns.

All are invited to attend the Junior League graduating exercises at the Marmont M. E. church, Tuesday evening, June 16, at 8 p. m.:

Song, - - - - -	Coronation
Invocation, - - -	Rev. H. N. Ogden
Vocal Solo, - - -	Mable Duddleson.
Recitation, - - -	Lulie Platt
Select Reading, - -	Olive Green
Instrumental Solo, -	Nellie Garn
Essay, - - - - -	Mable Duddleson
Essay, - - - - -	Lucretia Rea
Vocal Solo, - - -	Gertrude Wiseman
Recitation, - - -	Charity Shaw
Recitation, - - -	Jennie Spangler
Select Reading - -	Hettie Grub
Duet - Misses Duddleson and Castleman	
Essay, - - - - -	Daisy Voreis
Essay, - - - - -	Etta Castleman
Address, - - - - -	Mrs. H. S. White.
Instrumental Solo, -	Nellie Garn

Zion Items.

Grace Zechiel is sick with erysipelas. Mrs. J. W. Easterday is visiting relatives and friends in this neighborhood.

Children's day services were well attended and reported good.

Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Zechiel visited relatives over Sunday.

Mrs. Ebling has returned home from her visit in Ohio.

Miss Louisa Zechiel went to Waterloo Tuesday for a few weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. D. E. Zechiel.

Messrs. J. W. Cronley, J. H. Zechiel and George Zechiel were delegates to the convention at Plymouth Monday.

Born, to Mrs. W. S. Easterday, Friday morning, an 8-pound girl.

H. H. Miller, of Bremen, secretary of the Bremen Fair association, was in town Thursday.

At a recent meeting of the Common Council, Dr. Rea was appointed a member of the school board for the ensuing three years.

Mr. Daniel Carr attended the funeral services over the remains of his sister, Mrs. Betsy E. Fettes, which occurred at Plymouth last Saturday.

Remember that Prof. Leitsch will tune and repair your organs and pianos, and warrants his work. Call upon him at W. S. Easterday's store.

A little ill then a little pill The ill is gone the pill has won. DeWitt's Little Early Risers the little pills that cures great ills. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE

Fisher & Son have moved their market from the Overman building opposite the postoffice, to their market on Scott street near the depot. Meat will be delivered to all parts of the city.

Busy people have no time and sensible people have no inclination to use a slow remedy. One Minute Cough Cure acts promptly and gives permanent results. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

An old soldier, who claimed he was on a hunt for his family, arrived in town this week and while here had several hard fits. They were so severe that our marshal was compelled to take care of the man Monday night.

Take a dose of DeWitt's Little Early Risers just for the good they will do you. These little Pills are good for indigestion, good for headache, good for liver complaint, good for constipation. They are good. Culver City Drug Store

When Dr. Rea and the Culver City delegates returned home from the convention Thursday evening, the Culver City Band met them at the train and gave the doctor a welcome in honor of his nomination as Representative.

One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It affords instant relief from suffering when afflicted with a severe cough or cold. It acts on the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs and never fails to give immediate relief. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE

School closed at the Culver Military Academy Thursday and the boys will take a vacation until September. In the evening the faculty gave a grand ball, which was attended by several people from abroad. It was a swell militaire affair.

Special Summer Excursion Rates from all stations on the line of the Nickel Plate Road, Ft. Wayne and east to Linwood Park, Vermillion, Ohio 110-48w4

Miss Amanda Morris, of near Argos, is the guest of her brother, Oliver Morris, of this place. She will remain a few days visiting friends and relatives in Culver City and vicinity. Miss Morris is very much delighted with the lake and thinks the scenery cannot be surpassed by any in Northern Indiana.

Burns are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles. Culver City Drug Store.

We might tell you more about One Minute Cough Cure, but you probably know that it cures a cough. Every one does who has used it. It is a perfect remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness. It is an especial favorite for children, being pleasant to take and quick in curing. Culver City Drug Store.

There will be a Methodist Episcopal ministers' meeting at Culver City, in the M. E. church, commencing Monday, June 15 and closing the 17th. A very interesting program has been arranged, and the meeting will be addressed by some of the most prominent divines in Northern Indiana. The services will commence at 1 o'clock p. m. Monday, and in the evening Rev. H. G. Ogden will deliver one of his able sermons. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

The Nickel Plate Road sells Home-seekers' Excursion tickets to the South, June 16th; July 17th and 21st, Aug. 4th and 18th, Sept. 1st and 15th, Oct. 6th and 20th. For detailed information write any agent of the Nickel Plate, or address B. F. Horner, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio. 108-48w4

ATTEND THE

GREAT CLEARING SALE

-AT-

The . . Model.

Everything Sold Strictly for CASH.

As we do not want you to pay the losses sustained by those who do a

Credit Business..

When you trade with us you receive one hundred cents for every dollar. Nothing in bad debts.

Respectfully,

RYAN & JOSEPH,
Proprietors of the

THE MODEL, PLYMOUTH, IND.

The cheapest and best millinery goods for sale at Mrs. Eullit's.

If suffering with piles, it will interest you to know that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. This medicine is a specific for all complaints of this character, and if instructions (which are simple) are carried out, a cure will result. We have tested this in numerous cases, and always with like results. It never fails. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

READ! READ!

When in Rutland call at

CAVENDER'S

and see his stock of

Fresh Groceries.

Everything in the

Grocery and Dry Goods

line sold at

Hard Pan Prices.

We mean business.

S. CAVENDER,

Rutland, Ind

Our Special Clearance Sale begins

Thursday, June 4th.

Watch this Space.

J. C. KUHN & SON, The only One Price Outfitters in the County, 105 Michigan Street, PLYMOUTH, IND.

* LADIES, *

We would respectfully call your attention to a brand new lot of waists just received.

Waists of all sizes.

Waists in all prices.

Waists made of Percales.

Waists made of Organdies.

Waists made of Dimities.

Waists with white collars and cuffs.

Waists with detachable collars and cuffs.

Waists with attachable collars and cuffs.

Waists at all prices.

Commencing at 25c. and 48c. up to \$2.00. Waists that are beauties.

Waists that you are sure to admire and buy at first sight. Call at our store and see them.

Kloepfer's New York Store,

Plymouth,

Indiana.

IF YOU THINK THAT

TALK IS CHEAP,

You can quickly undeceive yourself by having a ten minutes business conversation with a good lawyer. Then Pay for it. Newspaper Talk is costly, yet we state facts briefly and let the goods inspire the Customer, when he sees the bargains we offer.

This week we offer for you G. A. R. MEN

100 Slater Flannel G. A. R. Suits Guaranteed Fast Colors and all wool, 2 sets of Buttons, and fine silk suspenders all at \$7.49.

50 Mens' Wachusett Flannel G. A. R. Suits, \$4.79. Remember that it pays to trade with

M. LAUER & SON,

"Clothing That Makes Friends."

PLYMOUTH'S ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.



LOOK! STOP! READ!

Lots for sale. Lots for the rich. Lots for the poor. Lots for the tall. Lots for the small. Lots for you and for you all. Lots in the city of Chicago. Lots in the city of Plymouth. Lots in Culver City. Lots of every size. Lots of Real Estate for Sale, By J. A. MOLTER, Plymouth.

Republican County Convention.
Thursday the Republicans of Marshall county had their innings at Plymouth. By 10 o'clock the main street of the above thriving little city resembled one of the thoroughfares of one of the great cities, as hundreds were marching enthusiastically through the street, which was also crowded with vehicles of every description. Hundreds of delegates visited the Republican club rooms in the forenoon and were highly elated over the comfortable quarters, where they could spend an hour in reading and social intercourse. At 1:30 p. m. the various township delegates formed in line and marched to the court house, headed by two cornet bands. At 2 o'clock John W. Wilfong, chairman of the county central committee, called the meeting to order, with a few appropriate remarks concerning the object of the meeting. Then the delegates, which numbered over 500, repaired to their separate quarters and the voting commenced in earnest for various candidates, which resulted as follows:

Representative—The names of Dr. O. A. Rea, of Union township, and F. M. Wickizer, of Walnut township, were placed in nomination and the ballot when announced was as follows:

Dr. Rea..... 335
F. M. Wickizer..... 220

For recorder.—Joseph A. Yockey, of Polk township, was the only candidate named and his nomination was made by acclamation with a cheer.

