

# THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxinkuckee.

VOL. VI.

CULVER CITY INDIANA. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24 1899.

NO. 22



**Clothing. WITH COLD WEATHER comes a demand for Heavier Underwear. We show splendid values in Ribbed or Eleeced Goods. Staley's ALL WOOL Goods, none better made; what we sell you is sold for exactly what it is worth.**

**JOHN C. KUHN & SON.**

OSBORN BLDG.

Culver.

105 MICHIGAN ST.

Plymouth.

## Time Table

### VANDALIA LINE

Terre Haute and Logansport R. R.

#### For the North

No. 10..... 8:12 A. M.  
No. 14..... 12:09 P. M.  
No. 8..... 9:41 P. M.

#### For the South.

No. 21..... 6:37 A. M.  
No. 3..... 1:14 P. M.  
No. 9..... 8:02 P. M.  
J. Shugrue, Agt.

**DR. O. A. REA.**

**Physician and Surgeon.**

Office over Exchange Bank.

Main Street. - - CULVER, IND.

**DR. B. W. S. WISEMAN,**

**Physician and Surgeon.**

Office Third Door North of Bank.

Calls promptly answered day or night.

Main Street, - - CULVER, IND.

**Dr. Geo. S. Hollister,**

**Physician & Surgeon,**

OSBORN BLDG.

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

Office over Culver City Drug Store, CULVER, IND.

**Dr. Stevens,**

MAXINKUCKEE, IND.,

**Physician and Surgeon.**

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

**DR. E. E. PARKER,**

**Physician and Surgeon.**

Office at Residence, Maxinkuckee, Ind.

Calls answered day and night.

Graduate of Medical College of Indiana.

**Attention Farmers!**

Why not trade with

**The CHICAGO STORE,**

East of Maxinkuckee and save

**BIG MONEY!**

Highest Market Price for Produce and right at your homes. Groceries Dry Goods, Notions, etc., a specialty.

A. L. WARNER, Proprietor.

**Culver City**

**Tonsorial Parlor.**

One door south of Meredith's Grocery.

HAIR CUTTING 15 CENTS.

Also Agent for Eagle Steam Laundry. A choice line of

**Fine Cigars.**

## DON'T MAKE A MISTAKE

and throw your money away on a poor shoddy Suit or Overcoat.

We show you only good dependable goods at the right prices.

Goods that you can depend upon to give you satisfactory service every day in the year. Get our

Prices. Don't forget us on Boy's

## LOCAL NOTES.

Hunters are numerous at present. Joe Bosart Jr. made Logansport a visit Monday.

Nick Bosart and party have just returned from a deer hunt in Wisconsin and while there killed 17 deer. He sent Joseph Bosart, Sr. a fine lot of venison.

We understand that the Beabers left Thursday for Logansport, where they will reside this winter, and it is rumored that they will return in the spring and erect a hotel and restaurant.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Stevick and wife of Plymouth, were guests of Omer Flagg at the Lake Side Hotel Saturday and Sunday.

Twelve fine horses were taken out of Union township last week by South Bend buyers, and all brought a good price. Good horses are in demand at present.

Owing to poor health, Prof. Behmer has been compelled to take a vacation. He was principal of the Burr Oak schools.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the U. B. Church at Burr Oak will give a Thanksgiving supper for the benefit of said church. You are invited.

Mr. E. Bennett, a hustling salesman for Lauer & son, Plymouth, was in town Thursday representing said firm.

E. B. Vanschoieck will leave for Chicago the first of next week, where he will purchase a large line of new goods; such as dry goods, boots, shoes, etc.

The "Ridiculous Club" is again a reality and have fitted up rooms over the Culver City Construction Co's works. The boys intend to have everything convenient, with a thorough supply of reading matter on hand for those who like the perusal of solid literature. They will also have several innocent games, but card playing as in the past will be strictly prohibited. In the matter of a reading room where boys can spend their evenings, should meet with the hearty approval and support of our citizens. The lack of some place to go has ruined thousands of young men.

The State Convention of the Y. M. C. A., which will be held at Anderson, November 23-26, promises to be an important event. Among the distinguished speakers who will address the convention is Governor Mount, who takes a deep interest in the work of this worthy organization.

A lively contest between Milwaukee and South Bend for the next Prohibition national convention is being waged. Milwaukee, as a knock-down argument, "points with pride" to her many large breweries. This is a strange argument in behalf of a Prohibition convention, to be sure, but South Bend is a city of churches and schools, and these ought, with the temperance people, to beat the breweries, but don't often do it.—New Albany Ledger.

The Hessian fly has again made its appearance and farmers report that probably fifty per cent. of the young shoots have been destroyed or injured. Farmers are much discouraged over the outlook. A large acreage of wheat was planted this year and the ground being in good condition and the rains coming at the proper time, it was hoped that next year they would have an abundant crop of the cereal. It seems, however, that next year's crop may be no better than the one harvested this year. Two successive wheat failures will fall hard on the tillers of the soil.

Miss Mabel Duddleson, of Plymouth, is dangerously ill.

Jacob Myers of Rutland, was in Chicago this week attending the Stock Raising Association.

Mrs. Con Bonaker and Mrs. D. A. Bradley are upon the sick list.

Chas. Hays and G. B. Taylor were in Chicago Wednesday.

Mrs. David Smith and Mrs. Eli Spencer of Culver made Plymouth a visit Tuesday.

A. B. Personett, late of Plymouth, and who resided for years, at Maxinkuckee, now a resident of Alabama, has just lost one child with that awful disease, diphtheria, and has another at the point of death.

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to the late firm of Nussbaum & Myers, must call and settle at once, or claims will be sned.

L. M. Lauer,  
Plymouth, Ind.

Remember that Hon H. G. Thayer of Plymouth will not give a lecture at Poplar Grove next Saturday evening as announced, owing to circumstances over which he had no control.

Rev. Barber preached an excellent sermon at the Reformed Church Sunday evening upon the subject of the ten talents.

B. F. Medbourn is now a full fledged sewing machine agent. He is working for the Singer company. He will make a hustler.

In the near future there will be an entertainment given for the new M. E. church clock. This entertainment will be very interesting and should be attended by all interested in said clock. Don't fail to go.

American soldiers in the Philippines were vastly surprised to learn that one of their American silver dollars would purchase two of the Mexican dollars in common circulation there, notwithstanding the fact that Mexican coin contained more silver than the American.

Well, what do you think of the shooting stars business, anyway?

Christmas Services will be held on Christmas Eve., at the Zion Reformed church southwest of this city.

Rev. Newman is holding revival services at Germany, and we understand is meeting with great success.

There will be Union Services held on Thanksgiving Day in this city.

There will be communion services at the Reformed church the last Sunday in December, preceded by a weeks' service. Farther notice will be given later.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Poplar Grove church will give an oyster supper on Thanksgiving night for the benefit of the church. All are invited.

Last Monday evening J. B. Burns, who is engaged in the milling business at Chesterton, and whose family resides in this city, received news of the death of a sister, who lived at Chili, Ind. He at once came to Culver and he and wife went to Chili and attended the funeral. The deceased, Mrs. Alice Griffith, leaves a husband and two children. Mr. Burns returned to Chesterton Thursday.

Congressman and Mrs. A. L. Brick and daughter Estella left Monday for Washington, via Indianapolis. They will be at the state capital three days, during which Mr. Brick and Col. Elmer Crockett will receive the Scottish Rite degrees. Mr. Brick's private secretary, Mr. F. H. Wurzer, accompanied him. All will join in wishing Congressman Brick and family a pleasant Washington sojourn.—South Bend Times.

Vice President Hobart is dead.

The G. A. R. will hold a regular old fashioned campfire at Burr Oak in the near future.

Last Saturday night Logansport had a \$40,000 fire.

Congress will convene at Washington D. C., Dec. 4.

There will be no services at the M. E. church next Sunday.

It is thought that the new M. E. church will be ready to dedicate on the 10th of December.

The fast east-bound train on the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. was badly wrecked at Garrett on the evening of Nov. 20. Six passenger coaches were derailed, no lives lost.

Indiana's Senators and Representatives in Congress will nearly all report to Washington, this week, for the opening of Congress, Dec. 4.

Just 387,480 pounds of mail was handled by the Indianapolis post-office in 35 days.

Sometime since, Wm. York, father of Graunville York, who was killed while firing upon one of the engines running upon the Nickel Plate through his attorney, brought suit against the company. The suit was hotly contested in the Plymouth Circuit Court last week, the Jury returning a verdict for the plaintiff, the sum being \$4000. We understand this will go to the widow and son jointly. Judge Winfield of Logansport and Martindale & Stevens of Plymouth were the attorneys for the plaintiff.

J. C. Knoblock, of South Bend, was in Culver Tuesday looking after business matters.

Mrs. W. H. J. Flagg of the Lakeside Hotel, was called to Tippecanoe today, to the bedside of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Chas. Flagg, who is dangerously ill.

## Some Monster Turkeys.

The Indianapolis News \$10. prize contest for the biggest Thanksgiving turkey is showing up some monster birds.

Mrs. Elz Miller, of this city has a this year's bird that weighs 22 pounds.

William McDaniels, of Sullivan, has an old bird that weighs 40 pounds.

Thomas Kennedy, of Arlington, has a turkey gobbler that weighs 34½ pounds.

Hugh McCormick, near Coatesville, had a 35 pound gobbler two weeks ago and expects to make it 40 pounds.

John McCormick, who lives near the Illinois state line, has a bronze turkey two years old which is said to tower into the air five feet and weighs 65 pounds. Its legs at the foot are 1½ inches in diameter, while close to the body they are the size of an ordinary man's arm above the elbow. The bird's wings measure seven feet from tip to tip.—Ex.

Mary had a little flea.

She got it off the dog,

She put it on a little pig,

And now it's on the hog.

## Thanksgiving Dinner.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church at Culver will serve an up to date Thanksgiving dinner in the basement of the new M. E. church Nov. 30. The dinner will consist of

Bread, Butter  
Cranberry Sauce,  
Turkey, Mashed Potatoes,  
Cold Ham,  
Sweet Potatoes, Turnips  
Pickles, Jelly, Cellery,  
Pumpkin Pie, Berry Pie.  
All for the small sum of 25c for adults, children 15c.

## Professional Auctioneers.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For Dates, etc., call at this office and will notify them.

PLYMOUTH, - - - IND.

WILSON,



# M'KINLEY'S MESSAGE.

AN OUTLINE OF WHAT THE PRES-  
IDENT WILL SAY.

Peace Committee's Report the Basis for  
His Philippine Suggestions—Cuba,  
Porto Rico and Hawaii—The Army  
and Navy—Currency Reform.

The Washington correspondent of the  
New York World gives what purports  
to be an accurate outline of the main  
points in President McKinley's forth-  
coming message to Congress.

The recommendations of the Philip-  
pine peace commission, this correspondent  
says, will form the basis of the sugges-  
tions relative to the Philippines. He will  
urge their retention as an integral part  
of the United States. The present suc-  
cess of the army in the Philippines, if  
continued, will influence the President  
to make recommendations at this time  
which would have otherwise been reserved  
for a special message. A form of  
government will not be recommended,  
but the President will suggest that it be  
learned what will be best for the natives  
of the Philippine Archipelago. The Phil-  
ippine situation will also be treated his-  
torically.

The substitution of civil for military  
government in Cuba and the appointment  
of a civil governor. He may recommend  
the appointment of a chief justice and  
the election of a native Legislature, but  
coupled with this will be a suggestion  
that a congressional committee be sent  
to Cuba to ascertain to what extent local  
offices may be filled by natives, the Pres-  
ident believing that the customs and  
postal service may be filled by Cubans  
with beneficial results. A military force  
to be retained there only for the preser-  
vation of pacific conditions.

For Porto Rico the President will re-  
commend a territorial form of government  
when he believes the natives can conduct  
their own affairs. Reports give the Pres-  
ident little encouragement to recommend  
a change at an early date from military  
to civil government on this island. But  
he will make suggestions relative to tariff  
laws which should apply to Porto Rico.  
The establishment and maintenance of  
schools there will be urged.

For Hawaii legislation is needed which  
will give the islands a status, and it will  
be recommended that laws be enacted  
along the lines of the report of the special  
commission sent by the President to  
Honolulu.

The arrangement by which the United  
States secured one of the most important  
islands of Samoa, with its harbor, Pago-  
Pago, will be pointed to with some pride  
as a most satisfactory settlement of what  
has been a vexatious question heretofore.

It is not expected that the President  
will dwell to any extent upon the stand-  
ing army. It will be difficult to make  
suggestions as to the physical strength  
required until it is determined what  
force will be needed permanently in the  
Philippines. Then, too, the present force  
of 100,000 can be maintained until 1901,  
and no legislation is necessary until the  
next session.

Secretary Root's suggestions along the  
lines of reform in the organization of  
staff departments, which will tend to pre-  
clude evils resulting during the war with  
Spain, will be embodied in the message.

As the expenses of maintaining the  
army and navy will remain at the present  
figures, the President must suggest the  
maintenance of the present war revenue  
law until conditions in the Philippines  
permit of the reduction of the forces  
there.

Secretary Long's recommendations will  
be embraced within the message, which  
will include a suggestion that the maxi-  
mum price for armor must be increased  
to enable the Navy Department to suc-  
cessfully construct warships. The chief  
recommendation by the Secretary of the  
Navy will be the great need of a dozen  
light-draught gunboats, such as are being  
used to advantage in the Philippines at  
present, and the addition of such other  
vessels as the naval board will decide to  
be needed.

Recommendations for currency reform  
will closely follow the lines adopted by  
the special joint committee which devoted  
a greater part of the summer to a  
consideration of finance legislation. In  
addition to providing additional protec-  
tion for the gold reserve, the establish-  
ment of national banks with small cap-  
ital and the issue of national bank cir-  
culation to the full value of the bond de-  
posit, the committee will recommend the  
refunding of the entire national debt at  
lower rates of interest than now paid.  
This would save the Government \$7,000,-  
000 to \$14,000,000 annually.

Congress will again be advised of the  
urgent need of the construction of a wa-  
terway across the Isthmus of Panama or  
some other desirable route, providing the  
Nicaragua Canal Commission will have  
given the President something tangible  
upon which to base recommendations,  
which it does not now appear will be  
done. Special recommendations in this  
event will be reserved for a special mes-  
sage.

Attention will be called to the tempo-  
rary arrangement between the United  
States and Great Britain relative to the  
Canadian boundary, with remarks to the  
effect that the prospects for the solution  
of all differences between the United  
States and Canada are bright.

## "COOKED" FOR \$200,000.

Chicago Dealers Suffer Heavy Loss in  
Apples.

Chicago commission merchants mourn  
\$200,000 lost in apples. Three weeks of  
exceptionally hot weather when the  
cream of the winter stock is shipped by  
Michigan, New York and Indiana growers,  
"cooked" the majority of the con-  
signments so badly that even cold stor-  
age could not save them from decay.

