

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

AT THE LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

VOL. III.

CULVER CITY, MARMONT P. O., IND., FRIDAY, FEB. 19, 1897.

NO. 33

A FREEZE-OUT.

On Winter Garments---Prices Below Zero.

If you are going to need anything in Winter Goods, you need it now. We are offering special inducements on all Winter Goods to close.

MEN' PANTS. | The celebrated Newburg never-rip pants \$3.00 quality for \$1.98; \$2.50 grade for \$1.73; working pants, \$1.23, 83c. and 50c.

MEN' UNDERWEAR. | Sheard's health underwear--fleece, Egyptian cotton ribbed, and wool underwear now on sale at 75c. suit. Cotton underwear--shirts have double back and front--suit only 45c.

MEN'S SUITS. | Some odd sizes. If we can fit you they are bargains. Prices run \$9.27, \$6.99, \$5.39, \$3.69 and \$2.99

YOUTH AND BOYS' SUITS. | A reduction of 1/4 to 1/2 usual prices. Youths' suits down to \$2.90. Boys knee suits, heavy weight, 98c. Lighter weight, 65c.

Special drive in MACKINTOSHES, wholesale value \$3.50, now \$2.98. All winter goods must go, and its to your advantage to buy now--and here, Come in and see.

J. C. KUHN & SON,

105 MICHIGAN ST.

PLYMOUTH, IND.

CULVER CITY LOCALIZED.

And Put in Good Form for the Benefit of the Herald's Numerous Readers.

Mr. Abraham Hayes, our genial liveryman who suffered from an attack of grip Saturday and Sunday, resumed his duties on Tuesday.

A large number of people from Maxenkuckee were present at the trial Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Matthew spent Sunday afternoon with Samuel Ulrey and family.

Horace Shugrue was confronted with a difficult problem--"How can you rid your premises of cats." He resolved to try the plan of freezing them out, and reports that he was successful.

A CASE OF HEAD SPLITTING IN MARMONT.--It was luckily not fatal, but owing to the prompt use of Dr. Agnew's Headache Remedy all trouble was subdued in fifteen minutes. It is prompt, safe and efficient. Twelve doses for 25 cents. Culver City Drug Store.

Henry Zechiel, Sadie Korp, Lulu Carl and Mrs. John Matthew, attended the Sabbath School Convention at Plymouth, and report it a grand success.

Don't forget that you can save money when in need of boot and shoe repairing by calling upon Wm. Foss, whose shop is situated over the Roberts hardware, in the building formerly occupied by Nussbaum, Mayer & Co.

Dr. Stevens of Maxenkuckee and Mr. Alva Eddinger, his son-in-law, of Plymouth, spent a few hours in town Saturday morning.

Piles play pranks with all people. Dr. Agnew's Pile Ointment calls a halt on them and cures them in all forms. Blind, bleeding and protruding piles speedily cured and itching piles relieved in ten minutes. Price 50 cents at Culver City Drug Co.

Lost.--Somewhere on the royal road to knowledge, a well seasoned smoking machine. The finder will be rewarded by the present of the stem thereof. Apply to Wm. Grubb, Lost Lake avenue.

Fishing is good and many large fish are being caught. They are not all bass, but a great many are suckers, and two-legged ones at that. There are some people who cannot be caught by a cold, because they use Dr. Agnew's celebrated Cold Capsules that cure the worst cold in head in one day. They sell for 15c. a box at the Culver City Drug Store.

At this season of the year people eat heavy foods, such as meats etc. causing constipation and other irregularities of the bowels, resulting in biliousness, headaches, dizziness, etc. Dr. Agnew's Kidney and Liver Pills work wonders and give speedy and permanent relief. For sale at the Culver City Drug Store.

Rev. Vernie Howard, who spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. Grant Howard, returned to his charge at Judson last Saturday morning.

WANTED.--A man who desires to enter the hardware business can find a rare opening for a partnership in a hardware by addressing this paper. Some capital required. Business good and prospects immense. 31w3

Frank Thompson and family of Poplar Grove, who have been living here during the ice harvest, returned home Monday. We wish their residence in Culver might have been permanent.

Residents in the north part of the city complain that their midnight slumbers are disturbed by the howling of hoodlums. If night brawlers do not want to sleep, they ought to respect the wishes of those who do.

Oleomargarine, cotolene, etc., are articles of every day consumption, but until recently "patent" hen's eggs were unheard of. They are composed of a mixture of sulphur, carbon and beef fat, beef blood and magnesia. The shell is shaped with a blow pipe from a composition of lime and gypsum. They are so true to nature that an expert can scarcely detect the difference.

At a church not far from this city, the preacher wound up his sermon this way: "Parents, you may have children, or, if not, your daughters may have."

Read the advertisements carefully. There may be more money in them than you think.

It is stated by good medical authority that for the first six months of an infant's life it should gain one pound every four weeks. If it does not there is some fault with its nutrition.

A new disease has appeared among domestic fowls, called "fowl glanders." It is said to be very contagious and fatal to hens and is liable to impart diphtheria to mankind.

It is time of year for people who contemplate growing cabbage, tomatoes, etc., to plant the seed. They should be started in shallow boxes and by the time the garden is ready to receive them the plants will have got a good start.

The latest society fad is the "scarlet tea." The guests are expected to wear scarlet costumes. In some instances the male guests wind up by "painting the town red."

Adam Gieb of Wolf Creek, delivered a number of "The First Battle" by W. J. Bryan, for which he took orders a few weeks ago. The book presents a fine appearance.

On last Sunday evening Rev. Barber preached a special sermon, by request, on the text, "One Lord, one Faith, one Baptism." His discourse showed breadth of thought and earnestness of spirit. It was well received by the congregation.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Benner spent the day Monday with Nathaniel Gandy and family.

L. C. Zechiel and wife, spent Sunday with his father, John Zechiel.

The children of Edwin Hawk, John Hawk, David Hawk and David Smith, were baptised last Sunday evening by Rev. Barber.

Mrs. O. Duddleson and Mr. Eli Spencer who have both been afflicted with lung fever, are much better.

The Misses Shewmaker were the recipients of a serenade last Monday evening.

Funeral services will be held at the Zion Reformed Church on Feb. 23 in memory of Elmer Zechiel, son of John Zechiel who died a short time ago from diphtheria.

Quarterly meeting services will be held at the M. E. church at Monterey on Feb. 21. Presiding Elder Odgen will preach at 2:30 p. m.

Miss Minnie Cox is the proud owner of a knife presented to her by her deceased pupil, Elmer Zechiel.

The Ladies' Aid Society held a social meeting with Mrs. H. M. Speyer on Tuesday evening. A large number were present.

Rev. Howard will begin a series of revival services here in the near future.

Special services at the Reformed church closed last Sunday evening. Earnest efforts were put forward by the minister and congregation to make them a success. Their efforts were rewarded by 23 accessions. Rev. Barber has preached some excellent discourses and has endeared himself to not only his members but to the entire community.

Sixteen of the Cadets made our public schools a visit last Monday afternoon. They were deeply interested in the work being done, and portrayed a gentlemanly bearing, showing the effectiveness of their training.

Miss Jessie Shewmaker met with the teachers at the home of Mrs. Walters Tuesday evening.

S. S. Teachers' meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Carlon, Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Neidlinger were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Snyder, Sunday.

Miss Rena Spencer is housekeeper at Dr. Jaeger's.

Mr. William Norris of Maxenkuckee, and Miss Cora Zechiel of Zion, were at church Sunday evening.

Charles Hayes and Clyde Walters took their last sleighride last Monday afternoon.

L. C. Dillon possesses a pair of auk's wings. This bird inhabits only the polar region. They were given him by a friend lately from Dakota.

A quilting bee and rag sewing party was held the early part of the week at the home of Ezra Blanchard. Fifteen ladies were present, also Rev. Barber and wife. A pleasant time was had.

The Chautauqua reading circle will meet next Friday evening at the home of Arthur Morris. Everybody invited.

Campbell, the watchmaker, has hung out a sign. It is a fac simile of the hand-made watch which he is making. It shows the cunning of his hand in creating whatever he undertakes. Besides being a skilled mechanic, John is handy with the brush.

The Bradley-Martin ball made a display of its superfluities in New York city last week. While this ball was in progress thousands of women and children were suffering from the lack of food and clothing. Blow-outs like that bode no good to our Republic. Revelry at night by the wealthy, and starvation of the worthy poor have wrecked Republics in time past, and may bring about devastation and ruin to the "land of the free and home of the brave."

Mrs. Dan Carr and son spent Saturday in Monterey.

James Garn and Horgeshimer are the boss fishermen.

The last family who were afflicted with diphtheria are now out.

Jerome Ulett and wife, of Monterey, are guests of Mrs. Carr, mother of Mrs. Ulett.

A LaPorte county justice of the peace has held that a proposal to marry, sent through the mail, is a violation of the postal law, because marriage is a lottery.

Quite an earnest political debate was heard on our streets the other day. Boys, the election is over.

Misses Lucretia Rea and Maud Gandy, who were on the sick list, are better.

If the weather permits and roads are good a company of our citizens will hear the "Burlington Hawkeye Man," Robert J. Burdette, at Rochester Friday night.

A few months ago, Mr. Byron Every, of Woodstock, Mich., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. His right leg was swollen the full length, causing him great suffering. He was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first bottle of it helped him considerably and the second bottle effected a cure. The 25 and 50 cent sizes are for sale at Culver City Drug Store.

The most original editor in all Indiana, is Charles M. Berry, of the Veedersburg News. Every year he organizes a grand rabbit hunt in which the inhabitants of Fountain county participate. A whole day is given over to the sport, and the spoils of the chase are laid at the feet of editor Berry, who ships the rabbits to dealers in large cities. The proceeds of the sales are donated to the Sunday schools of the county. The recent hunt resulted in the killing of 1,668 rabbits.

Mr. Ward L. Smith of Fredericks-town, Mo., was troubled with chronic diarrhoea for over thirty years. He had become fully satisfied that it was only a question of a short time until he would have to give up. He had been treated by some of the best physicians in Europe and America but got no permanent relief. One day he picked up a newspaper and chanced to read an advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He got a bottle of it, the first dose helped him and its continued use cured him. For sale at Culver City Drug Store.

Obituary.

Mary Morris was born in Fayette County, Ohio, November 3, 1827, died Feb. 8, 1897, aged 69 years, 3 months and 5 days. She was married to David Slayton in 1842 in Fulton County, Ind. She leaves a husband and eight children to mourn their loss--five sons and three daughters. She was a firm believer in what was right, a kind and affectionate mother, and a true companion. A large company of relatives and friends followed the remains to Poplar Grove where it was interred. The funeral sermon was preached at the church by the pastor, F. G. Howard.

Harvest Ended.

The ice harvest has been of short duration, and the amount housed is less than the average. The work closed down Saturday evening, fifteen days being the time occupied in securing the crop. It is estimated that the amount housed is about 26,000 tons. The number of men employed averaged 100, at \$1.25 per day. It will be observed from this estimate that it cost about \$1,900 for labor. Most of this money will circulate about town. When the season arrives for shipping there will be employment for a few more men. The price per ton which the company usually realize when loaded on the cars is \$1.00. The value of this year's crop being \$26,000 minus the cost of cutting and loading leaves a profit of \$20,000 to the ice company. If the above estimates are fairly correct, the ice industry is a money-making enterprise.

Burr Oak.

Mr. Caley of Grand Harbor, N. D., visited in town last week.

Chas. Huff of Argos, stopped at Amos Friend's for several hours last Friday.

Levi Hartman who has been quite sick, is some better.

Mr. Peters of Chicago, alighted from No. 4, Saturday and accompanied Joseph Hissong to his home.

Chas. Long and wife paid a Sunday visit to his sister, Mrs. Chas. Burckett.

Messrs. Taylor, Swigart and Shugrue of Culver City, Sundayed in our burg.

John Lichtenburg and wife and daughter Caroline, were visitors here Sunday.

The singing class will give a musical entertainment at the church Saturday evening.

Dr. Smith of St. Joseph county, is visiting friends here this week.

Joseph Burns and family visited with his brother David over Sunday. Kid.

Charged with Breaking and Entering.

At various times since last October the summer cottages on the east bank of the lake have been forcibly entered and articles of value taken therefrom. Those having them in charge have been thus annoyed and they have made repeated efforts to capture the desperadoes. Last Monday three young men were captured in one of the dwellings and they were arrested under warrants issued by Justice Morris. They were arraigned before Justice Morris on Tuesday afternoon, Samuel Ulrey appearing as attorney for the prosecution and Thomas Medburn as counsel for the defense, on a charge of housebreaking. One of the accused appeared as state witness. Much testimony was submitted, a cross examination developing much confused and contradictory evidence. The attorneys after pleas of some length rested their case with his Honor, who declined to sustain the charge and declared the defendants scott free.

St. Valentine's Day.

If any one thinks for a moment that the reign of good St. Valentine has passed into decade they will be undeceived when it is known that a good number of our young people received "love tokens" via Uncle Sam. While the entente of most of the valentine favors has changed from a fervid declaration of the tenderest sentiments to an interchange of compliments merely suggestive of bon comaraderie, kind regards or a general atmosphere of peace on earth, good will to men, while the old-time lovers' sighs and hearts and darts and Cupids and drooping maidens and lovelorn swains have retired before the invasion of the athletic bicycle and golfing girl, and the stalwart representatives of the football team, the volumes of the missives dedicated to the patron saint remains the same. There is something in the sentiment of the thing that appeals to men, and they can't resist even if their pocket is almost empty.

The most novel design we have seen, is the bicycle girl. Riding on a tandem, she points to the vacant seat and thus makes utterance:

I'll never tire of loving thee.
Come wheel or woe, thy love I'll be
In heart and bike; as you can see,
There is a vacant seat for thee.

Whether there is a shadow of suspicion that this verse might be construed as a matrimonial proposal, the donor may be excused on the supposition that she "is a new woman."

Not Left Culver.

Who? Why, Campbell the watchmaker. He is located here permanently, and may be found in the old Herald building. "Good work, cheap prices," is his monogram.

WAR NOW IMMINENT.

GREECE WILL NOT PERMIT
TURKISH TROOPS TO LAND.

England Is So Notified—War Would Be Certain—Great Nations Warn Greece Not to Send Soldiers—Constantinople Hints About Turkey.

Situation More Grave.
Island of Crete news is growing more serious every day, and it is understood that several of the embassies have received dispatches that Herakleion is on fire. In official circles in Constantinople the only solution of the Cretan difficulties seems to be a European occupation of that island. It is understood that instructions have been sent to the commanders of the foreign warships to prevent by force, if necessary, any intervention upon the part of the Greek warships. The Vienna cabinet has addressed a most serious warning to Greece. It is further learned from exclusive sources that the powers have informed Turkey that they cannot force Greece to withdraw her fleet, but will leave Turkey a free hand. Anarchy is reigning at Athens. The ministry was only temporarily saved by embarking in a mad enterprise. England is accused secretly of backing Greece to force Russia's hand. D. G. Metaxas, the Greek charge d'affaires, called at the London foreign office and presented a note expressly stating that the Greek Government had decided to prevent Turkish troops from landing in Crete by all the means in its power. The Paris Temps prints with reservation a telegram from Athens giving certain evidences received there tending to show that the sultan sent his aid-de-camp to Crete with instructions to the Turkish troops to act in concert with Mussulmans for the purpose of provoking a massacre before the enforcement of the reforms could be undertaken.