For treasurer.—Dr. Gould placed W. J. Rankin, the present incumbent, in nomination, and Rev. Linville placed in nomination J. H. Gregg, of North township. The ballot resulted:

W. J. Rankin..... 386½
J. H. Gregg..... 167½

For sheriff—W. W. Ritchey was placed in nomination from Bourbon township; David C. Smith from German township, and John W. Thompson from North township. The ballot resulted:

W. W. Ritchey..... 349½
D. C. Smith..... 167½
J. D. Thompson..... 34

For surveyor—The name of Jesse Barnes, the present incumbent, was the only one presented, and his nomination was made by acclamation.

For coroner—The name of Dr. Charles F. Holtzendorff, of North township, was the only one presented and he likewise was given the nomination by acclamation.

For commissioner First district—The name of Albert W. Dolph, of Polk township and the present incumbent, and Jacob C. Kaufman, of German township, were placed in nomination. The ballot resulted thus:

J. C. Kaufman..... 279½
A. W. Dolph..... 275½

Kaufman's majority..... 4
For commissioner Second district—The names of two candidates were announced, viz.: A. T. Wallace, of west township, and Fred Corse, of Center township—the first ballot resulted as follows:

A. T. Wallace..... 277 25-28
Fred Corse..... 277 3-28

According to the rules 378 votes were necessary to a choice, and as neither candidate had a majority the chair ordered a second ballot which resulted as follows:

Wallace..... 290
Corse..... 264

Wallace's majority..... 26
When three rousing cheers for McKinley, Mount, Royce and the whole republican ticket, were given with a will, the convention adjourned.

Don't patronize street fakirs.
Lost, rubber coat, brown. Finder please leave same at this office.

Royce was nominated for congress at North Judson. The republicans are jubilant.

The indications are that we will have a large oats crop this season. Hay is also very promising.

We understand that a tonsorial artist has opened up a shop in the grand log cabin near the depot.

Judge Crumpacker, of Valparaiso, was nominated for congress in the Tenth district at Michigan City on Wednesday last.

The apportionment of school funds in the various counties of the state was complied on Thursday by the state superintendent of public instruction.

Last Monday morning Ernest S. Ulery accidentally stepped on some nails which penetrated both feet causing the blood to flow freely. Richard Patsel carried him to his father's home where he received treatment, from which he is improving nicely.

The Old People's Life Insurance company, which has been doing business at Elkhart, is defendant in ninety suits, aggregating about \$50,000, filed by persons praying that the money they have paid be refunded to them on the ground that it was obtained under false representation. The suits were filed at Goshen Saturday.

Condition of Cereals.
S. J. Thompson, chief of the Indiana bureau of statistics, has received reports from the assessors of 784 of the 1,016 townships of the state stating that wheat, oats, timothy will fall short of an average crop. Cause: Rust, fly and chinch bugs.

Burr Oak.
Mr. Ed. Hatten spent Sunday in Pulaski county.
John Voreis is suffering from rheumatism at present.
Mr. Samuel Wise has taken up abode in the Cromley block.
Mr. L. C. Wiseman, of Culver City, was in town Monday.
Friend & Aley are selling fine beef at their market on Center street.
Quite a number attended the Democratic convention at Plmouth, Monday.
Miss Ella Burns spent a few days with friends at Knox the fore part of the week.
The social last Saturday evening was a success. Something near \$14 was taken in.
Messrs. J. C. Clemens and Wm. T. Sherman Overmyer made business trips to Argos.
Dr. Loring partook of the hospitalities of Mr. and Mrs. Wiseman, of Hibbard, Sunday.
Mr. Norman Beaty, of Twin Lakes, had a runaway Sunday evening; no damage except a broken fill.
Mr. Geo. H. McKinney played havoc with his wheel on Saturday while on his way to the township convention. George, remember that "too much haste makes waste."

For Sale.
A first-class cook stove: will sell cheap; a bargain; also one ten-foot extension table, and one cupboard. These goods must be sold. Call on or address

B. F. MEDBOURN, Marmont, Ind.

Call and pay your subscription. We must have money to meet bills. Give us a lift.

Well, when the farmers have lots of money, they are free to spend it for what they need, but when they have lots of corn, wheat and oats, and the price is very low, they all begin to look where they can secure the most for their money; as a half dollar to-day looks as large as a whole wheel did a few years ago. So, if you will take a good friend's advice, we will show you where and how you can make the half wheel go as far as some will give you for the whole wheel. So just come to the new Brink block and examine the new music store which handles all kinds of musical instruments from a jewsharp to a thousand dollar piano. Also a full line of jewelry. We are the agents for the Best Sewing Machines on earth. If you don't believe it just come and examine for yourselves. Will also sell you a buggy for less than you can buy anywhere in the town, and will warrant the same one year. Come and see us. We are the best natured fellows you ever meet with, as we have been all through the mills on the farm and love to meet you all. Don't forget the place.

LILLYBRIDGE & EDINGER.
Plymouth, Ind

PORTER & CO.

Have a Grand Opening
at their Store in . . .

K. of P. BLOCK,

—ON—

FRIDAY^A & SATURDAY^N

OF next WEEK.

Excellent Souvenirs will be given
on the days mentioned. This will
be a Great Clearing Out Sale. Goods
must go at way down prices.

DROP IN.

and see our line of

LADIES

SATURDAY, JUNE 13

and see our line of

LADIES

Fine Shoes.

We think we carry one of the

best selected stock of Shoes

in the county. We make

this branch of our business

a special study. Our shoes

are sold at so small a profit

that a good shoe is placed

within the reach of all.

E. B. VANSCHOIACK.

Talk is Cheap,

but it takes facts to convince people nowadays that we mean what we say,

CLOTHING IS CHEAP!

no cheaper in quality, but an awful sight cheaper in price at my store than anywhere else. Come over and I will convince you that I am NOT talking to hear myself talk. Yours for bargains.

GUS REIS, Knox, Ind.

We Are Bound to Lead!

and by Honest Methods and Low Prices we will maintain our position as the largest dealers in Clothing in Marshall County. Our lines of

Mens, Boys' & Children's Clothing

in fine and medium grades is absolutely the most varied and comprehensive to be found in many miles around. We are out for trade, and propose to get it, and with this in view have marked exceptionally low prices on each garment. All our garments are carefully made, perfect in fit, very stylish, and give the utmost satisfaction in service. And in addition to the Clothing Line we carry an excellent

Line of GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

No other store can show you a better line. Especially is this true of the
Underwear Department,
which is by all odds much greater than ever.

Mens' Brown Balbriggan Underwear, 70c. per suit.
Mens' Colored Balbriggan Underwear, extra value, 90c. per suit.
Mens' Gosamer Balbriggan Underwear, rare value, \$1.00 per suit.
Mens' Silky Egyptian Fibre Underwear, the best in town, \$1.50 per suit.

Money refunded on all unsatisfactory purchases.

BALL & CARABIN,

Plymouth, - Indiana.

HELLO!

Look here Everybody, you will be surprised when you call and see

the New Stock Of

Jewelry, Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines, also a Line of Buggies, as well as a full Line of Small Instruments.

In the New Brick Building South of the River on Michigan Street, PLYMOUTH, IND.
Low prices for the next thirty days. Come and examine for yourselves. Terms to satisfy everybody.
LILLYBRIDGE & EDINGER.

CULVER MILITARY ACADEMY

is situated on Lake Maxenkuckee, Indiana, in a beautiful park of 80 acres, containing campus, fine course for cavalry practice, track for bicycle and sprinting races, lawn tennis and base ball grounds, gymnasium, (70x80 feet), six flowing artesian wells, etc. The lake is one of the most beautiful in the United States, covers an area of about 12 square miles, is wholly fed by springs, has a beautiful gently sloping beach, and is a most pleasant and popular summer resort, affording opportunity for all kinds of aquatic sports. The Academy and Dormitory building is complete in every particular, entirely new ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF, finished in hard wood, heated by steam lighted by electricity, has hot and cold water baths, lavatories, and all toilet conveniences. The course of study prepares cadets for college, scientific schools, business, West Point or Annapolis. The Academy is under the supervision of a West Point graduate and ex-army officer of large experience in teaching, who will have direct control of the discipline of the cadets.

or further information and catalogue address:
Culver Military Academy, Marmont, Ind.

