

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

VOL. II.

CULVER, INDIANA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1904.

NO. 16.

Recorders Office Apr 03

Non-Partisan in Politics.

CULVER MARKETS.

(Corrected August 17.)

Eggs.....	.17
Butter.....	.12@.15
Chickens.....	.08
Roosters.....	.04
Spring chickens, per lb.	.12
Lard.....	.10
Wheat.....	.95
Oats.....	.29
Corn per bu.	
Rye.....	.60

VANDALIA LINE TIME TABLE

NORTH BOUND

No 136 daily.....	7:03 a. m.
" 40 " " " " " "	11:28 a. m.
" 42 " " " " " "	6:34 p. m.
" 44 " " " " " "	10:14 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND

No 41 daily Ex.Sun.....	6:06 a. m.
" 43 " " " " " "	11:52 a. m.
" 45 daily " " " " " "	5:13 p. m.
" 135 " " " " " "	8:48 p. m.

Direct connections for Indianapolis via Colfax and Frankfort also for St. Louis, Evansville and all points south and west.

JAMES SHUGRUE, Agt.

AROUND THE LAKE.

Dr. Selfridge left for Jasonville Monday.

Clyde Craig left for Indianapolis Monday.

Alex Vonnegut returned to Indianapolis Monday.

Mr. W. E. Shilling is spending the week at Indianapolis.

Miss Blake, of Terre Haute, is visiting the Misses Strong.

Mrs. M. E. Akins, of Chicago, is a guest of Mrs. J. K. English.

Mr. Ed. Dark and Dr. Herbert Woolen spent Sunday at the lake.

Mr. C. E. Coffin will return to the lake with his mother Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peine of Indianapolis are guests at Vanschoiaeks.

Charles and Harry Myers were guests of Clyde Craig over Sunday.

Mrs. John A. Schumacher gave a euche party Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. John Heywood, of Chicago, is visiting his brother, F. B. Heywood.

Miss Elizabeth Cooper, of Terre Haute, is a guest of Mrs. F. T. Hord.

Miss Helen Smirk, of Crawfordsville, is a guest of Mrs. J. K. Sharp.

Mrs. James McKee, of Indianapolis, is a guest of Mrs. A. B. Gates.

Mr. Hugo Fischer spent Tuesday and Wednesday at Indianapolis.

Mr. L. R. Whitney, of Louisville, Ky., spent Sunday with his family.

Misses Alice, Jeanne and Laura Martin are guests of Mrs. O. D. Bohlen.

Miss Emma Winters, of Indianapolis, is a guest of the Misses Ketcham.

Dr. F. W. Shaley and daughter, of Indianapolis, are guests at the Arlington.

Mr. Paul Wickersham, of Terre Haute, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Dial.

Misses Alice and Mary Bell, of Cincinnati, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Curtis.

Mr. Fred Hickson, of Jasonville, is a guest of the Selfridge's at the Scoville cottage.

Mrs. Harry Wheeler, of Indianapolis, spent Sunday with Mrs. Clarence Carson.

Mr. Fletcher Birch spent Sunday at the lake with his sister, Mrs. C. E. Coffin.

Mr. and Mrs. John Turner, of Indianapolis, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Carson.

Mr. Benjamin McKee, of Terre Haute, spent Sunday with his family at Cricket Camp.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bliss, of Logansport, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Murdock.

Messrs. Emil and Carl Keller, of Logansport, spent Sunday at the Shroyer cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Scoville and daughter, of Hartwell, Ohio, are guests at Maple Grove.

Mr. Armin and Miss Irma Nix, of Indianapolis, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Fischer.

Miss Mary All, who has been a guest of Miss Marjorie Ogle returned to Indianapolis Thursday.

Harriet Dean, who has been a guest of Miss Jeanne Coffin, returned to Indianapolis Tuesday.

Mrs. Lawrence Hitt, who has been a guest of Mrs. O. D. Bohlen, returned to Indianapolis Monday.

Mr. Ed. Fulton, of Indianapolis, is spending his vacation of two weeks with his parents at the lake.

Rev. Marion Crosby and Mr. John H. Claypool, who have been

the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Schurman at The Oaks, have returned to Indianapolis.

Mrs. Dorsey gave a card party the first of the week in honor of a party from John R. Wilson's.

Mr. Cox, of Plymouth is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Lamson and family of the Hidden Inn.

A musical entertainment was given in honor of the guests at the Rector Hotel. Ices were served.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Clark, who have been visiting with W. M. Knapp returned to Chicago Monday.

Miss Helen Hand, who has been a guest at the Muller-Vonnegut cottage, has returned to Indianapolis.

Dr. Z. B. Sawyer, who has been spending a few weeks at Highland View, returned to Kansas City Sunday.

C. K. Plank and family and Miss Nellie Sharp, of Rochester, are spending a few days at their cottage.

Rev. Fox, of the Washington Avenue church of Terre Haute, delivered a sermon at Waupaca Hall Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Donovan, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Murdock, have returned to Logansport.

Mr. Lewis Ott, of Indianapolis, who has been visiting his wife at the Duenweg cottage, returned home Monday.

Mrs. H. C. Wood, Mrs. L. A. Douglas and daughter, Gertrude, of Terre Haute, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wood.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stutson, of Peru, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wilson, left for Winona Monday.

Mr. Ed. Murrett and family of Indianapolis, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McSheehy, returned home Monday.

W. E. Johnson and daughter Mary, of Terre Haute, arrived at the lake Wednesday to spend the remainder of the summer.

FOR SALE.—The Maxwell cottage near the Indianapolis pier. For particulars inquire of R. C. Stevenson, Rochester, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Mansfield and Miss Shaw have returned to Indianapolis, after spending a few weeks at the Rector Hotel.

Mrs. Augusta Murphy and daughter, Ruth, who have been visiting Mrs. J. K. English, returned to Indianapolis Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wingfield and daughter, Florence, of Indianapolis, who have been guests at the Palmer House, returned home Monday.

Mrs. Rosenthal and daughter, and Mrs. Johnston, of Logansport, who have been guests of Mrs. Helen Shroyer, returned home Monday.

Miss Pearl Walters and Mrs. Jonas Johnson, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Twinnam returned to Indianapolis Monday.

Mr. Fred Bick, of Indianapolis, Misses Harriet Pots, Maud Watkins, and Mrs. Dr. Griswold, of Peru, are guests of Mrs. Hendricks, at the Adams cottage.

Dr. Philpott, pastor of the Central Christian church of Indianapolis, and Mrs. Philpott, who have been spending the last two weeks with Mrs. A. B. Gates have returned home.

Mrs. John A. Schumacher is having a house party. Those present are: Mrs. Max Schumacher and son John, of Indianapolis; Misses Carrie, Clara and Margaret Esche, Ida, Emma and Anna Ahlgrim, Minnie Krase and Nellie Kiessling, of Chicago.

DEATH OF JOHN QUICK.

John Wesley Quick was born January 5th, 1840 in Ohio, and died August, 16, 1904. He was united in marriage to Miss Emily Ross, January 30th, 1876. Four children were born to them, Nellie, Fawn, Elora and Cora. Flora dying in infancy. Mr. Quick has been in ill health for eighteen years and for the past four years an invalid, but his condition was not regarded with serious concern until Tuesday morning. He died at 11:30 o'clock Tuesday evening. Mr. Quick came to Culver years ago and has always been a well respected citizen.

The funeral will be held from the family residence Thursday afternoon at two o'clock with interment in the Culver cemetery.

Pay for National Guards.

Adjutant-General Ward is making out the pay rolls for the Indiana National Guards who attended the recent encampment. Each man will receive \$1 per day and the total amount will be about \$25,000. Of the daily allowance the state pays 57 cents and the federal government 43 cents. Some of the men held that they were entitled to \$1 from the state and 43c a day from the government, but the officers in charge do not look at it that way.

Blanchard--Carlisle.

Albertus Carlisle and Miss Essie Blanchard were united in marriage in this city today. Mr. Carlisle and Miss Blanchard have both been employed for some time at the county farm and it was here that they became acquainted six weeks ago. The newly married couple left for Culver this afternoon, where they will visit Mrs. Carlisle's parents. They will make their home in this city.—Plymouth Independent, Aug. 16.

Burglars at Plymouth.

The residences of Henry Humrichouser, C. Fisher and Dr. Knott were entered by thieves Friday night. A gold watch and a little money was received at the home of Dr. Knott and a suit of clothes at Mr. Humrichouser's. The thefts occurred shortly after midnight.—Plymouth Independent.

Grand Army Picnic.