RARE RELICS ARE TAKEN.
Famous Men's Signatures Filched from Washington Archives.

Philip McElhone, son of the late J. J. McElhone, for years official reporter of the House of Representatives, and Lewis M. Turner, both employees of the congressional library, have been arrested by secret service officers, charged with larceny of autograph letters from the library. Both men asserted their innocence and were held by the United States Commissioner in \$3,000 bail pending examination. The arrests were the result of a letter of inquiry from a New York autograph dealer, who stated that he had bought certain historical autograph letters and was offered more, but had become suspicious lest they might have been abstracted from Government files. An investigation by Librarian of Congress, J. H. Spofford disclosed that many letters were missing from the library, among them the diary of George Washington for 1787, the year of the constitutional convention, and letters of John Hancock, Benedict Arnold and George Washington.

ENORMOUS SALES OF APPLES.
American Fruit Proves a Surprise to Europeans.

Reports coming to the State Department from Europe show that the American apple made an enormous market for itself there last year. Frank Mason, United States Consul General at Frankfurt, declares that the victory has been one of superior quality rather than mere cheapness, and says the agricultural papers in Germany make the astonishing statement that no less than 6,000,000 double centers of our apples—more than twenty times the import of any previous season—came into Germany last year. The consul general thinks this gain of a great market may be made permanent if certain precautions are made by American shippers. Consul Monaghan, at Chemnitz, says the whole German empire is alarmed at the great apple imports, and even from England, where the American apple is well known, come words of surprise at the great volume of the imports of American apples.

Sundry Civil Bill.
The House Committee on Appropriations Thursday finished the sundry civil appropriation bill for the next fiscal year. The measure carries a total of \$50,664,743. This is \$8,141,068 less than the estimates and \$18,644,190 more than the appropriations for the current year. Of the total amount, \$17,529,053 is for carrying out river and harbor contracts and \$4,072,795 for public buildings.

American Oak in Demand.
There is a market waiting American oak lumber in France, according to United States Commercial Agent Angell, at Roubaix. He says in a report to the State Department that one firm alone stands ready to take \$400,000 worth annually in place of Hungarian oak, if proper connections can be made with American lumber exporters.

University for W. L. Wilson.
The board of trustees of Washington and Lee University, of Lexington, Ky., unanimously elected William L. Wilson, Postmaster General, president of the university, in place of Gen. G. W. C. Lee, who recently resigned. It is well understood that Mr. Wilson will accept the position and enter upon the duties of his office July 1.

Letter Heads the L. A. W.
Isaac B. Potter, of New York, was elected president of the League of American Wheelmen over the present incumbent, Sterling Elliott, of Newton, Mass. Secretary Bassett's proposed amendment making colored men eligible to membership in the league was defeated. Yeas, 153; nays, 100. Two-thirds is required for the adoption of any amendment.

A. M. BILLINGS DEAD.

Very Wealthy Chicago Business Man Has Passed Away.

Albert M. Billings, president of the Home National Bank, founder of the People's Gas Light and Coke Company, and one of the typical business men of Chicago, died Sunday evening, aged 83. His illness was of brief duration, dating from Friday. Mr. Billings could hardly be classed among the early settlers of Chicago, but he was distinctively a pioneer business man. His career began in 1859, when with Commodore Carrison he started the manufacture of illuminating gas on the West Side. He was born in Royalton, Vt., in 1814, and gained an early experience in commercial affairs that fitted him admirably for the rush and bustle which he encountered when he came West to try his fortune. Mr. Billings was a very rich man. Nobody among his most intimate friends pretends to know the extent of the wealth he accumulated. He acquired his fortune through the possession of a tremendous energy and a remarkable shrewdness as an organizer, coupled with an integrity that was never questioned in all his dealings. His word was his bond, and Chicago has had good reason to be proud of his interest in her welfare. His personality was strong, even to the point of eccentricity, yet underneath a brusque and sometimes forbidding exterior he concealed a generous nature. It is said of Mr. Billings that he wore his wrong side outward. He believed in concealing the doings of his right hand from his left when called upon to respond to the demands of charity. His habits were of the simplest kind, with all his wealth, and he never missed an opportunity to impress the lessons of economy upon those with whom he came in close contact.

INVADE BRITISH MARKET.
Americans Underselling Local Iron-makers at Birmingham.

United States Consul Parker, at Birmingham, England, has supplied the State Department with extracts from local papers showing that the British ironmakers are disquieted by the receipt at Birmingham of large consignments of American pigiron at £4 5s per ton, or 10 shillings under the English minimum. There were also reports of negotiations in Philadelphia for the sale to European buyers of 20,000 tons of billets at £3 15s per ton delivered. The British ironmen generally ascribe this phenomenal movement to the trade depression in the United States, which causes forced sales abroad, but others point to the steady continuance of the American shipments as evidence that they must be made at a profit, and hold that superior natural advantages and improved processes of manufacture have turned the scale.

TURKS PLAN A MASSACRE.
Christians of Retimo Are to Be Their Victims.

The Greek squadron, on arriving at Canea, did not salute the Turkish flag. Official advices say that the Mussulmans are preparing a massacre at Retimo. The representatives of some of the powers have expressed to the Greek Government surprise that Greece has sent warships to the island of Crete. Three thousand people took part in a manifestation in front of the ministry of marine. There were continued cries of "Long live Crete," "Long live the union." It is thought possible that a ministerial crisis will result from the manifestations.

Cattle Shipments Checked.
Complying with the act of Congress for the suppression of contagious diseases among domestic animals, Secretary Morton has issued to the managers and agents of railroads and transportation companies, stockmen and others a circular notifying them that a contagious and infectious disease known as splenetic or southern fever exists among cattle in California, Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia, portions of Tennessee and the Indian territory. From Feb. 15 to Nov. 15, inclusive, during each year, no cattle are to be transported from the territory indicated to any other portion of the United States, except by rail for immediate slaughter, and when so transported strict quarantine regulations are to be complied with. Cattle from Mexico may be admitted into the United States, but they will not be permitted to cross the quarantine line otherwise than by rail for immediate slaughter, except by special permit. Notice is given that cattle infested with the boophilus bovis, or southern cattle tick, disseminate the contagion of splenetic fever, and they are to be considered as infectious cattle and be subject to the rules and regulations governing the movement of southern cattle.

Carrier Pigeons Soon to Be Pie.
Joseph Hahn, a Chicago traveling salesman, had three homing pigeons which he used to send missives to his wife from various parts of the country. He let them fly from the car windows, and in a day or so they always appeared home. But their days of love-bearing are over, for Sunday night some one stole the three pigeons from Mr. Hahn's house, and by this time they very likely have been served in a game pie.

Thirty-five Thousand Persons in Want.
The drought in north Louisiana covers all the vast territory between the Red river and the Arkansas line, and the west boundary and the river parishes to the east. In most of this area not one bale of cotton has been raised to ten acres in cultivation. Over 35,000 persons are in need and in danger of starvation before the next crop can be raised.

Fell Dead in the Pulpit.
Mrs. William I. Fee, aged wife of Rev. Mr. Fee, a well-known former Methodist minister of Springfield, O., fell dead in the pulpit while exhorting at a big revival at Felicity. Women screamed and men wept. The couple celebrated their golden wedding three months ago.

Women May Not Vote.
The bill providing for a constitutional amendment giving Nebraska women the right to vote was defeated in the lower house of the Legislature by the decisive vote of 56 to 28.

WANT TO GRAB CRETE

GREEK LEGISLATORS INDULGE
IN A ROW.

Conservative Element in the Legislative Chamber Is Opposed to the Policy of Seizing the Island in Defiance of the Powers.

Anxious for Seizure.
According to reports received from the island of Crete, the situation has not changed for the better. The revolution is spreading and the Christians are, in most cases, fighting under the flag of Greece. The conservative element in the legislative chamber is opposed to the policy of seizing the island in defiance of the powers. They argue that Greece should not attempt to annex the island until she is assured of the support of some one of the great powers. They claim, further, that Europe is not prepared to sanction anything that might serve to impel the Turkish problem toward solution at this time. It is possible, they assert, that the warships of other nations will co-operate in re-establishing, if not maintaining, peace, and that King George may be served with notice that he must not override the European guaranty of Turkish reforms on the island of Crete. On the other hand, the radical element insists that Crete should be annexed to Greece without delay and in spite of all opposition. At any rate, they assert, an aggressive stand may force the whole Turkish situation, under cover of which Greece can obtain possession of Crete. During the uproarious debate Tuesday afternoon the radical element urged the Government to take a firm stand on the matter of union with Crete at all costs. So warm did the discussion over this question become that personal encounters between the various deputies were only prevented by the intercession of friends.

WOOL GROWERS MEET.

They Will Ask Congress for a Protective Tariff on Merino.

The National Wool Growers' Association met in Washington with thirty-six members present, representing practically all of the wool-growing States and territories. A resolution was adopted calling on Congress for such a protective tariff on merino wool as will give the growers east of the Missouri river 20 cents per pound, farm value, for unwashed merino, and 25 cents, farm value, for washed. For sections west of the Missouri river 16 cents is demanded, farm value, for unwashed. A committee of seven was appointed, with President Lawrence as chairman, to confer with representatives of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers and with representatives of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia, with a view to an agreement as to the pending wool and woolen tariff schedule, with a reservation, however, to the effect that the growers would not agree to any proposition not in accord with their views.

TESTING FINENESS OF COINS.

Commission Making Annual Examination at Philadelphia Mint.

The annual test and examination of the weight and fineness of the coins reserved at the several mints during the last year opened at the Philadelphia mint Wednesday. The test and examination are made pursuant to the provisions of section 57 of the Revised Statutes, the President being required to designate the commissioners. At the same time, the affair is very much of a farce, or a pleasing bit of fiction, something on the line of the examination of the vaults of the House of Commons the day before the opening of Parliament in search of possible conspirators. Few of the commissioners nominated from year to year know a thing about the weight or fineness of coins, and the affair has become little more than a junket.

SAFETY FOR DEPOSITORS.

Kansas Legislator Wants All Banks to Protect Their Patrons.

At Topeka, Kan., Representative Gillespie incorporated a rather novel idea in a bill which he has introduced in the House. The bill provides for the creation and maintenance of a guarantee fund for the protection of depositors of defunct State banks. It provides for the levy of a quarter-mill tax on all deposits in State banks to make a fund, to be deposited with the State Treasurer. When a bank breaks and the assets from all sources are exhausted, the State Treasurer shall pay the depositors the balance of the money due them from said bank out of the fund accumulated.

Limits the Price of Armor.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs reached a conclusion on the report to be made as a result of its inquiry on the subject of armor plate. The committee will recommend that the Secretary of the Navy shall not be authorized to pay more than \$400 per ton for armor and that an appropriation of \$1,500,000 be made to be used in the establishment of a plant in case the manufacturers refuse to accept this price.

Cleveland on Passports.

The President has recommended to Congress that 3,000 copies of passport regulations of foreign countries be printed for distribution by the State Department. The communication also advises all Americans going abroad to secure passports before leaving the United States.

To Pension Patton's Widow.

By a vote of 137 to 60 the House passed over the President's veto a bill to pension Rachel Patton, widow of John H. Patton, of the Seventeenth Illinois. The veto was based on the widow's marriage after Patton's death.

Railroad Shops Burned.

The machinery department of the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis Railroad shops at Princeton, Ind., was completely destroyed by fire. The loss will reach \$300,000.

BRAZIL FANATICS GAIN MEN.

Victorious in Several Encounters with Government Troops.

The Brazil fanatical insurrectionists, under Conselheiro, have now 6,000 well-armed men, organized and concentrated in Bahia. The people in the rural towns are helping the fanatics with arms and money. Where this help is not given the vengeance of Conselheiro's band falls upon the settlers. In this manner more than sixty rich plantations have already been destroyed. The Government has been informed that several foreigners have joined the fanatics and are pushing forward a more scientific military organization among them. In several skirmishes with the Federal troops the latter were defeated. The fanatics have obtained steam launches, and now patrol the rivers and streams in the districts where they are strongest. In this way the range of the devastation committed by them is extended and the utmost terror prevails in that region.

CARS FALL OFF A TRESTLE.

Ice Weakens a Structure at Franklin Mine, Md.

The breaking of an ice gorge weakened a trestle on the Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railway at Franklin Mine, Md., causing the trestle to give way about midnight, while an excursion train was crossing it. The engine crossed safely, but the combination car and rear coach went into the stream, which was unusually high, owing to a thaw, and this threw the engine on its side. There were fifteen passengers aboard and they became panic-stricken, men and women battling to escape. All eventually got out of the coaches and probably reached shore in safety. Robert Ross, engineer, and John N. Howard, fireman, attempted to jump from the engine, but Ross was caught in the wreck and died from the effects of inhaling escaping steam.

Tried to Poison the Customers.

A desperate attempt by an enraged dairy employe to poison over 250 families in Norfolk, Va., was frustrated by a lucky discovery Sunday morning. John B. Clancy, aged 35, employed at the Bloomsdale dairy, had an altercation with his employer, J. B. Ferritt, Sr., which resulted in the former telling Ferritt he would "get even" with him. Ferritt supplied 250 families in Norfolk with milk, in 100 of which are infants. He had delivered milk to about a dozen customers when he discovered a peculiar coloring in the milk. Clancy's threat came to him like a flash, and he quickly went to all the places. Luckily no milk had been used. He reported to the police and Clancy was arrested. The milk was analyzed and found to contain poison, some of which was found under the finger nails of the prisoner, who at first made a denial, but later said he had used it in treating sick cattle. Clancy is held for trial.

New Public Buildings.

The Secretary of the Treasury transmitted to Congress a draft of a bill providing that the Secretary of the Treasury, after plans for a public building have been approved, may have them changed "deemed necessary." Buildings at Albany, Wis., Bloomington, Ill., and Mankato, Minn., are mentioned as cases which would be acted upon under the proposed law.

Autumn Wheat Is Poor.

The London Mark Lane Express, in its review of the crop situation, says the sodden state of the land is damaging the autumn sowing of wheat. The reports from France say that there is very poor promise for the growing wheat, but in reality the outlook is satisfactory.

Utah Badly Shaken Up.

At 8 o'clock Tuesday night Brigham City, Utah, was visited by the heaviest earthquake shock ever experienced in the valley. It was so severe that the bell in the court house tapped five or six times. The shock was felt as far north as Logan.

Scalpers Are Victors.

The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce killed the railroad anti-ticket scalpers' bill.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 21c to 22c; oats, No. 2, 14c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 36c; butter, choice creamery, 19c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 16c; potatoes, per bushel, 20c to 30c; broom corn, common short to choice dwarf, \$35 to \$50 per ton.
Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, good to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 87c; corn, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 22c.
St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 86c to 97c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 19c to 21c; oats, No. 2 white, 16c to 17c; rye, No. 2, 32c to 34c.
Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 89c to 91c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 23c to 24c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c.
Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 87c to 89c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 22c to 24c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 21c; rye, 36c to 38c.
Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 88c to 89c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 22c to 23c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c; clover seed, \$4.80 to \$4.90.
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 3, 19c to 20c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 20c; barley, No. 2, 25c to 32c; rye, No. 1, 36c to 38c; pork, mess, \$7.50 to \$8.00.
Buffalo—Cattle, common to prime shipping, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, medium to best, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, common to prime natives, \$3.00 to \$4.50; lambs, fair to extra, \$3.50 to \$4.75.
New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.50 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 83c to 84c; corn, No. 2, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c; butter, creamery, 15c to 22c; eggs, Western, 12c to 16c.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

WORK OF OUR NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS.