The national loss on apples alone, due  
to the summer weather which prevailed  
between Oct. 10 and Nov. 1, according to  
some South Water street dealers, will  
run past the \$1,000,000 mark.

# THANKSGIVING

him he was going to take his revenge.

"Then he fell sick, and seemed likely to  
die, and my poor cousin was in a terrible  
quandary.

"She loved Jack, but she loved her  
father, too. And she felt it was worry  
that was killing him.

"One terrible night, when we were al-  
most expecting my uncle to breathe his  
last, Margy fell on her knees and prom-  
ised she'd marry the squire, and he at once  
began to get better with astonishing  
quickness.

"She wrote Jack one letter, one curt,  
cold letter, that she sat two days over;  
and that he tore in half and sent back  
to her, and then left the county on top  
of it.

"This left the field of love open to the  
squire, and he made the most of it, coming  
every afternoon to our place, spruced up  
like a young man, in a light black suit,  
and with his hair combed over his bald  
spot.

her face as white as her muslin frock, and  
I verily believe that if he hadn't walked  
her into the dining room on his arm she  
would have fallen.

"What sort of a dinner did they have?  
Why, the best in the world, you may be  
sure!

"The Mansion House was the finest  
place in the county—for that matter in  
all South Carolina—and the squire knew  
good living, and the big mahogany table  
fairly groaned under cut glass and silver.

"Uncle and I were at each side, and  
Margy was at the foot in the place of  
honor; where, three times a day, she was  
soon to face old Tom, until death should  
mercifully take one or the other of them  
out of the world. None of us talked much;  
none, even my uncle, who was emptying  
goblet after goblet of wine to drown his  
thoughts. And when the squire stood up  
suddenly with his champagne glass to  
toast the bride—a frozen bride that look-  
ed ready for the tomb—I almost welcomed  
the interruption that followed.

"To the bride!" repeated the squire,  
glass high in the air, and was echoed by a  
dreadful laugh.

"To the devil, you mean; to the devil,  
you old villain," said a voice. "He gave  
you money enough to buy a wife, so toast  
him deep!"

"All I could think of was to hope that  
Jack would beat, and with my heart in  
my mouth I sat staring at the sparks that  
flew from their swords and waiting for  
the end.

"At last, after an eternity of time, a  
time made up of appalling silence and



MEETING AT THE FORD.

mad, blind, loomings together—and again  
that hideous groping—there was a cry, a  
fall, and when the frightened negro made  
a light again, there was the squire, pinned  
by Jack's sword, through an ear, to the

## THANKSGIVIN' IN THE COUNTRY

Ef yer goin' to the country, to spend  
Thanksgivin' there,  
Jest take along yer appetite, an' sharpen it  
with care;  
Fur ther's goin' to be a turkey and a chicken  
pie, I ween,  
Pertaters, squash an' onions, too, the finest  
ever seen;  
An' ther's goin' to be a raisin' cake, an'  
mince an' pumpkin pie,  
An' a puddin' full o' plums, et with sugar  
sass, oh, my!  
An' ye'll eat enough to bust ye, 'fore ye  
know what yer about;  
An' ye goin' to get the colic,  
Ef ye  
don't  
watch  
out.

An' when the dinner's over, on that Thanks-  
givin' day,  
An' the dishes is all tidied an' the table  
cleared away,  
When the old folks in the parlor by the fire  
are settin' down,  
An' the popcorn, an' the apples is a circu-  
latin' roun',  
When the men is talkin' politics, the women  
talkin' 'clo'es,  
An' gran'ma in her spectacles has dropped  
off in a doze,  
While the young folks in the kitchen is a  
frolickin' about,  
Ther's goin' to be some sparkin'  
Ef ye  
don't  
watch  
out.

An' when it's gettin' darker, an' the fire is  
burnin' low,  
An' the shadders in the corners keep a-wav-  
in' to an' fro,  
When the wind comes round the corner with  
a sad an' mournful sou',  
An' ye see outside the snowflakes, one by  
one, a settlin' down,  
When ye hitch yer chairs up nearer, as the  
twilight's wearin' on  
An' speak of them 'twas with ye in Thanks-  
givin' that are gone,  
When ye look upon the empty chairs a  
standin' round about,  
Then, ye'll blubber like the dickens  
Ef ye  
don't  
watch  
out.

## THANKSGIVING DUEL.

IT was Thanksgiving Day, and this is  
the story as it was told by Miss Pe-  
pper, the fine needle worker, at the  
woman's boarding house on Tenth street:  
"You see, my dears," said Miss Pepper,  
who was like a sweet faded old rose in  
the group of eager young women about  
her, "the trouble with Jack Brice was  
this: He was heels over head in love with  
my cousin, Margery Lee, but he was too  
poor to marry."

"He lived with his uncle, Tom Brice, of  
the Mansion House—old Squire Brice, as  
all the county called him, though he  
wasn't more than 50; and naturally when  
they both came courting Margery, her  
father favored the squire's suit most. But  
Margery favored Jack's, and showed it  
openly.

"A man may be as rich as Croesus, but  
when he's choleric and up in years—none  
too good in the bargain—he needn't expect  
to make much headway with a love sick  
girl of 20. Long-legged Jack's good looks  
outweighed the squire's gold, but when  
her father found out which way the wind  
was blowing he forbade Margy to see him  
again. She said nothing, for she was not  
a girl to talk. But every night she wrote  
him a long letter, that she would hide in  
a hollow tree stump, and that Jack would  
come and take away.

"Sometimes, too, in the early morning,  
hardly daylight, she would jump on her  
bay mare, Hornet, and dash two miles  
down the river to the ford, where Jack  
would be waiting, and would swim his  
horse over from the other side, just to  
have five minutes' talk with her.

"Ah, but they were in love, I can tell  
you! And I never saw a better matched  
pair—both so good looking; both so full  
of life!

"Whether my uncle ever heard of their  
goings on I don't know. But he stopped  
talking against Jack and urging the  
squire's suit. He only told us, Margy and  
me both, for I lived with them, that old  
Tom had him in his power and could ruin  
him, and now that she wouldn't marry

"He would send Margy splendid pres-  
ents, too. And sometimes a love letter, a  
fine, proper love letter, calling her a red  
rose with the dew on it, a black-eyed gy-  
psy, or some such prettiness, all of which  
you may be sure, though, only I ever  
read.

"Meanwhile the wedding arrangements  
were going on with wicked hurry. My  
uncle seemed like one possessed to have  
it over with. And Margy, numb with  
misery and worn to a shadow with long-  
ing for Jack, said nothing. Perhaps she  
was afraid if too long put off she would  
lose courage for the sacrifice; perhaps  
she was all the time hoping and praying  
—as women can pray sometimes—for the  
very daring thing that did happen.

"That night, I remember, it stormed.  
The wind howled, and all along the coun-  
try road the big oaks swung their arms  
and creaked as if ready to fall on our  
rumbling old carriage.

"It was Thanksgiving night, a festival



UP AND AWAY.

not in favor in the South in those days,  
and we were going to the mansion house  
to a family dinner. The wedding was  
only three days off now, and the squire  
had taken a fancy to keep it in honor of  
his coming happiness.

"When we rolled up to the open door-  
way there he was, magnificent—in a rose-  
bud satin waistcoat, and with a flower in  
his buttonhole, for all the world like a be-  
decked old turkey cock!

"Welcome to the Mansion House," he  
said, gayly, as I bundled up the stairs  
first.

"And then to Margy, though quite loud  
enough for me to hear: 'In three short  
days'—meaning, of course, the marriage  
that was to leave her in his home forever.  
"She winced as if he had struck her,

"And there in the middle of the floor,  
landed by a jump through the flung up  
window, was Jack, his clothes covered  
with mud and satan in his eye.

"True love poisoned by wounded van-  
ity, you see, my dears, may sleep drug-  
ged for a while, but the time will come  
when it will fight like a tiger for what it  
feels its own.

"And this had been the case with Jack,  
who was now almost maddened with  
thinking over the coming wedding.

"You young puppy," roared the squire,  
'didn't I tell you not to come here again?'

"That for your telling," said Jack, dia-  
bolically cool; and with the whirl of a long  
whip in his hand the squire's uplifted wine  
glass fell to the floor cut like a flower  
from the shank!

"Then followed a terrible scene, while  
we looked on like people in a nightmare.

"The two men seemed suddenly to turn  
into raging demons, but from the very  
first I could see Jack had the upper hand.

"He held the squire, squirming and  
cursing like a trooper, down in his chair  
as if he had been a child.

"Margy," he called out over his head,  
'did you write me that letter of your own  
account?'

"And getting no answer beyond the de-  
nial of her death-white face and piteous  
eyes, his rage knew no bounds. 'Your  
friend, the devil, gave you money enough  
to buy a wife,' he kept saying, shaking the  
squire as a cat would a mouse; 'but by  
heaven it's only over my dead body you'll  
get her!'

"Defend yourself, you old rascal," he  
yelled, 'defend yourself, for, kin or not,  
we are one too many on earth.'

"There was a pair of swords crossed  
on the wall, slender, murderous dueling  
swords, and, tearing them down, he flung  
one to his uncle, and in a moment they  
were fighting like mad, parrying, thrust-  
ing and feinting, with a dexterity sicken-  
ing to see.

"For the squire, you must understand,  
was an experienced swordsman; he had  
pinked his man in his time; but, fired by  
love and hate, and always a good fencer,  
Jack was a match for him. One moment  
it was he who was doing the parrying. The  
next it was the squire. And presently,  
as if in a dream, I could see my uncle and  
Prince, the negro butler, standing on  
chairs and putting out the candles that  
were fastened to the antlers of the deer  
heads against the walls, in the hope that  
this would stop them.

"But it did nothing of the sort; it only  
made them all the more determined to kill  
each other; and directly in the pitch dark,  
after a moment's groping—groping that  
sent an icy chill to the roots of my hair—  
their swords clashed, and we knew that  
the duel was not yet over.

"Margy fell faint across my lap and my  
uncle began to pray.

floor, and there outside the window were  
Jack and Margy clinging to each other on  
the same horse and ready to dash off into  
the night.

"Well, my dears," said little Miss Pe-  
pper mildly in conclusion of her spirited  
recital, 'of course, they got married and  
lived happy ever after.

"And equally, of course, the squire melt-  
ed in time and forgave them, and tore up  
the notes he held against my uncle.

"And to this very day, if any of you  
should go to Buck Forest, anybody there  
will tell you how Jack Brice won his bride  
on Thanksgiving night."—St. Louis Re-  
public.

## A Thoughtless Remark.

"How often," said Miss Miami Brown,  
'hit do happen dat er thoughtless re-  
mark'll spile de pleasure ob er occasion!'"



"Yassended," replied Erastus Pinkley.  
'One o' de gues'es at ouah own table  
stopped pap right in de middle o' de  
kyahvin' ter ax 'im whah he got de tur-  
key.'

## A Boy on Thanksgiving.

Here is a funny little composition writ-  
ten by a boy about Thanksgiving day:  
"Thanksgiving was brought over from  
England by the Puritan fathers in the  
year 1620. It has staid here ever since.  
On Thanksgiving everybody goes to  
church in the morning, so as to have ev-  
erything out of the way before dinner.  
Then you come home and hang around a  
little while and get awful hungry smell-  
ing the turkey. After dinner Thanksgiv-  
ing is over."

## Influence of Food.

"I know that the food a person eats  
has much to do with the eater's charac-  
teristics."

"Is that so?"

"It is. You will notice that about  
Thanksgiving day many turkey eaters  
will become gobblers."—Judge.



# Ayer's Pills

Look at your tongue! If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** for the whiskers.



**ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS**  
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM  
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY  
COLD HEADACHES  
OVERCOMES & FEVERS  
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION  
PERMANENTLY  
ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE - MAN'D BY  
**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.  
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
\$3 & 3.50 SHOES UNION MADE

Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes. Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. The genuine have W. L. Douglas's name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue D free. **W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO.,** Brockton, Mass.

**A BULL'S COUGH SYRUP**  
Cures a Cough or Cold at once, Conquers Croup without fail. Is the best for Bronchitis, Grippe, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, and for the cure of Consumption. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Small doses; quick, sure results. **FOR ALL LUNG TROUBLE.**

**ELY'S CREAM BALM**  
Cures CATARRH. It is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate. It is not drying, does not produce sneezing. Druggists, 50 cts. or by mail. **ELY BROS., 55 Warren St., N.Y.**

**PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION**  
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

**PENSIONS** Get Your Pension DOUBLE QUICK! Write Capt. O'FARRELL, Pension Agent, Washington, D.C.

**CARTER'S INK**  
Used by millions, sure proof of its quality.

**AGENTS** Canvassers, Peddlers, Hunters and Trappers' Directory will, for 10 cents (cash or stamps), publish your name and address one year. It will pay you; try it. Box 225 Fort Wayne, Indiana.

**SC. EYES DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYE WATER**

**SHORTHAND TAUGHT BY MAIL!** Write for particulars. Jackson Correspondence School of Shorthand, Jackson, Michigan.

## CHRISTMAS PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY

LIKE FINDING MONEY. The use of the Endless Chain Starch Book in the purchase of "Red Cross" and "Hubinger's Best" starch, makes it just like finding money. Why, for only 5c you are enabled to get one large 10c package of "Red Cross" starch, one large 10c package of "Hubinger's Best" starch, with the premiums, two Shakespear panels, printed in twelve beautiful colors, or one Twentieth Century Girl Calendar, embossed in gold. Ask your grocer for this starch and

**Forfeited Land Grants.** There are 1,200,000 acres of forfeited railroad land grants in Texas, chiefly in the two counties of Brewster and Presidio, in the western part of the State, on the Rio Grande border. These two counties, having a joint area of 6,000 square miles, have fewer than 3,000 inhabitants. In the presidential election of 1896 there were 219 Democrats, 79 Republicans and 1 Populist in Brewster.

**Still More Counterfeiting.** The Secret Service has just unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a quantity of bogus bills, which are cleverly executed. Things of great value are always selected for imitation, notably Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for disorders like indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

**Never Cut Their Hair.** The men of the Latookas, one of the African tribes, never cut their hair, but, allowing it to grow, weave it into most wonderful shapes. The thick crisp wool is woven with fine twine made from the bark of a tree, until it represents a network of felt. As the hair grows it is subjected to the same process, and trained into the shape of a helmet. A rim of about two inches deep is formed, and the front part of this hair helmet is protected by a piece of polished copper, while a piece of the same metal, shaped like the half of a bishop's mitre, and about one foot in length, forms the crest. The helmet is then adorned with numerous vari-colored beads.

**First-Class Sewing Machines for \$14.25.**

For those who are accustomed to sending away from home for their goods it is of the greatest importance to know the character and reliability of the establishment selling goods to families from catalogues. The great emporium of the John M. Smyth Co., located at 150 to 166 West Madison street, Chicago, has been established for a third of a century, and has furnished over half a million homes in Chicago and vicinity alone. This firm enjoys the confidence of the public by its many years of fair dealing. It issues an immense illustrated catalogue that should be in every family, as it describes and gives the price of every article required for household use. A sample of the extraordinary values offered by this firm is shown in the illustration of the "Melba" sewing machine in another column of this paper for \$14.25. This is one of the best sewing machines ever offered to the public, and yet it is but a sample of the thousand and one useful articles illustrated and described in the beautiful catalogue of the John M. Smyth Company.