A Grand Army picnic will be held at Geo. Peeples' grove, on Saturday, August 27, 1904. All members of the G. A. R. and their families are cordially invited to participate. A band and splendid vocal music will be features of the occasion.

MARRIED.

Mr. Melvin Wilhelm and Miss Nora Fry were united in marriage by Rev. Whittaker at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Fry on Sunday, Aug. 14. Mr. Wilhelm is an industrious farmer of Mount Hope while Miss Fry is an estimable lady.

Cider Mill.

I now have my cider mill in good running order and will begin making cider on Aug. 24. Will make Tuesdays and Wednesdays of each week. Give us a trial and get a good job done.

Z. C. Bunnell,
Delong, Ind.

The engagement of William C. Kramer, C. M. A. '03, to Miss Margaret Doggett, of Chicago, has been announced. Both are well known and heartily liked at the Academy, and it is no strain on our truthfulness to tender both our hearty congratulations.—The Log.

The annual meeting of the old settlers of St. Joseph and Marshall counties will be held at Lapaz, on Thursday, Aug. 25.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

The Bill Soliday Cigar—"Nuf Sed."

Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Hahn are visiting relatives in Bremen.

Mrs. J. H. Koontz was in Plymouth on business Tuesday.

James Stephens, of LaPaz, spent Sunday with friends in Culver.

Mrs. Dwight Burkett, of South Bend, is here visiting relatives.

Rev. Daniel Zechiel, of Fort Wayne is visiting relatives here.

Mr. R. Scott, of Indianapolis, is spending a few days at the lake.

J. C. Bunnell, of Plymouth, made a business trip to Culver Tuesday.

Carl Nethercutt and Meredith Callane spent Friday in Plymouth.

Mrs. E. A. Poor and Miss Beidler were Plymouth callers last Friday.

Mrs. R. K. Lord has returned from her visit to the World's Fair.

Mr. Tracy Whittaker, of Frankfort, is now employed at the depot.

Miss Helen Collier, of Kokomo, is visiting S. C. Shilling and family.

Mrs. Ada Medbourn, of South Bend, is visiting relatives in Culver.

Mr. William M. Nichols, of Plymouth visited friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gilmore, Jr., of Plymouth, spent last Thursday here.

Mr. Clyde Walters and Mrs. Elsie Curtis spent Monday at Winona.

Miss Pearl Deemer, of Plymouth, visited Mrs. Wm. Cook a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hand are spending the week at the Fair at St. Louis.

R. E. Hutchison is spending a two weeks vacation at his home in Clarence, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Cromley, of Indiana Harbor are visiting relatives in Culver.

Mr. Albert Duddleson, of Argos, visited relatives in Culver a few days this week.

Miss Tressie Rogers, of Logansport is spending a week with her parents in Culver.

Miss Cora Buswell, of Jessups, arrived Sunday for a visit with relatives in this place.

Mr. L. C. Collier, of Kokomo visited his mother, Mrs. Susan Collier over Sunday.

Miss Louise Hissong, of Indianapolis, visited her mother, Mrs. George Garn, Sunday.

Clyde Walters left Monday to visit friends in South Bend, Elkhart, Goshen and Bremen.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Duddleson and daughter Lulu, of South Bend, are visiting relatives in Culver.

Mrs. J. W. Quick attended the funeral of a relative at South Bend the latter part of last week.

Mr. Frank Huntsinger and son, Roy, of Terre Haute, spent Sunday with friends at the lake.

Mr. Arthur Cooksey has secured a position in St. Louis and will move his family there soon.

Mrs. G. W. Garn received a bee sting last Saturday which for several hours was quite serious.

Misses Grace and Augusta Zechiel returned Monday from a week's visit to the Fair at St. Louis.

Mrs. Richard Hogan and daughter, Miss Alice Hogan, of Kewana visited in Culver over Sunday.

FOUND—A pair of glasses. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this notice.

Mrs. McMann, of Terre Haute, spent Sunday with Mrs. William Overman. She was accompanied home by her daughter, who has

been visiting friends here for some time.

Paul Zechiel, of Alliance, Ohio, is visiting relatives here.

Morris W. Seitz, of Benton Harbor, Mich., is visiting T. E. Slatery and family.

Mrs. James Shugrue and son Reginald returned Tuesday after a visit to St. Louis and Kansas City.

D. C. Cole and daughter, of Plymouth, and Mrs. S. N. Hay, of South Bend, spent Saturday at the lake.

Henry Vanschoiaek left for Chicago last Sunday after visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Byrd for ten days.

Mrs. Iva Lawson and daughters, Hazel and Opal, of Springfield, Ill. are visiting L. C. Wiseman and family.

Miss Helen Collier, of Zanesville, Ohio, is visiting S. C. Shilling and family and Mrs. Susan Collier.

Miss Julia Klingstine returned to her home at Indianapolis Sunday after a week's visit with Elsie Buswell.

Mrs. Frank Lamson sustained two broken ribs as the result of a fall at the Palmer House last Thursday.

Miss Fern Mochel returned to South Bend Tuesday after visiting relatives in this place for the past two weeks.

Messrs. Arlington and Harry Haas, of Kokomo, spent Sunday and Monday with their sister, Mrs. I. S. Hahn.

Mrs. Maud Hummel and children returned to Sand Hill, Ohio, after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jones.

Sumner Wiseman, John Buswell and Erza Koontz are playing in the Culver Naval School Band at St. Louis this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Rogers and children, of Logansport are visiting Mr. Roger's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Rogers this week.

Mrs. J. L. Horner and son and Mrs. Frank Lowe and child, of Leiter's Ford visited Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Byrd over Sunday.

Miss Alice Shultz, of South Bend was in Culver Monday on her way to St. Louis where she will spend a week at the Fair.

Mr. LeMoyné Haas and sister Grace returned to Chicago Saturday after a week's visit with the families of D. G. Walter and J. H. Koontz.

A crowd of young people of Flora arrived at the lake Thursday and will spend several weeks at the Kearn cottage in the Assembly Grounds.

Services at Evangelical Church Sunday, August 21, 1904 (Chas. McConnehey, pastor), as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

Word was received from Walter Byrd who went to Dakota last week with a number of the boys. He is located at Rugby and says he likes it very much and gets from two to two and a half dollars a day for harvesting.

Mrs. Morrical and daughter, Miss Caspar, of Bourbon, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Morris. They were accompanied home by Miss Dulcie Morrical, who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Elma Overman, for several weeks.

Mr. Gus Miller, Misses Lizzie Trosky, Flora and Tekla Klingstine, Edith Wiepky, of Indianapolis; Miss Nellie Buswell, Mr. Leslie Buswell, of Terre Haute; Misses Floss Brown and Cora Buswell, of Jessups; visited Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Buswell Sunday.

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THE CULVER CITIZEN.

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Pubs.

CULVER, INDIANA.

"Don't marry a man to reform him"—unless he has a lot of money to pay alimony with.

An eastern man has sold nineteen chickens for \$3,400. That is something to crow over.

Inventor Holland's \$10 flying machine may arrive before Edison's great storage battery.

The average reader is curious to know how many decisive battles it will take to end this war.

A watermelon may not be exactly a substitute for beef, but it enables you to forget it for a time.

Lively Lou Dillon has begun her summer's work of breaking records. She doesn't need a wind shield.

The woman who horsewhipped her 4-year-old son because he forgot to say his prayers is past praying for.

The long-horned steer has become practically extinct. Even in Texas it has been found he takes up too much room.

The next thing is to be a mirror trust. But this must not be taken as an indication that the trusts are going to the wall.

The poets are taking a strong stand against the eating of meat. It is only natural that they should lead in this great movement.

We learn from the capital that lightning has hit the Washington monument three times this season without being seriously injured.

A revolution has been pulled off in Bogota. It is the first one Bogota has had this month, and must, therefore, be treated as quite an event.

Von Plehve's death was instantaneous, and presumably painless; but for years he had suffered daily from the sickening terror of that bomb.

The man who invented the safety pin is an honored resident of Cleveland, Ohio. Bachelors and babies should erect a monument to him.

Russia seems to have the world's visible supply of trouble so well cornered that it looks like folly for Venezuela to try to break into the game.

John W. Gates is at Saratoga. A telegram from Saratoga says all the gambling places are wide open there, but we merely mention this in passing.

His poem on Chamberlain indicates that Rudyard Kipling is electing to become viceroy of India. It would be just like Ruddy to think he can get that.

The feathers on a hen were counted the other day. There were 8,120 of them. Score another triumph in the great onward march of human knowledge.