A Week's Proceedings in the Halls of Congress—Important Measures Discussed and Acted Upon—An Impartial Resume of the Business.

The National Solons.

The House Tuesday agreed to the final conference report on the immigration bill by an overwhelming majority (217 to 33) and passed two more pension bills over the President's veto. The modifications of the immigration bill contained in the conference report by which an intending immigrant was required to be able to read and write "the English or another language" and which permitted the illiterate wife and minor children to accompany an eligible emigrant removed the main opposition to the bill. The beneficiaries of the pension bills passed over the veto were both of the class known as "remarried widows." A bill was also passed to prevent the fraudulent use of the word "copyright" on books and other publications. The open session of the Senate was wholly perfunctory, and after transacting some routine business the doors were closed and an executive session continued throughout the day. The bill was passed to aid in the improvement of the navigable channel of the South pass by closing the existing crevasses in Pass L'Outre in the Mississippi River. The routine business was cleared away by 12:35 p. m. and on motion of Mr. Sherman the Senate went into executive session and at 5:40 p. m. adjourned.

The electoral votes of the forty-five States of the Union were formally counted at the joint session of the House and Senate held Wednesday for that purpose, and Vice President Stevenson proclaimed the election of McKinley and Hobart as President and Vice President respectively. Senator Morgan, champion of the Nicaragua canal bill, announced in the Senate his abandonment of that measure for the present session of Congress, and thereupon it was displaced by the bankruptcy bill. He gave notice that he would renew his advocacy of the bill at an early day of the coming extra session. The bankruptcy bill succeeds to the advantageous position of "unfinished business." The agricultural appropriation bill was taken up late in the day and passed at \$3,255,500. The House bill was passed extending the time for complying with the requirements of the act forfeiting railroad lands. The House has passed the Senate bill relating to the carrying of obscene matter by express companies, and it has gone to the President for his signature. The penalty for violation, upon conviction, is a fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprisonment at hard labor for not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the Court.

The House Thursday passed the fortifications appropriation bill with but a single amendment and made some headway with the postoffice appropriation bill. The major portion of the day was consumed in political debate on the financial question, which was precipitated by a provision in a bill providing for funding the debt of the territories. The bill aroused the opposition of Mr. McMillin (Dem.) of Tennessee because it provided for gold bonds and the payment of interest in gold or its equivalent. Mr. Knox (Rep.) of Massachusetts said that the stipulation regarding gold bonds applied only to Arizona, which had outstanding gold bonds to be refunded. An amendment by Mr. McMillin (Dem.) of Tennessee was as follows: "Provided, That the principal and interest of the bonds funded under this act shall be payable in any lawful money of the United States, except the Arizona bonds above described heretofore issued." This was adopted, and the bill passed. The Senate spent the greater part of the day in executive session debating the Anglo-American arbitration treaty. The entire time was consumed by Senators Turpie and Morgan, the former in advocacy of and the latter in opposition to ratification. No action was taken on any amendment or on any part of the treaty and but little appreciable progress was made.

The feature of Friday's discussion of the Anglo-American arbitration treaty by the Senate was the general effort to reach a basis of agreement whereby the treaty could be disposed of and other business taken up. There were innumerable short speeches during the day, but the principal addresses on the merits of the treaty were made by Senators Daniel, Stewart, Hoar, Lodge and Chandler. The proposition advanced Thursday by Senator Turpie that any negotiation under the treaty would under its terms necessarily be submitted to the Senate just as would any original treaty, formed the basis of Friday's proceedings. It was generally conceded by all those who spoke that if there could be any assurance that this interpretation would be placed on the treaty if accepted there would be no special opposition to its ratification. Senator Turpie contended that no other position was possible in view of the indisputable fact that the Senate was a part of the treaty-making power of the United States. Senator Daniel, however, took an opposite view, as did Senator Chandler and most of the other Senators who spoke. During the debate on the postal appropriation bill, which was passed by the House, Congressman Hugh Belknap, of Chicago, made a speech in favor of retaining the marine postal service at Detroit. Congressman Belknap said that the vesselmen of the great lakes would never consent to such a change. They are greatly benefited by the present service at Detroit. Several other members made speeches in favor of the present arrangements, and it was decided by the House to continue them during the coming year. The perennial fight was made to strike out the appropriation of \$196,000 for special mail facilities from Boston to New Orleans, but it was defeated, 46 to 107. The bill as passed carries \$95,435,714.

INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Alexis Gravan Commits Suicide at the Last Resting Place of His Betrothed—American Glass Company at Alexandria Suffers a Fire Loss.

Ends Life on His Sweetheart's Grave.
Alexis Gravan, a young man of Bremen, committed suicide on the grave of Miss Corinna Peters, near White Sulphur. Young Gravan arrived at the wells on the day before, expecting to marry Miss Peters, and it was not until then that he found that she had died of consumption three weeks before. He seemed stricken with grief and wandered gloomily about, finally going to the cemetery unaccompanied. The weapon was found by his side, as he lay full length upon the grave. His remains were buried near where his body was found, and his friends in Germany notified. He had made the acquaintance of Miss Peters at White Sulphur wells while touring in this country two years ago for his health.

Fire Damages a Glass Factory.
The big American plate glass factory at Alexandria was greatly damaged by fire Saturday night, and the blaze was so threatening the fire department were called from gas belt cities. The fire originated from heating pipes in the polishing department and the roof caught fire. The flames spread rapidly, and it looked as though the devastation of ten years ago was to be repeated. It happened, however, that snow and water were well banked on the roof and arrested to an extent the blaze. The fire two years ago which swept away this department amounted to \$100,000. Major C. T. Doney is the principal owner. It is one of the three largest plate glass plants in the world and the only anti-trust plant of importance.

All Over the State.
Edward Jennings is under arrest at Richmond, charged with burglary. He is wanted at Connorsville on a charge of shooting with intent to kill. He was struck with a snowball and fired into a crowd of boys.

Dr. G. C. Smythe, one of the best-known physicians and surgeons of Central Indiana, died at Greencastle of typhoid fever and complications. Dr. Smythe graduated from De Pauw University in 1858, and practiced his profession in Greencastle for thirty-seven years. He was at one time dean of the Central College of Physicians and Surgeons at Indianapolis, and for a number of years was president of the Board of Trustees of that college. He was for two years president of the State Medical Society. He was 61 years of age.

Alonzo Nichols, aged 21 years, residing at Northfield, shot and fatally injured himself. For several months Nichols had been paying attention to Miss Elsie Neese of Whitesboro. A month ago Miss Neese refused to allow him to continue his visits. Nichols brooded over this and became despondent. Sunday night Nichols went to the church, and at the close of the services asked to escort Miss Neese to her home, but was rejected. He then followed her home, and as she stepped into the door he drew a revolver and shot himself in the abdomen. Miss Neese is prostrated over the affair.

An effort will be made at the present session of the Indiana Legislature to have a bill passed that will abolish the fraternal insurance companies in the State. The measure is being pushed very quietly by the "old line" companies, and it will be fought hard. The fraternal insurance lodges throughout the northern part of Indiana are forwarding large numbers of petitions to their representatives and Senators urging them to oppose the bill. If the bill should fail to pass, an effort will be made to pass a measure which will provide that the organizations be compelled to file bonds for large amounts, as the old line companies are now doing.

An interesting double golden wedding anniversary was celebrated at Arcadia, near Kokomo, Friday, it being a case of twin brothers marrying twin sisters. Moses and Isaac Martz were born at Piqua, Ohio, May 12, 1812. Their wives were the Misses Tabitha and Lavina McCormick, born in Connorsville, Ind., Feb. 27, 1817. The Martz and McCormick twins were married Nov. 27, 1834, the same minister pronouncing both ceremonies the same day. To complete the remarkable series of coincidences, each mother gave birth to seven sons and five daughters. They have between them seventy-three grandchildren and thirty great-grandchildren. The father of the McCormick twins built the first house erected in Indianapolis. The husbands are 85 years old, the wives 80, and they are in excellent health.

Morgan Chandler, a wealthy banker of Greenfield, executed his will, dividing his large estate among his nearest relations. Among them was his niece, Eliza Burton, a widow, to whom he bequeathed \$10,000. But if the testator survived the niece the bequest was to revert to the other legatees named in the will. Mrs. Burton supported her children by taking in washing and sewing, but recently she was taken ill, and at about the same time the wealthy uncle was also sick. Both grew constantly worse. At times Mrs. Burton seemed to be breathing her last, but stimulants were administered, and she revived temporarily—long enough to inquire as to the condition of her rich relative, when she would return to a comatose state. This continued thirty-six hours, and all hopes of prolonging her life longer were virtually abandoned, when a message came that Morgan Chandler was dead. Mrs. Burton had baffled death long enough to secure a fortune for her children. She asked that they be brought to the bedside, and, with a word of blessing, she closed her eyes and passed away. Cashier McDonald of the Union Bank has been appointed the guardian of the orphans.

FIENDISH MURDERER CAUGHT.

Lured Victims into the Mountains of Australia and Killed Them.

The story of the crimes, flight, pursuit and capture of Frank Butler, the Australian murderer, who has been caught at San Francisco as he was about to land from the sailing ship Swanhilda, is a remarkable one.

On the 21st of November, in the year 1896, appeared in one of the newspapers of Sydney, Australia, an advertisement to the effect that one Frank Butler—mining prospector, was in search of a partner with whom to engage in a certain mining venture. It was stipulated that applicants should possess at least ten pounds and come well recommended.

Capt. Lee Weller answered the advertisement and accompanied Butler to the Blue Mountain mining region, in what is known as the Glenbrook district. There Butler shot him in the back of the head



MURDERER FRANK BUTLER.

and buried the body in such a way that a stream of trickling water would help in its decomposition. But Capt. Weller had friends; he was missed; a search was made and it was not long before the detectives discovered the grave and identified the remains.

Meanwhile, news had been brought to the Australian police that another man named Preston had gone into the mountains and never returned. Next the body of this Preston was discovered. Then it was found that another man had disappeared under the same circumstances as those surrounding the vanishing of Weller. Then another and another, and still another. The news of these disappearances ran from end to end of Australia, and the whole police system of the country was brought to bear upon the case. Finally it was found that a man named Lee Weller had applied to the Sailors' Home at Newcastle for a berth on a ship. Seven days later this Lee Weller shipped out of Newcastle before the mast on the British tramp ship Swanhilda, bound for San Francisco in coal. This was all the detectives wanted to know. The man calling himself Weller was Butler beyond any doubt, suddenly grown suspicious and resolved upon a bolt. Butler's photograph was identified at once by the Superintendent of the Sailors' Home as the supposed Lee Weller. It was out of the question to overhaul Butler now, but two Australian detectives, McHattie and Conroy, took passage on a steamer for San Francisco, where they arrived some three weeks ago.

They outstripped Butler and waited for him. At the same time another detective set out for London to obtain extradition papers. Upon obtaining these documents he crossed the ocean to New York and immediately departed for San Francisco, where he joined the other detectives.

The detectives, re-enforced by others until there were seven in all, took up their quarters in a room on Meigs' wharf at San Francisco to await the arrival of the Swanhilda. The ship arrived Friday and Butler, doubtless astounded to find that he had been outstripped, was taken into custody.

COL. CROFTON'S RETIREMENT.

President Cleveland's Action Creates a Sensation in Army Circles.

The retirement of Col. Crofton, of the Fifteenth Infantry, by order of the President, has created a sensation in army circles. Col. Crofton refused to accept an invitation to voluntarily retire. While he was in command at Fort Sheridan there were several sensational affairs. Lieut. Maney killed Captain Hedberg. Crofton was struck in the face by Lieut. Welsh during a dispute in the colonel's tent. Lieut. Samuel F. Pague, of Company F, fired three bullets at Col. Crofton, one of the missiles going into the ground and the other two piercing the command-



COLONEL R. E. A. CROFTON.

ing officer's overcoat. The colonel was with the lieutenant's wife at the time. These cases, together with an odd murder or two among the privates and some other evidences of disorganization at the post, excited the indignation of the Secretary of War and the President to the utmost degree. Col. Crofton is one of a little company of foreigners who were jumped into the regular army early in the war in pursuance of a well-matured plan by President Lincoln looking toward the acceptance of the services of foreign soldiers who could be depended upon to be without bias in the sectional strife then beginning.



His works and name shall ever live
Till chaos rules the earth;
Let every patriot hail the day
That celebrates his birth.



"Please, Dan'pa, will 'oo tell me," asked a small but thoughtful youth, "Why is a little hatchet called a symbol of the truth?"

"Why, don't you know?" said grandpa. Little Bobby shook his head.

"I tooly don't," he answered. "Then you ought to," grandpa said.

"All ready," he continued, taking Bobby on his knee, "It's going to be a story, and you're wide awake, I see. Once on a time a little boy of just about your lift Received a little hatchet from his father for a gift—"

"Oh, what a funny present," thoughtful Bobby cried. "Suppose That boy had chopped his fingers off and bloodied all his clothes; I duss his foolish papa then would cry a lot. I say!

Why didn't that boy's mamma take the hatchet right away?"

"Perhaps she didn't know it," grandpa laughed; "at any rate Next morning bright and early rose that little boy elate, To try his little hatchet; in his father's garden he Displayed his skill by cutting down a favorite cherry tree."

"A cherry tree?" cried Bobby. "Weren't any woods around? Why, cherries are the gooddest things to eat I ever found; I duss that little fellow wasn't smart a bit, like me— Say, Dan'pa! Do you fink I'd kill a lovely cherry tree?"

"Of course you wouldn't, Bobby; you're too fond of things to eat; But, just for fun, suppose you did, and then had chanced to meet Your father in the garden, and he sternly asked you who Cut down his favorite cherry tree. Now, tell me what you'd do."

"Well, Dan'pa! let me fink. If I cut down his cherry tree And papa came and caught me with the hatchet, wouldn't he Know certain sure I did it? If I told a story, why He'd whip me twice as hard, you know, for telling him a lie."

"But if I looked real sorry and I didn't skip, and said, 'Dear pop! forgive poor Bobby, who cut down your tree,' instead Of getting any whipping wouldn't papa say, 'My son! Because you didn't tell a lie, no whipping will be done?'"

"Ahem!" said Grandpa, startled by the wisdom of the tot. "That's just the thing that happened in the story. Now you trot Away to bed, and say your prayers before you close your eyes, And dream about the whippings bad boys get for telling lies."

—Detroit Free Press.

Washington's Greatest Glory.