GULVER CITY HARNESS STORE.

A good stock to select from. Heavy and Light HARNESS, NETS, HARNESS OIL AND AXLE GREASE.	Is the place to get your Harness Goods Live and Let Live, is my principles.	DUSTERS, HAMMOCKS, SWEAT PADS, BR J: HES, COMBS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, WHIPS, LASHES, ETC.
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Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of the same. Goods as represented.

HAYDEN REA

CULVER CITY HERALD.

CULVER CITY, - - - INDIANA.

STATUES OF HEROES.

TWO HAVE BEEN UNVEILED AT GETTYSBURG.

Represent Gens. Meade and Hancock—
Built by the State of Pennsylvania
at a Cost of More than \$100,000—
Congressman Bingham Orates.

Two Soldiers Honored.
The Gettysburg battlefield was the scene Friday of two impressive ceremonies, the first, at 10 o'clock in the morning, being the dedication of a monument to Major General George Gordon Meade, who commanded the Army of the Potomac, and the second the unveiling of a monument to Major General Winfield Scott Hancock, who commanded the Second Army Corps. The Meade statue was unveiled by Master George Gordon Meade, grandson of General Meade. The oration was delivered by General David McM. Gregg, who commanded the Second Cavalry division at Gettysburg. George G. Meade Post, No. 1, Department of Pennsylvania, G. A. R., participated in the ceremonies. General Henry H. Bingham, who was on General Hancock's staff at Gettysburg, delivered the oration at the unveiling of the Hancock statue. The ceremonies of the day were witnessed by an immense throng from all parts of the East, the majority being members of the Grand Army and other patriotic organizations. The Meade statue is the work of H. R. Rush and the Hancock statue of F. Edwin Elwell. Both were transferred to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by General J. P. S. Gobin, one of the commission having charge of their erection, and were received on behalf of the State by Gov. Daniel H. Hastings.

RELIEF FUND \$183,531.

Decrease in Number of Applications for Relief at St. Louis.

Affairs in the storm-ridden districts of the two St. Louis cities are taking on a more cheerful aspect. The first rush for relief is over, and there is evidence of general improvement in the condition of tornado sufferers. There is a noticeable decrease in the number of applications for aid. The relief fund has reached \$183,531. In all parts of the tornado district houses are being made habitable once more and demolished buildings are being rapidly rebuilt. In East St. Louis the work of restoration goes on steadily, and there is no abatement of the relief committee's work. Many people compelled to live in tents until their demolished homes are repaired are becoming accustomed to their new environments. In some places tenants live in box cars.

National League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

	W. L.	W. L.
Cleveland . . .	23 12	Washington. . . 19 19
Baltimore . . .	25 15	Pittsburg . . . 18 19
Philadelphia . .	25 16	Chicago 20 22
Cincinnati . . .	25 16	New York . . . 18 22
Boston	23 16	St. Louis 11 29
Brooklyn	20 19	Louisville . . . 9 31

Western League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

	W. L.		W. L.
Detroit	24 12	Minneapolis.	20 17
Indianapolis.	20 12	Milwaukee .	19 21
St. Paul. . . .	19 15	Columbus . .	13 26
Kansas City.	20 16	Grand Rapids.	10 23

Make It Permanent.

After considering the subject for several months, the committee appointed by the Governments contributing to the maintenance of the bureau of American republics have reported a set of rules for the conduct of this bureau. This report has now been unanimously accepted by the delegates and henceforth the bureau will be considered as an international organization.

Crowds at Budapest.

The grounds of the Hungarian Millennial Exposition in Budapest were thronged Friday with visitors from all parts of Austria-Hungary and many from other European countries and the United States, attracted by the inauguration of the ceremonies in celebration of the anniversary of the coronation of King Francis Joseph.

Voluntary Increase in Wages.

The first large concern to voluntarily advance wages for a long time is the Oliver Iron and Steel Company, of Pittsburg, which employs about 5,000 men and boys. The company gives no reason except that it is a restoration of the cut made some time ago. Now that business has improved it can afford to pay more wages.

Wife Murderer Kent Must Hang.

The Supreme Court of North Dakota overruled a motion for a new trial in the case of Myron R. Kent, the Bismarck wife murderer, and he will be hanged unless Gov. Allin interferes. Kent has had two trials and at both was sentenced to be hanged. His father died recently in Ohio from grief over his son's crime.

Sultan's Soldiers Slaughtered.

A Turkish detachment consisting of eighty-five men has been cut to pieces by the insurgents in Crete. Only two of the Turks escaped. The affair occurred near Varnos, the town in the island of Crete which was recently besieged. The Turkish force had been dispatched to remove war material.

Judge George B. Eastin Dead.

A cablegram received in Louisville, Ky., Thursday night announced the death in Rome by congestion of the brain of Judge George B. Eastin, formerly of the Kentucky Court of Appeals.

DEAD LIE IN DITCHES.

Victims of the Moscow Disaster Are Buried in Trenches.

Monday was a day of funerals in Moscow, 1,277 victims of the disaster on Hodynky Plain being buried. The bodies of those who were identified were interred in private graves, but at the expense of the municipality. The great number of the unidentified dead were buried in eleven great trenches, each fifty yards long. The trenches were deep, and the mutilated bodies were placed close together to find room for all. The surviving friends and relatives are for the most part of the ignorant and simple minded peasant class, and their grief and terror at the sudden calamity are expressed in demonstrative fashion. Only about half the bodies recovered have been identified, and the majority of these are men, though there are many children and several old people, some 80 years old. Most of the private graves of the victims have been marked with wooden crosses. The clothes of the victims were heaped in a huge pile in one corner of the cemetery, and in this the people rummaged all day long seeking the slightest trace that would afford a clue to the fate of those missing. It is estimated now that a total of 3,600 persons were killed and 1,200 persons injured, the majority of them fatally, by the disastrous crash. In the afternoon the Czar and Czarina visited the Marie hospital, where they spoke to and consoled the patients injured in Saturday's crash.

OVERRIDES THE VETO.

House Passes River and Harbor Bill by a Big Majority.

The House of Representatives showed its contempt for the President and its indifference to his views and opinions by passing the river and harbor bill over his veto by the overwhelming vote of 220 to 60. A round of applause greeted the reading of the report of the committee, in which the statements of the President were denounced as "utterly without foundation," and the record of votes further demonstrated its feelings in this respect. The Executive had so few stalwart friends on the floor that Mr. Dockery's vehement demand for a yea and nay vote on the motion to choke off debate could not muster the corporal's guard required to enforce the proposition, and when the Speaker drawled "Not a sufficient number" the irreverent House roared boisterously. The report of the committee was a defense of the bill, though in several passages devoted to a refutation of the President's criticism and statements of fact a question of veracity between the committee and Executive was raised with a bluntness approaching brutality.

CZAR SUGGESTED AS MEDIATOR.

Between Spain and the United States Concerning Cuba.

The Spanish Government is allowing the Madrid press to encourage the people to believe Spain is likely to receive both moral and material support from European powers in her efforts to repel American interference in the affairs of Cuba. Very broad hints are given that the nations and Governments which sympathize most with Spain are France and Russia, and it is insinuated that when the time comes they will exercise pressure upon the American Government to induce it to let the Emperor of Russia act as mediator between the United States and Cuba, on much the same lines as when Pope Leo acted between Germany and Spain in the famous Caroline Islands incident, in 1885.

Convention Preparations.