The Pike at the world's fair has been vindicated. A party of Boston girls report that there is nothing there they would be unwilling to let their mothers see.

When a man is always throwing out hints that he knows a good many things that he won't tell, the probability is that he has already told more than he knows.

The chance is more than even that the "expert" who advises that girls be selected in the summer, as girls are best studied during vacation time, is a bachelor himself.

A recent critic describes the women of New York as being less beautiful than those of Baltimore, but adds that "they dress better." If they are plain, they have to dress better.

Dr. Stowell of Worcester declares that wearing smoked glasses affords complete relief in cases of hay fever. No hay fever sufferer is expected to believe this until he has tried it.

A Paris newspaper thinks Roosevelt, Parker, Cleveland and Bryan have all been nominated for President. No wonder France is alarmed about the increased consumption of absinthe.

The New York Herald prints a picture of "Reginald Vanderbilt talking to his chauffeur." What we would really like to see, however, is a picture of Mrs. Vanderbilt talking to her cook.

Sir Thomas Lipton's letter to Dr. Draper declares that he could not rest content to leave the America cup in its present environment. We are so sorry that Sir Thomas isn't going to be content.

The announcement that alcoholism can be cured by wearing spectacles properly fitted to the eyes should not be dismissed lightly. Such spectacles might do away with that singular tendency to see double that is so confusing at times.

The revival of the fashion of daguerotypes is not remarkable. Some of those gilt-framed pictures in the velvet-lined cases are more lifelike, when you get them in the right light, than the best of the photographs that are taken nowadays.

TRADE DEMAND GROWS LARGER

Better Inquiry Prevails for Factory Product and Staple Necessities.

COUNTRY BUYERS IN EVIDENCE

Visitors Are Numerous in the Chicago Markets and Large Orders Are Booked for Seasonable Merchandise—Grain Shipments Are Larger.

Chicago, dispatch.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of Chicago trade says:

"Despite the extension of labor controversies, business generally exhibits more strength and widening activity. The hindrances recently interposed have become less disturbing and seem likely to make an early disappearance. While the outlook has improved and there is renewed confidence, there is also less pessimism as to the bearing of the presidential campaign upon the industries.

"Notwithstanding the injury to spring wheat, it is notable that simultaneously with the government crop report there developed a better demand for factory product and necessities. Metal branches are making larger output in both finished material and pig iron, and the new business coming forward reaches a larger aggregate for combined foundry and railroad use.

"The movement of grain shows gratifying growth, and there is heavier lake carrying of ore, fuel and forest products.

Buyers Are Active. "Visiting buyers were more numerous in the distributive markets, and wholesale houses gained in their bookings for fall delivery, good orders being placed in dry goods, woollens, clothing and footwear. Dealings also made some advance in hats and caps and men's furnishings. Retail trade slightly exceeded the previous week's and presented an encouraging tendency.

"Manufacturing conditions reflect firmness in prices and accumulating demand. Receipts of raw material are in greater volume, indicating preparations for a steady run of work. Much rail tonnage is needed soon for relaying and new track, and there is sustained request for structural and merchant iron. The reopening of one of the harvesters plants, additional contracts for cars and locomotives and steady employment among hardware producers promise large consumption of iron and wood. Machinery lines report most activity in repairs.

Grain Shipments Larger.

"Grain shipments, 3,815,553 bushels, 47.2 per cent over those 2 year ago, represent the largest week's aggregate in some time. Board of trade transactions were unusually heavy in wheat and corn, the outside demand being urgent in spot trading. Values were mainly controlled by official and other reports and were forced up to the highest average on new crop, but subsequently reacted. Compared with the closings a week ago advances appear, in wheat 2½¢ a bushel, in corn, 1½¢ and in oats ¾¢. Provisions were again freely offered and values declined sharply, in pork \$1.25 a barrel, in ribs 17½¢ and in lard 15¢.

"Failures in the Chicago district number 25, against 31 last week and 16 a year ago."

ASK CONSTITUTION FOR RUSSIA

Nobles Reported to Have Petitioned the Czar, Who Refuses Request.

Vienna cable: It is reported in St. Petersburg that several marshals and members of the Russian nobility have tried to obtain an audience with the czar in order to present to him a draft of a national constitution. The czar, it is said, refused to receive them, declaring there could be no change in the governmental system. All that was needed, the czar is reported to have said, was the strengthening of the present system, which had raised the country to power and greatness.

LABOR LEADER DIES SUDDENLY

Smoking Kills National Organizer of Mine Workers' Union.

Cumberland, Md., dispatch.—James Zelinski, the national organizer of the United Mine Workers of America, who has been assisting in the management of the strike in the Meyersdale field since it started, in December, has dropped dead. He was an inveterate smoker of cigarettes, rarely being without a lighted one in his mouth, and the doctors attribute his death to this habit. He was considered one of the most valuable men in the miners' organization.

ROAD FILES HEAVY MORTGAGE

Trolley Line From Chicago Secured for \$3,500,000.

South Bend, Ind., dispatch.—Walter C. Nelson, president of the Northern Traction company, has filed here a mortgage of \$3,500,000 to the Knickerbocker Trust company of New York and Benjamin L. Allen, New York, co-trustee. It covers a proposed electric car line to extend from South Bend to Chicago through New Carlisle, Laporte, Valparaiso and Hammond, Ind.

PARISIAN THIEVES ROB CONSUL GOWDY'S OFFICE

Take Petty Cash and Postage Stamps, but Fail to Get Five Thousand Dollars in the Safe.

Paris cablegram: Consul General Gowdy on arriving at the American consulate Wednesday found that his private desk had been forced, the woodwork badly smashed, petty cash and postage stamps amounting to several hundred francs abstracted, and his papers ransacked.

The big safe of the consulate bore conspicuous traces of unsuccessful attempts to force it open. The safe contained a large sum in cash and important documents. The police are making the fullest investigations.

The consulate occupied a handsome suite of rooms on the third floor of No. 36 Avenue de l'Opera, one of the finest streets in Paris. The building is devoted to offices, nobody except the janitor residing there. The burglars gave their entire attention to Mr. Gowdy's private office, in which are a large desk and a strong safe. The former was partly wrecked, the drawers being forced, the woodwork splintered, the papers turned out, and letters even being dragged out of their envelopes. Luckily none of the drawers containing anything valuable were carried off.

The safe bore numerous traces of violent efforts to force it open with wedges, which, however, proved futile. The burglars also attacked the hinges with a hammer, and the lock also showed hammer marks.

Mr. Gowdy cannot understand how the noise was not heard by the janitor. The safe contained about \$5,000, besides important documents.

WILLIAM BRYAN LOSES THE BENNETT BEQUEST

Connecticut Supreme Court Holds That Letter Giving Nebraskan \$50,000 Is Not Part of Will.

New Haven, Conn., dispatch.—William J. Bryan can have no part of the Philo S. Bennett estate. The supreme court has handed down a decision refusing to approve as a part of Mr. Bennett's will a letter to his wife directing her to pay \$50,000 to the Nebraskan, and holding that the doctrine of incorporation by reference has no legal standing in this state. The decree affirms the finding of the lower court and leaves no ground for Mr. Bryan to carry the case to a higher tribunal. The letter on which the claim was based was written by Mr. Bennett May 22, 1900, and directed that Mr. Bryan be given the sum of \$50,000, which had been bequeathed to her in trust in Mr. Bennett's will. The trust clause in the will referred to this letter, but did not mention specifically the purpose for which the money was set aside.

ESCAPES FROM MOB IN AN AUTO

Wisconsin Crowd Tries to Lynch an Assailant, But He Rides Away.

Madison, Wis., dispatch: An automobile played the part of a life saver in rescuing Angelo Leabell from an angry mob which threatened to lynch him for the attempted murder of Inquisio Capo, whom Leabell shot under the window of the state capitol. Leabell failed to inflict fatal wounds, but the crowd, which saw the shooting pursued him when he tried to escape on a bicycle. He fell and was overpowered, but a policeman threw him into an automobile and the man was soon safe from violence.

DRINKS SULPHUR TO END LIFE

Husband in Jail for Default of Alimony, Seeks Death.

Laporte, Ind., dispatch.—Truman Smith, divorced from his wife and sentenced to the county jail for failure to pay alimony, lies in a critical condition as the result of drinking a concoction of sulphur water with suicidal intent. Judge Richter recently made the decision to commit all husbands to jail who failed to pay alimony stipulated in the decrees of divorce, and Smith declares that he will die rather than comply with the demands of the court.