**A Wonderful Gown** Princess Czartoryski has just had a remarkable gown made in Paris, on which her coat of arms is produced in jewels on a white satin ground. For this purpose the stones had to be pierced, and though their value is thus deteriorated, the costume as it stands is reputed to be worth \$75,000.

**What Do the Children Drink?** Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

**The Traditional Fend-Off.** "My daughter wants to be a famous writer." "Do you think she will succeed?" "Well, she has a good start. She was born down on a modest little side street."—Detroit Free Press.

**Lane's Family Medicine** Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Spare minutes are the gold dust of time: the portions of life most fruitful in good or evil; the gaps through which temptations enter.—Mrs. Thrall.

I believe Piso's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption.—Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 12, '95.

Brown eyes are said by oculists to be the strongest.

**"He That Any Good Would Win"**

Should have good health. Pure, rich blood is the first requisite. Hood's Sarsaparilla, by giving good blood and good health, has helped many a man to success, besides giving strength and courage to women who, before taking it, could not even see any good in life to win.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla** No Disappoints

## NOVEL POINT OF VIEW.

**The Man with but One Lung Thought Himself a Good Risk.**

The young man was either an optimist or the possessor of a Harveyized steel armored nerve. Perhaps he was a little of both.

A short time ago he came to the conclusion that he would like insure his life. With this object in view he made application to a prominent company. After filling up the necessary form he received an invitation to call upon the medical officer of the company and undergo the usual medical examination. In due course he presented himself at the office of the examining physician.

Requesting the young man to remove his coat and vest, the doctor produced a stethoscope and began his examination. All at once he stopped and regarded the candidate with an expression of alarm.

"Young man," he said, "do you think you can bear a shock?"

"Oh, I think so," was the cheerful response. "Fire away and let me here the worst."

"You have only one lung!" announced the doctor, solemnly.

"Well what of that?" retorted the candidate, with the utmost composure. "I never told you I had any more, did I?"

"What!" exclaimed the doctor, "do you mean to say you were aware of your condition?"

"Of course I was. Do you suppose a man could have only one lung without being aware of the fact?"

"And yet," said the doctor, "you apply to a respectable company for a policy of life insurance. Do you expect to get it?"

"I certainly do. Not only that, but I think I ought to get it at a substantial reduction in the premium."

"Upon what ground, may I ask?"

"Upon the ground that, having only one lung, I am 50 per cent less liable to contract consumption than if I had two lungs."—Rival.

**SWANSON'S "5 DROPS"** is the sun of the sick room. It has saved the public, in less than five years, more money than the national debt of this country, when you measure the value of health restored, suffering humanity relieved of its agonies and diseases. Money which otherwise would have been expended in funerals, doctors and drug bills, loss of labor, etc., and relieved suffering humanity of at least 10,000,000 years of excruciating pain and agony. This is more than can be said of any or all other remedies or electrical appliances of any kind. If you have never used it, do not fail to send for at least a trial bottle.

**SWANSON'S "5 DROPS"** never fails to cure. It has cured and is curing millions of people afflicted with ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, ASTHMA, LA GRIPPE and CATARRH of all kinds. "5 DROPS" has never failed to cure these diseases, when used as directed. It will cure you. Try it. Price of large sized bottle \$1.00, sent on receipt of price, charges prepaid; 25-cent sample bottle sent free, on receipt of 10 cents to pay for mailing. Agents wanted. **SWANSON'S RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY, No. 164 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.**

**Female Bootblacks in Paris.**

In Paris and other large towns in France female bootblacks are increasing in number. They wear a peculiar garb, not unlike that of Sisters of Mercy, which renders their appearance rather neat and attractive. Not a few among them attend to their work with gloved hands.

**Why They Groan.** "How the trees groan!" exclaimed the romantic maid as the wind swept through the orchard.

"No wonder," chimed in the practical youth, "they're full of green apples, you know."—Philadelphia Record.

**Electric Headlights.**

Once more electricity has taken the place of other illuminants. The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad has just commenced to equip locomotives with electric headlights. The famous Fast Mail and the Denver Limited travel at such a high rate of speed that a stronger light than the old style has been found necessary to safety.

**The Facts in the Case.** Brutus—What's this yarn about Caesar thrice refusing a golden crown?

Cassius—The dentist wanted to crown one of his teeth and Caesar didn't have the nerve to let him go ahead.—New York Journal.

**Good Humor.**

"When you catch a glimpse of Dewey," cried the petty officer, "cheer like you're mad."

"Faith," remarked the Irish tar, "it sames to me wae ought to cheer like we're plazed."

**Coughing Leads to Consumption.** Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

**Births.** The world's births amount to 36,792,000 every year, 100,800 every day, 4,200 every hour, 70 every minute, and one and a fraction every second.

**To Cure a Cold in One Day** Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

**The Busy Propeller.** The screw of an Atlantic liner revolves something like 630,000 times between Liverpool and New York.

**Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP** for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, cures colic, and cures all the troubles of the bowels. 25c. a bottle.

## Writes Her Complaints.

Mrs. Kendal's methods of housekeeping are worth hearing. In every room of her house hang a pencil and slate. Once a day she makes a tour of the entire house. Wherever she finds anything wrong she writes her complaints and orders on the slate assigned to the particular room at fault.

**\$100 Reward, \$100.**

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address, **F. J. CLENEY & CO., Toledo, O.**

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

**Spanish Are Charitable.**

The Spanish are among the most charitable people on earth. Without a poor tax, Spanish communities of 50,000 self-supporters feed a pauper population of 5,000 or more.

**Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!**

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/4 the price of coffee, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

**The Spiteful Thing.**

Ruby—Maria Oldgirl said she had the stage fright last night.

Pearl—You mean she was the stage fright.

**MRS. PINKHAM** says that irritability indicates disease. Women who are nervous and snappish are to be pitied. Their homes are uncomfortable; their dispositions grow constantly worse. Such women need the counsel and treatment of a woman who understands the peculiar troubles of her sex.

**EVERY-DAY TALKS WITH WOMEN**

**MRS. ANNA E. HALL**, of Milldale, Conn., was all run down in health and had completely lost control of her nerves. She wrote to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Now she writes: "I wish to thank you for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. It has helped me more than anything else. I suffered for a long time with nervousness, pains in back and limbs and falling of the womb; also had neuralgia in my head and could not sleep. I told my husband that something must be done, for I was nearly frantic with pain. Having read of the wonderful cures Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had performed, I determined to try it. I have taken it and am happy to say I am cured. I recommend it to all my friends and never tire of telling the benefit I have derived from its use. I have you alone to thank for my recovery."

**MRS. ELLEN FLANAGAN**, 1810 Mountain St., Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Three years ago I was a sufferer from chronic dyspepsia, was irritable and cross, and can say that after taking seven bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was entirely cured. I take great pleasure in writing this to you and would be pleased to be interviewed by any one who is afflicted with that distressing complaint. I am very grateful to you."

## NO MORE GRIPS

**New Line Now Open to the Public.**

Take the C. C. C. Route to Certain Relief Without a Grip or Gripe—Fare 10c—Get Passage at Any Drug Store.

No more grips. Russian or any other kind.

That is the verdict of the traveling public who have grown tired after years of experience with the grips and gripes of pill form and liquid purgatives.

To open the bowels naturally, easily, without disagreeable feelings or results, has been the problem before modern science, which has been solved in Cascarets Candy Cathartic.

Cascarets are the ideal laxative, harmless, purely vegetable, mild yet positive. They make the liver lively, prevent sour stomach, purify the blood, regulate the bowels perfectly.

They cure constipation. We want you to believe this, as it is the truth, backed by an absolute guarantee. If Cascarets do not cure any case of constipation, purchase money will be refunded.

Go buy and try Cascarets to-day. It's what they do, not what we say they do, that proves their merit. All druggists, 10c, 25c, or 50c, or mailed for price. Send for booklet and free sample. Address Sterling Remedial Co., Chicago, Montreal, Can.; or New York.

This is the CASCARET tablet. Every tablet of the only genuine Cascarets bears the magic letters "CCC." Look at the tablet before you buy, and beware of frauds, imitations and substitutes.

**Discussion Becoming Personal.**

"When I married you," exclaimed the indignant wife, "you hadn't a cent to your name!"

"I haven't now, either, madam," he howled. "It's all in your name!"—Chicago Tribune.

The desire of knowledge, like the thirst of riches, increases ever with the acquisition of it.—Sterne.



**JOHN M. SMYTH CO.**  
MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE  
150 TO 166 WEST MADISON ST. CHICAGO

**\$14.25 The Best Sewing Machine on Earth**

At the Price, \$14.25 for Our "MELBA" Sewing Machine.

A high-arm, high-grade machine equal to what others are asking \$25.00 to \$35.00 for. Guaranteed by us for 20 years from date of purchase, against any imperfection in material or workmanship. The stand is made of the best iron and is nicely proportioned. The cabinet work is perfect and is furnished in your choice of antique, oak or walnut. It has seven drawers all handsomely carved and with nickel-plated ring pulls. The mechanical construction is equal to that of any machine regardless of price. All working parts are of the best oil-tempered tool steel, every bearing perfectly fitted and adjusted so as to make the running qualities the lightest, most perfect and nearest noiseless of any machine made. This Sewing Machine has all the latest improvements. It makes a perfect and uniform LOCK STITCH, and will do the best work on either the lightest muslin or heaviest cloth, sewing over seams and rough places without skipping stitches. A full set of best steel attachments, nicely nickel-plated and enclosed in a handsome plush-lined metal, japanned box, and a complete assortment of accessories and book of instruction FURNISHED FREE with each machine.

60 DAYS TRIAL. We ship this machine C.O.D. subject to approval, on receipt of two you \$25 or \$30 on agent's price, pay the balance and freight charges then try the machine. If not satisfied at any time within 60 days send the machine back to us at our expense and we will refund the full purchase price. **\$14.25**

**MAMMOTH CATALOGUE** In which is listed at lowest wholesale prices everything to eat wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10c to partly pay postage or expressage and as evidence of good faith the 10c is allowed on first purchase amounting to \$1.00 or above. OUR MONTHLY GROCERY PRICE LIST FREE.

**FREE SAFETY RAZOR.** To introduce our new safety razor, we will give away 5,000 latest pattern safety razors. Send 20 cents in stamps. **DEXTER SOAP CO., Milwaukee, Wis.**

C. N. U. No. 47-99

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For One Year - \$1.25  
For Six Months - .70  
For Three Months - .35  
If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

## THE FINAL SMASH UP

MANY PREDICTIONS CONCERNING THE END OF THE WORLD.

These Prophecies Have Startled the Inhabitants of This Old Earth From as Far Back as the Year 1000—The Fear of Comets.

In 1521 Jean Stoffer, a German, plunged Europe into terror by predicting a universal deluge in 1524 "owing to the conjunction of several planets in a watery sign"—the watery signs are Cancer, Scorpio and Pisces. At his ominous words thousands fled to the mountains, and others took refuge in boats. Avinot, a doctor of law and canon of Toulouse, even built a sort of ark on four pillars as a haven of refuge. There was no need of such excitement. No flood came. On the contrary, the season was even calmer and drier than usual. Stoffer had, indeed, made a serious blunder and one for which many of his fellow astrologers, including Cardau, never pardoned him.

Stoffer, however, is only one in a long list of prophets whose predictions in regard to the end of the world have proved utterly false. As far back as the year 1000 many communities in Europe were driven half distracted by rumors that the day of judgment was close at hand, and again, in 1186, whole cities were paralyzed with fright for the same reason. Now and again during the latter part of the middle ages the same extraordinary phenomenon was witnessed, though in a lesser degree, and ever since the modern revival of occultism there have not been wanting erratic prophets of the Jean Stoffer type.

Years ago a Mr. Baxter created a sensation in England by his prediction that the world would certainly come to an end in 1887. Thousands believed in him, and great was their surprise when they discovered that he was mistaken. Yet such is the credulity of human nature that their faith in him remained unshaken, and, no matter what year he selected as the final one of the world's existence, they accepted his prediction as gospel truth.

Equally bold, though doubtless not as popular as Baxter, is the Abbe Dupin, cure of the village of Dion, in France, and author of a book with the following extraordinary title: "The grand coup or universal cataclysm will ravage the world between the 19th and 21st of September, 1896, according to the Scriptures. The prophecies of the Old and New Testaments compare with those of the fathers and with the secrets of La Salette, in which is foretold the great war which will destroy nine-tenths of the human race, the coming of antichrist and his reign, after which the church will triumph over her enemies and the reign of Christ begin on earth." The author fixed September, 1896, as the time when the great "coup," as he called it, would take place, but he added that if it did not take place then it would certainly occur before the close of 1899.

The appearance of comets has frequently given rise to similar predictions. This was the case when the famous comet of 1680 appeared. Whiston ascribed the deluge to its former appearance, and such an excitement did it cause among all classes of the people that Bayle wrote a treatise to prove the absurdity of belief founded on these portents. Mme. de Levisne, writing at the same time, said:

"We have a comet of enormous size. Its tail is the most beautiful object conceivable. Every person of note is alarmed and believes that heaven, interested in their fate, sends them a warning in this comet. They say that the courtiers of Cardinal Mazarin, who is despaired of by his physicians, believe this prodigy is in honor of his passing away and tell him of the terror with which it has inspired them. He had the sense to laugh at them and to reply facetiously that the comet did him too much honor."

M. Camille Flammarion, the distinguished French astronomer, says on the same subject: "In this century predictions concerning the end of the world have several times been associated with comets. It was announced that the comet of Biela, for example, would intersect the world's orbit on Oct. 29, 1832, which did as predicted. There was great excitement. Once more the end of things was predicted, and this time it was the comet of 1843, which was said to be the last of the series."

It never was not to reach that point of its orbit traversed by the comet until Nov. 30, more than a month after the comet's passage, and the latter was at no time to be within 20,000,000 leagues of us. Once more we got off with a good fright."

In his entertaining book, "La Fin du Monde," M. Flammarion gives a graphic description of a collision between the earth and a comet which is to take place some time in the twenty-fifth century. "These two heavenly bodies, the earth and the comet," he writes, "will meet like two trains rushing headlong upon each other with resistless momentum, as if impelled to mutual destruction by an insatiable rage. But in the present instance the velocity of shock will be 865 times greater than that of two express trains having each a speed of 100 kilometers per hour."—New York Herald.

### An Intelligent Censor.

No play may be publicly performed in England until it has been passed upon and agreed to by the stage censor. A certificate must be secured from the lord chamberlain. The lord chamberlain himself does not, of course, read all the plays submitted to him, but the work is passed on to the examiner of plays, who is not always a man of education or discretion and who in many cases has been suspected of letting things pass because managers have made it profitable to him to close his eyes to supposed faults.