The transcendent glory of Washington as a soldier is that when the war was ended he surrendered his victorious and stain-

less sword to the civil authority. For eight long years he had carried that great trust without salary or pecuniary compensation of any kind, never but once seeing his beloved Mount Vernon. A pliant army, smarting under grievances, would have made him king or dictator. He crushed the very suggestion with indignant rebuke. Cromwell and Napoleon, after successful revolutions, had held on to power. There is hardly another case in history where, under like circumstances, power has been voluntarily surrendered. Washington set for all successful generals, in all ages after him, a noble and immortal example, when he sought out that weak and migratory congress at Annapolis and in such dignified and manly words as these closed his impressive speech of resignation:

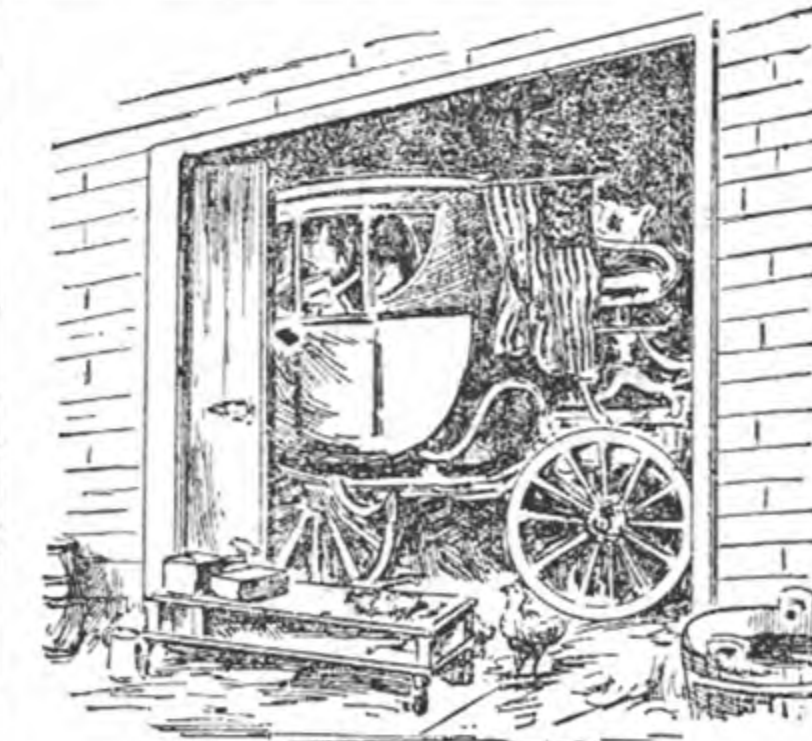
"Having now finished the work assigned me, I retire from the great theater of action, and bidding an affectionate farewell to this august body, under whose orders I have so long acted, I here offer my commission and take my leave of all the employments of public life."

WASHINGTON'S COACH.

It Is Now a Roost for Chickens in an Old Barn in New York.

Washington's coach, in which the father of his country rode to his inauguration and which should be treasured as a precious relic, is now rusting away in an old stable in New York, serving as a roost for chickens and a catch-all for discarded things usually thrown into garrets. A few years ago this coach was purchased for \$6,500, but to-day it is virtually neglected.

With what delight, says the New York Press in commenting on this, would the French take this graceful relic and array



WASHINGTON'S MISUSED COACH.

it in the Musee de Cluny beside the Napoleon carriages guarded so reverently! None would esteem it better as a public possession than the Swiss or Tyroleans, who have his portrait and that of Abraham Lincoln in honored places on the walls of their homes. His appeal is as strong as that of the other who "made way for liberty"—brave Arnold Winkelried. And wouldn't the Italians like to wheel it into the great armory at Turin! It would look interesting beside the stuffed skin of the horse that carried the hero of Marengo, and the picturesque accoutrements of Garibaldi. Here in New York it is falling away with neglect.

If all men knew what they say of one another, there would not be four friends in the world. This appears by the quarrels which are sometimes caused by indiscreet reports.

THE INDIANA SOLONS

Attorney General Ketcham sent to the Legislature Monday a long communication in reference to the investigation of the Vandalia Railway Company, and with it a statement submitted at the request of the Legislature, by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. In his communication the Attorney General charges that the statement furnished by the railroad company is not a true one, that it is taken from the published reports which were made up with the view of defrauding the State. The next step will be to try to pass a bill authorizing the Attorney General to proceed in the courts against the road for the collection of the \$1,500,000 alleged to be due the State. The bill which has been prepared provides that if the debt is found to be a just one the State shall take possession of the road and operate it until the debt shall have been paid.

The Legislature Tuesday, as for some time past, did nothing of importance. At the Republican caucus Tuesday night it was decided to stand by the apportionment bill. A half dozen Republicans had previously refused to support it. It is understood the bolters have agreed to abide by the caucus action. Representative Bellamy Sutton's anti-French bill of fare amendment to the hotel bill was called up, but did not result in the sport that many had looked forward to. Mr. Sutton explained that he had never expected the amendment to become a law. "If others can get along with the French bills of fare at the hotels when they come to the city I can," he said. Without permitting a discussion a quick-witted member moved to lay the amendment on the table before the discussion got started, and it was killed without a struggle.

The Senate Wednesday, after an all-day debate, passed the bill amending the general election law, substituting a pencil for the stamp now used in marking the ballot; preventing fusion between parties by providing that the name of a candidate shall not appear more than once on any ballot, and prohibiting a candidate from withdrawing after his name has been certified to the election board. The bill was passed by a strict party vote. The Senate also passed the caucus bill repealing the present metropolitan police laws and substituting one under which the new Republican Governor may appoint police commissioners for such throughout the State. The Republicans in the House passed the legislative apportionment bill agreed upon in caucus.

The lower branch of the Legislature Thursday passed the bill providing for the creation of a labor commission and for the arbitration of labor troubles. There was but one vote against the bill, and it is believed it will pass the Senate. The bill provides for a commission composed of two electors appointed by the Governor. One must have been for ten years an employe for wages at a craft, and the other must have been an employer of men for ten years. The commissioners are authorized to appoint a secretary at a salary of \$600 a year. In case labor troubles arise the commissioners are to put themselves in communication with the parties to the quarrel and endeavor to bring about a settlement. In case of no settlement the commissioners and the Circuit judge of the county in which the trouble arises shall compose a board of arbitration. The bill provides that the commissioners shall receive \$10 a day for time actually expended, and the necessary traveling expenses. There goes with the bill an appropriation of \$5,000 for 1897, and the same amount for 1898. The entire afternoon in the House was occupied with a discussion of the bill presented by Representative Jones, the only colored member, providing that children of colored parents shall be admitted to the white schools of the State. Under the present law they are supplied with separate schools in the larger cities, and are entitled to enter the white high schools. The House adjourned without having reached a vote on the bill. The Senate passed several bills of minor importance. Gov. Mount approved the bill creating a Superior Court circuit of the counties of Howard and Grant, and appointed Hiram Brownlee of Marion, late candidate for the nomination for United States Senator, judge of the new court.

The bill of Gabriel Jones, the colored legislator from Indianapolis, providing that separate schools for colored children be done away with, was recommitted Friday by a majority vote for an amendment to the effect that where colored schools were not provided colored children should be admitted to the regular schools for white children with equal privileges. The bill establishing a new mathematical truth in squaring the circle was about to be passed by the Senate when the point was raised that the Legislature had no power to declare a truth, and it was indefinitely postponed. The State Superintendent has accepted the demonstration, and it is understood will introduce the same in Indiana text books. The demonstration shows that the time-honored multiple of 3.1416 plus, by which the diameter of a circle is multiplied to find the circumference, should be 3.2. Dr. Goodwin, of Solitude, Posey County, the author of the rule, has his formula copyrighted not only in this country but also in seven countries of Europe.

A Happy Editor.

It is our deliberate opinion that Mr. H. B. Ouzis has a bigger heart, and that the milk of human kindness enters more largely into his make-up than any other man on the face of the earth. He has shown this editor repeated favors, and does not seem to tire in well-doing. On last Tuesday he came to town, and called at our home in Poverty Row and left a whole lot of spareribs and backbones, flanked up with a liberal quantity of sweet potatoes. Such favors, we are told, afford pleasure to the giver, while we know by experience that they bring good cheer and contentment to the recipient and put him in good humor with all mankind. We assure Mr. Ouzis of our most distinguished consideration. —McCormick (S. C.) Times.

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Communication.

RUTLAND, Feb 17, '97.

To Rip Rap:

Every community is cursed more or less by the work of satan or his angels, and I am sorry that Rutland and vicinity is no exception to this rule. "Rip Rap" has dipped his pen in gall taken from the deep recesses of satan's heart and straightway tries to besmirch those who dare to do that which they believe to be right, noble and honorable. Whenever some of the would-be angels fail to gratify their pent up selfish ambition they make haste to adopt Satan's golden rule of "rule or ruin"; but, dear Rip Rap, I know, and you may know it also, that this "rule or ruin" policy often succeeds where ignorance abounds, but in a community like ours where intelligence reigns supreme it always brings shame and disgrace to those who are foolish enough to try to enforce it.

Some of the farmers are unable to understand why it is that they are not looked up to. The answer is easy, for the good book says, "They that exalt themselves shall be abased; but they that humble themselves shall be exalted." See!

No doubt Rip Rap's angelic face beamed with smiles when he wrote that item wherein he stated that Rev. Vinnedge's Bible lectures "closed for want of attendance." The lack of attendance can be attributed to two causes. First, the inclemency of the weather; second, an organized effort of some of the would-be angels to persuade people to stay away, and, of course, they succeeded to a certain degree; and, for argument sake will give Rip Rap and his followers the credit for causing Mr. Vinnedge, after less than a week's effort, to close his lectures. But I dare say that they have brought reproach upon their own heads.

Human nature has endowed some people with an ambition to become conspicuous, so Rip Rap and his angels have complied with this innate law of nature and made themselves conspicuous by their absence from the Vinnedge lectures. Hence, the failure and the great joy.

O, Rip Rap, why didn't you tell us about the series of meetings which was held at our new church just prior to the Vinnedge lecture, which lasted nearly a month, and I regret to say, came to a close without one accession. Was it for want of attendance? No, indeed. This meeting was conducted by that talented and learned minister, Rev. Elder Martz, who is one of the ablest pulpit orators in the state, who had the assistance of not a few of the Christian people regardless of creeds of this and surrounding neighborhood who labored earnestly and faithfully for the salvation of souls with the above results. Of course these same ambitious citizens made themselves conspicuous by their presence during these series of meetings. Therefore, it has been demonstrated that those who are not neophytes in satan's "rule or ruin" policy, can cause much harm whether they are present or not, or in other words if their absence brought failure to the former it is but fair to presume that their presence caused a like result to the latter.

May it be known among us that whosoever shall take the liberty without imploring with hat in hand on beaded knee, permission from the parvenus to attend lectures, etc., you will be styled the "Judas of the church." Not only that, but they would, if it were possible apply their "rule or ruin" policy and cast such out of the church and Sunday school head first.

However, if Rip Rap and his would be angels are no more successful in this venture than they have been in their past undertaking, then we fear not.

By the way, Rip Rap, I presume that you are somewhat of a Bible student, and as I am quite anxious to know the extent of Judas' sins, please tell me in your next communication whether or not Judas got his property insured and then burned it for the insurance. U-No.

Trip to Ohio.

Thursday evening Feb. 11, accompanied by Masters Val and Georgie Nearpass, we boarded the night train on the Nickel Plate, bound for Kingsville, Ohio. On said evening the snow, the beautiful snow, was coming down in chunks, and when we arrived at Fort Wayne, it looked as though there was a foot upon the ground; but east of said city two or three miles, the sky was clear and bright, only here and there a few banks of drifted snow appearing. The next morning at 10:24 o'clock we arrived at Cleveland and was met at the train by Mr. Arnold Vactor, who married our niece Miss Winnifred Nearpass formerly a compositor in this office. Mr. and Mrs. Vactor are nicely located at 41 Pennsylvania avenue, and are happy in the possession of a charming little daughter aged six months. On Friday afternoon Mr. Vactor escorted us through the various public buildings, all of which are a credit to the city of Cleveland and its enterprising citizens. We also visited the soldier's and sailor's monument, which is the finest in the world, the workmanship being simply superb. Saturday morning we left for Kingsville where we visited our brothers and aged father, leaving that historic little city which is built upon the shore of Lake Erie, Tuesday morning. Times are dull in Ohio, the same as everywhere else, and people are anxious for those good times expected when the "Majah" takes the chair at Washington.

Dakota Ragged Top.

The rush for Ragged Top continues, regardless of wind and weather. The regular stages from Lead and Deadwood are crowded every day, and a stream of vehicles is headed for camp every morning, consequently the roads are open and in good condition, says the Shaft. While the office of the Preston Townsite Co. is a popular resort for visitors, the interest is by no means confined to the town, for a large per cent of them are intent on the mining interests of this camp, and are looking for investments or watching for a chance to lease a piece of land. A number of such contracts have recently been made upon terms that cannot fail to prove satisfactory to all concerned.

The B. & M. paymaster was interviewed by an Omaha Bee reporter a few days ago, and during that interview he said: "Cripple Creek won't be in it for a single minute. When spring rolls around you'll see the greatest rush to the Black Hills the west has ever heard of." The paymaster had just returned from his monthly tour with the Burlington pay car, and he now thinks, talks and dreams of little save the wonderful wealth in the gold ore of the Black Hills." He continued: "The Burlington has just opened a new station known as Crown Hill, a few miles from Ragged Top, the mine that is yielding the best results. The Elkhorn, too, taps that part of the country. The railway facilities are good, and I believe there will be tremendous movement out there in the spring. One of our section hands has just resigned his position. He secured a claim from grounds thereabouts. Some one that he found near the top showed by an assay to be worth \$425 a ton. He shipped one carload, and after paying the freight and smelting charges had \$3,500 left. Of course, we can't hold section hands against inducements like that. A traveling salesman came

through while I was there. He had clothing for sale. Some of the boys thought they would have some fun with him by selling him worthless land. They worked off a small strip of land to him and secured four suits of clothes as their part of the trade. The clothing man secured \$18,000 from the gold ore on his supposedly worthless land, and has just sold his claim for \$7,000. As a matter of fact, nearly all the ore shows on an assay that it is worth from \$150 to \$500 a ton."—Denver Daily Mining Record.

NOTICE.—Since January 1, the service for J. E. Myers' celebrated Polled-Durham bull has been reduced to \$3.00 each. If not paid within nine months, five dollars will be charged. Good security in every service expected.

32-w2

J. E. MYERS.

Town Lots For Sale.

I have twenty town lots to sell, at twenty dollars a lot and upwards. These lots are desirable building sites and each lot is a corner. Suitable terms will be given if desired. Call at once and get your choice.

J. H. KOONTZ.

A radical change has been made in the appearance of many of Marmont's ladies, due to the use of Dr. Agnew's Carbolic Salve. It cures chapped hands and face, tetter, pimples, eczema, salt rheum, chilblains, etc. Will perform wonders in all skin troubles. For sale at the Culver City Drug Store.

Application for License.

To the Citizens of Walnut township, Marshall county, and State of Indiana:

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he will apply to the Board of County Commissioners of said County, at their next regular term to be held at the court house, in the city of Plymouth, in said county, commencing on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1897, for a license to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, in a less quantity than a quart at a time, and also for a permit to sell soft drinks, cigars, tobacco and lunch, with the privilege of allowing said liquors to be drunk and said lunch eaten on the premises where sold for one year.

My place of business whereon said liquors are to be sold and drunk, is located in a room fronting east on Michigan street, on the ground floor of a two-story brick building, situated on the following described real estate, to-wit: Eleven (11) feet and three (3) inches off of the north side of Lot number four (4) and nine (9) feet and six (6) inches off of the south side of lot number three (3) in Maxon's addition to the town of Argos, Walnut township, Marshall county, state of Indiana. Said room wherein said liquors are to be sold and drunk is thirty-two (32) feet and eight (8) inches long; nineteen (19) feet and six (6) inches wide; and fourteen (14) feet high.