EX-JUSTICE THOMPSON IS DEAD

Delegate to Law and Jurists' Congress Expires at East Orange.

East Orange, N. J., dispatch.—Seymour D. Thompson, former associate justice of the court of appeals at St. Louis, died of diabetes at his home here. Judge Thompson was a well-known jurist and had written many works on legal practice. He was recently appointed by President Roosevelt as a delegate to the Union Congress of Law and Jurists, to be held in St. Louis next month. He was born in Illinois in 1842 and was a veteran of the civil war.

Noted Chemist Is Insane.

New York dispatch: Dr. Johannes Korselt, the celebrated chemist, formerly an instructor in Ann Arbor, but more recently a member of the faculty of Johns Hopkins university, was taken to Bellevue hospital, where it is said that he is suffering from insanity brought on by overwork.

Children in Storm Panic.

New York special: Forty-two children, under treatment for tuberculosis of the bones at a seaside camp at Coney Island, were thrown into a panic when a miniature typhoon raged two vacant tents to the ground and partly demolished others.

NO LONGER A FLEET

Russian Squadron in Eastern Waters Dispersed in All Directions by the Japanese Ships Under Admiral Togo.

With nine of the Russian warships, according to dispatches, far to the south of Port Arthur and two others, the Pobeda and the Retvizan, crippled, within the harbor there, the dash of the fleet is believed to have been successful in a high degree, despite the report of Admiral Togo that the majority of the vessels were forced again to take refuge under the guns of the beleaguered fortress. Four of the fugitive battleships are reported at Saddle Bay, seventy miles southeast of Shanghai; the Askold has touched at Woosung, while at Tsingchou the Novik and the Czarevitch have found shelter.

One torpedo-boat destroyer has entered Shanghai, one is with the two battleships at Tsingchou, and two are reported to have been captured by the Japanese on the Chinese coast. The fate of the others is unknown. Only one warship of the fleeing squadron has not been sighted, and this vessel reported by Togo as having been seen indicating that some vessel has gone down.

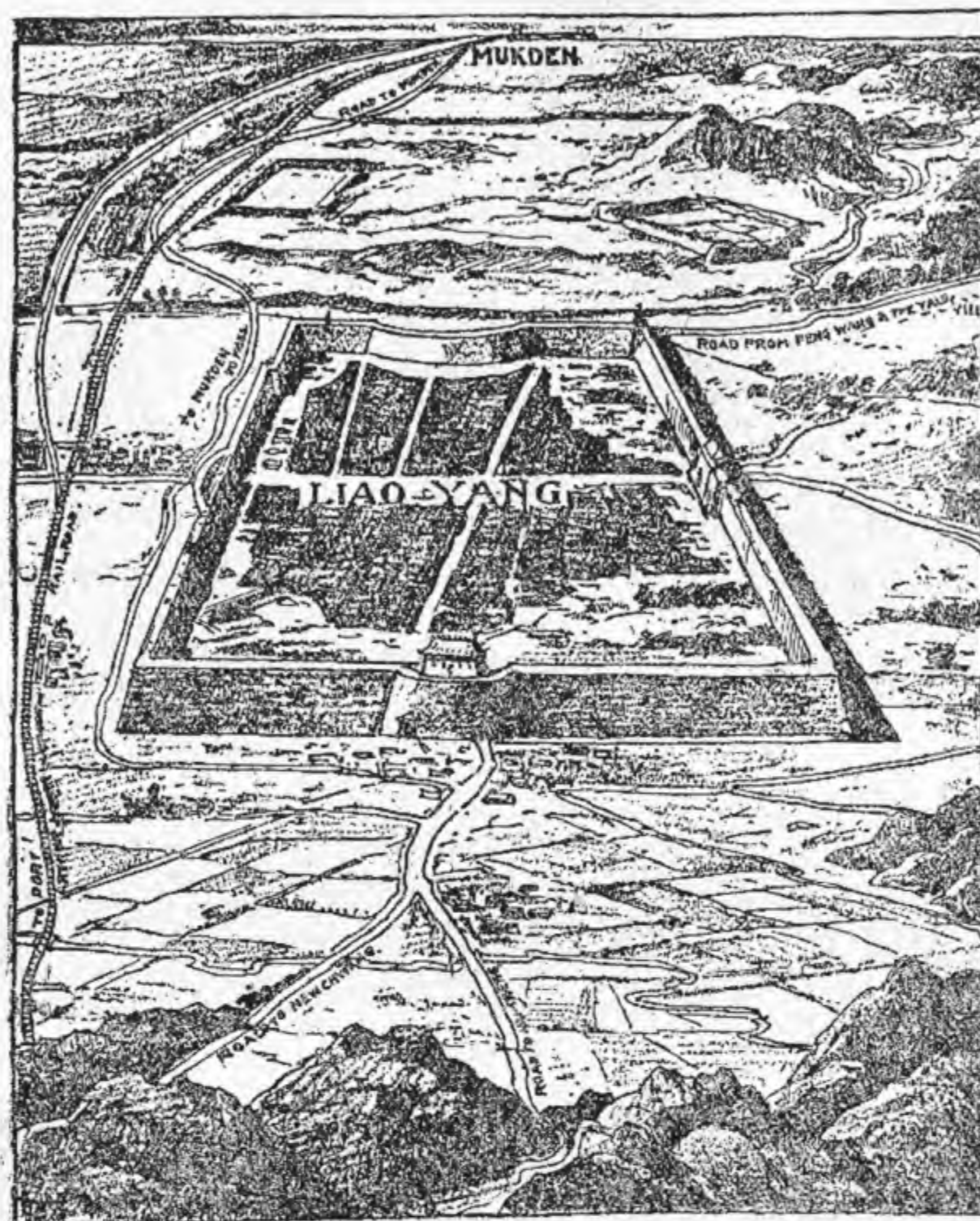
were annihilated. The Russians were worn out from their heavy duty, and men dropped from exhaustion by the side of their arms. Gen. Stoessel rode along the line, urging them to be brave men for God and their fatherland. At daylight the Japanese concentrated their reserves, and made one final attack, in which they swept the Russians back. In one fortified position, out of a force of 200 men, only two survived. More than half succumbed to exhaustion.

Aug. 9 the Russians made a stealthy attack, crawling among the rocks and up mountain sides. The first line rushed the Japanese outposts, and fighting ensued at close quarters. Simultaneously the Russian fleet opened with its guns. Finally Taku mountain again was captured by the Russians, who now hold the main line. The carnage is described as ghastly.

Anxiety in St. Petersburg.

Public anxiety at St. Petersburg regarding the fate of the Port Arthur squadron, which has reached the highest pitch, remained unrelieved when

LIAO-YANG, THE HEADQUARTERS OF KUROPATKIN, WHICH IS NOW MENACED SERIOUSLY.



Liao-Yang, which is now seriously menaced by the Japanese armies, with the surrounding country, is shown in the map. It is a walled town of probably 50,000 population, and is situated on the Manchurian Railway, about forty miles south of Mukden. The road to Antung, on the Yalu, starts from Liao-Yang, and there are other highways that make it the center of commerce of the surrounding country. Gen. Kuropatkin has his headquarters at Liao-Yang, and immense stores of war munitions are also believed to be in the city. Should the Russians be compelled to abandon these supplies, their loss would be a severe blow to the czar's forces.

The chief interest, however, centers in the action of the Japanese destroyers, who seized the Russian dismantled destroyer in the neutral harbor of Chefoo. The question raised by this action is believed to be among the most serious of the war thus far.

Contraband Question Serious.

In the British houses of parliament both Premier Balfour and Lord Lansdowne clearly showed that Great Britain is determined to permit no further sinking of British vessels by Russian war ships on the plea that they carry contraband of war and cannot be navigated quickly to a Russian port. Mr. Balfour echoed the declaration of Gibson Bowles, conservative, when he termed the sinking of the Knight Commander by the Vladivostok squadron an "international outrage." This opinion of the British government, the premier said, already had been conveyed to the Russian government.

The Associated Press hears from a high source that at the Russian foreign office the question of revising the list of contraband is not under consideration, and there is little likelihood of any modifications being made.

Another Battle Raging.

A very serious battle has taken place at Yudai, concerning which details are withheld. It is known also that an important naval combat is proceeding at Port Arthur, in which such ships as the Retvizan and Pobeda, which were supposed to have been crippled, are taking an active part. There is continuous fighting also on the land side.

Port Arthur Held Safe.