The story is told of one of these examiners who was moved to strike out "drunk as a lord" in one of the plays submitted to him. There used to be an old rule that the word "heaven" should be substituted in stage lines wherever the name of any of the persons of the Trinity came up. So this clever examiner changed the line to read "as drunk as a heaven."

The penalty for disobeying the examiner is a fine of \$250, which may be levied on any person connected with the forbidden performance—callboy as well as star.

### In Cuba.

In Cuba the kitchens are always on the roof or in the courtyards back of the house. Only twice a day does the Cuban housewife or servant prepare meals—at 10 o'clock, when she enters the kitchen to make ready 11 o'clock breakfast, and at 6 o'clock to cook the dinner, which is served at 8.

### Those Loving Girls.

Tody—Jennie tells me young Woodby proposed to her last night.  
Viola—I don't think I know him. Is he well off?  
Tody—He certainly is. She refused him.—Chicago News.

### Effect of Opulence.

When a man gets beyond wondering where his next meal is coming from, he falls to wondering who his ancestors were.—Detroit Journal.

### Humbugs.

Are they who tell you other cough syrups are just as good as Beggs' Cherry Cough Syrup. If you can not get it from your druggist notify us at once and on receipt of 25c. we will send you a bottle. Guaranteed. For sale by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

## A Free Trip to Paris!

Reliable persons of a mechanical or inventive mind desiring a trip to the Paris Exposition, with good salary and expenses paid, should write The PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

## About Kersey Overcoats.

EVERYBODY knows what Kersey is. The strong, warm, rich surfaced, handsome and lasting overcoat cloth that is more worn than any other by men of all conditions, and has been for years. Fashion comes and goes, but Kersey is always with us, but there men who and collar widths change but little from season to season and



who feel they'd like a change. For them we have the latest and best in rough faced diagonals, herringbones and gray mixed overcoats, and covert and whipcords too. Kersey Overcoats, cut in the latest styles of 1899-1900. Fancy fabric overcoats. Coverts and Whipcords. The Big Specie is our \$7.50 Advertised Line of Suits and Overcoats.

**M. Lauer & Son,**

**One-Price-Outfitters,**

PLYMOUTH,

## A WELL CLOTHED MAN CAN LAUGH AT TI FREAKS OF CLIMATE."

### "An Ounce of Prevention is Worth a Pound of Cure."

Fortify yourselves against the ills and chills of autumn and thus prevent a possible siege of sickness. Before have you had such an opportunity to select from such a large and reasonable line of overcoats and

## The BIG STORE

of Plymouth now offers. Men's Overcoats at \$2.25, \$4.90, \$6.40, \$8.40, \$9.40, \$12.00 & \$14.50. Boy's coats, \$1.00 up. Men's high grade strictly all wool Black Clay Worsted suits. Others want \$10.00 for the our price is \$7.20. Also at this price we have 20 styles of chevots, worsteds and cassimeres, including str all wool cassimere and chevot suits. Also Men's suits at \$2.25, \$3.00, \$4.20, \$6.40, \$8.40, \$9.40, \$12.00 \$14.90. We know we can save you money on clothing for this winter.

### NOBBY FURNISHINGS AT POPULAR PRICES.

Swellest line of Shirts, Hats and Neckwear ever shown Plymouth. In our Drygoods Department we are offering great values. Extra quality unbleached muslin 3 1/2c. Extra good blankets 48c. Ladies' 15c black fleece hose at 10c.

### Best and Biggest Line Of Shoes in Marshall County.

Men's or women's good shoes at 98c. Boy's extra good winter shoes at 95c. All kinds of high grade la and gent's footwear. Ladies' rubbers 29c. If you come to Plymouth you'll do yourself credit and benefit it if you call at the BIG STORE before purchasing.

NEXT TO CORNER HARDWARE **M. ALLMAN, Prop., of The Big Store.**

### Summer Complaint

Is easily cured by the use of Beggs' Diarrhoea Balsam it is safe and sure. For sale by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

### BEGGS BLOOD PURIFIER

will cure any case of Catarrh of head or nose, no matter of how long standing. It is the great Blood Maker

NOTICE—I ship work for the Eagle Steam Laundry, of Rochester, on Tuesday night. Those wishing to send, please leave bundles at Con Bonaker's barber shop, and he will give them his prompt attention.

We want you to prescribe Beggs' Little Giant Pill, a most pleasant medicine, they will cure all Chronic cases of Liver troubles. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

### BEAUTIFUL

You can not be beautiful without a nice head of hair. Beggs' Hair Renewer is sold by your Druggist. T. E. Slattery.

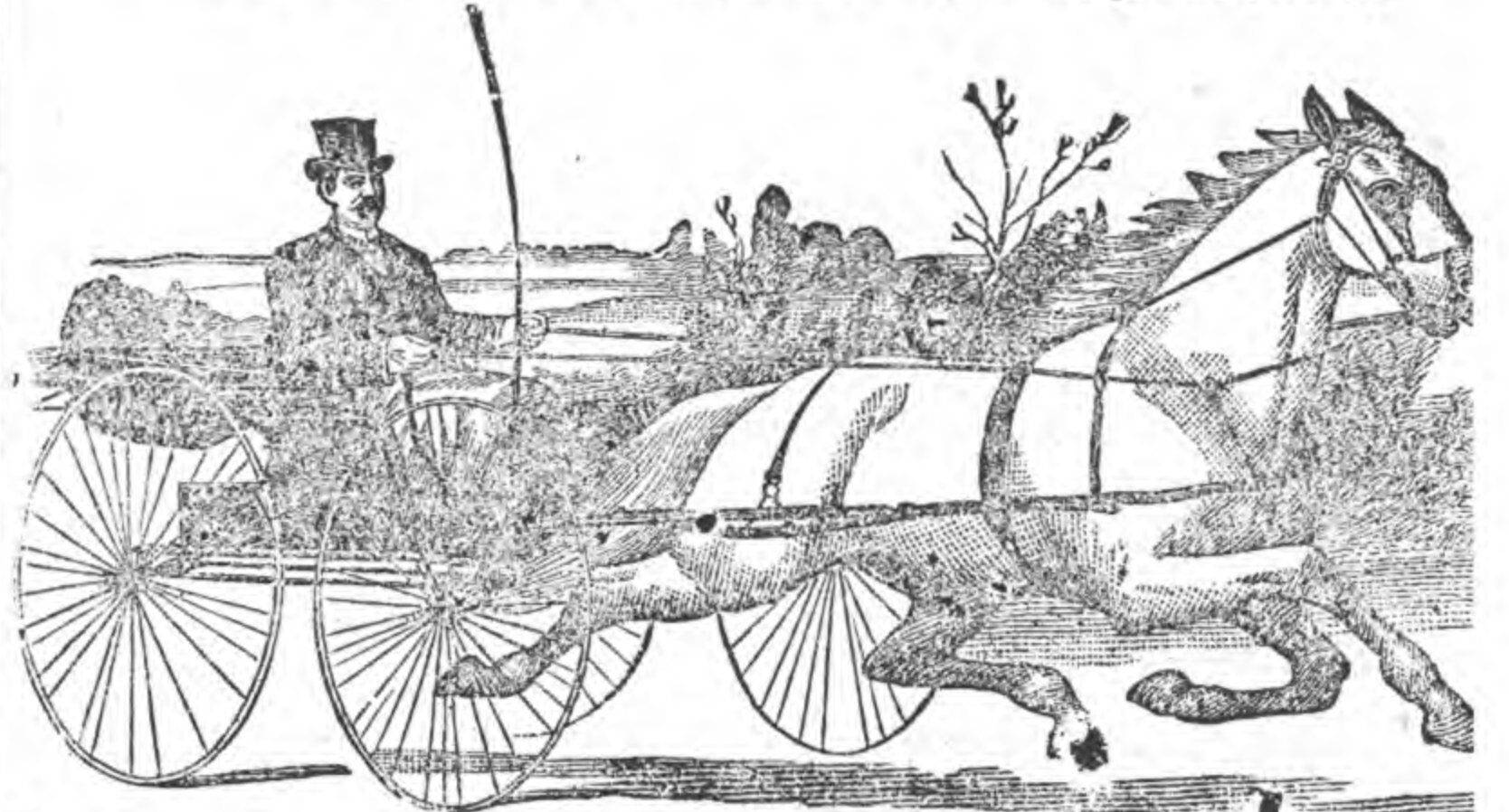
### CAUTION

Should be used n buying a Colic and Diarrhoea Medicine. Very hot preparations are injurious to the the stomach and are absolutely dangerous for children to take. Beggs Diarrhoea Balsam is guaranteed to cure Colic, Cholera Infantum and Flux. It is harmless. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

H. A. Deeds, Dentist rooms over corner hardware store corner Michigan and Laporte streets, Plymouth Ind. 14m3

## Livery, Feed and Sale Stable

McLANE & COMPANY, Proprietors.



Room for 100 horses. Special attention paid to Traveling men. Terms reasonable. Barn near Postoffice, Culver, Indiana.

## PATENTS

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago

### Spent a Good Farm Doctoring.

Mr. A. N. Noell of Asherville, Kansas, says he spent a good farm doctoring himself for chronic diarrhoea but got no relief and was afraid that he must die. He chanced to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was permanently cured by it. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

## J. Clemens Experienced Blacksmith.

Horseshoeing a Specialty. Horses warranted not to interfere and work guaranteed. Prices to suit the times. My Motto "Live and Let Live."

CULVER, INDIANA.

## E. F. HOOVER.

General Blacksmith & WOODWORKER,

Maxinku ce, - - Indiana.

Work warranted. Also single kit of blacksmith tools for sale.

### IS IT RIGHT

For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines?

(From Sylvan Valley News, Brevard, N.C.) It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventative of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in many cases the presence of a physician would not be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

### An Epidemic of Diarrhoea.

Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Cocanut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

### CLOVER LEAF DAIRY.

The undersigned having established a milk route around the lake, very kindly solicit your patronage. We deliver bottled milk right off the ice and will guarantee satisfaction in every respect.

W. E. HAND & SON, Proprietors.

46-1m

INDIANA.



# 'TIS USELESS TO REGRET.

There's many a plan that comes to naught,  
There's many a light gone out,  
And disappointments, griefs and cares  
Have hedged us round about.  
And many a sad mistake we've made  
Throughout our lives, and yet  
We've done the very best we could,  
'Tis useless to regret.

For out of evil good has come,  
And out of darkness light,  
And all wrongdoings in this world  
Some day will be set right.  
And though we have not reached the height  
Attained by others, yet  
We've done the best we could, my dear;  
'Tis useless to regret.

We've tried to live like honest folks,  
To do our duty well,  
'Gainst evil things to take our stand,  
In goodness to excel.  
So judge yourself not harshly, dear,  
Nor at misfortune fret,  
We've done the best we could, and so  
'Tis useless to regret.

—London Tit-Bits.

## CHEWED REDHOT CHARCOAL

An Arab Accomplished This Feat Without Burning His Mouth.

A small brazier, full of redhot charcoal, was brought. Seating himself on the floor in front of this, the Arab picked out with a pair of iron pinchers a big lump, which he broke into small fragments, one of which he put into his mouth. Swaying his body to and fro, uttering a series of semisuppressed groans, he munched the hot charcoal between his teeth. When he had retained it nearly a minute, he spit it out and took up another piece. The operation appeared to cause him great pain. He rolled his eyes wildly, and at times the saliva dripped from the corners of his mouth.

Persians are said to be utterly callous to human suffering, but Mahmoud Bey was so much upset that he got up and went out of the room. The prince, too, was visibly affected. To me the performance appeared a mere piece of vulgar trickery. By practice a man might easily retain a small piece of hot charcoal between his teeth in such a manner that it should not scorch his flesh.

When the Arab had crushed some five or six pieces we begged him to stop. He rose and seated himself on the divan, remarking that there was no reason for any anxiety; that the operation was quite a simple one and could be learned in a few weeks by any novice. Despite his placidity, I suspected that his tongue and lips were burned. I was therefore surprised to see him swallow a few minutes afterward a cup of hot coffee and smoke a cigarette, apparently without any inconvenience.—Gentleman's Magazine.

## Worry.

"Nearly every woman is a miser of jollity. Men are willing to catch pleasure as it flies, but women must have everything just so before they can abandon themselves to enjoyment, and then they are usually too tired to take it," said a lecturer to an audience of women. "It's a disease, but fortunately not incurable. Women say it is easy to talk this way, but that one can't be laughing when one is hurried and worried. All I can say is that you might be as hurried, but you wouldn't be as worried if you did laugh. I happened once to speak of my husband to a little girl, and she said:

"Why, I didn't think you were married."  
"Why? I asked."  
"Oh, cause—"  
"Cause why?"  
"Cause you laugh so much."  
"Wasn't that a commentary on matrimony?"—Chicago Times-Herald.

## Contagion Through Handkerchiefs.

Western medical authorities are crusading against the use of the handkerchief. While they suggest no substitute, they argue that the handkerchief must go, because it breeds disease.

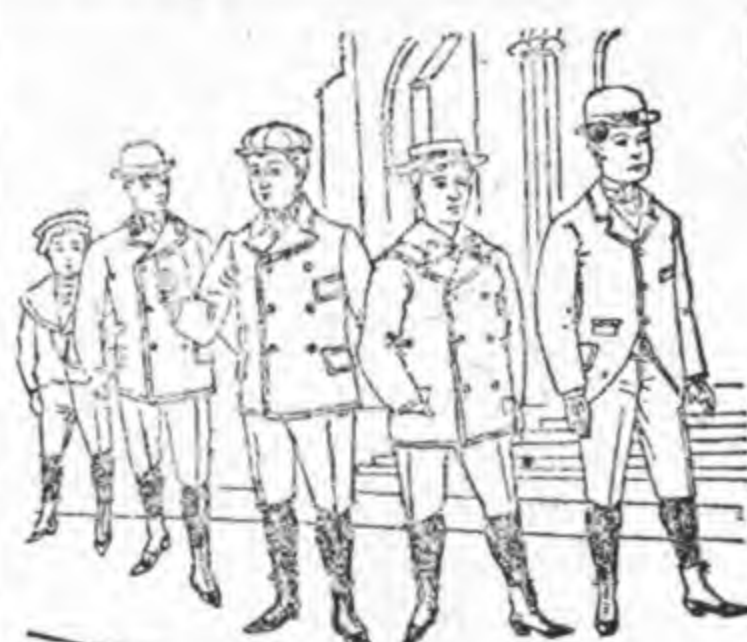
Dr. M. P. Foshey, editor of the Cleveland Journal of Medicine, says: "Colds in the head and sore throats make the rounds of whole families. The handkerchief as usually employed is far from being an aseptic device as it could well be. Used repeatedly and thrown in a moist condition into the same pocket, the germs must remain there from day to day, reinfecting each fresh handkerchief and carrying contagion to the mucous membrane."