33 CHARLES DAVIS.

Application for License.

To the Citizens of Union Township, Marshall County, and State of Indiana

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he will apply to the Board of County Commissioners of said county at their next regular term to be held at the court house, in the city of Plymouth, in said county, commencing on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1897, for a license to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, in a less quantity than a quart at a time, with the privilege of allowing said liquors to be drunk on the premises where sold, for one year, and also for the privilege of selling soft drinks, lunch, cigars and tobacco, on the premises described as follows: In a room on the entire first floor of a two-story frame building situated on lot number four (4) in the original plat of the town of Burr Oak, Marshall county, State of Indiana. Said room wherein said liquors are to be sold and drunk is forty-five (45) feet long; twenty (20) feet wide, and eleven (11) feet high; fronting east on Main street.

WILLIAM VANDERWEELE.

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE.

A well improved 200-acre farm near Tyner—140 acres in cultivation, balance in timber and pasture. Two sets of buildings, good orchard, running stream through the farm, mostly black heavy soil. This farm will bear investigation. Will trade for small farm in this state or might exchange for Southwestern land.

160 acres improved farm 3 miles from Marmont, 138 acres in cultivation, balance timber. Partly black loam soil, good house and barn and other outbuildings, good orchard. Wants less land in this county or town property. Might trade for Western land.

140-acre farm, fine, 2 1/2 miles from Plymouth, 130 acres under the plow, good orchard and buildings. Wants good paying business property in any good town.

120-acre improved farm 5 miles northwest from Plymouth, 100 acres under the plow, balance timber, good soil. Will trade for small farm or land of less value.

120 acres near Marmont, all under plow except 10 acres in timber, dark sandy loam, good orchard. I will sell cheap and take other land or town property in part payment. Buildings are in good shape.

80 acres 2 1/2 miles north-east of Plymouth—elegant buildings, good soil and fine neighborhood. Come and see farm and make an offer.

80 acres 3 miles from Marmont, 50 acres under cultivation, balance wood and pasture, good buildings, good soil, near school; will exchange for town property or less land.

78 acres 3 miles from Plymouth, 60 acres under plow, good buildings, wind pump, good soil and good orchard; wants 40 acres or good town property in part payment.

40 acres 5 1/2 miles from Plymouth and near Twin Lakes, most all in cultivation, good buildings; will sell cheap.

If you wish to buy, sell, or exchange real estate or merchandise, list your property with me. I will advertise it without cost unless a deal is made. Address,

GEO. E. PAUL

Corbin Bjock,

Plymouth, Ind



Our Spring goods will all be in b
March -
Remember i
will pay you
to take a
look
before making
your
Spring Purchas
PORTER & G

We are Sole Agents for Marsh
COUNTY FOR THE

Celebrated Cresco Corsets

guaranteed to be the best Corset manufactured in America.

Perfect in Fit! Absolutely Unbreakable! Reasonable in Price!

These Corsets are all made with a double hip, which works like a joint, affording perfect freedom of bodily motion; and are so constructed that it is impossible to break them at the hip line.

We would be pleased to have every lady call at our store and take one of these Corsets home on approval.

Respectfully yours,

Kloepfer's New York Store

Great Clearing Sale Of Winter Goods.

Last call on Overcoats, Winter Suits, Underwear, Caps, Gloves and Mittens. A general reduction of 33 and 1-3 to 50 per cent on everything in our big store.

M. LAUER & SON,

One-Price Outfitters.

Plymouth, Ind

AN IMPORTANT CHANGE.

Beginning with JANUARY 1, 1897, you can get the

CULVER CITY HERALD

AND THE

Detroit Fre Press,

Twice a week, both one year, for only

\$1.50 in Advance.

Less than 1c. per copy. Sample copies free.

FIRE.

FIRE.

FIRE.

Get insured before you have a fire. Notice the fine list of Insurance Companies represented right here in Culver City:

OHIO FARMERS,
INDIANA UNDERWRITERS,
PACIFIC.

GERMAN FIRE OF INDIANA,
CITIZENS OF EVANSVILLE,
GIRARD,

MUTUAL LIFE OF NEW YORK.

Give me a call.

DAN G. WALTER, Culver, Ind.

City Notes.

Vanchoiack has just received a fine line of shoes.

Samuel Buswell has a sick child. Lagrippe is the cause.

Mrs. B. W. S. Wiseman left today via the Vandalia for a visit with friends near Terre Haute.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Keller, Tuesday evening, a girl; consequently our tonsorial artist is happy.

Remember the auction of household goods Saturday Feb. 20. Sale four doors south of postoffice in this city.

Forty-nine young people of this vicinity went to Bass Lake Monday evening and surprised John Kaley and family. A splendid time is reported.

M. McCrosky of Rosewood, Ohio, is visiting the family of Jasper Curtis, of Maxenkuckee. Mr. McCrosky is a brother of Mrs. Curtis.

Mr. Abe Stotts, who has been spending several weeks in this city with his family, returned to North Dakota Wednesday. His wife and children will follow him in the spring.

An Argos young man whose parents won't buy him a bicycle is going to make one himself says an exchange. He will use the frame of his mind, the wheel of his head, the seat of his pants, the rubber in his neck and the tire of his legs.

A little son of Geo. Lichtenburger, of North Dakota, who is visiting his grand-father Peter L., of Hibbard, is reported quite sick with pneumonia. Dr. B. W. S. Wiseman of this city is the attending physician.

John W. Osborn, of Marmont, Ind., has Ten (10) Tons of Clover Hay for sale at \$6 per ton. The hay is in his barn in Stark county.

Lung fever is raging in and surrounding towns and many deaths have resulted therefrom. If one uses proper precautions against it one need not fear its evils. Dr. Agnew's Balsam of Tar and Wild Cherry acts like a charm in preventing it and cures the worst kinds of coughs and bronchial affections. Children will like it and cry for more. For sale at the Culver City Drug Store.

Last summer while a number about here were talking about going to Cripple Creek, a quiet young man by the name of Aleck Shaw, took a ticket on the hurricane deck of a bicycle, and with "red headed" determination started for the much talked of place. In due course of time he reached it and went to work, with his eyes surveying the surroundings and gaining practical knowledge of mining operations, took a partner and went to prospecting, have taken some claims and with grit, pick and giant powder they are sinking a shaft down through the granite ribs to open up some free gold. They are down 50 feet and indications are favorable for the output. His many friends about here hopes to see him return in an easier way than what he went. His kind of pluck is what wins.

Happy Event.

Quite a pleasant evening was spent at the residence of Mr. G. D. Krieger and family, south-west of this city, Feb. 17, 1897.

The occasion was the marriage of their daughter Lillie and Mr. Arthur W. Zechiel. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. W. Barber. After the usual congratulations, bounteous refreshments were served, which of course was followed by the ordinary serenade of bells and musketry by the boy's brigade of the community. Those present from the immediate neighborhood, were grandmother Stahl, Reuben Kaley, Roy Wickizer, (teacher,) Elmer Sturgeon, J. H. Zechiel and family and Mrs. V. D. Barber. From abroad, Jacob Krieger and wife and Mrs. Dora Hoes, of South Bend, Ind. Angeline Knepp, Laura and Emma Price, of Lakeville, Ind., and Minerva Price, of North Judson, Ind. May their lives be long and happy

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP

Farmers, Attention!

MR. D. BUCKLEY, formerly of Plymouth, having purchased a half interest in the Henry Born Blacksmith and Wagon Shop, invites you to give the firm a call. Mr. Buckley needs no eulogizing, as a wood worker he has few equals and no superior.

Wagons, Buggies, Sleighs, and

Farming Implements.

repaired on short notice, and all work guaranteed. BORN is a born blacksmith and you know is a dandy at the business, and the firm will always be found at their place of business. Don't take your work to other towns, but patronize home industry.

BORN & BUCKLEY, Culver City.



The New York Weekly Tribune

AND

Culver City Herald

FOR

\$1.30

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

contains TWENTY PAGES of excellent Reading Matter. In fact it is the Leading Newspaper of the East.

Take advantage of this great offer which holds good for the next SIXTY DAYS. Remember the TRIBUNE and HERALD only \$1.30. Anyone paying us 30 cents in cash and bringing us One Dollars worth of wood, potatoes, flour, meat, etc., can secure both papers. Call early.

Sample copies can be seen at this office.

We are Headquarters

FOR

Groceries, Provisions, ... and ... Queensware.

We pay the highest price for Farm Produce. Call in and get acquainted. Yours for business,

H. J. MEREDITH,

MARMONT, IND.

OUR STOCK IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

will soon be complete and ready for the SPRING TRADE.

Have bought in large and varied quantities, at greatly reduced prices, all necessary seasonable merchandise.

Will be exceptionally strong in Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Cloaks, Muslin Underwear, Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Neckwear, Carpets, Linoleums and Curtains.

Particular attention is desired to be drawn to our MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which will be, as usual, par excellence.

Will quote exceptionally low prices on all Winter Goods just at present, as we need room to place our spring stock.

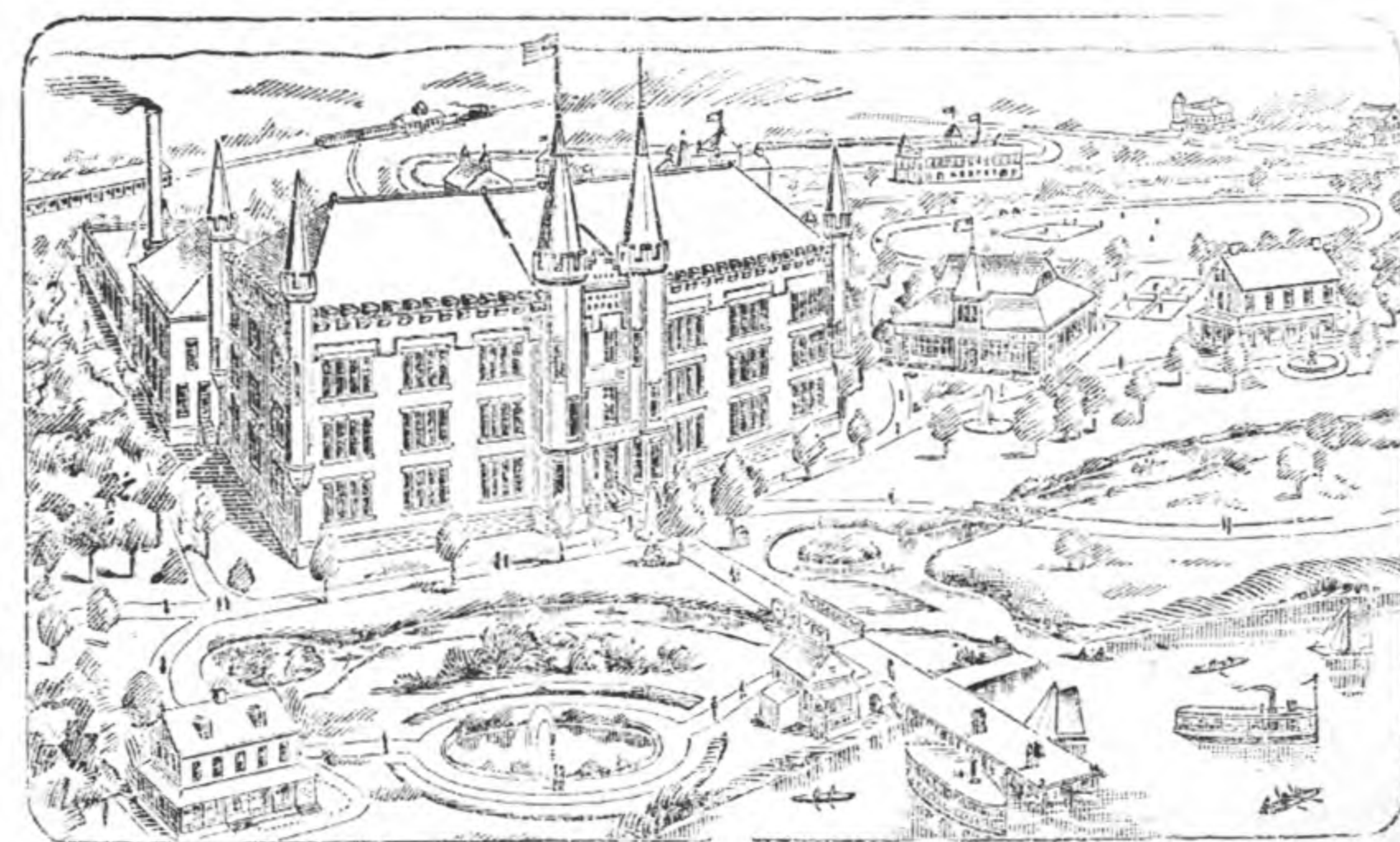
Ball & Carabin, PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

HELLO! A WORD TO THE FRMERS!

Do you want to use the BEST and SIMPLEST Binder MADE, longest LIVED and lightest DRAFT, the Simplest Knotter; ONLY FIVE PIECES in ALL, and will cut and BIND where all other machines will SINK and STOP and you will be compelled to get RAILS and PLANK, and perhaps a Jack Screw. We, with our LIGHT RUNNING PLANO, will be cutting with TWO little PONIES, and you will decide the same when you see OUR Balance WHEEL doing the WORK, and us off in the shade looking at you sweating and prying your old styles out of the MUD. So call and see us before you BUY.

Lillybridge & Eddinger, Plymouth, Ind.

CULVER MILITARY ACADEMY



is situated on Lake Maxenkuckee, Indiana, in a beautiful park of 80 acres containing campus, fine course for cavalry practice, track for bicycle and sprinting races, lawn tennis and base ball grounds, gymnasium, (70x80 feet), six flowing artesian wells, etc. The lake is one of the most beautiful in the United States, covers an area of about 12 square miles, is wholly fed by springs, has a beautiful gently sloping beach, and is a most pleasant and popular summer resort, affording opportunity for all kinds of aquatic sports. The Academy and Dormitory building is complete in every particular, entirely new ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF, finished in hard wood, heated by steam lighted by electricity, has hot and cold water baths, lavatories, and all toilet conveniences. The course of study comprises cadets for college, scientific schools, business, West Point or Annapolis. The Academy is under the supervision of a West Point graduate and ex-army officer of large experience in teaching, who will have direct control of the discipline of the cadets. For further information and catalogue address: Culver Military Academy, Marmont, Ind.

CULVER CITY HARNESS STORE.

A good stock to select from. Heavy and Light HARNESS, NETS, HARNESS OIL AND AXLE GREASE.

Is the place to get your

Harness Goods

Live and Let Live, is my principles.

DUSTERS, HAMMOCKS, SWEAT PADS, BRUSHES, COMBS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, WHIPS, LASHES, ETC.

Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of the same. Goods as represented.

HAYDEN REA

GREATER NEW YORK.

AN ERA IN THE HISTORY OF THE METROPOLIS.

Completion of the New York Central's Four-Track Draw-Bridge Over the Harlem River, and of the \$3,000,000 Steel Viaduct.

Remarkable Engineering Feat.
One of the most remarkable feats of engineering on record is nearing completion, and the passenger entering New York City from the north will soon ride over one of the grandest examples of steel railway construction yet accomplished in this age of marvelous results in that direction.

Going south at 149th street, the tracks of the New York Central begin to rise gradually, and at 135th street they cross the Harlem river on the new four-track

the tracks will cross the street fourteen feet above the level of the street, and at this point a magnificent passenger station is to be built, extending from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, under the four-track viaduct.