Monday the sub-committee of the national Democratic committee, with Chairman Harry at its head, met in Chicago to receive the final payment of \$11,000, making the sum total of the \$40,000 guaranty fund, from the local committee. It was learned long before the hour appointed for the meeting between the two committees that the money was in hand, and that there would be no further hitch in the convention arrangements, at least so far as financial considerations were concerned. The afternoon was devoted to another inspection of the convention hall. So far the work has progressed most satisfactorily, and there is no doubt now that the Democratic national convention in Chicago will be held in one of the best-appointed and most suitable convention halls in the world. Secretary Sheerin will distribute the press privileges, put the finishing touches to the telegraphic arrangements, and see to it that the press accommodations are flawless. Committeeman Sherley, who is in charge of the decorations, will spare no pains in providing for the beautifying of the great hall.

Big Telephone War Is Promised.

As a result of the war declared by the Standard Telephone Company, its old rival, the Bell Company, held a special meeting at Philadelphia. The capital stock of the Bell Telephone Company was then increased from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000. Vice-President James E. Mitchell said the money would be used to extend the company's business.

Satelli at a Baseball Game.

At Worcester, Mass., Cardinal Satelli witnessed his first ball game Tuesday, and it was of a character to drive the "fans" wild with enthusiasm. It required eleven innings to give victory by a score of 2 to 1. The cardinal enjoyed the game immensely and frequently showed his sympathy with the home team.

Twenty-five Drowned.

A cloudburst broke over Seneca, Mo., at 4 o'clock Saturday morning, and in ten minutes the water in Lost creek swept through the city like a mill race, carrying away every structure in its path. Not a house in the district south of the creek is left intact on its foundations. Twenty-five persons were drowned.

Missouri Banker Pleads Guilty.

C. B. Ragsdale, ex-bookkeeper of the First National Bank at Hannibal, Mo., entered a plea of guilty to the charge of embezzling funds of the bank and was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years. Ragsdale is well connected and has a number of relatives in Hannibal.

KRUGER IS MERCIFUL

COUNCIL, HOWEVER, OPPOSES HIM.

Probability of Long Terms of Imprisonment for Insurrection Leaders—Silver Democrats of Kentucky Have Nine Out of Eleven Districts.

Oom Paul Would Pardon.

The Pretoria correspondent of the London Times says: "President Kruger is anxious to commute the death sentences of the reform leaders to a heavy fine, but the other members of the executive council object on the ground that the Government would be charged with mercenary motives. They suggest that they should be confined for five years in prison. Meanwhile, the release of the other reformers has done little to assuage the feeling on the Rand and the persons of President Kruger and Secretary of State Leyds are more carefully guarded by the police than ever. The first fort on the hills south of Pretoria is being rapidly built under the direction of a German military engineer."

ARMOUR IS LET OFF.

Charges of Crooked Warehouse Dealing Are Not Sustained.

The directors of the Chicago Board of Trade at midnight Wednesday voted to find that the charges against Philip D. Armour, Jonathan O. Armour and P. D. Armour, Jr., comprising the great packing and elevator firm of Armour & Co., had not been sustained. The complaint was that the Armour Elevator Company's warehouses, "A," "B" and "B Annex," were regarded by the firm as one house and that grain transferred from one to another was not inspected in passing or any inspection fee paid to the board for the transfer. At the same time it was charged that the warehouse receipts were redated so that the traders who had grain stored there had not time to get it removed and so were obliged to pay storage. However, the same charges against Alastair I. Valentine, manager of the Armour system of elevators, were sustained and after a bitter fight over the question of punishment it was decided to suspend him for twenty years. The disposition of the cases of the millionaire packer and his two sons was easier of accomplishment, for only three directors voted to find them guilty as charged in the complaint of the committee. But a verdict wholly exonerating them, or, rather, declaring that the charges had no foundation in fact, was prevented by that element in the board which is hostile to the packer.

SILVER MEN CONTROL.

Kentucky Will Send a Nearly Solid Delegation to Chicago.

The Kentucky Democratic State convention met at Lexington, Ky., Wednesday. The occasion was more than the usual State convention, as there were eleven district conventions held to select delegates to the national Democratic convention at Chicago. The silver men controlled nine out of the eleven districts, so that the Kentucky delegation, with its four free-silver delegates-at-large, stands almost solid for the white metal. When the eleven convention district meetings were held the Blackburn men or the free-silver advocates secured control of the committees of the convention as well as of the State committee, but Senator Blackburn counseled for conservative action in the district conventions as well as in the State convention. The gold-standard men, except in the Louisville districts, took little part in the proceedings of the district conventions.

Over Cleveland's Veto.

The Senate Wednesday passed the river and harbor bill over the President's veto by the vote of 56 to 5. This was the last step in making the bill effective and it is now a law. The vote was taken after three hours of spirited debate, during which the President was criticised and defended, the remarks at times being directly and bitterly personal. The opposition to the veto was expressed by Senators Vest, Sherman, Pettigrew, Hawley and Butler, while the veto was defended by Senators Vilas, Hill and Bate.

Want Bonds Barred.

At 7 o'clock Tuesday night the long struggle in the Senate over the bill to prohibit the issue of bonds came to an end and the bill was passed by a vote of 32 to 25. The bill as passed covers only four lines, as follows: "Be it enacted that the issuance of interest-bearing bonds of the United States for any purpose whatever without further authority of Congress is hereby prohibited."

Is a Friend to Dumb Animals.

Miss Maude B. Ingersoll, daughter of Col. Robert Ingersoll, was the complainant in Jefferson Market police court at New York Tuesday morning against John R. Brady, of Brooklyn, for abusing his horse. Miss Ingersoll followed the man until she found a policeman, and then went to the station house and made a complaint.

Loans for Tornado Sufferers.

At St. Louis, a movement has been inaugurated to raise a fund of \$250,000 or more to aid those who lost their homes in their efforts to rebuild. At the first meeting \$35,000 was contributed by prominent business men, and this will be increased. It is proposed to loan tornado sufferers money on second mortgage.

Arms Found at Dublin.

The Dublin police have made an extraordinary discovery of military rifles, bayonets and ammunition. This war material was found in a house in Lower Tyrone street. But all the articles are out of date and appear to have been hidden there for a considerable time.

Church Organ Excites His Ire.

Rev. David Hilton, of Strong City, who has been preaching at Florence, Kan., says musical instruments are inventions of the devil, and that he will not again darken the Florence church door until the organ is removed.

DEATH AT A FEAST.

Terrible Accident Attends the Czar's Coronation.

One of the most terrible disasters that ever overtook the common people of Russia happened Saturday in Moscow, when over 1,000 persons were killed or received injuries from which they afterward died in a panic on Khodijnskoje plain, precipitated during festivities in honor of the coronation of the Czar. The official report places the number of dead at over 2,500. Most of these persons were instantly trampled to death, and the spectacle presented when the portion of the plain on which the stampee took place was cleared of the survivors was sickening in the extreme. The crowd was awaiting the signal to dine at tables laid out of doors and the distribution of presents from the royal house when the disaster occurred. The immediate cause of it was the pitching into the midst of the dense throng assembled gifts, for which a wild scramble was made. The Czar has given orders that the sum of 1,000 roubles be given to each bereaved family and that the victims be buried at his expense.

TO REORGANIZE THE MILITIA.

Hawley Bill Reported to the Senate Appropriates \$400,000.

Senator Hawley, from the Committee on Military Affairs, has reported his bill for the reorganization of the militia. The bill is a recodification of the laws relating to the militia, with such changes as are necessary to adapt them to existing conditions. The bill provides for two classes of militia, the organized and the unorganized, the former to be known as the national guard, and the latter as the reserve militia. It appropriates \$400,000 annually for the purchase of military stores and supplies to be issued to the militia of the various States. The bill also permits the use of United States forts by the militia, upon the application of the Governors of the States, as a campground and authorizes the use of the guns belonging to any fort for purposes of drill by any militia company.

Germany Reaching Out.

In a special report to the State Department showing how Germany is reaching out in her competition with Great Britain and France for the control of the markets of the world, United States Consul Monaghan at Chemnitz touches upon the importation of cotton, which comes to Germany in large quantities from India, Egypt, and the United States, Saxony alone taking 5,000 or 6,000 bales weekly. The Saxon merchants buy all of their American cotton in Liverpool and Bremen instead of buying from Memphis, Galveston, Atlanta, and New Orleans direct. Letter after letter has been sent in vain to influential men in the South, urging them to exploit the German market.

Downfall of Two Preachers.