## Good He Didn't Accept.

During the second Dreyfus court martial, M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, ex-president of the civil section of the cour de cassation, who was bitter against the accused captain, received a very polite letter dated from the Chateau de Prefargier, near Neuchatel, in Switzerland, and signed, "A de Prefargier," praising him for his efforts in the Dreyfus case and inviting him to come and stay at the writer's residence.

M. de Beaurepaire replied in his usual flowery style, saying he would continue the struggle as long as he had strength, and that he would remain at the breach like a valiant soldier to set an example of duty to God and the fatherland, even should he stand alone. He did not positively decline the invitation, holding out hopes that some day he might be free to accept it.

The Chateau de Prefargier is the lunatic asylum for Neuchatel.—St. Paul's Advertiser.



# SPECIAL

# SALE

THIS WEEK.

Call and see what a

LINE OF

# Shoes & Rubber

Goods we carry.

# Porter & Co.

## CASTLEMAN & COMPANY.

Big Out in Queensware.

To enable us to find room for Fall and Winter Goods, we are selling all lines of QUEENSWARE at a BIG REDUCTION. Come at once and take advantage of BARGAINS.

Now is the time to buy Caps, Heavy Shirts, Underwear, Gloves, etc. We can give you the best value for Your Money.

Just Received a full line of Rubbers, Rubber Boots, Felts, Etc., which we are selling at Bedrock Prices.

## OUR SHOES.

We offer a box calf—Goodyear Welt shoe—every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded, for the extremely low price of \$2.75 per pair. All other shoes in proportion. Bargains in Misses, Ladies and Boy's shoes. Come in and inspect our line. Best Candee Rubber Boots, \$3.00 per pair. Boy's Felt Boots complete, \$1.75 per pair. Men's Felt Boots complete, \$2.00 per pair. Men's Best Candee Suede proof felt boots complete, \$2.50 per pair.

The only place in Culver to buy your Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Cash or trade; paid to customers offering Butter, Eggs or other produce. Remember we want every Customer to be satisfied, if not we cheerfully make things right or refund purchase money.



# This Thanksgiving Day

there are more people than ever before in this county, who have glad feet and are freed from the discomforts that come from wearing misfit shoes.

Shoes coming now. They're sell the time, for they the trade. This prepare yourself in a pair of our shoes, rubbers or overshoes.



in faster than ever ing more easily all are the solid shoes known to Thanksgiving day for a peaceful time

POR ER & COMPANY.

## Special Bargains.

Did you get any of our Outing Remnants at 5c per yard? Good. dark styles, worth 8c, and nearly all gone.

We have an extra heavy Guinea Hen Flannel at 8c. We sell 30-inch Percales, good dark patterns at 6c, they can't be bought elsewhere for less than 10c. Extra heavy Flannel-ettes, good, dark patterns, 7c. Very best Calico at 5c. 54-inch Turkey Table Linens at 19c, worth 25c. Ladies' white Merino vests and Pants and Gents' Shirts and Drawers, the kind we always sold at 50c each, now 25c. Children's White Merino Underwear 10 to 15c according to size. Boy's Fleeced Shirts and Drawers 25c each. Although prices are advancing, there will be no advance at our store this year.

## Call and See

Our Stock of COLLARETTES & MUFFS.

Best in the City.

## KLOEPFERS

New York Store.

PLYMOUTH, IND.



## HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF

—Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.—

First Class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 Horses and shelter.



Culver,

Indiana.

## MARBAUGH BROS.

Monterey, Ind.

HEADQUARTERS for all Kinds of Shelf Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Harness, Buggies and Birdsell Wagons.

STOVES of all Kinds and Prices, among them Air rights and the Celebrated ROUND OAK HEATER. For a neat and serviceable Stove, at a reasonable price, don't fail to see us.

It will be a pleasure for us to Show goods and quote prices.

Marbaugh Bros.

## —ROSS \* HOUSE—

PLYMOUTH, ND.

Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable

Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers.

Hacks to and from all trains.



## CULVER CITY HERALD.

CULVER CITY, . . . INDIANA.

### RISES FROM COFFIN.

#### GIRL NARROWLY ESCAPES BEING BURIED ALIVE.

**Nora Johnson Lies in a Trance for Several Days, but Awakes Just Before Time for Burial—American Syndicate Gets Elevator Concession.**

After being given up for dead by her relatives and the attending physicians and having all her funeral arrangements made, Nora Johnson, a 16-year-old girl living near Braymer, Mo., arose from her coffin. Miss Johnson is the daughter of a well-to-do farmer. A few days ago she fell into a trance, which so nearly resembled death the parents and physicians alike were baffled. The girl was laid out and an absent brother was notified. He had scarcely reached home to join the other mourners at his sister's funeral when their weeping was changed to amazement by the girl sitting up in her coffin. She declared she had had a vision. She had seen and talked with the Lord and he had told her that she was to die within a week. During the week they watched her carefully. The week has expired and the girl is still alive and healthy.

#### SAFE BLOWN OPEN AT MIDDAY.

**Office in Marshalltown, Iowa, County Building Robbed of \$6,500.**

At the noon hour of the day the office of the Southwestern Mutual Life Insurance Association at Marshalltown, Iowa, was entered, the safe blown open and cash, drafts and certificates of deposit to the amount of about \$6,500 were abstracted therefrom. The robbery was the boldest in the history of the city. The office of the association is situated in the basement of the court house, one floor below the sheriff's office and only a short distance from the court chamber, in which the session of the District Court was being held at the time. It is surrounded by offices which were occupied by employees at the time and the corridors of the court house were thronged with residents of the city and county called there by the court.

#### ELEVATORS FOR MONTREAL.

**Conners Syndicate Gets Concession from Dominion Government.**

It is definitely announced at Toronto by Richard Harcourt, treasurer of Ontario, that the Dominion Government has given its consent to the construction at Montreal and Port Colborne of large elevators to be built by the Conners syndicate of Buffalo. The syndicate will spend \$4,500,000 on modern elevators, and a fleet of twelve vessels, full canal size, has been ordered. The expectation is that 100,000,000 bushels of grain will be eventually delivered yearly to Montreal.

#### The Education of Indians.

The annual report of the commissioner of Indian affairs, William A. Jones, urges more schools, more systematic methods, study of individual traits and consideration of subsequent environment in outlining studies in the Indian schools. The entire educational system of the Indian office, he says, is predicated upon the final abolishment of the anomalous Indian reservation system.

#### State Fails to Secure Land.

The State of Minnesota loses in its attempt to secure over 1,000,000 acres of land included in the grant to the Duluth and Iron Range Railroad, United States Judge Lochren deciding to that effect. The State's claim was on the ground that the railroad had not built its line by the shortest route between two points, as had been provided in its charter.

#### Try to Lynch a Magistrate.

A mob attacked the home of Magistrate Oscar Fleming in Princess Anne County, Va. Fleming defended his home and killed one of the party and wounded several others. A few days ago Fleming shot and killed a lad named Clarence Ender, who was hunting on the former's farm.

#### Mormons at Work in Ohio.

Ben L. Rich of Idaho and L. M. Nebeker of Utah, Mormon elders, have arrived in Columbus, Ohio, and announced their intention of opening headquarters at once and making Columbus a recruiting station for the Mormon faith. The clergy of Columbus are highly indignant over the actions of the Mormons.

#### Ohio Editors Battle.

Judge J. H. Cramer of Oak Harbor, editor of the Exponent, and A. G. Winnie of the Port Clinton Republican, fought to a finish on the depot platform at Port Clinton, Ohio, and Winnie lost an ear and one finger, the members having been bitten off by Cramer. The feud is one of long standing.

#### Killed His Father's Slayer.

Henry Tate shot Sheriff Evan Bledsoe near Jonesville, Va. Young Tate was the son of John M. Tate, who was killed by Bledsoe over politics a few days ago.

#### Nebraska Senator Marries.

Senator John M. Thurston of Nebraska and Miss Lola Purman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Purman of Washington, D. C., were married a few days ago.

#### Lady Salisbury Is Dead.

Lady Salisbury, wife of the British premier, who had been in ill health for a long time, suffering a second stroke of paralysis in July last, is dead.

#### Bones Found in Fire Ruins.

The bones of a man and woman were found in the ruins of the St. Charles Hotel, which, with six other buildings, was destroyed by fire at Waguer, I. T.

## THE WAR WITH THE BOERS.

**Fighting Still Continues, with No Important Results.**

At this writing it is not apparent that any serious fighting has taken place in Natal between the Boers and British since the serious reverse experienced by the latter before Ladysmith. There is a dearth of news in London relative to the South African situation, but enough is known to keep up interest and create anxiety. Ladysmith is surrounded by the Boers in large numbers and a force sufficiently strong has been sent south and has compelled the British evacuation of Colenso, the only town of importance between Ladysmith and Durban, the chief port of Natal. This obviously improves the Boer situation. It gives them the command of the Tugella river, cuts off Ladysmith completely from communication with British headquarters at Pietermaritzburg, the capital of Natal, and places them favorably for an attack upon any re-enforcement that Gen. Buller may send north from Durban for the relief of Gen. White.

Meantime at Kimberley and Mafeking, on the west side of the twin republics, the siege of these places is being prosecuted by the Boers. The latter are in greater numbers than it was once thought they could muster and England may find it necessary to send even more than one army corps to South Africa.

Friday night Capt. Fitz-Clarence and Lieut. Swinburn, with D squadron of the Protectorate regiment, made a magnificent bayonet charge upon the Boers' entrenchment, driving them from their positions and bayoneting numbers of the Boers, who must have lost very heavily. The charge was most gallant and determined. The party could not hold the trenches and lost six men killed, two prisoners and nine wounded in their retirement.

A heliographic message from Ladysmith, received at Estcourt, states that the bombardment of that place continues, but thus far no harm had been done. The message adds that there is plenty of food, and all are well. The Boers are doing all the damage possible to the railroad south of Colenso, and are gathering in large numbers south of Ladysmith, the motive of these movements evidently being to hamper the British as much as they can in their efforts to relieve White.

A dispatch from Kimberley says that the Boers are apparently shelling the town at the extreme range of their guns. Their fire has been futile.

#### BOOM IN CHOCTAW COURTING.

**Mad Rush for Indian Brides Made by Avaricious Whites.**

Love-making of a fast order is now going on in the Choctaw nation, Indian Territory. About 5,000 white men have already won Choctaw brides and the land and money that accompany them. The cause of the rush is the recent announcement of the Dawes commission that after the first of the month all persons not Choctaws by blood will not be enrolled on the citizenship list. This means no white men who marry Choctaw women will be allowed to share in lands and money of the Choctaw tribe. Hence quick love-making on part of civilized man.

The Choctaw girls are rather pretty and some are highly educated. Those who are not full bloods refuse to marry



TYPE OF CHOCTAW MAIDEN.

Indians, hence there is a great demand for whites. Choctaw girls marry at the age of 17. Because of their 550 acres of land (equal amount being given to their husbands) no trouble is experienced in finding a suitable companion. These girls are of a kind and loving disposition, and are said by the white men who have tried to make excellent wives.

## WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

There are no Boers nearer Estcourt than Colenso.

A report declares that the Boers are marching into Zululand.

Foreign interference is now regarded as out of the question.

Gen. Buller did not expect to begin the campaign before Christmas.

A complete wireless telegraphic apparatus has been seized on a vessel at Cape Town.

St. Petersburg reports cite the Russians as marching toward the Afghan frontier.

The troops arrived at Cape Town now bring the total number thus far landed up to 130,000.

The strict censorship of the British authorities prevents authentic reports in many instances.

The Portuguese Government has determined not to send troops to Delagoa bay before the end of December.

Both Britons and Boers are accused of inhumanity, but these stories are not to be accepted without consideration of the source.

It is reported that the Belgian Government has warned Dr. Leyds, whose headquarters is at Brussels, that Belgium is a neutral country.

The Basutos have expressed their sympathy for the British by quitting work on the Boers' farms, and as a result the crops are rotting.

## TRAIN IN A BOER TRAP

**OVER A HUNDRED BRITISH SOLDIERS ARE CAPTURED.**

**Armored Train Falls Into an Ambush—Lieut. Churchill Among Prisoners—Burghers Tore Up Track and Wrecked the Train and Its Armament.**

Intelligence from Natal by way of London Friday was reassuring as regards the safety of Ladysmith, but conveyed the report that the Boers successfully assailed a scouting party in an armored train and captured over 100 British, including Lord Randolph Churchill's son, Lieut. Winston Churchill. Reports indicate that the Boers are moving southward in the hope of cutting off the British communication. The reported death of Gen. Joubert is discredited at the war office. The armored train which the Boers attacked was practically destroyed.

A Lorenzo Marquez paper says that at midnight Tuesday all the cannon on

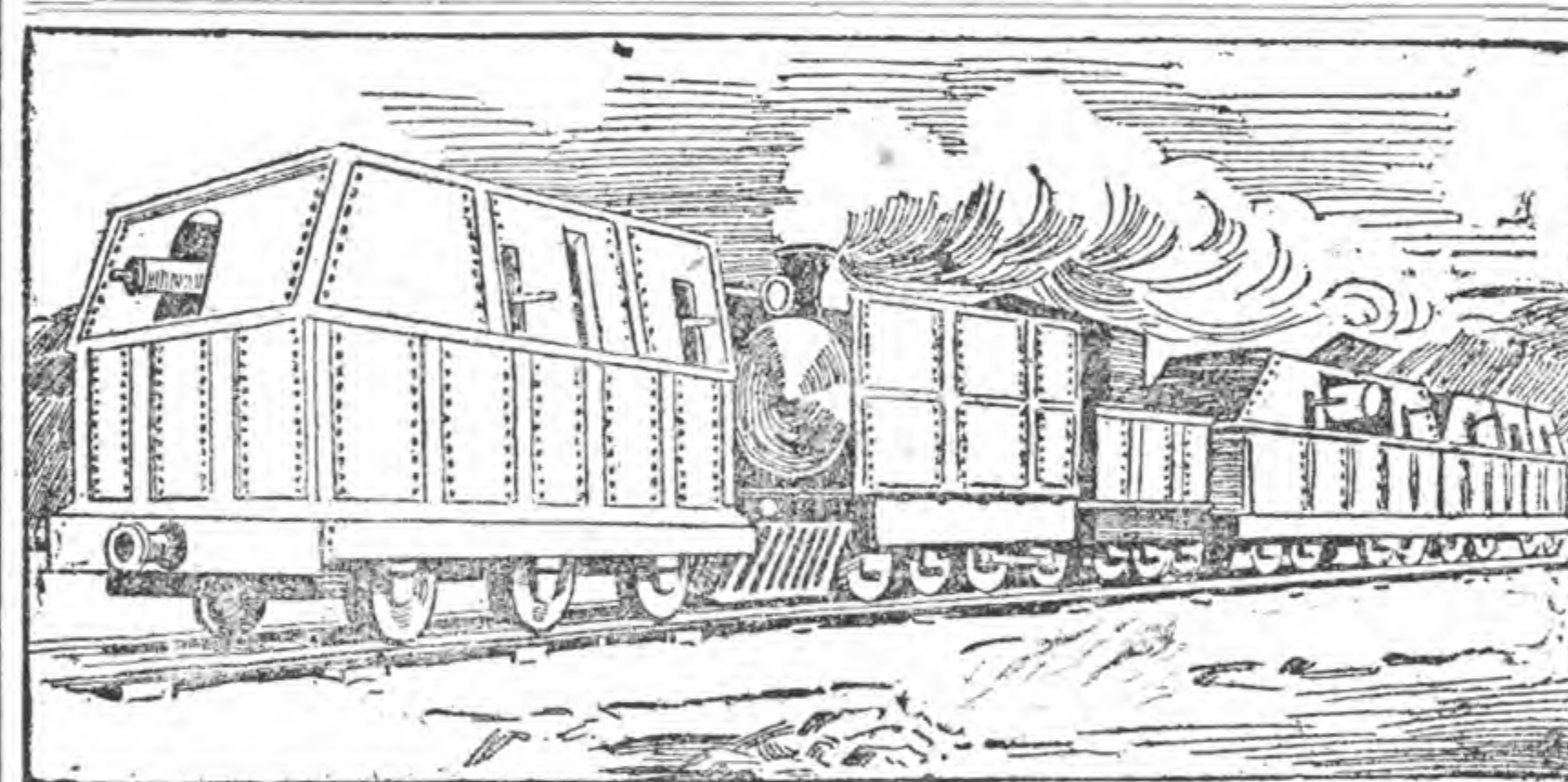


GEN. BULLER IN CAMPAIGN UNIFORM.

the hills surrounding Ladysmith opened fire and that buildings were set afire by the shells. When a Red Cross train in charge of Dr. Brisloe went to Cheveley to pick up the dead and aid the wounded the Boer patrol demanded a request in writing to remove the unfortunate.