This improvement will be of immense value to the entire State—in fact, to the whole country—as the bridge, being so high above the water, will never have to be opened, except when large steamers or vessels with masts are to pass through; all tugs, canal boats, barges, etc., will have ample room to go under the bridge while it is closed.

The Harlem river, having been declared by Congress a ship canal, the Secretary of War has issued orders that all tugs and barges shall joint their smokestacks and flag poles, to enable them to pass under the bridge while it is closed. He has also ordered that the bridge shall not be opened between the hours of seven and ten o'clock in the morning, and four and seven in the afternoon, except for police, fire or Government vessels, the hours named

LOOK FOR OTHER JOBS

CLEVELAND AND HIS MINISTERS PREPARE TO GET OUT.

What They Expect to Do When Uncle Sam's Pay Checks Stop—Mr. Cleveland Will Go Direct to His New Home at Princeton.

After March 4. Washington correspondence:



YET a little while and Mr. Cleveland's household of cabinet ministers will hold its last meeting, after which its members—a majority of them, at least—will scatter to the four quarters of the land to take up anew the burden of life as it is lived by unofficial members of the business and social world. Most of the cabinet ministers will, undoubtedly, be filled with joy because of their release from the cares of state; others will put off official life with lingering regrets, and yet others are apparently laying careful plans looking to their remaining in Washington, for the present, at least.

The prospect of handing over his portfolio to a successor evidently possesses no



MORTON MAY VISIT TO JAPAN.

unpleasant features to Secretary of War Lamont. He will cut loose from the martial environments of the war office and go to New York by the first train he can catch on the 5th of March. Secretary Morton will seek to forget the cares of office among the almond-eyed natives of the orient. The prospect is evidently an alluring one to the Secretary of Agriculture, for he talked enthusiastically about his plans to the writer.

"I shall go from here to Chicago," he said. "I have three sons in business there, and I intend to stay and visit them for awhile. Then I shall go to my place in Nebraska City—Arbor Lodge. I have lived in that neighborhood nearly all my life, and I intend to stay at my Nebraska City home for a little while. When I do



MR. CLEVELAND MAY WEAR THIS GARB.

get ready to take a trip anywhere, I am going to Japan with one of my sons, Paul Morton, who is vice-president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road. It will be entirely a pleasure trip, and we have plans all laid for making it a thoroughly enjoyable one.

When Hoke Smith's successor leaves the scene of his short term of office as Secretary of the Interior, he will help to move the wheels of business in St. Louis again. "I am neither glad nor sorry to leave Washington," remarked Secretary Francis; "the few months that I have held my present office have been pleasant ones to me, but I shall not have any regrets when I am rolling westward in the direction of St. Louis. I shall return at once to my business life there."

Postmaster General Wilson proved to be in a negative rather than a positive humor



OLNEY GOES BACK TO HIS LAW DESK.

when discovered in his office. While signing documents with the patient, untiring energy of a machine, he undertook to deny

various rumors that have been afloat concerning his future ambitions in the business world. "You can deny," he said, as he added another autograph to the heap on his desk, "that I have been offered the managing editorship of a New York newspaper. I have been offered, but have not accepted, the presidency of educational institutions in various parts of the country. As an actual matter of fact, I have made no plans."

"I shall return to my corporation practice in Boston," said Secretary of State



CARLISLE HASN'T MADE UP HIS MIND.

Olney. "My business there has gone right along during my absence, and March 6 will probably see me in my Boston office engaged in the duties that I left to come here." For many reasons Washington will miss no cabinet minister more than it will Attorney General Harmon. He has taken an active interest in local amateur sports, and the athletes of Washington will shed tears when he leaves. "I go back to Cincinnati," he said, in reply to the writer's query, "to take my old place there with the firm of Harmon, Colston, Goldsmith & Hoagly, of which I am the senior partner."

Secretaries Carlisle and Herbert declared the future to be a sealed book to them, so far as present intentions are concerned. Secretary Carlisle preferred to fence my questions regarding his future movements. Rumor has it that he will practice law in New York, Cincinnati and half a dozen other places. As not even an ex-Secretary of the Treasury can be in more than one city at once, one rumor is as good as another. The fact is, say the Washingtonians, that Mr. Carlisle has yet hopes of staying in Washington, and, if



STEVENSON'S MYTHICAL ORANGE ORCHARDS.

his ambitious wife can manage it, he will. Private Secretary Thurber talked freely concerning the plans of the present incumbent, and incidentally knocked in the head a variety of rumors with regard to Mr. Cleveland's intentions when he says goodbye to the White House.

"The President," said Mr. Thurber, "with Mrs. Cleveland and the children, will go direct from Washington to his new home at Princeton, N. J. He intends to stay there only a short time, but hopes he will be allowed during that time to enjoy the welcome change from the bustle of official life to the quiet of a private residence. Buzzard's Bay has too firm a hold on the affections of both the President and Mrs. Cleveland for Princeton to charm them long. They will go to Gray Gables after a short stay at Princeton, and Mr. Cleveland expects to remain there for some time. He is in robust health, but has made no plans for going into active business life after March 4. He will take a prolonged rest before considering the question of getting into business again."

Vice-President Stevenson regrets very much that rumors of his vast wealth and growing estates are founded on nothing more substantial than shifting sand.

"I see they have me booked for California," said Mr. Stevenson, when asked regarding his future intentions. "There I am to assume the management of big olive groves that I have purchased presumably with the money I have put by during my term in Washington. I wish the kind friends who have credited me with possessing these olive and lemon treasures were correctly informed, but it isn't true, I regret to say. I have my home at Bloomington, Ill., and there I intend to go when I leave Washington."

Minor Mention.

Senator Hoar introduced a bill providing for a commission of three persons to revise and codify the criminal and penal laws of the United States.

The House Committee on Ways and Means considered a bill recommended by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to authorize the sale of forfeited opium to the highest bidders.

Representatives of the sugar growing interests are making an effort to secure from Congress an appropriation of \$1,045,000 to settle the balance of the bounties which they claim are due them under the act passed in the last session of the Fifty-third Congress.

The Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce agreed to report Senator Tillman's bill giving States the same control over liquor imported from other States that they have over liquors manufactured within their own borders. Some amendments are recommended.

BIG POOL IS QUASHED

UPON ITS RUINS RISES A TWO-MAN TRUST.

Carnegie and Rockefeller Will Attempt to Control the Steel Rail Markets of the World—Can Distance All Competitors.

Death of the Giant Steel Pool.

The Carnegie-Rockefeller interests in the iron and steel business have been combined, and they will seek to control the steel rail business of the world. Tuesday a \$17 price was announced at their Eastern mills, the cut from \$25 having been made within a few hours. The reduction was met by the Illinois Steel Company at Chicago, which makes about one-third of the rails produced in this country and which has never belonged to the steel pool, by a \$21 price, which, with freight, competes with the Eastern mills.

The Carnegie-Rockefeller combination is the outcome of a plan conceived by John D. Rockefeller years ago. He has gradually acquired control of the vast iron deposits of the Mesaba range, above Duluth. These deposits are so near the surface that mining has been done with scoops. Competitors had to sink deep shafts. Rockefeller bought or built railroads to the lake docks, and constructed the latter. When vessel owners squeezed him on freights, he built a magnificent fleet of whaleback barges, to carry his ore to the smelting furnaces on Lake Erie. These boats he built to draw 20 feet, and they carry ore so cheaply that scores of smaller boats cannot compete.

To make his ore into steel, he contemplated building his own smelter at Lake Erie docks which he owned, but at the last moment a deal with Carnegie was made, and the result is a two-man trust of power more stupendous than the world has ever before seen. They can produce finished steel rails cheaper than any other parties in the world, and they intend to control the markets of the universe.

This has been foreseen by other concerns. The Illinois Steel Company has already made sweeping reductions in wages in all departments, preparatory to the struggle, which President J. W. Gates saw to be serious.

The steel pool has been composed of the Carnegie Steel Company, the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company, the Maryland Steel Company, the Pennsylvania Steel Company, the Bethlehem Iron Company, the Cambria Iron Company. It was fostered by Carnegie and Rockefeller until their plans were complete, and then smashed at one blow.

Just before the World's Fair the railroads spent a large amount of money in the betterment of their roadbeds, and heavy purchases of steel rails resulted. Then came the blighting effects of the panic, and from that time until the present railway managers have been more strongly bent on keeping down the cash outgo than in keeping up their roadbed in the pink of condition. Nearly four years have passed since World's Fair preparations, and many of the lines are getting into bad physical condition.

All the principal lines are in position to require heavy purchases of new rails as soon as business improves, and that most railroad men believe will be after the inauguration of the new President. So confident are some railroad men that better times are at hand that they are likely to discount the future by placing heavy orders at once with the steel mills, now that the price of steel has gone to bottom notch.

Began at \$100 a Ton.

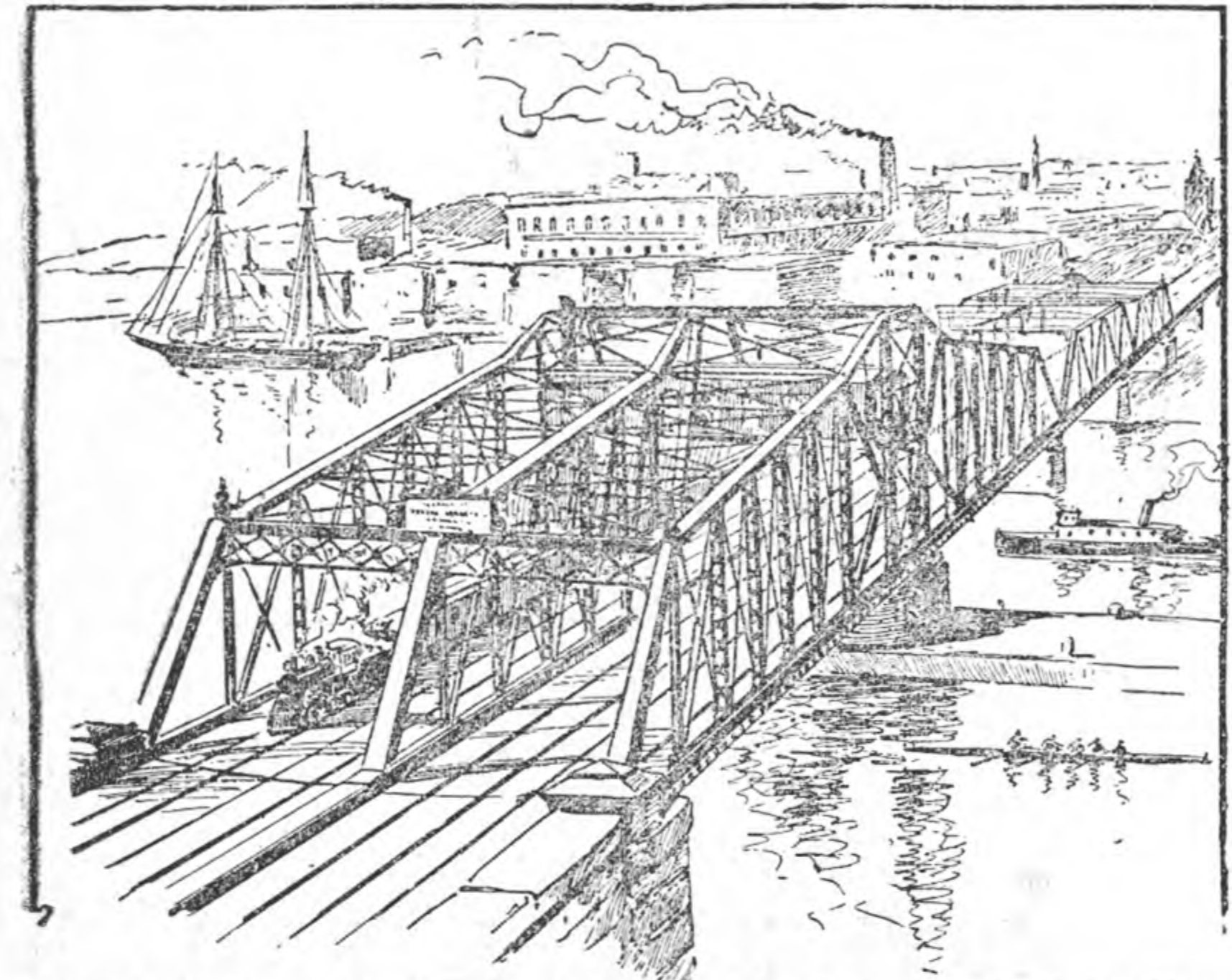
All the original lines of railway were built with iron rails, as steel in the early days was considered a luxury, to be used most sparingly. When railways began using steel for rails they imported them from England and paid about \$100 a ton for "John Brown" rails. A large mileage was laid with rails at that price. Then American mills began to make steel rails, and English competitors were finally driven from the field. Prices ranged down to \$60 a ton some years afterward, and with the steady advance in appliances for the manufacture and handling of the product the sagging in prices continued until \$50 was named one day as the price of steel rails. That announcement caused as much excitement in the trade as the news that steel rails were being offered at \$17. The larger part of the steel rails used in railway building was purchased at between \$50 and \$50 per ton.

Between \$100 and \$17 a ton for steel rails is the history of the most remarkable industrial development in the world. When American mills began to compete with foreign ironmongers the Lake Superior region was a wilderness. Duluth was unheard of except as a traders' hamlet. There were some copper mines on Lake Superior, but the unlimited resources of the region in iron ore were not dreamed of. Once started the development went on apace between the iron mines and the iron mills along Lake Erie and at Chicago. From a humble beginning of some 500 tons, shipped a score of years ago, to 10,000,000 tons of iron ore which went forward from the mines the last season of navigation is the record of that development. What English mills are offering steel rails for is no longer of interest.

WILL FEED 10,000.

McKinley's Inaugural Ball Caterer Has an Enormous Contract.

It is estimated that 10,000 persons must be fed at the McKinley inaugural ball and a Philadelphia caterer has the enormous contract. He has agreed to supply 300 gallons of consommé, 300 gallons of dressed terrapin, 300 gallons of chicken salad, 250 gallons of crab salad, 200 gallons of lobster salad, 300 gallons of coffee and 1,800 gallons of ice cream, to say nothing of 80,000 oysters. There will also be a quantity of mineral waters and punches, while the list of solid refreshments is quite as formidable, including 10,000 sandwiches, 8,000 chicken cutlets, 7,600 sweetbread patties, 250 Smithfield hams, 200 tongues, 180 turkeys and 250 pounds of assorted cakes.