The Russian torpedo boat destroyer Rishitelli, from Port Arthur, arrived at Chefoo Aug. 11. Her officers seemed worn out. The destroyer was not flying her flag. Capt. Shostalovsky of the Rishitelli expressed the opinion that Port Arthur cannot be taken. He said the town was surrounded with corpses, but the Russian losses had been small.

Three days ago the Japanese attacked the main line of fortifications. The infantry made desperate bayonet charges and the Russians repelled in similar manner. Whole regiments

the attitude of an ally to Japan and thus bring into play the treaty with France which requires France to come to Russia's assistance when Russia is attacked by more than one power.

Cossacks Rout Japanese.

The Russians made another attack on Tsianschan (thirty-six miles south of Sintsintin) on Aug. 7, chasing out the Japanese. The country is rugged and the Russians found it impossible to employ their cavalry. They suffered heavily in approaching the Japanese position under a murderous infantry fire. Finally the Cossacks charged on foot with the sabre and carried the position. The Japanese fed toward Sainatsze.

England Fixes Contraband.

The London Times says the British government now requires the owners of vessels carrying government stores to the far east to sign declarations that they are not conveying munitions of war, namely, guns, explosives or other armament for Russian or Japanese ports. The Times hopes the wording of the declaration will be taken to mean that the government will recognize only such munitions as contraband.

Fear Action of Chinese.

While no fighting has occurred on the eastern front, a remarkable heavy movement of Japanese northward has been reported. The Chinese are becoming exceedingly bold. Viceroy Yuan Shi Kai is reported moving north with his army, but has not yet made a hostile move.

Japanese to Cut Railroad.

Gen. Kuropatkin anticipates a big battle around Liao-Yang, but the fear is expressed that the Japanese instead of joining issue there will seek to turn the Russian position above Mukden and cut the railroad.

Move on Mukden Begun.

A reconnaissance in force Aug. 7 proved that the Japanese are making a wide detour of the Liao Valley toward Mukden.

Russian Squadron Shattered.

In a smashing battle against odds, Admiral Kamimura has humbled the pride of the Russian navy, and while the cruiser Ilorik of the Vladivostok squadron lies at the bottom of the sea, two other big modern war ships, badly crippled, are fleeing for port before light Japanese cruisers. Although no word of it has come from Tokio, it is likely that Admiral Kamimura is following up his victory, and another great sea fight is probable somewhere between the Straits of Korea and Vladivostok.

For five hours the battle raged off the Tsu Islands. The ships of the Vladivostok fleet, the Rurik, the Rosi and the Gromobol, are large modern armored cruisers. Opposed to them were the remnants of Kamimura's fleet, principally light, old-fashioned cruisers.

In anticipation of the dash from Port Arthur, Admiral Togo had drawn all of the fastest Japanese ships to the waters near the beleaguered fortress. For this reason Kamimura's victory is all the more creditable.

It is highly improbable that any of the crew of the ill-fated Rurik was saved. The flight of the Rurik's sister ships probably would draw all of the Japanese ships in their wake.

The loss of the Rurik and the crippling of her sister ships is a serious blow to Russia. Each of the three vessels was larger and more powerful than the Japanese armored cruisers and little inferior to battle ships.

Fight of Czarevitch Fierce.

Details of the naval battle of Aug. 10 reaching Chefoo show that the Russian battleship Czarevitch made a remarkable struggle. When the battle opened six battleships on each side opposed each other on almost parallel lines in the vicinity of Round Island. The cruisers and torpedo boat destroyers on both sides were ordered out of range. When the fight had been under way for some time the cruisers and smaller craft became engaged. Finally the Czarevitch was surrounded by four battleships and two cruisers. She endured hours of terrible fighting pluckily. The shell which killed Admiral Witthoft rebounded from the turret.

Good Work in India.

A somewhat extraordinary process is going on in the northern districts and frontier of the Punjab, by which the Sikhs, the Hindoos proper, and the castless tribes are being individualized under a higher social system and the population is increasing enormously. The process is due to what are known as the Punjab colonies of Chenab and Jhelum. The waters taken off from these rivers have doubled the canal irrigation area of the province, raising it to upward of 5,000,000 acres. The wide-stretching jungles, waste for centuries or roamed over only by a few pastoral nomads, have been converted into the finest wheat fields of northern India. The Chenab colony alone has a new population of above 1,000,000, which increases rapidly. The canal from the Chenab cost the state \$5,875,000, produced crops of double that value in one year, and yielded 19 per cent to the government.

PARKER TOLD OF NOMINATION

New York Statesman Hears Officially of His Elevation to the National Leadership of the Democratic Party—His Speech of Acceptance.

Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker, Democratic nominee for the presidency, was formally notified at Esopus, N. Y., Aug. 10, of his nomination by the St. Louis convention.

The notification speech was made by Congressman Champ Clark of Missouri.

The official letter of notification received by Judge Parker was as follows:

"As the regularly appointed and duly accredited committee of the national convention of the Democratic party, held at the city of St. Louis, Mo., on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of July, 1904, we, the undersigned, have the honor, and it is our pleasure to convey to you, as we now do, the official announcement of your unanimous nomination by that great and historic party of the people as its candidate for the exalted office of the President of the United States, at the election to be held on Nov. 8, 1904—a nomination so manifestly wise and appropriate that already the country has indicated its approval of it, and the most convincing auguries are rapidly increasing of its formal endorsement by the American people at the polls.

"Requesting your acceptance of this nomination, we are, with assurance of our high esteem and sincerest good wishes, yours respectfully,

"CHAMP CLARK of Missouri,"

"Chairman."

The letter was also signed by all the members of the notification committee.

In the address with which Ex-Judge Parker accepted the nomination for the Presidency he said in part:

"Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the committee: I have resigned the office of chief judge of the court of appeals of this state in order that I may accept the responsibility that the great convention you represent has put upon me without possible prejudice to the court to which I had the honor to belong or to the eminent members of the judiciary of this state, of whom I may now say as a private citizen I am justly proud.

"At the very threshold of this response, and before dealing with other subjects, I must, in justice to myself and to relieve my sense of gratitude, express my profound appreciation of the confidence reposed in me by the convention. After nominating me and subsequently receiving a communication declaring that I regarded the gold standard as firmly and irrevocably established, a matter concerning which I felt it incumbent upon me to make known my attitude so that hereafter no man could justly say that his support had been secured through indirection or mistake, the convention reiterated its determination that I should be the standard bearer of the party in the present contest. This mark of trust and confidence I shall ever esteem as the highest honor that could be conferred upon me—an honor that, whatever may be the fate of the campaign, the future can in no degree lessen or impair.

Praises the Platform.

"The admirable platform upon which the party appeals to the country for its confidence and support clearly states the principles which were so well condensed in the first inaugural address of President Jefferson, and points out with force and directness the course to be pursued through their proper application in order to insure needed reforms in both the legislative and administrative departments of the government.

Situation in Colorado.

"In a struggle between employers and employees dynamite is said to have been used by the latter, resulting in the loss of life and destruction of property. The perpetrators of this offense against the laws of God and man, and all others engaged in the conspiracy with them, should, after due trial and conviction, have had meted out to them the most rigorous punishment known to the law. This crime, added perhaps to others, led to the formation of a committee of citizens that, with the support of the military authority, deports from the state, without trial, persons suspected of belonging to the organization of which the perpetrators of the dynamite outrages were supposed to be members. In both cases the reign of law gave way to the reign of force.

"These illustrations present some evidence of the failure of government to protect the citizen and his property, which not only justified the action of your convention in this regard, but made it its duty to call attention to the fact that constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, to acquire and to enjoy property, or to reside where his interests or inclination may determine; and the fulfillment of the assurance to rebuke and punish all denials of these rights, whether brought about by individuals or government agencies, should be enforced by every official and supported by every citizen. The essence of good government lies in strict observance of constitutional limitations, enforcement of law and order and rugged opposition to all encroachment upon the sovereignty of the people.

Tariff Law Called Unjust.

"The present tariff law is unjust in its operation, excessive in many of its

rates and so framed in particular instances as to exact inordinate profits from the people. So well understood has this view become that many prominent members of the Republican party, and at least two of its state conventions, have dared to voice the general sentiment on that subject. That party seems, however, to be collectively able to harmonize only upon a plank that admits that revision may from time to time be necessary, but it is so phrased that it is expected to be satisfactory to those in favor of an increase of duty, to those who favor a reduction thereof and to those opposed to any change whatever.