The British war office received a cablegram from Gen. Buller confirming the report of the loss of 100 men north of Estcourt. Lorenzo Marquez specials say that the Boer censorship is very strict and that no newspaper men are allowed to leave the country.

The Natal Advertiser of Durban has a dispatch from Estcourt which says: "When part of the armored train was



TYPE OF ARMORED TRAIN WRECKED BY THE BOERS.

overturned by the Boers turning up the rails the British alighted and exchanged volleys with the Boers. Many fell in this engagement and, the rails being replaced, an attempt was made to place all the wounded on the train. Lieut. Churchill led in this, but the Boer fire continued, wrecking the big gun carried by the British and welligh demolishing the engine and tender.

England has planned to put an army of 100,000 fighting men under Gen. Buller. For the first general movement there will be three infantry divisions, consisting in round figures of 10,000 men each. The cavalry division is computed at about 5,534 men, the corps troops (artillery, engineers, etc.) at about 5,100, while the troops to be employed in the "lines of communication," it is stated, will number 10,000.

The Royal Field Artillery and the Royal Horse Artillery account, at a moderate estimate, for about 170 guns, in addition to which must be taken into account the machine and Maxim guns attached to infantry battalions and cavalry regiments, the guns landed from the ships at Durban, and also those, together with field pieces, possessed by the force under Col. Baden-Powell at Mafeking, the garrison at Kimberley, Col. Plummer's force on the Rhodesian frontier, etc. The actual number of these weapons is not known, as many of them belong to the Rhodesia. Of the field batteries on the way to South Africa several will be provided with howitzers, a most terrible engine of war when supplied with lyddite shell. The number of machine guns now being transported to the front with the troops is also very large.

On the field the force will be divided into three infantry divisions, comprising eight brigades, one cavalry division of three brigades, the Natal field force, and "lines of communication." The brigade establishment of each infantry battalion is upward of 1,000 men, and each cavalry regiment over 530 men. The mounted infantry companies will be slightly stronger than the cavalry regiments—nearly 600 men each.

#### Chicago Man Tries to Die.

At Santa Ana, Cal., E. R. Howe of Chicago tried to commit suicide by shooting. The bullet passed through his head, lodging under the right eye. He declared he was without friends and, therefore, did not care to live. Physicians think he will recover.

## NAVAL DISASTERS RECALLED.

**Wreck of the Charleston Brings Sinking of Others to Mind.**

The wreck of the cruiser Charleston recalls many other disasters which have befallen floating fortresses, carrying various flags into the depths of destruction.

The most startling two such disasters, so far as the American people feel concerned, were the blowing up of the United States battleship Maine in Havana harbor Feb. 15 of last year, in which 266 men perished, and the loss of the British battleship Victoria off Tripoli in 1893. The Victoria was rammed by the British battleship Camperdown during maneuvers, and Vice Admiral Tryon, twenty-two officers and 336 men went down with her.

Other similar disasters to warships in the last 100 years have been numerous. A list of the most important accidents to United States ships include:

Nov. 24, 1877—United States sloop of war Huron, wrecked off coast of North Carolina; lives lost, 100.

1885—United States man-of-war Missouri, totally wrecked near Gibraltar by an explosion in ship's magazine; no loss of life.

March 15, 1889—United States men-of-war Trenton, Vandalia and Nipsic and German war vessels Adler and Eber wrecked on Apia shore by storm; loss of life, 146.

## RUSSIA AND JAPAN FRIENDLY.

**Minister Paoloff Declares the Rumors of a Conflict Are Ridiculous.**

The London story of preparation for war between Russia and Japan over Corea is pronounced by both the Russian and Japanese legations in Washington as ridiculous. Alexander Paoloff, the Russian minister to Corea, is at present the guest of Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador. Mr. Paoloff said that he left Corea only four months ago, going to St. Petersburg, so that his information was direct and official.

"I assure you there is no basis whatever for the reports of conflict between Russia and Japan over Corea," he said. "On the contrary, the two countries have entered into two formal compacts by which it is agreed that the independence of Corea shall be maintained. These compacts were concluded at St. Petersburg and Tokio, and they are so explicit that the reports of conflict as to sovereignty over Korean territory show an entire ignorance of the written agreement under which Russia and Japan are acting toward Corea."

## MILLIONS IN THE SCHOOLS.

**Commissioner of Education Reports Large Attendance.**

The aggregate enrollment in the public and private schools of the United States for the year 1898, as shown in the report of the United States commissioner of ed-

ucation, was 16,687,643, an increase of 432,550 compared with the previous year. The school system in Hawaii is highly commended for its efficiency and attendance. Commissioner Harris says it is important that too much must not be attempted in the way of introducing the English language in the Spanish possessions. All of the daily lessons save one, he declares, should be in Spanish, the exception being the reading of elementary English.

## THE "RAIN OF FIRE."

**Leonids and Meteors Observed at Only a Few Places.**

Reports from various cities show that the expected "rain of fire" was witnessed only at three places Tuesday night. The cloudy weather was general.

Prof. Keeler of Lick observatory, California, says he observed about ten Leonids an hour, and one or two fine meteors were seen. In all 147 meteors were seen at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. Of these fifty-eight were Leonids. At one time they fell at the rate of one per minute. About twenty-five small meteors were observed at the naval observatory, Washington. They appeared between midnight and daybreak. The watchers at Yale College, who had been up for three nights, were disappointed, as were thousands in New York, Chicago, Cincinnati and other cities. Prof. Young of Princeton College says a snowstorm obscured the sky there.

In nearly every town little parties which seemed enveloped in an apparent air of astronomical knowledge were arranged to watch Leo kick over the potful of small stars and celestial sky rockets that have been accumulating for the past thirty-three years. Most of these yawning star gazers kept their vigil in vain, for few saw either Leo or any of Leo's children.

## May Revolutionize Telegraphy.

Anton Follak and Josef Virag, inventors of the rapid-sending and receiving automatic devices which promise a revolution in telegraphy, arrived in Chicago Tuesday evening from Buda Pesth, Hungary, to make demonstrations of their invention. This series of experiments will be an attempt to send 600 words a minute over a distance of some 600 miles. The electrical experts of Chicago and of the colleges and universities of the vicinity will be invited to be present when the tests are made.

## HOBART PASSES AWAY

**VICE PRESIDENT SUCCUMBS TO LINGERING ILLNESS.**

**End Comes with His Family Present at the Home in Paterson—Deep Sorrow Expressed at Washington for the Nation's Loss—His Career.**

Garrett A. Hobart, Vice-President of the United States, died at his home in Paterson, N. J., shortly after 8 o'clock Tuesday morning. Dr. William K. Newton, who has remained at his bedside almost constantly since his condition became serious two weeks ago, ascribes the immediate cause of death to heart failure.

Mr. Hobart's condition began to change for the worse late Monday afternoon. He became suddenly weaker and his heretofore wonderful vitality seemed to be deserting him. Shortly before midnight he spoke to Mrs. Hobart, who was kneeling by his bedside. What his words were are not disclosed, but after they



GARRETT A. HOBART.

were spoken the Vice-President became unconscious. He remained in a comatose condition during the balance of the night. At his bedside when he passed away were Mrs. Hobart, Garrett A. Hobart, Jr., Dr. Newton and his wife and Miss Alice Wardell, the nurse. As soon as the Vice-President expired a message announcing his death was sent to President McKinley at the White House. Another message was dispatched to Gov. Voorhees of New Jersey.

## CAREER OF GARRETT A. HOBART.

**From a Country School Teacher to Vice President.**

Garrett Augustus Hobart was born at Long Branch, N. J., June 3, 1844. He received his education at Rutgers College and graduated when he was 20 years old. He began his career as a schoolmaster. Later on he took up the study of law and was admitted to the bar in 1869. In 1871 he became city counsel of Paterson, and in 1872 counsel of the freeholders of Passaic County. He represented the Third district of Passaic County in the State Assembly in 1872.

Mr. Hobart soon became one of the leading Republicans of his section. He was married July 21, 1869 to Jennie Tuttle, daughter of ex-Mayor Socrates Tuttle of Paterson. He was re-elected to the Assembly in 1873, and at once took the highest rank and was chosen Speaker of that body. In 1876 Mr. Hobart was elected to the State Senate, and in 1881 was elected president of the Senate, and was re-elected the following year.

During his terms in the Senate he became a member of some of the most important committees. From 1880 to 1891 he was chairman of the State Republican committee of New Jersey, and under his leadership the party conducted some brilliant campaigns. He was nominated in 1884 for United States Senator, but the Legislature being Democratic, he was defeated by John R. MacPherson. He was a delegate at large to the Republican national convention in 1876 and again in 1880. He became a member of the national Republican committee in 1884, and served until 1896, when he was nominated for Vice-President and elected.

Since his election to the vice-presidency Mr. Hobart had played an important part in political affairs. Between the President and Mr. Hobart there have existed the most cordial relations, and the visits between the two have been of the most informal and neighborly character. Mr. Hobart was a first-class business man and was connected with numerous big concerns. Mr. Hobart was a very fascinating man, with a pleasant face. He always had his pocketbook open in behalf of charity. When he located in Paterson his entire capital amounted to only \$1.50. He worked hard and his efforts were rewarded by a remarkable success.

Garrett A. Hobart was well beloved in Paterson. He is said to have been a good neighbor and an honest business man. During his illness the city seemed to neglect regular duties to hear the news from the bedside, and on all sides were heard prayers for the sick man. Mr. Hobart in health was a genial, courteous gentleman and was most approachable. After his election to the vice-presidency he remained the same to his old friends and associates.

Mrs. Hobart has been invaluable to Mrs. McKinley, relieving her of many of her trying social duties. Mr. Hobart has been equally valuable to McKinley. He was a man of great tact, and his diplomacy has been made use of by the President in several trying situations.

## Telegraphic Brevities.

Statue of Oliver Cromwell was unveiled in London by workmen.

In the river, New York. Was a passenger on the wrecked ferryboat Chicago.

James Meabon, 22, Titusville, Pa., dragged his gun over a log. He is dead.



## JOHN A. LOGAN SLAIN.

SON OF THE "BLACK EAGLE"  
DIES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Major Is Shot Down While Leading a  
Victorious Charge Upon Rebel In-  
trenchments at San Jacinto—Presi-  
dent Consoles Mother and Widow.

Maj. John A. Logan, namesake son of the "Black Eagle of Illinois," has been killed in battle in the Philippines. The official announcement of his death came in a dispatch from Gen. Otis Tuesday. The news was a severe shock to his mother, his wife and to a large circle of friends.

When the news reached the War Department that Maj. Logan had fallen Gen. Corbin selected Maj. Johnson, assistant adjutant general, to carry the message to Mrs. Logan. She was nearly prostrated with grief when Maj. Johnson informed her of her son's death, but soon recovered sufficiently to order her



MAJOR JOHN A. LOGAN.

carriage and drive to the White House in the hope that she might learn from the President that there was some mistake in the dispatch and that her boy might still live. At the door she broke down completely. An usher supported her to the red parlor. Mrs. McKenna, wife of the associate justice, who was at the White House, hastened to Mrs. Logan and tenderly embraced her. President McKinley left the cabinet meeting when he learned of Mrs. Logan's presence, and with kindly words tried to assuage the grief of the heartbroken mother.

Consolated by the President.  
The President sent this telegram to the



WHERE MAJOR LOGAN WAS KILLED.  
Scene of Operations of United States Forces in Northern Luzon.

widow of the dead soldier at Youngs-  
town, Ohio:

"It is my painful duty to convey to you the sad intelligence of the death of your husband while gallantly leading his battalion in the charge at San Jacinto. His splendid qualities as a soldier and high courage on the fighting line have given him place among the heroic men of the war, and it will be some consolation to you to know that he died for his country on the field of honor. You have in this trying hour for yourself and the children the sincere sympathy of Mrs. McKinley and myself."

The announcement of the death of Maj. John A. Logan fell with crushing force upon his widow and children, two of whom are old enough to realize the loss of their father. Mrs. Logan and her mother, Mrs. Andrews, had completed preparations for going abroad, expecting to spend the winter in the south of France, and were anticipating a pleasant trip, when the cablegram was received, changing the home into a house of mourning. Mrs. Logan was a daughter of the late Chauncey Andrews, iron and railway magnate, and her wedding to Maj. Logan March 22, 1887, was a brilliant social event, the couple receiving gifts amounting to \$200,000, the bride being presented with \$100,000 in government bonds by her father and her uncle, Wallace C. Andrews. The Logans have three children.

Maj. Logan while in Cuba gained the reputation of a soldier who knew no fear, and he said to a friend prior to leaving for the Philippines: "If it is ordered that my life goes out on the battlefield I hope it will be leading my men against the enemy." In view of his death the words seem to have been prophetic. The body of the son will probably be brought home for burial beside his father, whose body lies in a tomb in the National Soldiers' Home Cemetery in Washington.

### Told in a Few Lines.

Wm. Meek, Catlettsburg, Ky., killed John Marion in a political row.

John Adkins, Olympia, Ky., was shot and killed in a drunken political brawl. Engineer Downing and Fireman Barnett were killed in a wreck at Senatobia, Tenn.

President Thomas of the Erie Railway says the Vanderbilts have not gobbled up that road.

## MILES' ANNUAL REPORT.

Believes Present Army Force Is Am-  
ple for the Services Required.