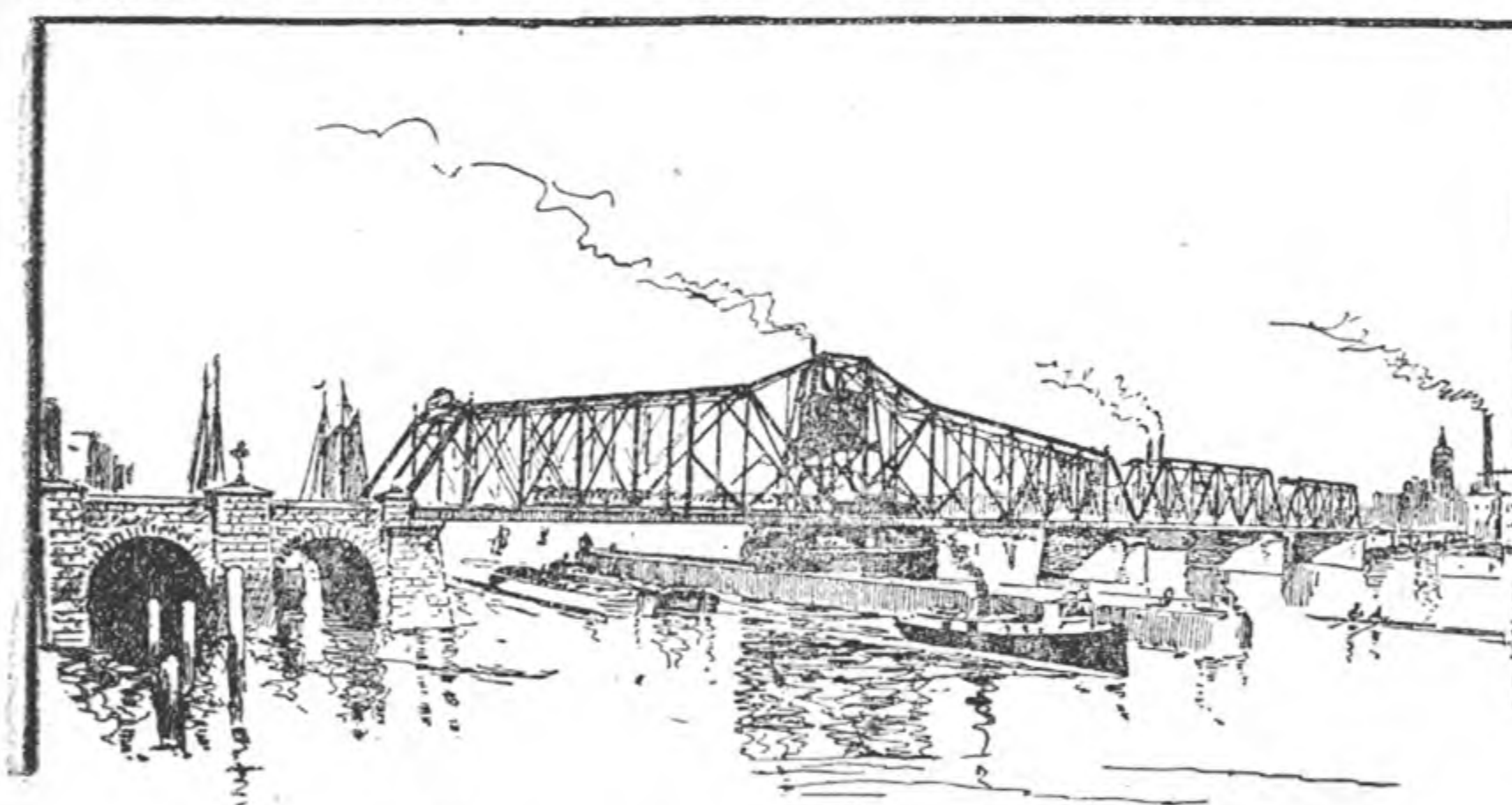
End view of the New York Central's new four-track steel draw-bridge over the Harlem River at 135th street, Greater New York. The largest structure of its kind in the world.

steel drawbridge, at an elevation of 24 feet above high tide.

This massive structure is remarkable in being the first four-track drawbridge ever constructed, and is the largest bridge of the kind in the world. It is 400 feet long and weighs 2,500 tons. The drawbridge is 58 feet 6 inches wide, from center to center of outside trusses, and is carried on three very heavy trusses. Between the central and each of the two side trusses is a clear space of 26 feet, which permits the passage of two sets of double tracks. The floor is corrugated, and the rails are bolted to it on steel tie plates. The trusses of the drawbridge span are 64 feet high in the center and 25 feet high at each end. At the highest part of these trusses is situated the engine house, which contains two oscillating double-cylinder engines, which turn the draw, and can be worked together or sep-

covering the great business traffic in and out of the city, the important through trains as well as the principal suburban trains arriving and departing during those hours. This will avoid delays, which have been, at times, very annoying, and permit of much faster service than could have been maintained under the old arrangements; and, as speed is one of the principal factors in travel in this age, this feature will prove an important one.

Quite a number of the great improvements which have recently been made in the northern part of the city can be seen from the trains as they pass over the new viaduct. Among them are Grant's Tomb, St. Luke's Hospital and the buildings of Barnard College and Columbia College, on Morningside Heights, and very soon the grand structure of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine will be observed. Further north, and on the west side of the



Side view of the new four-track steel draw-bridge over the Harlem River.

arately, so that if one should break down at any time the other can do the work.

From One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street south the four new tracks run over the steel viaduct to One Hundred and Tenth street, and thence by the stone viaduct to One Hundred and Sixth street, where they strike the level of the present four-track line.

The work of building this massive structure, which is here illustrated, began Sept. 1, 1893, and has continued without cessation until now, and will cost when completed considerably more than \$3,000,000. The completion of the new work will permit the opening of all cross streets under the railway and so admit a perfectly free passage for street traffic.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street, which has become a great thoroughfare, will be entirely free, as the trains which heretofore crossed it at grade will pass over it at an elevation that will allow street cars and all traffic perfect freedom. At One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street,

Harlem river, the now famous speedway is under construction and approaching completion; the magnificent High Bridge, Washington Bridge, McComb's Dam Bridge and the viaduct leading to it, from the north, are works of art as well as of great utility, under which the trains pass, and on the right may be seen the buildings of the University of the City of New York, Webb's Sailors' Home, and hundreds of other new buildings of less importance. North of the Harlem river, on the Harlem division, is Bronx Park, which is to contain the great Botanical Gardens and Zoological Gardens of Greater New York, and within a few years this portion of the city will offer attractions which will be unsurpassed in their character by any city in the world.

Greater New York, which is nineteen miles wide by thirty-five miles long, certainly offers to the tourist and seeker after knowledge or pleasure more inducements than any other American city, and few cities in Europe can equal it.

It took several days of Mr. von Schoeler's time to produce them, too.

"The scissors lay on the carver's work-table. The fly started across the table, and he took flight. The shears were so light that the insect moved away with the ease before Mr. von Schoeler could rescue his precious little prize. The fly has not been seen since. Neither have the scissors. The former owner of the scissors says the fly is at home cutting out a new pair of light trousers for summer use."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A correspondent of the New York Press claims that baked bananas are the ideal food for nervous persons and brain workers. He also says that this food will unfailingly build up and strengthen lean, blood-poor persons. The banana should be baked in its skin in an oven for fifteen or twenty minutes.

The Fly and the Scissors.

Many Kentucky people who have seen the wonderful work of Carl G. von Schoeler, the Kuttawa engraver, will testify to the truth of this story, told by Irvin Cobb in the Paducah News, though it will sound much like a pipe dream to the uninitiated: "A house fly went off with a pair of scissors at Kuttawa a few weeks ago. This sounds strange, especially when it is added that the fly was just a common, everyday specimen of that domestic pest. In that respect, however, the fly differed from the shears. The scissors were among the wonderful minute tools intended for the cherry-stone workbasket made by C. G. von Schoeler, the engraver. Although so small that their outline could not be distinguished by the ordinary eye, they were perfect in size and mechanism, it being possible to cut human hair and cobwebs with their tiny steel blades.

No-to-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-to-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco? Saves money, makes health and mood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and \$1, all druggists.

WHEN bilious or constive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's SORROWING STREP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

JUST try a 10c box of Cascarets, candy cathartic, does liver and bowel regulator made.

A French astronomer is of the opinion that the red glow of the planet Mars is caused by crimson vegetation. He thinks that the grass and foliage there are red, not green as they are on earth.

Prepare

For spring. It is a trying season. If it finds your blood impure, impoverished, weak and thin, you will be tired, dull, languid and an easy victim of disease. Do not wait till these troubles overtake you. Take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla now. This medicine will fit you.

For Spring

It will make your blood rich, pure and nourishing; cure that tired, nervous feeling, enable you to sleep, give you a good appetite. Thousands have been saved from or cured of disease and thousands are kept in good health to-day by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will do as much for you.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier.
Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

Purely Vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases.

LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, TORPID LIVER, DYSPEPSIA.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills. By their ANTI-BILIOUS properties they stimulate the liver in the secretion of bile and its discharge through the biliary ducts. These pills in doses of from two to four will quickly regulate the action of the liver and free the patient from these disorders. One or two of Radway's Pills, taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the liver, will keep the system regular and secure healthy digestion.

Price, 25c per box. Sold by all druggists, or by mail, RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm Street, New York.

CUTLER'S POCKET INHALER.

LIFE! LIFE!
Catharrh, incipient consumption and bronchitis can be cured in 3 months' time by our course of treatment. Inhaler, by mail, \$1.12.

W. H. SMITH & CO., 410-412 Michigan St., BUFFALO.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Prevents constipation. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
ASTHMA CURED
Send your address. We will mail a trial bottle FREE.
DR. TAFT BROS., 45 Elm St., Rochester, N. Y.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS.
JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 8 yrs. in last year, 15 adjudicating claims, etc. since.

SORE EYES, DR. DAUGHTRY'S EYE WATER.

OPIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS
Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No Pay till Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEANON, OHIO.

TRULY A FREAK.

The Dono Represents Bird, Beast, and Reptile.

The most wonderful freak yet discovered is a product of Patagonia. The head and breast are distinctly birdlike. The beak is that of a carnivorous bird. The plumage is that of the bird of the tropics, bright red and green predominating, but all the colors of the rainbow being there. The legs, although covered with down and feathers, are distinctively animal-like in shape, the toes be-



BIRD, BEAST, AND REPTILE.

ing tipped with sharp claws. The leg and foot is like that of the raccoon. The tail is in shape a reptile's, narrowing down to a point at the tip from the size of the body. It coils its tail like a snake, and looking at that end alone one would take it for a reptile. The tail is also covered with down and very small feathers, which present a scale-like appearance. The queer bird is known as the dono.

Current Condensations.

The zircon has been found in California.

The opal has been found in New Mexico.

Alabaster exists in seventeen different States.

The Venus' hair stone is found in New Mexico.

Serpentine exists in New England and Virginia.

In 1890 the United States produced 161,754 short tons of lead.

Our deposits of borax are believed to be practically inexhaustible.

The heliotrope has been discovered in New Mexico and Georgia.

The United States has 115 medical schools, regular, eclectic and homeopathic.

A great number of New Hampshire trout have been stocked in several California streams with good results.

Lead colic has been treated most successfully in Paris by administering large doses of olive oil. In chronic cases sixty grammes of oil a day were given with excellent results.

Teachers in Baden and other parts of Germany a hundred years ago were so poorly paid that they used to go about singing in front of the houses in the evening to earn a few extra pennies.

The Sultan of Turkey nearly always dines alone. Tables, plates, knives and forks are eschewed. He uses only a spoon and his fingers, thus fishing out the food from little saucepans placed on the floor.

Lucinda Bedford, an ex-slave, who died in Nashville, Tenn., at age of 94 years, left a fortune of considerably over \$100,000. Her old master, William Bedford, who died before the war, set her free and left her his fortune of about \$100,000.

Dr. Stuhlmann, who is traveling in Africa, has come upon a tree whose fruit gives out a tallow-like fat. The tree is one of the largest in the forests of Usambara, and the fruit is big and heavy, measuring a foot in length by half a foot in diameter. It is a new species of the guttiferi. The natives call it mkanji, but the botanists name it Stearodendron Stuhlmanni.

The Russian authorities have intervened in behalf of the nightingale. The police of Kiev found some bird catchers who were on their way to Moscow with 600 nightingales in cages. The bird catchers were captured and fined and their little victims were taken to the Botanic Gardens and released. It is said they rose in the air in song, which was responded to by the other birds around.

Twins in Size, Shape and Activity.

This is what those important little organs, the kidneys, are when healthy. In disorder they may differ in all three particulars. Disease usually destroys them successively, not simultaneously, and one may be active while the other is semi-paralyzed. Give to both a healthful impulse, without exciting them, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which forestalls such dreadful maladies as Bright's disease and diabetes. Use the Bitters, also, for malarial, bilious, rheumatic, nervous, bowel and kidney trouble.

Richest Congressmen.

Congressman Sprague, of Massachusetts, will, if report be true, be the richest member of the House of Representatives. His wife's fortune is estimated at \$20,000,000, and on the day she married him, then a struggling young lawyer in Boston, she gave him a check for \$1,000,000, a sum he has since greatly increased.

New Line to Washington, D. C.

The Monon has established a new through sleeping car route between Chicago and Washington, D. C., by way of Cincinnati, via Monon, C. H. & D. B. & O. S. W. and B. & O. Railways. The sleeper is ready for occupancy in Dearborn station at 9 p. m., and leaves at 2:45 a. m. daily, arriving at Washington at 6:47 the following morning. Schedule in effect Jan. 24.

As the sleeper goes through without change, and the hours of leaving and arriving are most convenient, this will prove altogether the most comfortable as well as the most picturesque route to the national capital. City ticket office, 232 Clark street. Depot, Dearborn station.

Pension for a Princess.

Princess Beatrice is entitled to \$300 prize money by the death of the late Prince Henry while serving in Ashantee. She is also entitled to a full-pay colonel's widow's pension, her husband dying in active service. This the princess intends to draw.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

An old saying worth remembering by every housewife is, that "Good humor garnishes, good-will beautifies, and good feeling gladdens more effectively than flowers, handsome china and expensive silverware."

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Irrigation in China.

Since the year 2627 B. C.—ten years after the accession to the throne of Hoangti—or 4,523 years ago, the Chinese are known to have irrigated their lands for agricultural purposes.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Woman Suffrage in Sweden.

In Sweden women vote for all elective officers except representatives.

If you want a reliable dye that will color an even brown or black, and will please and satisfy you every time, use Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

There is wealth in contentment; power in patience, and joy in being grateful.

"My dear fellow, she is an angel. How exquisitely lovely her complexion is. They say she uses Glenn's Sulphur Soap."

When men begin drinking, they generally stop thinking.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a godsend to me.—Wm. B. McClellan, Chester, Fla., Sept. 17, 1895.

A New Ape.

At a recent meeting of the members of the Anthropological Institute, in London, Lieutenant B. T. Somerville read a paper upon personal observations made by him during a lengthy stay in the islands while on surveying duty on H. M. S. Penguin. Lieutenant Somerville expressed his belief in the existence of a rare type of animal in the dense jungles which cover the interior of the Solomon Islands. This animal, which is regarded with superstitious fear by the natives, would seem to resemble an anthropoid ape. Should this prove to be the case, another explanation of the peculiar prognathous character of the carved figures produced by the Solomon Islanders would be provided.

Lieutenant Somerville is convinced that this animal is not the mere product of a traveler's tale, but that it really exists. In support of this contention he quotes five independent native accounts, and was also able to adduce the testimony of Lieutenant V. Gall, a brother officer, who himself caught a glimpse of an unknown hairy animal on a branch at the edge of the jungle, but was unable to approach it before it took flight. Owing to the constant rains, the jungle in the Solomon Islands is exceptionally dense, and there are hardly any tracks in the interior. These conditions would distinctly favor the survival of an animal of the supposed kind if it once reached the island.

Like rust on polished metal **NEURALGIA**
Blights and Crimps the Nervous System.
Like oil on rust **St. Jacobs Oil**
removes the blight and cures the pain.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER **ALL DRUGGISTS**
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 212.