"Judged by the record of perform-



Alton Brooks Parker.

ance, rather than that of promise, on the part of that party in the past it would seem as if the outcome in the event of its success would be to gratify the latter class. With absolute control of both the legislative and executive departments of the government since March 4, 1897, there has been neither reduction nor an attempt at reduction in tariff duties. It is not unreasonable to assume, in the light of that record, that a future congress of that party will not undertake a revision of the tariff downward in the event that it shall receive an endorsement of its past course on that subject by the people.

Senate Is Republican.

"It is a fact and should be frankly conceded that though our party be successful in the coming contest we cannot hope to secure a majority in the Senate during the next four years, and hence we shall be unable to secure any modification in the tariff save that to which the Republican majority in the Senate may consent. While, therefore, we are unable to give assurances of relief to the people from such excessive duties as burden them, it is due to them that we state our position to be in favor of a reasonable reduction of the tariff; that we believe it is demanded by the best interests of both manufacturer and consumer, and that a wise and beneficent revision of the tariff can be accomplished as soon as both branches of Congress and an executive in favor of it are elected, without creating that sense of uncertainty and instability that has on other occasions manifested itself. This can be achieved by providing that such a reasonable period shall intervene between the date of the enactment of the statute making a revision and the date of its enforcement as shall be deemed sufficient for the industry or business affected by such revision to adjust itself to the changes and new conditions imposed.

"So confident am I in the belief that the demand of the people for a reform of the tariff is just that I indulge the hope that should a Democratic House of Representatives and a Democratic executive be chosen by the people, even a Republican Senate may heed the warning and consent to give at least some measure of relief to the people.

Tariff Helps Trusts.

"The combinations, properly called trusts, which aim to secure a monopoly of trade in the necessities of life, as well as in those things that are employed upon the farm, in the factory and in many other fields of industry, have been encouraged and stimulated by excessive tariff duties. These operate to furnish a substantial market in the necessities of eighty millions of people by practically excluding competition. With so large a market and highly remunerative prices continuing long after the line of possible competition would naturally be reached, the temptation of all engaged in the same business to combine so as to prevent competition at home and a resulting reduction of prices has proved irresistible in a number of cases.

"All men must agree that the net result of enacting laws that foster such inequitable conditions is most unfortunate for the people as a whole, and it would seem as if all ought to agree that the effective remedy would be to modify the offending law appropriately. The growth of monopoly, of which complaint is justly made, can not be laid at the doors of the courts of this country. The decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Appeals of this state, and the courts of last resort in many other states, warrant the assertion

that the common law as developed affords a complete legal remedy for monopolies. The fact that they have multiplied in number and increased in power has been due not to the failure of the courts to apply the law when properly moved by administrative officials or private individuals, but to the failure of officials charged with the duty of enforcing the law to take the necessary procedure to procure the judgments of the courts in the appropriate jurisdiction, coupled with the fact that the legislative departments of some of our state governments, as well as Congress in the manner already referred to, have, by legislation, encouraged their propagation.

"What is needed, in addition to the passage of a statute revising the tariff duties to a reasonable basis, is not so much other and different laws as officials having both the disposition and the courage to enforce existing law. While this is my view of the scope of the common law, if it should be made to appear that it is a mistaken one then I favor such further legislation within constitutional limitations as will give the people a just and full measure of protection.

Freedom for Filipinos.

"It is difficult to understand how any citizen of the United States, much less a descendant of revolutionary stock, can tolerate the thought of permanently denying the right of self-government to the Filipinos. Can we hope for the respect of the civilized world, while proudly guaranteeing to every citizen of the United States that no law shall be made or enforced which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, or deny to any person the equal protection of the laws, and at the same time not only deny similar rights to the inhabitants of the Philippines, but take away from them the right of trial by jury, and place their lives and the disposition of their property in the keeping of those whom we send to them to be their governors? We shall certainly rue it as a nation if we make any such attempt.

Responsibility in Philippines.

"Viewing the question even from the standpoint of national selfishness, there is no prospect that the \$20,000,000 expended in the purchase of the islands and the \$650,000,000 said to have been since disbursed will ever come back to us. The accident of war brought the Philippines into our possession, and we are not at liberty to disregard the responsibility which thus came to us; but that responsibility will be best subserved by preparing the islanders as rapidly as possible for self-government and giving to them the assurances that it will come as soon as they are reasonably prepared for it.

Should Avoid Foreign Disputes.

"We are not a military people, bent on conquest or engaged in extending our domains in foreign lands or desirous of securing natural advantages, however great, by force; but a people loving peace, not only for ourselves, but for all the nations of the earth.

"I protest against the feeling, now far too prevalent, that by reason of the commanding position we have assumed in the world we must take part in the disputes and broils of foreign countries, and that because we have grown great we should intervene in every important question that arises in other parts of the world. I also protest against the erection of any such military establishment as would be required to maintain the country in that attitude. We should confine our international activities solely to matters in which the rights of the country or of our citizens are directly involved.

"As I have already proceeded at too great length, other questions suggested in the platform must await my letter of acceptance.

Will Not Accept Second Term.

"Mr. Chairman: In most graceful speech you have reminded me of the great responsibility as well as the great honor of the nomination bestowed upon me by the convention you represent this day. Be assured that both are appreciated—so keenly appreciated that I am humbled in their presence.

"I accept, gentlemen of the committee, the nomination; and if the action of the convention shall be endorsed by an election by the people, I will, God helping me, give to the discharge of the duties of that exalted office the best service of which I am capable, and at the end of the term retire to private life. I shall not be a candidate for nor shall I accept a re-nomination.

"I make this statement not in criticism of any of our presidents from Washington down who have either held the office for two terms or sought to succeed themselves; for strong arguments can be advanced in support of the re-election of a President. It is simply my judgment that the interests of this country are now so vast and the questions presented are frequently of such overpowering magnitude to the people that it is indispensable to the maintenance of a healthy attitude before the people not only that the chief magistrate should be independent, but that that independence should be known of all men."

MRS. MAYBRICK IS INTERVIEWED

Utters Kind Words for Americans Who Aided Her in Trouble.

DOES NOT SUFFER PHYSICALLY

Mental Powers Have Not Suffered From Her Long Incarceration in British Prison—Jail Officials Were Always Kind and Considerate.

London, Cablegram.—The Daily Chronicle publishes a three-column interview with Mrs. Florence Maybrick, mostly concerned with her experiences during her life in prisons. The interviewer describes Mrs. Maybrick as clear witted, outspoken, mildly robust and in no way shattered, either physically or mentally, though her face is drawn as with grief and suffering, and says that she answered the questions put to her frankly and without embarrassment or nervousness.

Describing the arrangements for her release, Mrs. Maybrick said she could never hope to repay the debt of gratitude she owed Ambassador Choate, Henry White, secretary of the American embassy, and other kind friends, and she wished it known how good the officials of the American embassy had been to her as a practical recognition of the fact that the United States Immigration commissioners had decided that she would be regarded as an American citizen. She said that Ambassador Choate provided a gentleman escort for her when she left Truro.

Protests Innocence of Murder.

To the interviewer Mrs. Maybrick protested her innocence as firmly as she had done at the beginning and said: "I am praying for the time when my innocence will be proved to the world." She said she experienced nothing but kindness from the prison officials and spoke with deep gratitude of the late Lord Chief Justice Russell's efforts in her behalf. The last time she saw Baron Russell he took her hands in farewell and said: "Be brave and strong. I believe you to be innocent and shall do all I can for you."

Mrs. Maybrick declared that she was most anxious to get to the United States, saying: "I shall feel happier there."

Mrs. Maybrick requested the interviewer to quote her as sending the following message to her friends: "To you all I give my heartfelt thanks for your noble fight in behalf of an innocent and defenseless woman. I earnestly pray that the day is not far distant when the proof of the wrong that has been done me will be demonstrated."

May Change Her Name.

Mrs. Maybrick was unable to say anything as to her plans after the lawsuit which she has brought in the United States has been settled. "I want," she said, "a change of scene, to forget and to forgive and to spend my time with kind-hearted friends."

Asked whether she would change her name, Mrs. Maybrick replied: "I do not know. I am afraid I shall have little peace while I hold that of Maybrick, but why should it be so? Let me die out of memory. I have suffered enough, God knows. Make the rest of my days as easy as you can."

SHIP GUNNERS ARE TO PRACTICE

Arrangements Completed for Autumn Naval Target Work.

Washington, dispatch.—Arrangements have been completed for the regular autumn naval target practice in home waters. The battleship squadron of the north Atlantic fleet, Rear Admiral A. S. Barker commanding, unless Turkish affairs prevent, will sail for Menemsha light, coast of Maine, about the latter part of this month and the target practice for those ships will begin early in September. The autumn practice is in no sense competitive, but will consist of long range firing at a distance of about 4,000 yards.