A sensation was created at Middletown, Ohio, in the synod of the Western District of the Evangelical Lutheran Church by the announcement that two ministers, delegates to the synod, had been fined for being drunk and disorderly. They were immediately expelled by the synod. They are Rev. Andrew Popp, Stanton, Ind., and Rev. O. T. Koblit, Hopeville, Mercer County, Ohio.

French Monarchists to Meet.

A dispatch from Brussels to the Paris *Elclair* says that a confidential note has just been addressed to the Belgian Government announcing that ex-Empress Eugenie has summoned a great meeting of French monarchists to take place in Brussels during the month of August.

Twenty-five Miners Killed.

An explosion of gas has occurred in Fontaine's pits at Rochebelle, near Nimes, France, as a result of which twenty-five miners were killed.

Pension for Mrs. Gresham.

President Cleveland has signed the bill granting a pension of \$100 a month to Mrs. Gresham, widow of Walter Q. Gresham.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 56c to 57c; corn, No. 2, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 32c to 33c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 16c; eggs, fresh, 9c to 11c; potatoes, per bushel, 20c to 30c; broom corn, 2c to 4c per lb for common growth to fine brush.
Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 60c to 62c; corn, No. 1 white, 28c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c.
St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 64c to 65c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 26c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 33c.
Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 62c to 64c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c.
Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 63c to 64c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 22c; rye, 35c to 36c.
Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 62c to 64c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c; clover seed, \$1.40 to \$1.50.
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 57c to 59c; corn, No. 3, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 20c; barley, No. 2, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 1, 33c to 34c; pork, mess, 6.75 to \$7.25.
Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.25 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 62c to 64c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 24c.
New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2, 32c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; butter, creamery, 12c to 16c; eggs, Western, 11c to 13c.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

WORK OF OUR NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS.

A Week's Proceedings in the Halls of Congress—Important Measures Discussed and Acted Upon—An Impartial Resume of the Business.

The National Solons.

Mr. Cullom of Illinois spoke at considerable length in the Senate Monday against the pending bill to prohibit the issue of bonds. The President returned to Congress three private pension bills, with his veto in each case. In the case of two of the bills, granting pensions to Mrs. Amanda Woodcock and Jonathan Scott, both originating in the House, he points out that, owing to careless descriptions in the bills, the pensions could not be paid under their terms. In the other, a Senate bill granting a pension to Helen M. Jacob, the President forcibly sets out his objections to allowing pensions to soldiers' widows who remarry. The President says: "There is no duty or obligation due from the Government to a soldier's widow except it be worked out through the deceased soldier. She is pensioned only because he served his country and because through his death she as his wife has lost his support. In other words, she becomes a beneficiary of the Government because she is a soldier's widow. When she marries again and thus displaces the memory of her soldier husband and surrenders all that belongs to soldier widowhood she certainly ought not, on the death of her second husband, be allowed to claim that she is again the soldier's widow."

The Senate Tuesday, by a vote of 32 to 25, passed the Butler bill to prohibit any further issue of bonds without the consent of Congress. The debate was sharp and bitter, but all the amendments were defeated and then the final vote taken, on which the bill was passed. The filled-cheese bill was taken up and made the unfinished business. Mr. Allison introduced a joint resolution for a scientific investigation of the Bering sea seal fisheries. At 7 o'clock Mr. Hill moved to adjourn, and as the motion was carried, Mr. Hill exclaimed: "And may God save the country." The House devoted itself to passing the river and harbor bill over the President's veto and to unseating by a vote of 162 to 39 John J. Walsh, the Democratic member from the Eighth New York district, whose place will be filled by John Murray Mitchell, Republican. Both of these actions were foregone conclusions, so that they excited comparatively little interest, although there was a full house to vote on the river and harbor bill. It was passed by 220 to 60, many more votes than the two-thirds necessary to override a veto, and it was passed without debate, although Mr. Dockery (Mo.) protested vehemently that debate had been promised. Thirty-nine Democrats voted to override the presidential objections and twenty-six Republicans stood by Mr. Cleveland.

The Senate Wednesday followed the lead of the House and passed the river and harbor bill over the President's veto by the following vote: Yeas—Republicans: Aldrich, Allison, Burrows, Cannon, Carter, Chandler, Clark, Cullom, Davis, Dubois, Elkins, Gallinger, Gear, Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Lodge, McBride, Mitchell (Oregon), Nelson, Perkins, Pettigrew, Platt, Pritchard, Quay, Sherman, Shoup, Squire, Teller, Warren, Wetmore, Wilson, Wolcott—33; Democrats: Bacon, Berry, Brice, Faulkner, George, Gibson, Gorman, Jones (Arkansas), Lindsay, Mills, Mitchell (Wisconsin), Morgan, Pasco, Pugh, Tillman, Turpie, Vest, White—19; Populists: Jones (Nevada), Butler, Pepper, Stewart—4; total, 56. Nays—Democrats: Bate, Chilton, Hill, Smith, Vilas—5. The House began clearing the decks for final adjournment by extending the length of the daily sessions. A partial conference report on the general deficiency bill was agreed to and the bill sent back to further conference. The Murray-Elliott contested case from the first South Carolina district was debated for four hours. The majority report favors the seating of the contestant, who is a colored man, and who was seated by the Fifty-first House in place of Elliott.

The Senate Thursday passed the filled-cheese bill. Manufacturers of filled cheese are taxed \$400 annually; wholesale dealers, \$250; retail dealers, \$120. In addition to these taxes, the product itself is taxed 1 cent per pound, and imported filled cheese is taxed 8 cents per pound in addition to the import duty. All packages must be branded, and dealers must display a big black sign on white ground, bearing the words "Filled Cheese Sold Here." The controversy over the number of battle ships remains open, Mr. Quay's motion that the Senate recede from its amendment reducing the number of ships from four to two being defeated—17 to 33. The Senate also defeated by a vote of 17 to 31 a motion by Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts to recede from its amendment relating to sectarian Indian schools. Bills were passed as follows: Granting 160 acres of land to Biloxi, Miss., for a charitable hospital; authorizing the appointment of the survivors of the Lady Franklin bay expedition as sergeants, retired, of the army; for the improvement of Fort Smith, Ark., government reservation, and a bill constraining the laws relating to the award of life-saving medals. By a vote of 153 to 33 the House decided against the claim of William Elliott from the First South Carolina district and gave the seat to George W. Murray. Murray is a colored man and in the Fifty-first Congress was seated in the place of Elliott. Murray was given a round of applause when he came forward to be sworn in. Mr. Elliott is the ninth Democrat unseated by the present House. The remainder of the day was mainly occupied in debating the case of Martin vs. Lockhart from the Seventh North Carolina district. The Senate amendments to the bill to retire Commander Quackenbush were adopted. The conference report on the bill to pension the widow of the late Senator George Spencer of Alabama was agreed to.

RECORD OF THE WEEK

INDIANA INCIDENTS TERSELY TOLD.

New Use for Bloodhounds—Peculiar Effect Upon Corn Produced by a Storm—Mary Smith Will Get Her Share of Her Father's Estate.

Bloodhounds Find a Lost Baby.
A new use was found for bloodhounds at Kokomo Saturday. The 3-year-old child of Marion and Mrs. Scott, of Chicago, on a visit, wandered away from the house and became lost. Several hours' search failed to reveal the whereabouts of the lost baby, when Dr. Bell offered to return the child unharmed to the parents by the use of his bloodhounds that are used to run down criminals. The ferocious beasts were put on the trail of the baby, and with a twenty minutes' run overtook it beyond Kokomo Junction, more than two miles away. The child was returned safely to the distracted parents. The dogs, instead of offering to harm it, served as protectors until the attendants arrived.