ALABASTINE.
IT WON'T RUB OFF.
Wall Paper is Unsatisfactory. KALSOMINE IS TEMPORARY, ROTS, RUBS OFF AND SCALES.
ALABASTINE is a pure, permanent and artistic wall-coating, ready for the brush by mixing in cold water.
For Sale by Paint Dealers Everywhere.
A Tint Card showing 12 desirable tints, also Alabastine Souvenir Book sent free to any one mentioning this paper.
ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

"Thoughtless Folks Have the Hardest Work, but Quick Witted People Use

SAPOLIO

NORTHERN GROWN GRASS & CLOVER SEED, IS GOOD FOR 3 CROPS A YEAR.

BUY NORTHERN GROWN SEED

Luxuriant meadows are the farmer's delight, and they are the farmer's profit, too, for the better the pasture the heavier and richer the hay yield, the more profitable the farming! An absolutely sure way to get magnificent meadows is to sow Salzer's Grass and Clover mixture. No need of waiting a lifetime for a yield—no, they sprout quickly and produce heavily the same season! Many farmers report yields of 6 tons of nutritious hay per acre. Salzer is the only Seedsman in America growing grasses and clovers for seed; operates over 5,000 acres, and produces only live, vigorous, fresh, big yielding Grass and Clover Seeds.

209 BUS. OATS! 173 BUS. BARLEY PER ACRE.

Great, wonderful yields are produced by Salzer's Seeds! Why? Because they are bred to yield! His Catalogue is full of them, all sworn to.

For 10 Cents in Stamps or Silver.
We will send, upon receipt of 10c, 12 Farm Seed Samples, including Grasses and Clovers, worth \$10.00, to get a start.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

REASONS FOR USING Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.



An elderly lady living at Fordham Heights, a part of New York City, and who was known to be a warm advocate of Ripans Tabules for any case of liver trouble or indigestion, said to a reporter who visited her for the purpose of learning the particulars of her case: "I had always employed a physician and did so on the last occasion I had for one, but at that time obtained no beneficial results. I had never had any faith in patent medicines, but having seen Ripans Tabules recommended very highly in the New York Herald, I concluded to give them a trial, and I found they were just what my case demanded. I have never employed a physician since, and that means a saving of \$2 a call. A dollar's worth of

Ripans Tabules

lasts me a month, and I would not be without them now if it were my last dollar." At the time of this interview there were present two daughters who specially objected to their mother giving a testimonial which should parade her name in the newspapers, but to this the elderly lady argued: "There may be other cases just like mine, and I am sure I take great pleasure in recommending the tabules to any one affected as I was. If the telling about my case in the papers enables some other person similarly affected to be as greatly benefited as I have been, I see no objection." And the daughters, familiar with her case and knowing how earnestly she felt about the benefit she had received from Ripans Tabules, decided that their mother was quite right.

PATENTS. TRADE-MARKS.
Examination and advice as to Patentability of inventions. Send for INVENTORS' GUIDE, OR HOW TO GET A PATENT. Patrick O'Farrell, Washington, D.C.

C. N. U. No. 5-97
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

A Cougher's Coffers

may not be so full as he wishes, but if he is wise he will neglect his coffers awhile and attend to his cough. A man's coffers may be so secure that no one can take them away from him. But a little cough has taken many a man away from his coffers. The "slight cough" is somewhat like the small pebble that lies on the mountain side, and appears utterly insignificant. A fluttering bird, perhaps, starts the pebble rolling, and the rolling pebble begets an avalanche that buries a town. Many fatal diseases begin with a slight cough. But any cough, taken in time, can be cured by the use of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

More particulars about Pectoral in Ayer's Curebook, 100 pages. Sent free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Indiana Law Valid.

The Indiana tax law scored another victory in the supreme court Monday.

The chief justice announced the decision in the case involving the extent of the taxation power as applied to express and telegraph companies in Indiana, affirming the decision of the state court in each case and thus sustaining the law. The two cases involve the validity of the state law of 1893 for the taxation of telegraph, telephone, palace car, express car, sleeping car, dining car, express and fast freight companies which empowers the state board of tax commissioners to assess taxation other than that of a local character. This law imposes a penalty of 50 per cent upon those who do not pay their taxes within the time specified. Justices Harlan and White dissented on the Western case on the ground that the law was a denial of equal rights.

Atty. Gen. Ketcham says of the decision:

"The matter is one of very great importance to the people of the state. The amount of taxes for three years, 1893, '94 and '95, depending upon this decision, is about \$100,000. It settles the question as to the right of the state to exact taxes on all transportation companies according to the plan adopted by the state. Before the passage of the act of '93 the taxes contributed by the express companies was a mere bagatelle. Under this law the three companies will pay annually somewhere in the neighborhood of \$20,000. In the Western Union telegraph case the only question involved was the right to exact the 50 per cent penalty, all other questions under that law having been disposed of in previous decisions of the supreme court of the United States.

The total amount of taxes involved as to the Western Union telegraph company in the three years, including all penalties, is about \$125,000."

The state brought suit against the telegraph, telephone, sleeping car and express companies in 1894. The telephone company settled without suit, the sleeping car companies paid when suit was brought and the Western Union and the express companies carried the case to the supreme court of the United States.

The industrial world has shown encouraging signs of activity the past week. We can congratulate ourselves that the convalescent period has set in and that in one industry—that of iron, the mercury has risen to a point that assures remunerative employment to a good number of laborers. There is little doubt that "confidence" is materializing and that we may reasonably look for steady improvement from now on.

I have given Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a fair test and consider it one of the very best remedies for croup that I have ever found. "One dose has always been sufficient, although I use it freely. Any cold my children contract yields very readily to this medicine. I can conscientiously recommend it for croup and colds in children.—Geo. E. Wolf of the Circuit Court, Fernandina, Fla. Sold at the Culver City Drug Store.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effect following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists; price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention CULVER CITY HERALD and send your full postoffice address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this offer.

Farmer's Institute.

Following is an official program of the Marshall County Farmers' Institute to be held in the Opera House, Plymouth, Feb. 25, 26 and 27, 1897:

THURSDAY 10:00 A. M.

Opening Exercises.

Music.....Farmer's Glee Club
Invocation.....Rev. I. Rothenberger
Address of Welcome.....H. G. Thayer
Response.....J. D. Allerton, Walnut Tip
Conditions of Agricultural Progress

Prof. W. C. Latta, Lafayette
THURSDAY, 1:15 P. M.

Crops and Cropping.

Effects of Crop Rotation.....Prof. Latta
Crops Best Suited to Marshall Co.

Discussion led by J. V. Vangilder,
Center Tp.

THURSDAY 7:30 P. M.

Home.

Music.....Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McDonald
Farmers' Reading Circle.....Prof. Latta
Recitation.....Claudie Ritchey
Home Attractions and Amusements

E. D. Mendelhall, Bouborn Tp

FRIDAY 9:30 A. M.

Co-operation.

Music.....Miss Sherwood
Farmers' Organizations
Hon. Aaron Jones, South Bend
Home Organization

Myron Chase, Polk Tp

FRIDAY 1:15 P. M.

Live Stock and Clover.

What shall the sheep men do?
J. L. Shawver, Bellefontaine, O

How and when to sow clover.

Discussion led by Aaron Jones

FRIDAY 7:30 P. M.

Music.....Misses Yockey
Recitation.....Alice Place
Responsibility of Parents for the
success or failure of their children

Jennie Erwin, Bourbon

Recitation.....Emma Yockey
Safeguards of Liberty.....J. L. Shawver

SATURDAY 9:30 A. M.

Music.....Young Men's Quartette
The Condition of our Public Highways
as to noxious weeds.

Martin Lowry

Changed Conditions and how to meet
them.....J. A. McFarlin, West Tp

SATURDAY 7:30 P. M.

Election of Officers.
Farming as a Business in the Future.

Aaron Jones

Remember that Wm. Swigert is now prepared to furnish you with hard and soft coal at reasonable prices.

THE
CELEBRATED

Hindu
Doctor,

Tadapaly Veeraragava Roy, M.D.
(Native of British India.)

Physician and Surgeon,
CURES

Asthma, Bladder, Catarrh, Consumption, Convulsions, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Chills and Fever, Gravel, Hemorrhage of Lungs, Diseases of Kidney and Liver, Palpitation of the Heart, Itching of Anise, Eczema, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Chorea, Piles, Fistula, various Rheumatisms, Scrofula, Enlargement of Tonsils and Cancer.

GENTLEMEN — Private diseases, Venereal, Taint, Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Seminal Emissions, Weakness of Sexual Organs.

LADIES — Womb Diseases, Hemorrhage, Monthly Periods among unmarried ladies, Abscess, Cancer, Leucorrhoea change of life.

Both sexes will be treated internally and externally without fail.

Office:—PLYMOUTH, IND.



Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in this

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,
beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

B. W. S. WISEMAN.

Physician

and Surgeon.

CULVER CITY, IND.

The Twice-a-week Detroit Free Press and the CULVER CITY HERALD

for \$1.60 per year in advance, thus making three papers at one price. The FREE PRESS is a charming paper and has a world-wide reputation. Is positively one of the best weeklies in the world. Just think of it, a paper every alternate day for only \$1.50 per year.

Also will furnish club rates with any other paper you may desire. Call early while this great offer lasts.

Terms Strictly Cash.

W. S. EASTERDAY,
Furniture & Undertaker

MAIN STREET, MARMONT, IND.

This is to place to get your Furniture, Chairs, Cupboards, Writing Desks, Stands, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Bed Springs, trusses, Couches, Sofas, Easels, Mirrors, Picture Frames and Mourning and a fine line of Rockers for the old and young.

Do not forget the place.

W. S. EASTERDAY,

MAIN STREET, MARMONT, IND.

T. B. HARRIS,
Manufacturer of
INDIANA LUMBER,
Sawed Fellos and Square Timber.

And Dealer in

Pine Lumber, Lath and Shingles,
Sash, Doors, Windows and Blinds.

Custom Sawing and Planing.

NICKEL RATE.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R.R.
12th Sts. Chicago and N. Y., L. E. and S. Ry. Depot at Buffalo.

Trains depart from and arrive at Depot, Corner Clark and

Going East.		Effect Nov. 24, '95		Going West.	
No. 5	No. 1	No. 5	No. 1	No. 5	No. 1
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
11:41	4:55	11:41	4:55	5:35	12:05
12:10	5:24	12:10	5:24	10:58	7:15
1:40	6:54	1:40	6:54	12:50	9:55
2:10	7:24	2:10	7:24	1:42	11:02
3:40	8:54	3:40	8:54	2:50	12:10
4:10	9:24	4:10	9:24	4:00	1:18
5:40	10:54	5:40	10:54	5:10	2:26
6:10	11:24	6:10	11:24	6:20	3:34
7:40	12:54	7:40	12:54	7:30	4:42
8:10	1:24	8:10	1:24	8:40	5:50
9:40	2:54	9:40	2:54	9:50	6:58
10:10	3:24	10:10	3:24	11:00	8:06
11:40	4:54	11:40	4:54	12:10	9:14
12:10	5:24	12:10	5:24	1:20	10:22
1:40	6:54	1:40	6:54	2:30	11:30
2:10	7:24	2:10	7:24	3:40	12:38
3:40	8:54	3:40	8:54	4:50	1:46
4:10	9:24	4:10	9:24	6:00	2:54
5:40	10:54	5:40	10:54	7:10	4:02
6:10	11:24	6:10	11:24	8:20	5:10
7:40	12:54	7:40	12:54	9:30	6:18
8:10	1:24	8:10	1:24	10:40	7:26
9:40	2:54	9:40	2:54	11:50	8:34
10:10	3:24	10:10	3:24	1:00	9:42
11:40	4:54	11:40	4:54	2:10	10:50
12:10	5:24	12:10	5:24	3:20	11:58
1:40	6:54	1:40	6:54	4:30	1:06
2:10	7:24	2:10	7:24	5:40	2:14
3:40	8:54	3:40	8:54	6:50	3:22
4:10	9:24	4:10	9:24	8:00	4:30
5:40	10:54	5:40	10:54	9:10	5:38
6:10	11:24	6:10	11:24	10:20	6:46
7:40	12:54	7:40	12:54	11:30	7:54
8:10	1:24	8:10	1:24	12:40	9:02
9:40	2:54	9:40	2:54		
10:10	3:24	10:10	3:24		
11:40	4:54	11:40	4:54		
12:10	5:24	12:10	5:24		

All above trains run daily except Nos. 3 and 4 which runs daily except Sunday. Local freight going west leaves Hibbard at 3:00 p. m., going east at 8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday.

Trains are equipped with Palace Buffet Sleeping cars. No change of Sleepers between New York or Boston. Baggage checked to destination. For rates or other information call on or address

B. F. HORNER, Gen. Pass. Agent.
A. W. JOHNSTON, Gen. Supt. Cleveland, O.
FOSTER GROVES, Agent. Hibbard, Ind.

--VANDALIA LINE--
TIME TABLE.

In effect June 21, 1896, trains will leave Culver City, Ind., as follows:

For the North.
No. 14, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 7:10 a. m.
" 6, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 11:43 a. m.
" 8, Ex. Sun. for South Bend, 9:43 p. m.

No. 8 has through parlor car Indianapolis to South Bend via Coffey.

No. 20 has through sleeper St. Louis to Mackinaw.

For the South.
No. 13, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 5:56 a. m.
" 11, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 1:15 p. m.
" 15, Ex. Sun. for Logansport, 7:50 p. m.

No. 13 has through parlor car to South Bend to Indianapolis via Coffey.

No. 21 has through sleeper Mackinaw to St. Louis.

For complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rates, through cars, etc., address J. Shugrue, agent, Marmont, Ind., or E. A. Ford, general passenger agent, St. Louis, Mo.

The Marmont
Exchange : Bank,
CULVER CITY, IND.

W. W. OSBORN,.....President.
G. M. OSBORN,.....Vice President.
JOHN OSBORN,.....Cashier

General Banking Business Transacted,
Special attention given to collections. Your
Business Solicited

JAMES DRUMMOND,
VETERINARY
SURGEON. : :

All cases of obstetrics a specialty,
Also general stockbuyer and shipper, Argos, Ind.

H. A. DEEDS, : : : :
: : : : Dentist,

From the office of F. M. Burket, Plymouth, Ind., will be at Dr. Rea's office, Culver City each Friday and Saturday. Remember the date.

Kreuzberger's Park

(Lake Maxinkuckee.)

CULVER CITY, - INDI

THE BEST

Whiskies,
Brandies
Cognac

Rhine and Moselle Wines.

French Claret,
Port and Sherry.
Ales and Be
Minera

A fine stock of Domestic and K
Cigars.

W. H. SWIGER

Experienced
Drayman. .

Good delivered to any part of
city and around the Lake.

Prompt and quick service is
motto, and charges reasonable.

Hard and Soft COAL at r
bottom prices for CASH (strictly

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MARMONT, INDIANA.

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Physician and Surgeon

Office on Main Street, north of Ban

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Fresh Groceries

Everything in the

Grocery
and Dry Goods

line sold at

Hard Pan Price

We mean business.

S. CAVENDER.

Rutland, I

MONEY TO LOAN

On Long or Short Tin

Rates of interest depends on class o
curity and term of loan.
Partial payments allowed on term l
All legal business given prompt atten

C. B. TIBBETTS

Plymouth, I