The annual report of Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding the army, was made public at the War Department Tuesday. It is extremely brief and formal in character. It announces the transmission to the Secretary of War of the reports of the department and staff commanders and makes a brief statement of the strength and distribution of the army, including the muster out of the volunteer regiments, most of the details of which have been already published in the reports of the adjutant general. It has been the practice heretofore to discharge soldiers in Manila, paying them there and giving them free transportation to the United States on the Government transports. This has resulted in several complaints to the Secretary of War about soldiers who have landed in this country without means to get to their homes. In transmitting this report to Gen. Otis it is suggested to him that hereafter no more soldiers shall be discharged in Manila, but that when their terms of service expire they shall be sent to San Francisco, where they will get their discharge papers and their pay. The report concludes with the following general statement: "As far as organization is concerned the army is in a transition state. It is believed that the force will be ample for the service required of it up to the time authorized—namely, July 1, 1901. It is gratifying to note that the Government has authorized a military force which seems commensurate with its requirements, magnitude and institutions. I have for years recommended the adoption of a standard in proportion to the population—and I believe that the establishment of such a standard would be safe and judicious in every respect."

The annual report of Surgeon General Sternberg of the army has been made public at the War Department. Gen. Sternberg remarks: "The medical corps of the army, which was scarcely adequate before the war with Spain for our army of 25,000 men, is now entirely inadequate, and should be increased as soon as is practicable. Many of the commissioned medical officers of the volunteer army, and of the acting assistant surgeons, have made rapid progress in acquiring a knowledge of their military duties, and have demonstrated their fitness for the military service. In filling vacancies in the medical corps these gentlemen should, in my opinion, have the preference when they come within the established age limit." The report says the number of deaths from all causes in the regular army was 1,285. Of this number 22 per cent was from disease and 5.55 per cent from injuries. The total number of deaths, including the regulars and volunteers, from May 1, 1898, to June 30, 1899, is given as 6,619.

Some idea of the difficulties Uncle Sam will encounter when he begins to educate his new Spanish-American wards may be obtained from the report of the Commissioner of Education. This shows that the enrollment of scholars of all ages in the United States is now 16,687,643, or nearly 20 per cent of the population. In Cuba last year, with a population of 1,453,771, the enrollment was only 67,473, or only a trifle over 5 per cent, and in addition it must be remembered that most of the schools are such in name only. In Porto Rico the figures show an enrollment of only 27,936, with a population of about 890,000, showing that the wretched schools of the island are attended by only a little over 3 per cent of the total population. The percentage of illiteracy is about 87 per cent for both whites and colored. Thus far, under military rule, it has been possible only to encourage and protect the native schools. Hereafter it will be necessary to inaugurate an American system in Porto Rico and to lay the foundations at least in Cuba.

President McKinley is busy preparing his annual message, and this requires a large share of his time. A great part of the message consists of the summarizing of official reports, and these portions the President dictates to a stenographer. But whenever he comes to a place where he wishes to express his own opinion or ideas, he drops dictation and writes by hand. As soon as he gets to such a place he leaves his stenographer and goes to Mrs. McKinley's sitting room. All his writing is done there, so that he may be in her company every moment of the time that the monotonous repetition of dictation and correction will not annoy the invalid. It is said that in his message the President will urge retention of the Philippines, immediate stable territorial government for Hawaii and Porto Rico. The Cuban question will be left open.

Secretary of the Treasury Gage issued an order to purchase \$25,000,000 worth of bonds, the primary object of the purchase being the immediate relief of the New York money market. There is a plethora of cash in the treasury, and the Secretary decided it was a good time to give the people an opportunity to sell their bonds back to the Government. The order for the bond purchase indicates two things: That Uncle Sam has plenty of cash in his strong box, and that the business of the country is remarkably large and requires considerable cash in its handling. The bonds that are asked for are those maturing in 1904 and 1907.

Secretary Root will ask Congress to make a deficiency estimate for caring for and housing the military balloon plant, which at present is neglected. The idea of an army balloon has not been abandoned despite the unsatisfactory results of the trial of the apparatus used in the Santiago campaign. The reasons of partial failure are attributed to the antiquated outfit which the army used on that occasion.

Admiral Dewey to-day is subjected to as great annoyance by persons who wish to satisfy their curiosity and pay him homage as when he first returned to this country after the victory of Manila Bay. For the ten months of 1899, ending Oct. 31, the balance of trade in favor of the United States was \$370,867,157. This is \$89,302,069 less than the balance for the same time last year, due to the fact that, although exports jumped \$41,344,573, the imports of merchandise also increased by the large amount of \$130,646,648.

It is proposed to use monster search lights in the military operations around Manila, and a portable device of that character will be shipped to the signal officers for trial in actual service. The tests with the light at home have suggested its value in the field, especially in night marches and operations.

Rebels are routed. Desperate Battle Fought with Filipinos Near San Fabian. The Thirty-third infantry in one of the sharpest two hours' engagements of the war with an equal force of insurgents, five miles from San Fabian, Saturday lost one officer and six men killed and one officer and twelve men wounded. The Americans captured twenty-nine Filipinos and 100 rifles and found eighty-one insurgent dead lying in the trenches and rice fields. Many more Filipinos, doubtless, were killed or wounded. The insurgents opened the fight two miles from San Jacinto, while the leading American battalion was passing a clump of houses in the midst of a coconut grove, knee deep in mud. The Filipino sharpshooters, hidden in trees, houses and a small trench across the road, held their fire until the Americans were close to them. When they began firing other Filipinos opened fire from thickets, right and left, further away. The regiment then deployed under fire, with Maj. John A. Logan's battalion in the center, Maj. Cronin's on the right and Maj. Marsh's on the left. The skirmish line, which was a mile long, advanced rapidly, keeping up a constant fire. The Filipinos made an unexpectedly good stand, many of them remaining under cover until the Americans were within twenty feet of them. The insurgents are supposed to have retreated toward Dagupan. It was impossible to pursue them, as the American troops were exhausted and their supply of ammunition was low. Maj. Logan was shot through the head and mortally wounded early in the fight while stooping to attend a corporal who had been wounded. A hospital steward was killed while trying to drag the major to the side of the road. Shortly afterward, at the same spot, Capt. Green and a non-commissioned officer were wounded. All this was evidently the work of sharpshooters, who picked out the officers by their uniforms. Half a dozen of these men were spotted in the trees and killed by our sharpshooters. The firing on the field hospital men did not cease, however, until a detail returning from San Jacinto to convey the dead and wounded to San Fabian cleared the country of insurgents.



The advance sheets of a portion of the annual report which Comptroller Dawes is putting out contain facts of interest not only to bankers but to the public as well. The tables relating to the accounts and business of the several classes of banks are especially instructive. By them it is shown that during the last ten years the national banks have increased in number from 3,329 to 3,585 and depositors from 1,650,044 to 2,744,459; savings banks from 849 to 942 and depositors from 3,811,059 to 5,207,653; State and private banks from 2,995 to 4,947 and depositors from 1,071,260 to 2,838,326; loan and trust companies from 129 to 260 and depositors from 177,601 to 624,198. The total number of banks of all kinds increased 2,429, or 34 per cent, while the increase in depositors was 70 per cent. Loan and trust companies show the largest increase in point of percentage, and also in percentage of business secured. It is in deposits, however, that the full extent of the financial growth of the country is best reflected. Deposits in national banks increased from \$1,442,137,979 to \$2,522,157,500 in ten years; in savings banks from \$1,444,391,325 to \$2,182,006,424; State and private banks from \$590,268,199 to \$1,228,995,364; loan and trust companies from \$299,612,899 to \$835,499,064; total increase from \$3,776,410,402 to \$6,768,658,361, or \$2,992,247,959. The total percentage of increase in deposits in the ten years was 83. National banks increased 82 per cent, savings banks 51 per cent, State and private banks 109 per cent and trust companies 178 per cent.

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## INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE  
PAST WEEK.

Bold Burglary in Jeffersonville—Brisc-  
coe Building Burns at Hartford—  
Freight Trains Collide at Reelsville  
Bottle Factories Unable to Get Help.

The most daring hold-up ever attempted in Jeffersonville occurred the other night about 10 o'clock in a thickly settled locality. Herbert Loomis, clerk in a drug store, was in the act of closing, when two unmasked men walked into the lighted store and covered him with their revolvers. One of the burglars ordered the other to fire after he had counted ten if Loomis failed to open the safe. The safe was then opened and the entire contents, which aggregated nearly \$500, was taken. The thieves escaped.

Boy Famine Worries Factories.  
The boy famine prevailing all over the Indiana gas belt, and more especially in towns and cities where bottle factories are located, is seriously felt at Hartford City, where three large bottle plants are located. Notices of "boys wanted" have been posted all over the county, and money prizes are offered for the boys who remain in the firm's employ longest, but there is the greatest scarcity. Many of the concerns in the gas belt are compelled to run only half force owing to the scarcity.

Business Block Is Burned.  
Fire broke out in the furniture department of the J. L. Hoover store in the Briscoe block at Hartford City, and three hose companies battled with the flames for two hours and a half before they were finally subdued. The interior of the structure was destroyed, only the walls being left standing. The R. Kirschbaum block adjoining was damaged by water. The estimated loss is \$75,000, about one-third of which is covered by insurance.

Natural Gas Is Diminishing.  
Natural gas is rapidly failing in the north part of the Indiana field. The Dietrich syndicate has given notice that it will abandon its plants in the smaller towns. Five towns in Howard County are left to freeze and nearly 2,000 families will eat cold victuals and shiver over fireless stoves. Coal cannot be had at any price and there is no wood in the market.

Bad Wreck on the Vandalia.  
The Vandalia Railroad Company suffered a most damaging wreck at Reelsville. Train No. 22, east-bound, was trying to make a switch and was run into by train No. 26, also east-bound. The engine of the last train plowed through ten cars, totally demolishing them. One of the cars was loaded with stock. Three of the trainmen were injured, one seriously.

Within Our Borders.  
Smallpox at Fort Wayne.  
Linton wants a city charter.  
Frankfort is grabbing for a steel plant.  
Greenwood high school has been commissioned.

Fort Wayne water works bonds have been floated.  
Noblesville is fighting an increase in natural gas rates.

Clinton County has the largest corn crop in her history.  
Columbus thinks she has a shoe factory within her clutches.

Thomas Williams, 73, Mexican war veteran, Salem, dead.

North Manchester is planning a fifteen-mile sewerage system.

William Mabey and wife, Martinsville, celebrated their golden wedding.

Marion and her suburbs are again entangled in the school transfer law.

Robert Myler, former county auditor, died at South Bend, aged 58 years.

Charles W. Byers, 13-months-old baby, Vincennes, drank carbolic acid and died.

Spencer County will vote on an issue of bonds for the new Southern Indiana Railroad.

At Lapel the 9-year-old son of James Anderson shot and fatally wounded his 2-year-old sister.

Prof. F. L. Morris of the chair of mathematics, Hanover College, has resigned. Old age.

One hundred and twenty-five miners went out on strike at the Princeton Coal and Mining Company plant on account of the scale weights. The company will have the scales tested.

William Reas, farm hand near Princeton, is told that he is heir to a \$75,000 estate in Germany.

Wesley Harwick, 87, Hendricks County, has lived on the same farm seventy years. He never used tobacco or whisky.

Miss Barbara Frank, Newburg, who was to have been married in a week, avoided the ceremony by jumping into a cistern. Cause unknown.

Ed Spencer, in jail at Evansville, charged with murdering his sweetheart, Lizzie Swane, Troy, tried to commit suicide by setting his clothes on fire.

The pastor of the Methodist Church in Ebenezer preached from the text, "Do Away with the Old and Build Anew." A few days later the church burned.

At Connersville Miss Katherine Welsh, aged 20 years, was found dead, with her head nearly blown off and a shotgun lying by her side. The family express the belief that her death was accidental, but others think it suicide, as she had been in poor health for a long time.

Options on 7,000 acres of marl beds near Milford have been taken up by parties who expect to establish an immense cement manufacturing plant at that place. The purchasers will incorporate as the Indiana Cement Company and build a mill at Milford which will produce 1,000 barrels a day.



The last Legislature directed the State librarian, W. E. Henry, "to compile, edit and direct the printing of a State manual for Indiana." The act does not give the librarian any direction regarding the work, leaving the whole matter to the discretion of that official. The result is a volume of 1,250 pages, which is filled with useful information. Among the more important topics are the names and salaries of all State officers and boards, the official register of Indiana from 1816 to 1899, names of the members of the two constitutional conventions, names of the members of both branches of the Legislature since the formation of the State, constitution of the State, index to the constitution, financial condition of the State, assessment of real estate in 1899, tax laws, educational funds and statistics, congressional districts from 1821 to 1895, Indiana's representatives from 1816 to 1899, the electoral votes of Indiana, election laws, abstract of vote for State officers in 1898, formation and organization of counties, county officers elected in November, 1898, names of township trustees, United States postal regulations, postoffices in Indiana, Indiana in war, call for troops in the civil war, index to Senate and House rules, beginnings of Indiana, and a general index. The foregoing are only a portion of the topics considered in the first State manual. This work meets a want which those who have desired to obtain information regarding Indiana have long felt, and for which nearly all other States have provided. Mr. Henry has put a vast deal of intelligent labor into this manual, which makes it invaluable. Only one thousand copies have been printed, and these are distributed by the act providing for the publication of the manual.

The State bureau of statistics has completed a table on divorces in Indiana for the year ending June 30, 1899, based on returns from every county, the first of its kind accurately prepared. It shows 3,483 divorces granted in the year, which was over 10 per cent of the number of marriage licenses issued in the same period. The County Clerk issued 25,051 of these passports to bliss. There has been much complaint of recent years of the facility with which divorces are granted in Indiana, and particularly in Marion County, which leads with 575 divorces. Madison County is also a banner one in proportion to population, for there 142 were granted. Cruel treatment caused nearly a third of the total divorces, abandonment a fifth of them. Along the Ohio river the hill counties show the cleanest records. Two-thirds of the separations in Indiana were on the complaint of wives. In Indianapolis the proportion of divorces to weddings was unusually large, over 25 per cent, the divorces numbering 575 and the weddings 2,250. Clark County (Jeffersonville), the Gretna Green for Kentucky, comes next to Indianapolis in licenses issued, there being 1,362 in the year.

Indiana has not been backward in furnishing soldiers to Uncle Sam, in his quarrels with the Spanish and Filipinos. The records in the adjutant general's office show that the grand total of Indiana men enlisted for the Spanish-American war was 7,301, including 261 officers. Indiana has two recruiting stations, at Indianapolis and Evansville, but some of the Indiana men have enlisted in other States. The Indianapolis station is one of the most important in the country. Its records show that from April to December, 1898, 1,331 men enlisted, and from January to August, 1899, 1,658, making a total of 2,989 for the regular service. For the volunteer service 1,200 men have enlisted at the Indianapolis station. Many Indiana men are now in the Philippines. Volunteers are still being accepted for the Forty-first volunteers, Capm Meade, Pennsylvania, and the Forty-ninth colored volunteers, Jefferson Barracks, Missouri. Those enlisting for the regular service in the Philippines spend a month at the instruction camp, San Francisco, before going to Manila.