Duel in Lebanon Streets.
Wallace Riley, for many years a prominent resident of Lebanon, was killed instantly Monday morning by Thomas Allen, a stock buyer. Allen's son, aged 17, had been keeping company with Riley's daughter, aged 24. On account of the difference in the ages of the young people, both fathers objected to their marriage, but the couple succeeded in securing a marriage license Friday evening and were married. Immediately after the marriage they left for Putnam County, and remained there until a telegram advising them of the tragedy called them home. When Miss Riley failed to come home Friday night her father set out to learn the cause. He soon heard of the marriage. He denounced the elder Allen as helping on the marriage. The men met on the streets Saturday afternoon. Riley said: "Defend yourself! One of us is



going to die." Riley pulled his revolver. Allen said he was unarmed, and the two repaired to Hooton's hardware establishment in search for a weapon for Allen. They were finally separated before any blood was shed. Monday morning Riley was on the streets early, and was loud in his claims that he was after Allen. Riley was just coming out of the postoffice room when Allen drove up in his carriage, alighted and passed in. After getting his mail he started to leave the postoffice, when Riley accosted him with drawn weapon. Like a flash Allen drew his pistol and the firing began. Riley fired two shots and Allen four. When the smoke cleared away Riley was lying in the postoffice door, and Allen's son, who witnessed the affray from his father's carriage, had received a severe wound in the right side. Allen was arrested and is in jail. Both men are wealthy and influential. Riley has cut a prominent figure in politics for many years.

Missing Daughter Is Found.
Mary Smith, after many years' absence, and whose whereabouts were unknown to her family, has returned to Kokomo to claim her portion of her father's estate. Fifteen years ago Miss Smith, daughter of a wealthy farmer, married against the will of her parents, and for this was driven from home and memory, being entirely ostracized by relatives. The marriage was an unfortunate one. In three years she was deserted by her unworthy husband. Abandoned and friendless, she placed her two infant children in the orphan's home, and being in poor health, she was cared for at the county poorhouse. On recovering, she left the poorhouse, wandering away no one knew where. That was ten years ago. Three weeks ago the father died. It was found necessary that the missing Mary should be found, if alive, to sign the papers and prove heirship to the \$40,000 estate. She was located at Valparaiso, this State, where she was engaged as dishwasher at a college restaurant.

Corn Cooked During the Storm.
Investigations of the blighted corn crops near Anderson cause local scientific men to arrive at the conclusion that the electrical condition of the air during the tornado was different from what it has ever been. In certain sections the corn is brown and dead, and can be reduced to powder by rubbing between the hands. It is blistered as though subjected to a most terrific heat. The theory advanced is that there were electrical currents in the air that were brought in contact with the ground by the wind, and that they were so hot as to blister the growing corn. The matter has attracted a great deal of attention.

All Over the State.
The State convention of the Catholic Temperance Association adjourned at South Bend. Indianapolis was chosen as the next meeting place, June 1, 1897. The following officers were elected: Spiritual director, Rev. Father P. P. Cooney, C. S. C., Notre Dame; president, Patrick Mahoney, Logansport; first vice-president, Rev. Father Schnell, Terre Haute; second vice-president, Rev. Father Rudolph, Connersville; third vice-president, Miss Long, Lagro; treasurer, John G. McCaffrey, Logansport; secretary, John Hagerly, South Bend; State organizers, Rev. James A. Burns, C. S. C., Notre Dame, and William Heffernan, Washington; delegates to national convention at St. Louis, John Shannon, Notre Dame, and D. P. Downs, Terre Haute.

GENERAL CONDITION OF CROPS

Government Report Show Plenty of Rain and Good Prospects.

The climatic and crop bulletin issued by the United States Department of Agriculture says that except in the States of the lower Missouri and central Mississippi valleys, where severe local storms and heavy rainfall have caused much damage, the past week has been generally favorable. Corn planting is now practically finished in the more northerly corn States, except in North Dakota, where it is still in progress. In the central corn belt the crop has made rapid growth. Winter wheat harvest is well advanced in Texas and Oklahoma and has begun as far north as the southern portions of Kansas, Missouri and Illinois; wheat is ripening rapidly in Indiana and Ohio. The report by States follows:

ILLINOIS.—The week has been showery, with violent storms in the southwest and south portions, which did much damage. The land is too wet for work, and corn cultivation has been delayed and some replanting has been done. Wheat harvest is just beginning in the extreme south portion and rye harvest in favored fields in central and north portions. Clover cutting beginning. Oats rank growth, gardens and potatoes excellent, broom corn a good stand.

WISCONSIN.—The moderately heavy rains and cool nights have been somewhat unfavorable to growing crops, though a week of sunshine would place them again in excellent condition. Corn planting about completed and potato planting under way. Wheat improving and heading in southern section. Oats and grasses excellent. Sunshine is needed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.—Cool, with ample sunshine. Showers scattered, mostly light, but heavy in localities. All vegetation made healthy growth, but cut worms are injuring corn and more rain would be beneficial in localities. Corn planting about complete.

NEBRASKA.—Week favorable for farm work and corn planting has been pushed, and most of the crop is now in the ground. Early corn six inches high and much of it cultivated. Small grain in very rank growth and lodging slightly except in extreme western counties, where it has suffered from drought.

Kansas.—Very warm, with much rain in east part of the State and but little in west part. Unfavorable conditions for grains in west portion. Much work done in fields and corn growing well. Wheat harvest begun in south.

MISSOURI.—Excessive rains, except in some central and northwest counties, further delayed farm work and caused much additional damage by floods and washing. Severe local storms also did much damage in places. Corn very foul, some rust in wheat, other crops doing well. Wheat harvest commenced in south.

IOWA.—Farm work retarded in large part of State by heavy rains and cloudiness. Drying weather needed for completing corn planting and subduing weeds. Winter wheat and rye doing well, but other grain crops show some ill effects of excessive moisture.

INDIANA.—Numerous good rains improved crops; hail and local storms did injury. Wheat and barley are ripening; rye and oats are in best condition. Corn stands well in clean fields; grass is improved, but short in localities.

OHIO.—Very favorable week. Some early corn in south portion of State received second cultivation. Wheat maturing rapidly and heads filling well, but straw short and thin on ground; crop past any further or special improvement; also damage by fly and rust. Considerable tobacco set.

MICHIGAN.—Cool, wet weather has improved wheat and grass, and there is less complaint of rust and Hessian fly in wheat. Rye nearly all in head and looks fine. Corn about all planted and cultivation becoming general. Oats have grown slowly, but in good shape. Cherries and pears badly whipped off by wind, but other fruit very promising.

JEANNETTE DEAD MONUMENT.

Proposition to Erect a Duplicate One in Woodlawn.
Senator Chandler is expected to introduce a bill in the United States Senate shortly to provide for the erection of a monument over the graves of the dead of the Jeannette Arctic expedition in Woodlawn cemetery, New York. The monument, if the present plan is carried out,



MONUMENT MELVILLE ERECTED.

will be similar to that erected of wood and stone by George W. Melville, the present engineer-in-chief of the navy, over the spot where the body of the brave De Long and his companions were first buried. The amount of money required will be small.

It is proposed to duplicate this tomb in every respect in Woodlawn cemetery, to which place the bodies of the brave De Long and most of his companions were removed in the winter of 1883-84. The only difference between the monument proposed to be constructed and that which marked the original tomb of the De Long party will be that the cross will be of cast bronze instead of timber.

IS MRS. HARDIN NOW.

Marriage of Vice President Stevenson's Daughter Julia.

At Washington, in the presence of a distinguished gathering of friends from both official and resident society, Miss Julia, the eldest daughter of Vice-President and Mrs. Stevenson, was married to Rev. Martin D. Hardin, son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Watt Hardin of Danville, Ky. Four years ago to-day the young couple became acquainted. The ceremony took place at the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening. Rev. Wallace Radcliffe officiating, and it was witnessed by President and Mrs. Cleveland, the members of the cabinet and their families, a number of foreign ambassadors and ministers and their families, and a large number of Congressmen.



MISS STEVENSON.

ROUNDS A CENTURY.

TENNESSEE CELEBRATES AD MISSION TO STATEHOOD.

Inaugural of the Centennial Exposition Is Also Performed—Imposing Parade at Nashville—President Thomas Raises a Flag.