Jumps to Meet Sweetheart.

Laporte, Indiana, dispatch: Oliver Wells, a passenger on an eastbound Lake Shore & Michigan Southern train, saw his sweetheart when nearing Otis, Ind. After answering her handkerchief signals he jumped from the moving train. He will probably recover.

Indians Find Frost Boy.

New York dispatch: Aaron Frost, Jr., of Brooklyn, who lost his way in the Adirondack wilderness and was found by a party of searchers, had a thrilling experience. Credit for Frost's escape from death was due directly to the persistent efforts of a party of Indians.

Big Forest Fire.

Lander, Wyo., dispatch: A forest fire is raging in the Wind river mountains, between this place and Thermopolis, and already is reported to have destroyed a large area of timber. A number of ranches and mining properties are directly in its path.

Crowd Protects Gamblers.

Freeport, Ill., dispatch: A raid was made on the wheel and chuck game at the races, at the instance of the Ministerial association. The crowd held the officers while the gamblers made their escape with the money and paraphernalia.

FRUIT GROWERS GAIN VICTORY OVER ROADS

Interstate Commerce Commission Decides That Freight Rates Are Entirely Too High.

Washington, dispatch.—The fruit growers of Michigan have won a big financial victory over the Armour refrigerator car line and the Pere Marquette and Michigan Central railroads.

The interstate commerce commission has rendered a decision that the freight rates charged on fruit by the railroads and the refrigeration charges of the Armour line are exorbitant and in violation of the law. The railroads and the Armour company will be given reasonable time in which to readjust their rates on an equitable basis. If they fail to do so, the interstate commerce commission will institute court proceedings against the railroads and the Armour company.

Reviewing the evidence which was presented to the commission during the investigation in Chicago both by fruit growers, buyers and shippers, and by the railroads, the commission says: "The railroads formerly furnished refrigeration free; subsequently charged substantially the cost of icing, and now under its exclusive contracts the Armour car line exacts refrigeration charges greatly in excess of the former icing costs, and ranging from 50 to 100 per cent above the charges made by the Armour company itself prior to the making of the exclusive contracts with the railroads."

The decision will also prove very encouraging to the railroads, which have been fighting the private car lines.

MRS. KRAUSS INNOCENT OF MURDERING MOTHER

Public Prosecutor Is Satisfied the Woman Is in No Way Connected With Mysterious Deaths.

Hartford City, Ind., dispatch: Mrs. Rae Anderson Krauss was not implicated in any way in the death of her mother nor of Matt Collins of this city. This has been proved.

Public Prosecutor Burns has been gathering all possible evidence regarding Mrs. Krauss' past. He has received proofs regarding Mrs. Sarah Anderson's death in a Cincinnati hospital which preclude her daughter having anything to do with it.

He also received a report on Collins' death from Dr. W. N. Cronin of this city. Dr. Cronin performed the autopsy and declares Collins died of fatty degeneration of the heart.

In Mrs. Krauss' cell are a Bible and a picture of Crystal Krauss, her stepdaughter, whom she is accused of murdering. Her husband visited her and found her lost in thought over the picture of his dead daughter. She did not notice his presence until he was within the cell and when she looked up there were tears in her eyes. She said: "I wish I were where Crystal is and Crystal were alive." She then buried her face in her hands and wept.

TROOPS TO MAKE LONG MARCH

Will Travel About Seven Hundred Miles for Experiment.

Washington dispatch: Orders have been issued at the war department for the Twenty-third and Twenty-seventh batteries of field artillery and two squadrons of the Fifteenth cavalry, stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, to march from that post to Manassas, Va., to take part in the maneuvers next month, a distance of about 700 miles. It is calculated that the trip will occupy about five weeks. This probably is the longest march of United States troops in recent times and is in the nature of an experiment.

TRY TO WRECK A FAST TRAIN

Miscreants Put Tie on Track, But Engine Carries It for Miles.

Northampton, Mass., dispatch: Officials of the Massachusetts Central railroad are investigating an attempt to wreck a fast passenger train. About three miles out of Northampton, toward Hadley, the engineer noticed that the air seemed full of splinters and he was at a loss to account for it. When the train pulled into Northampton an examination showed that a railroad tie was wedged under the pilot. It had been carried in such a way that it had scraped the roadbed the entire distance.

MINER IS ROBBED AND KILLED

Man's Body Is Found; \$250 Is Gone; Suspect Held.

Altoona, Pa., dispatch.—Andrew Viedezlo, a miner, was robbed and murdered by highwaymen at Baker mines, near here. Viedezlo had about \$250 on his person when attacked by the men. When his body was found the money was missing. A fellow-countryman, who had threatened the life of Viedezlo, has been arrested and placed in the Ebensburg jail.

EX-GOVERNOR FIFER IS HURT

Breaks His Arm in a Fall on Wet Board in Michigan.

Charlevoix, Mich., special: Ex-Gov. Joseph W. Fifer of Bloomington, Ill., a member of the interstate commerce commission, is suffering from a broken arm at his summer cottage here. He slipped on a wet board while walking with his daughter, Mrs. Jacob A. Bohrer, and fractured his arm near the shoulder. He is confined to his bed as a result of the injury.

LOW RATE TICKETS CLOSELY OBSERVED.

Railway Officials Making Every Effort to Stop Scalping of Nontransferable Transportation to St. Louis.

Passenger officials are making every effort to prevent the nontransferable railroad tickets to the Fair being used by any other than the original purchaser.

Legislation, both Federal, State and city, has been invoked, and the courts have, without exception, held that the sale of a nontransferable ticket such as is used for excursion traffic to the Fair is illegal and the purchaser is in many instances liable for forgery, inasmuch as these tickets have to be signed in the name of the original purchaser.

With the law behind them, the steady fight which the passenger men are making against the ticket brokers, it is believed, is bearing fruit.

At the same time, an enormous number of cheap tickets are sold to persons either passing through St. Louis or returning from the Fair.

In many instances the conductor does not discover the fraud until the purchaser of the ticket is far out on the line from St. Louis, and the passenger is unable to pay his fare.

In this instance it is the duty of the conductor to put the purchaser off the train.

As a result the passenger offices are flooded with complaints made by persons who have suffered this treatment, and who have made their way back to St. Louis and are unable to get home.

The only recourse for them is to prove which was the broker from whom they bought the scalped ticket and demand the return of their money. In this case they get their money back, but generally the assistance of the police is required.

In an affair of this sort the railroad renders all possible assistance, but in many instances women, not informed of the law providing that brokers shall give a receipt, purchase scalped and changed tickets, and, unable to pay their fare, have been put off the train, suffering many hardships thereby.

In order to prevent instances of this sort many of the St. Louis lines have arranged for a system of ticket inspection before the person can get on the train at Union Station.

In this way the fraudulent ticket is often noted and the person saved the discomfort of being put off the train when St. Louis is far behind.

Many incidents wherein not only men but women and children are put off trains because their tickets are not valid have come up since the opening of the Fair, all of such incidents being presented to the notice of the Chief of Police and Mayor.

On the desk of almost every passenger official in St. Louis can be found large bunches of tickets which have been manipulated by brokers.

In many instances not only has the date been changed, but the original destination erased and another substituted, in which way a ticket costing originally \$2, or \$3 may be good for a passage costing \$50 or \$60.

At the three validating offices established by the railroads many tickets which have been manipulated have been detected, and the purchaser saved not only the discomfort and humiliation of being put off the train, but directed as to the best means by which he can recover his money.—St. Louis Republic.

Volcanoes and Wings.

Rushing from his seat to a window near Judge McAlpin, Edward Ray, on trial for lunacy, peered out of the iron gratings at the jail and exclaimed: "I see got wings. Nobody can take my life. I makes life. I see got wings and volcanoes. I make life. I made fishes off my body to feed men. I feed fishes in the sea that you never seed."

It was evident to the jury that Ray was demented. Some of the jurors asked him if he was crazy, and he promptly replied: "You locked me up. See for yourself. Hain't no wheels in my head. I see got eternal life. I see got volcanoes and wings."

When asked if he worked he replied: "Accordin' t' circumstancies, I don't need t' work. I got volcanoes. Drink my blood and you gets eternal life." That was the finishing touch, and the jury promptly voted him insane and ordered him sent to Milledgeville for treatment—volcanoes, wings, and all.—Savannah News.

New Field for Women.