Short State Items.

Terre Haute now has a curfew law.

Churches and schools at Colfax are closed. Scarlet fever.

Glass tableware trust has been formed with \$4,000,000 capital.

Indianapolis-Greenwood electric line will begin operations Dec. 15.

Big Four headquarters will not be moved from Wabash to Anderson.

Of the \$4,000 worth of stolen goods found in the Alexandria "fence," \$3,800 worth has been claimed.

Two-year-old child of Berry Warrum, Fortville, played with a box of matches and was burned to death.

Plant of the Lafayette Bridge Company, destroyed by fire Oct. 9, has been rebuilt, and will enter the trust.

Joshua Bruce, Lafayette, suddenly became insane, rushed into the street nude, and tried to commit suicide. Police overpowered him.

A supposed jilted lover fired through the window of Geo. Carpenter's house, near Seymour, barely missing his 16-year-old daughter.

Thieves who robbed Wilson Trueblood's house in Sullivan of \$300 threw off the bloodhounds by sprinkling the ground with cayenne pepper.

Miss Maude Neal, Noblesville stenographer, was taking down the statement of an old soldier who was applying for a pension. He mentioned the name of Capt. Neal, who turned out to be Miss Neal's father, and it was the first any of the family had heard of him since he went to war. The captain died in Andersonville.



## CULVER ACADEMY.

Items of Interest Furnished by Our Special Reporter.

Last Saturday afternoon Morgan Park Academy was defeated by C. M. A., by a score of 18-6, this being the first team to score against our boys.

The game was called about 3:00 o'clock by C. M. A. kicking off to Morgan Park, and as the ball goes out of bounds twice, it goes to Morgan Park for a skirmish in the center of the field. M. P. making no gains, the ball goes over. Anderson punts 25 yards, M. P. loses ball on downs; Stifel 10 yards; Bigwood 4 yards; Akin, 5 yards; Stifel 4 yards; Bauman 6 yards; Stifel, 5 yard buck and touchdown; Anderson, goal.

M. P. kicks off to Bigwood, who passes it to Stifel and he makes 10 yards; Gray 12 yards; Bauman makes 20 yards; but the ball is taken back and given to M. P. by the umpire from Chicago, on what he claims is a foul. (This decision like several more that he made, was decidedly unfair, and was in a great measure the cause of C. M. A. being scored against.) After thus getting the ball, M. P. gradually forces it down the field and scores a touchdown and a goal.

In the kick off, Anderson kicks over the end line, barely missing a goal from the center of the field. M. P. then kicks off from the 15 yard line to Stifel, who makes 15 yards. Bauman, 20 yards; Stifel, 15 yards; Gray, 6 yards; Stifel, 5 yards; Bauman, 10 yards; lose ball on foul (?) to M. P. Ball is punted 35 yards to Anderson. Bigwood, 15 yards. Time is called for first half, with the ball in the center of the field.

In the second half, M. P. kicks off to Akin, who makes 15 yards. Stifel, 15 yards; Gray, 5 yards; Stifel, 20 yards; Bigwood, 15 yards; small gains; Bigwood, 12 yards; Stifel, 8 yards; Bauman, 15 yards; Stifel, touchdown. (In the touchdown rush the ball was fumbled, but Canfield got the ball, thereby saving the touchdown.) Anderson kicks goal. M. P. kicks off to Bigwood, who makes 15 yards. Bauman, 10 yards; Bigwood, 10 yards; C. M. A. gets 10 yards on a foul; Bauman, 25 yards; Bigwood, 8 yards; Akin, 10 yards; Gray, 5 yards; ball is lost on a fumble, and is carried back 20 yards by a Morgan Park player, where he is tackled by Bodman, and fumbles the ball, Canfield getting it. Bauman, 20 yards; C. M. A. gets 10 yards on an off-side play; Stifel, 5 yards; Bauman, 5 yards; Stifel, 10 yards; Bauman, 5 yards; Bauman, touchdown, Anderson, goal. Time is called before the ball can again be put in play.

Morgan Park is undoubtedly the strongest team we have met yet this year, and the fact that we defeated them, umpire and all, speaks well for Culver; and gives us the Academic championship of the West. The following is the line up of the team.

Schnur l. e. Bodman  
Freeman l. t. Gray  
Pratt l. g. Reitz  
Beckett c. Campbell  
Paddock r. g. Voris  
Dickson r. t. Akin

Morgan, Ellsworth r. e. Canfield,  
Schriver q. b. Anderson (Capt.) Preston l. b. Bauman, Reniff, r. b. Bigwood, Schroeder, (Capt.) f. b. Stifel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Walburn, of Chicago were here Saturday and Sunday visiting their son.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wolf and daughter, of Dayton, Ohio, were here Sunday visiting cadet Wolf.

Mr. and Mrs. Euclid Martin, of Omaha, Nebraska, were here Saturday and Sunday visiting their son.

Battalion drill started Tuesday, and although school opened later than usual this year, and the time

has been necessarily less, the battalion drilled better Tuesday for the first time, than at any time last fall, the lines being especially fine. This is due to the individual efforts of each man in the battalion, and to the company officers, the latter being very accurate in estimating distances. The companies are drilled in double rank entirely, this being the regular tactical formation. This gives a much more compact appearance to the battalion, and the increased number of men gives about the same front as the single rank did last year. The companies with the smaller men are doing much better than ever before, and are pushing the two larger companies very hard for first place.

One of the Professors from the University of Chicago will preach to the cadets next Sunday morning.

Capt. Wickham went to Chicago Friday afternoon, returning Saturday morning.

Business Manager Taylor was in Chicago Wednesday.

Mrs. Capt. de Blumenthal went to Chicago Monday, to join her son Xenophon, who will enter the University of Chicago after Christmas.

The remodeling of the interior of the gymnasium is about completed. It has been celled in Georgia pine, and will be thoroughly heated. Considerable new apparatus will be added and as soon as it is here, Capt. Wood will start classes in the regular gymnasium work. The Captain has had considerable experience in this line of work, having been Instructor of Gymnastics in the Virginia Military Institute.

The invitations for Thanksgiving are out, and consist of small engraved cards with "Culver" embossed in maroon at the top. Quite a number of young ladies are expected to be present at the dance, Friday evening, December 1, and the cadets are looking forward to a very enjoyable time.

One of the to be memorial events of the year, was the arrival of Gov. Shaw, wife and daughter, of Iowa, at the Academy last Saturday. A salute of 17 guns was fired, and an informal reception followed, and the officers and ladies were presented to his excellency and party.

The governor of the great state of Iowa, highly pleased with Culver Military Academy and surroundings, and more than pleased with the fine showing made by the battalion of cadets, and expressed himself as highly gratified with the reception accorded to himself, wife and daughter. The Governor addressed the cadets Sunday morning in Chapel Hall. They were here visiting cadet Shaw, the Governor's son.

### Uses for Corn Stalks.

Half a dozen years ago the farmer considered the value of his corn crop to be practically terminated with the husking of the corn. What was left was worth a very small sum as acre as fodder. Many experimenters, however, working along different lines have established the value of the by-products of the corn crop, and there is now a home market where a farmer can get from \$3 to \$5 a ton for corn stalks, so that their value is now from \$6 to \$12 an acre.

The American Agriculturist recently gave the following list of what can be made from corn stalks; first, cellulose for packing coffer-dams on our ships; second, pyroxyline varnish; third, cellulose for nitrating purposes for making smokeless powder and other explosives; fourth, as a packing material; fifth, for paper pulp and the various forms of paper made therefrom, both alone and mixed with other grades of paper stock; sixth, as a stock food made from the

fine outer shells or shives of the corn stalks and also from the nodes, or joints. The leaves or tassels also furnish a shredded or bale fodder; seventh, mixed feeds for stock containing fine ground shell or shives as a base and in addition there are various nitrogenous materials and concentrated food substances, or blood, molasses, distillery and glucose refuse, sugar beet pulp, apple pomace and other by-products; and eight, poultry foods.

### THE REV. IRL R. HICKS' ALMANAC

There is no comparison between former editions, and this splendid Almanac for 1900, now ready. Printed in beautiful colors, on much finer paper, its 196 pages are packed with invaluable information on storms, astronomy and meteorology. It is illustrated with nearly 200 finest half tones and other engravings. This superb book would sell anywhere for fifty cents, but it costs only 25c a copy, and every subscriber to Rev. Irl R. Hicks' now famous paper, WORD AND WORKS, at \$1.00 a year, receives this elegant Almanac as a premium. WORD AND WORKS is a recognized leader among the best family and scientific journals, while nothing of its kind can compare with the Hicks Almanac. One dollar a year is a nominal price for such unique and useful publications. Professor Hicks has justly, and of necessity, withdrawn his storm and weather forecasts from all free almanacs, having generously given his time and labor free for nearly twenty years. WORD AND WORKS Pub. Co., 2201 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo.

### UNION TOWNSHIP SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION, TO BE HELD AT POPLAR GROVE CHURCH, Saturday, November 25, 1899.

PROGRAM:  
\*  
MORNING SESSION 10 A. M.  
1. Devotional, Rev. J. K. Wyant.  
2. What is necessary to the greatest success of a Sabbath School Teacher? Edith Brownlee, W. L. Kline.  
3. Music—How handled to produce the best result in S. S.? Lewis Zechel, Solomon Cavender.  
AFTERNOON SESSION 1:30 P. M.  
4. Devotional, Rev. L. Newman.  
5. Possibilities of Young People who are trained in the Scriptures. Wm. Norris, Mrs. Mary Smith.  
6. Temperance—Should it be taught in the S. S.? If so, how, and to what extent? Prof. I. S. Hahn, Geo. Rettenhouse.  
7. Teachers' Meetings—How are they profitable, and how best conducted? Otto Stahl, Benjamin Easterday.  
8. Question Box—Conducted by the Chairman.  
EVENING SESSION 7:00 P. M.  
Address—St. Paul's Journey to Rome, his trial and Martyrdom. Hon. H. G. Thayer.

NOTE:  
BE SURE TO COME. Don't let the weather keep you away, and come on time. Let us make this our BEST CONVENTION thus far.

F. O. FRALEY, Sec'y Protem,  
FRANK C. BAKER, President

### Kreuzberger's Park.

(Lake Maxinkuckee.

CULVER CITY.

### THE BEST

Whiskies,  
Brandis,  
Cordials

Line and Moselle wines,  
French Claret,  
Port and Sherry,  
Ales and Beers,  
Mineral Water.  
A fine stock of Domestic and Key West Cigars.

### W. S. Easterday,

Dealer in

## Furniture

Of Every Description.  
Picture Frames, Moldings, etc., kept constantly on hand.

### Undertaking and Embalming A Specialty.

Thanking you for your patronage in the past anything needed in my line please call and get prices.

STORE, MAIN STREET,

### A Word to Mothers.

Mothers of children affected with croup or a severe cold need not hesitate to administer Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It contains no opiate nor narcotic in any form and may be given as confidently to babe as to an adult. The great success that has attended its use in the treatment of colds and croup has won for it the approval and praise it has received throughout the United States and in many foreign lands. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

### No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends. But one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

### Hear Ye! Hear Ye!

Kuhn & Son will sell for the next 30 days only, their entire stock of clothing and goods furnishing goods at a tremendous cut in prices, in order to avoid moving the goods back to Plymouth. Those desiring winter goods will not let this opportunity pass.

### Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains. Best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

### Give It a Trial.

It will surprise you. It will restore her life and beauty to your hair, stops dandruff and the hair from falling out. Beggs' Hair Renewer. Sold by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

"They are simply perfect," writes Rob't. Moore, of Lafayette, Ind., of De Witt's Little Early Risers, the "famous little pills" for constipation and all liver ailments. Never gripe.—T. E. Slattery. As usually treated a sprain will disable the injured person for three or four weeks, but if Chamberlain's Pain Balm is freely applied a complete cure may be effected in a very few days. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism, cuts, bruises and burns. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

### His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever, that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't get up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong, I can't say too much in its praise." This marvellous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at T. E. Slattery's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

### Farmers, \* Attention

Why Pay High Prices when you can get your Horse shod for One Dollar with New Shoes, and other work in proportion?

W. H. WILSON, Culver.

### W. H. SWIGERT,

Experienced.  
Drayman.

Good delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.

Prompt and quick service is our motto, and charges reasonable.

Hard and Soft COAL at rock bottom prices for CASH (strictly).

### W. H. SWIGERT,

CULVER CITY INDIANA.

The HERALD would like a correspondent in every section of Union township.

### THE NICKEL PLATE ROAD

offers one and one third fare for the round trip November 29th and 30th good returning until December 1st inclusive, account Thanksgiving Day. Tickets available within radius of 150 miles. Inquire agents

### OHIO AND INDIANA GAME LAW.

From November 9th to December 1st inclusive excursion tickets for parties of three or more traveling together on one ticket at one fare for the round trip will be sold to points in western Ohio and Indiana on the Nickel Plate Road. The immense quantities of small game along the line of the Nickel Plate Road affords rare enjoyment to the sportsman.

### Thanksgiving Day Rates

via the Nickel Plate Road are available Nov. 29th and 30th good returning until Dec. 1st inclusive at one and one third fare for the round trip within a radius of 150 miles. A Peerless Trio of Daily Express Trains.

### J. K. MAWHORTEK.

## \* TINNER \*

All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.

CULVER CITY. - - - IND

## FALL OPENING

—AT THE—

### COURT HOUSE MILLINERY STORE.

To those who know this store and its singular growth by which in two years it has become the acknowledged Millinery Center of Plymouth, will need only the above announcement.

To Others, Come and See!

I have an unusual surprise for you now in millinery, not only in the low prices can surprise you, but in the exquisite Workmanship, and the use of fine material as well.

MRS. STYLES,

Court House Millinery Store,  
One block north of Court House  
Plymouth, Ind.

For sale at Easterday's Furniture store.

## FARMERS,

Are you in debt? If call and see J. A. Mol. at Plymouth, Indiana, has from \$5,000 \$30,000 to buy equipment on Marshall and Sta counties farms.

A. Moulter, Plymouth, Ind

### \* CULVER CITY \*

### MEAT \* MARKET.

D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.

First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meat can be found at this market. Also rendered lard. His Motto is to see "Live and Let Live Prices."

### A WONDERFUL CURE

Of diarrhoea. A prominent Virginia gentleman had almost given up, but was brought back to perfect health by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

From the Times, Hillsville, Va.—I suffer with diarrhoea for a long time and though I was past being cured. I had spent much time and money and suffered so much misery that I had almost decided to up all hopes of recovery and await the result, but noticing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and some also testimony stating how some wonderful cures had wrought by this remedy, I decided to try it. After taking a few doses I was entirely well of that trouble, and I wish to say that to my readers and fellow-sufferers that I am a hale and hearty man today feel as well as I ever did in my life. R. MOORE. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.