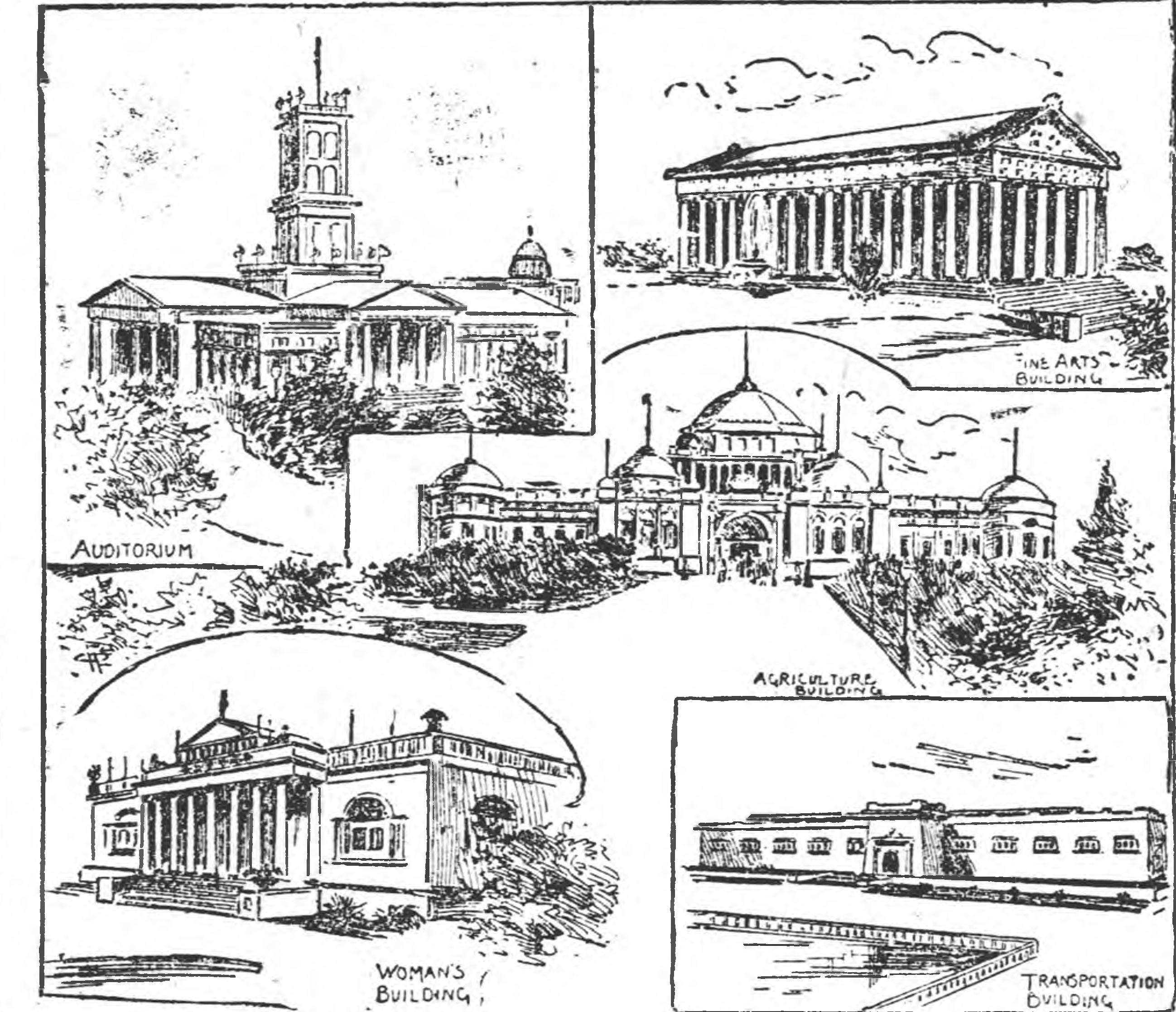
Centennial Is Celebrated.
The 100th anniversary of Tennessee's admission to the Union as a State was celebrated in Nashville on a most elaborate scale. Thousands of visitors from all the cities and towns in the State were in attendance, besides hundreds from various other States, including the Governors and State officials.

It is estimated that in spite of a heavy rain from 10,000 to 15,000 people took part in the great parade. There were scores of carriages with national, State and municipal dignitaries, attended at the front and rear by bands of music; 3,000 State and Federal soldiers, including four companies of cavalry, each 100 strong; the officers and assistants of the centennial, the entire Woman's Board, the Ladies' Hermitage Association, the Tennessee Historical Society, scores of secret orders, traveling men's associations, postoffice employees, trades and labor societies, Confederate veterans, 1,000 wheelmen, 2,500 citizens on horseback, scores of organizations, 2,500 colored people representing the societies of that race. At the grounds 10,000 children paraded and welcomed the vast procession while cannons roared.

There was a proclamation and flag raising by John W. Thomas, president of the exposition, followed by elaborate anniversary exercises. The principal address was by J. M. Dickinson, who spoke for an hour. He gave an elaborate history of Tennessee, and traced its progress to the present under the heads of religion, education, patriotism, law and order, Democratic government, emancipation, the war and recuperation.

Exposition to Be Held in 1897.

The celebration of Monday and Tuesday commemorates the centennial of Tennessee's appearance among the States of the Union, but the exposition in memory of the event will not really open until May 1, 1897. It will be the first industrial exposition ever held by any State in commemoration of its birth, and, judging by the work already done and the plans for the future, it will be large enough and beautiful enough to give it a high position among American fairs. For three



SOME OF THE TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL BUILDINGS.

years the plans have been under discussion, and work upon the grounds and buildings has been in progress since the latter part of 1895.

It is estimated that the entire cost of construction and preparation of the grounds will amount to \$1,000,000, to which the salary list and other necessary expenses will add some \$500,000 more.

DUEL IN LEBANON STREETS.

Wallace Riley Killed by Thomas Allen in a Quarrel Over Their Children.

At Lebanon, Ind., Wallace Riley, for many years a prominent resident, was killed instantly by Thomas Allen, a stock buyer. Allen's son, aged 17, had been keeping company with Riley's daughter, aged 24. On account of the difference in the ages of the young people both fathers objected to their marriage, but the couple succeeded in securing a marriage license and were married. Immediately after the marriage they left for Putnam County, and remained there until a telegram advising them of the tragedy called them home. Riley denounced the elder Allen as helping on the marriage. The men met on the streets Saturday afternoon. Riley said: "Defend yourself! One of us is going to die!" Riley pulled his revolver. Allen said he was unarmed, and the two repaired to Hooton's hardware establishment in search for a weapon for Allen. They were finally separated before any blood was shed.

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DEATH OF KATE FIELD.

Brilliant Newspaper Writer Expires in the Hawaiian Islands.

"Kate Field died of pneumonia" was the brief cable message received in Chicago from ex-Minister Thurston announcing the death of perhaps the best-known woman connected with American newspapers. Miss Field went to the Hawaiian Islands several months ago in search of health. Miss Field was born in St. Louis in 1840. She was the daughter of Joseph N. Field, an Englishman, who was brought to this country by his parents, who were exiled from Ireland. She re-



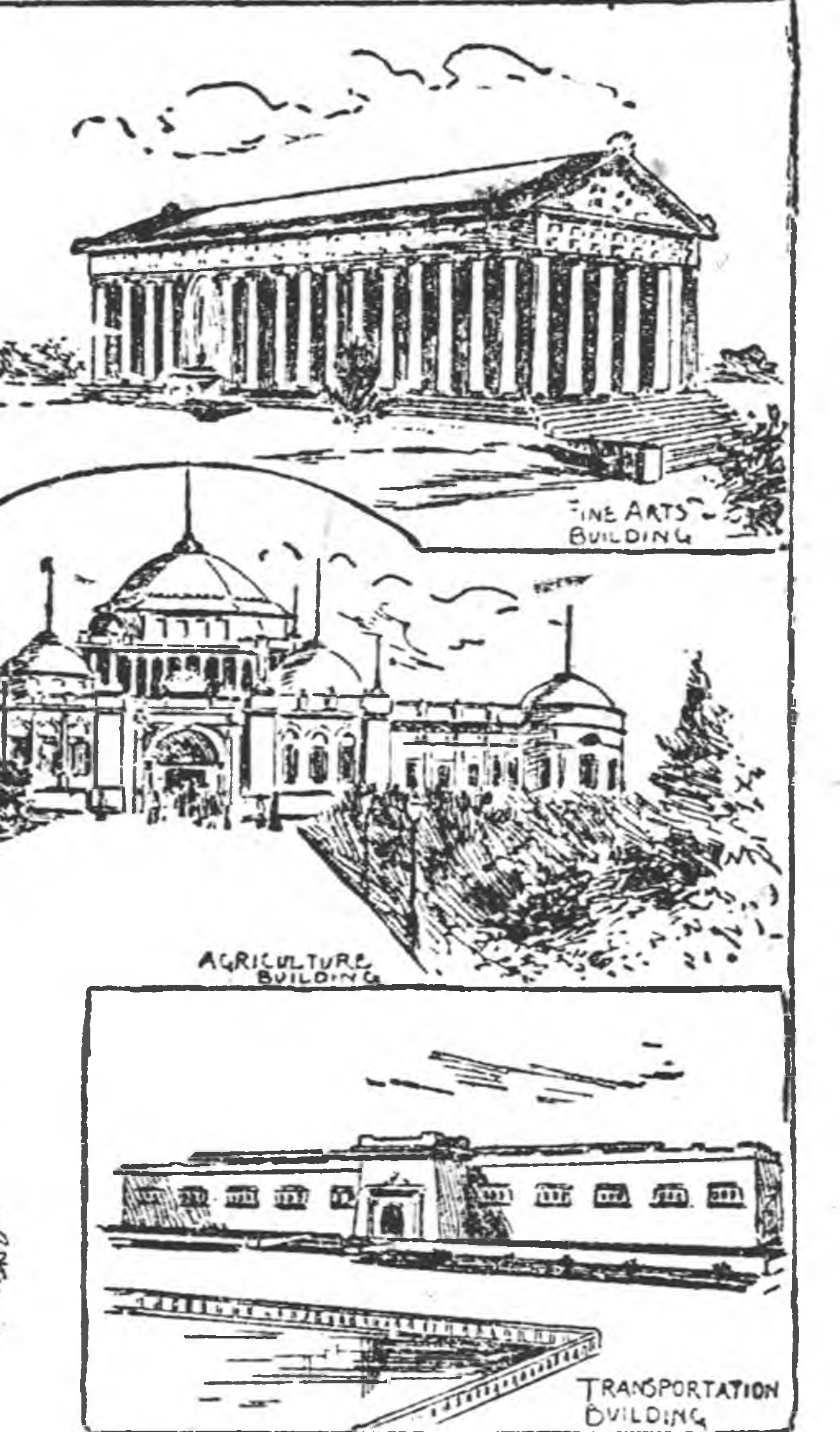
KATE FIELD.

ceived her early education in the schools of St. Louis, and later entered a seminary in Massachusetts. After her graduation she visited Europe, and while there she became acquainted with George Eliot and the Brownings. Miss Field's first newspaper work consisted in contributions to the St. Louis Journal and the St. Louis Times. After that she had been a constant writer for a number of papers. She went to Honolulu to study the habits of the inhabitants of Hawaii. Her letters from that island have given information which the people of this country have sought eagerly, especially as regards the trouble in Hawaii.

OLD TIPPECANOE IN BRONZE.

Statue of William Henry Harrison Unveiled in Cincinnati.

On Decoration Day there was unveiled in Cincinnati an equestrian statue of the ninth President of the United States,



William Henry Harrison. The movement for this memorial began five years ago with the organization of a Harrison memorial association, composed of some of the leading citizens of the Queen City. The association secured some funds by subscription, supplemented by a bill in the State Legislature authorizing a tax levy that warranted the expenditure of \$25,000. The association was afterward merged into the Harrison statue commission, which carried the work to completion after much aggravating delay. The statue as it stands has cost about \$28,000, but the extra amount has been provided for. The statue is the work of Rebisso of Cincinnati, who designed the



STATUE OF WILLIAM H. HARRISON.

equestrian statue of Gen. Grant at Chicago and the McPherson statue at Washington. It is in bronze and represents the hero of Tippecanoe in the military accoutrements of the period in which his reputation as a fighter was made.

Money in Her Heels.

The greatest fortunes made upon the stage have been acquired in comedy and vaudeville. Loie Fuller is better heeled than Janauschek.

DEATH AT THE FEAST.

HORROR ATTENDS THE CZAR'S CORONATION.

Nearly 3,000 People Killed and Injured at a Banquet—Mad Rush for Free Drinks—Crowd Overpowers the Attendants and a Panic Ensues.

Fatal Crush in Moscow.

Over 2,000 people, including many personages of high rank, were trampled to death in Moscow. The catastrophe occurred at a public feast, which had been sited in the Hodonsky Plain, in front of the Petrovsky Palace, in honor of the coronation of the Czar. The disaster occurred between 5 and 6 o'clock in the morning. It was intended that the banquet should commence before noon, but the immense throng which had gathered around the sheds where the liquor mugs were to be presented and the food distributed became so dense that the attendants were overpowered and thrown to the ground in the mad struggles which commenced for food and the gifts, and many of these attendants being numbered among the dead. The police made desperate attempts to control the people, but all their efforts were futile, and men, women and children were trampled upon by hundreds.

Some terrible, heartrending scenes were witnessed among the survivors who were seeking relatives among the victims. The latter were mostly peasants, and few of them have as yet been identified. They were lying in heaps, as they had been extricated during the afternoon, their crushed, blood-stained and horribly distorted faces upturned in the scorching sun. Gray-haired men and women lay alongside children and sturdy men, all crushed as if beneath heavy rollers. Among the dead were ladies evidently of high rank dressed in fine silk and adorned with rich jewels.

Cause of the Disaster.

The disaster, it is now explained, was due mainly to the absence of the police, who had not arrived at so early an hour in the morning at the scene where the festivities were scheduled to take place. Fully 200,000 persons of all grades of society had gathered on the Hodonsky plain at the time the disaster occurred. Only 1,000 attendants were in charge, and they seemed to be unable to control the mob. Hoping to lessen the pressure of the assembled hundreds of thousands, all moving toward a common center, they tossed the packages and presents into the midst of the crowd. This seemingly precipitated the panic, since a scramble to obtain possession of the gifts ensued, and the hollow piece of ground near the center formed a death trap for thousands.

No Halt in Festivities.

The following evening the Czar and Czarina attended and danced at the brilliant ball at the French embassy. Preparations had been made on a most elaborate scale for this ball, and it is asserted that \$70,000 was expended on the supper alone, rare viands and delicious fruits and vegetables being brought from the most distant climes to add to the delights of the feast, while France furnished the costliest and most elegant fabrics and furniture to set off the beauties of the palace where the embassy is lodged.

THE CHICAGO ROAD RACE.

Won by O. P. Nelson, a Wheelman Practically Unknown.

When the Goths and Huns and Vandals swept down upon Rome, bent upon sacking the mistress of the world, they did not come with more terrific fury than the band of 506 wheelmen who swooped down upon Chicago's west park system like a flock of hawks upon a swarm of nestlings at the wind-up of the annual Decoration Day road race. It was a great run over a muddy road of a little less than twenty-five miles in length. Over 100,000 men,



O. P. NELSON. Winner of the Chicago Road Race.

women and children, afoot, a wheel, ahorse and atallyho, saw the "soft soled" steeds sizz by and pass each other in exciting alternation.

O. P. Nelson, of the Monitor Cycling Club, was the first man to cross the patriotic ribbon at the finish. He won in 1:12:53. F. B. Murphy, of the North Shore Cycling Club, won the time prize in 1:09:22. B. F. Faulhaber, of the Smalley Cycling Club, a 4:30 man, won second time honors in 1:09:57½. Both Nelson and Murphy are practically unknown to the cycling world. Nelson was given a handicap of 9:00 and Murphy of 5:00. The race was excellently managed, accidents were comparatively few, and victories and defeats alike were accepted with good grace by all contestants.

One of Dickens' Fads.

Dickens, who made his presence felt wherever he wandered, sometimes wrote upon window panes, and at a splendid old coaching inn—now almost a wilderness—on the Great North road, not far from Pontefract, is a very clear signature of his on the dining-room window pane.