A new field for women possessed of artistic ability is the designing of mosaic patterns. A number of Brooklyn women have done good work in this direction. Besides marble, pieces of Tiffany glass are used. An odd design recently seen suggested the "Cricket on the Hearth." The motto, "Cheer Up, Cheer Up," was clearly brought out, and on looking closely crickets could be discovered in the design. Wistaria flowers and leaves formed the subject for another mosaic pattern. A beautiful design introduced a bit of the sea with breakers below, and above sea gulls sweeping and circling about. The coloring was rich and very effective in this bit of work.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Warning for Philadelphia.

It's rather disturbing news from Pennsylvania that a woman who snored in church and who brought suit because the ushers ejected her has lost her case. The judge even lectured her for her want of reverence and condemned her to pay costs. No doubt many a man reading of this case and fearing for himself a similar mishap will stay away from church next Sunday.

THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Publishers.

CULVER, INDIANA, AUGUST 18, 1904.

LOCAL ITEMS

Magazines at Slattery's drug store.

Souvenir post cards at the CITIZEN office.

Try the "Bill Soliday" cigar, at Lohr's restaurant.

Blank receipts, neatly bound at the CITIZEN office.

Miss Ogle's guests, the Misses Carey, left the lake Wednesday.

Mrs. and Miss Wimmer, of St. Louis, are guests of Mrs. Culver.

A nice line of cardboard in both white and colors, at the CITIZEN office.

Best work done at Plymouth Steam Laundry. See Culver agent.

Mrs. Lewis Ott, nee Duenweg, of Terre Haute, is visiting at the Kuhn cottage.

Miss Fuller, of Evanston, who has been visiting Miss Brownell, has returned to her home.

Mr. Thomas Sheerin, who has been doing some shop work at the University of Wisconsin this summer, has returned to the lake.

A Pennsylvania fisherman has discovered that bullfrogs act as sentries to fish, and that is useless to try to catch bass when a deep-voiced, bellowing frog is watching.

Members of Company E, 12th Indiana Cavalry, with their families, will hold their fifteenth annual reunion at the residence of James Vermillion, three miles east of the lake, on August 31.

Last week was commencement at the Valparaiso college. Graduating exercises were held Thursday evening, the address was delivered by Dr. Forbush, of Boston. There are 1050 graduates, the largest for several years.

A man in Argos went home about 2 o'clock the other morning. In his arms he carried two boxes of plums and his shoes. He crept softly into his room and carefully deposited the plums under the bed, tiptoed out to the kitchen, where he guardedly chucked the shoes in the ice box; then he went to bed.

Coal dealers, who keep in touch with conditions at Chicago, declare that after September all coal, both hard and soft, will advance from 25 to 50 cents a ton. Soft coal, it is thought, will advance more than hard coal, but it is said that unless present conditions in the coal market change greatly, it is more than probable that the first advance will be followed shortly afterward by a second raise. The wholesalers first advance the price to the retailers, who, in order to protect themselves, will raise the price to the consumer.

A movement to have the government stock Koontz's lake with bass, is on foot, says the Walker-ton Independent. It is astonishing to the people who know the liberality of the government in furnishing fish from its hatchery, that owners of lakes do take more advantage of it. A more sensible fish law with a pruning out of useless deputy fish commissioners and an effort on the part of the hook and line fishermen to help sustain a sensible law, would produce a grand result in Indiana.

The postmaster general has sent out orders to the postoffices concerning some rather important changes in the rural route rules. Hereafter all mail boxes on the rural routes will have to be equipped with a suitable signal indicating whether or not there is mail therein. Another important change and one that will work for economy for the farmer as well as less labor for the carrier, two or three families will be allowed the use of one mail box, provided that the families sign an agreement and file it with the postmaster. This will do away with so many boxes at cross roads and lanes which are not traveled by the carriers.

Plea For Country Schools.

The centralized school is so important a factor to the welfare of the country child that for me to refrain longer from saying something to help bring it about, would be an injustice I might not be forgiven. In a few weeks the sorrowful looking children, ranging from 6 to 20 years of age, must leave the sunny fields, fresh air and all the cherished haunts of their happy vacation, gather up their books and plod away with sad faces to the ugly, dirty, desolate old district school. If there happens to be the big boy or girl (and there are plenty of them) who failed to pass, they are objects of pity. I once heard a boy say to his mother on the first morning school began, after staying out until the last minute before 9. "If you will not make me go to school I will ditch, grub, do anything, no matter how hard; I will work 18 hours out of the 24." After a big cry on the part of both mother and son, she succeeded to get him to school.

The country school is not interesting for many reasons. A lack of class companions, of rivalry, of an energetic teacher, who so often is just teaching their first term, for young teachers are nearly always sent to the country to get their experience on the all ready handicapped country children or perhaps he may be one who taught in the time of the flood—his methods of teaching being so behind the age. When the weather gets stormy and cold, many must bear the exposure of long tramps through snow drifts higher than their heads or stay at home. The former brings its train of disease, while the latter brings ignorance, shame and failure to pass.

With the centralized school, children living in the most remote parts of the township will be able to attend school regularly. Then what is known as ignorant country people will be a thing of the past. Wherever the centralized school is tried it has been a success. The children are hauled to school in covered wagons. Expenses are said to be much less and the opportunities much greater.

The old district school is an outrage on the pride and ambition of country children and just how long the loving parents and that great and good being who is no respecter of persons is going to stand it is the question. The farmers want equal rights in education; they want a centralized, graded school, as good as the best with additional grounds suitable for experimental agriculture. The amount of lands used for school grounds in Center township, if planted in crops would perhaps yield enough to almost pay the teachers. With centralized schools, free mail delivery and telephones, country people will live in touch with the highest civilization. To the individual who brings about the centralized school in Center township, there would need be no monument more lasting.

At the various churches of our town the collection boxes are passed around and a wail sent up by the preacher for the heathen almost chills our blood but he never mentions the oppression of the country children in their struggle for an education. Charity begins at home and the good which is bound to come from the centralized school is worth the time spent by every christian and in the bright hereafter, those who have been means of bringing it about may perhaps, hear the welcome approval "Well done thou good and faithful servant, thou shalt not lose thy reward." With sincere hope that we will soon have our schools centralized, I am respectfully,

Mrs. H. G. SHILLING,
—Starko County Republican.

Prize for Scientists.
Prof. Van't Hoff offers, through the medium of the Zeitschrift für Physikalische Chemie, a prize for the best and most complete synopsis of the literature of catalytic phenomena. Competitors are required to send in their papers before June 30, 1905, to the editor of the Zeitschrift.

Strike Against Taxes.
The undertakers of Malaga, Spain, went on strike last month, because they considered themselves excessively taxed.

SPREAD OF ELECTRIC POWER.

Development in Past Few Years Has Been Wonderful.

Recent discussion of plans for the development of electric power in the drainage canal at Lockport, Ill., and its transmission to the Chicago will give more than ordinary interest to the very comprehensive review of electric power development in the July number of Cassier's Magazine.

It appears from a recent United States census bulletin that the aggregate output of dynamos installed in central stations which supply power exclusively for lighting and power purposes is 3,738. The number of arc lamps supplied is 419,561 and the number of incandescent lamps is 19,636,729. The total income from the sale of current is \$90,458,420 per year.

In America the first important attempt at transmitting power for commercial purposes at a potential exceeding 3,000 volts was the installation of the plant at San Bernardino and Pomona, Cal. The potential used was 10,000 volts and the distance from this water power to San Bernardino was twenty-nine miles. In 1893 the Pomona circuit was connected in series with that to San Bernardino, making a distance of forty-two and one-half miles, this being by far the greatest distance attained in America up to that time. In the same year Bell of the General Electric company installed what is known to engineers as the first "three-phase plant" at Redlands, Cal. From the autumn of 1892 to October, 1893, engineers were at work on the plan for harnessing the Niagara cataract, the greatest achievement in modern electrical engineering.

One of the most remarkable engineering triumphs in this country is the harnessing of Shawinigan falls in the St. Maurice river, not far from where it empties into the St. Lawrence river and about half way between Montreal and Quebec. This plant was installed for the sale of power in Montreal, eighty-four miles away. It is intended, however, to supply power at points all along the line of factories and for lighting.

In the light of recent development it is reasonable to expect that the utilization of water powers will continue until practically all of any considerable magnitude will be put to work. It is even now proposed to transmit electric power from the Alps to Paris. The only limitation upon power transmission appears to be the point at which it cannot be delivered at a profit.

Costliest Residence in New York.

Who owns the costliest residence in all New York? A New Yorker? Never! Just an immigrant from the West; a one-time peddler of clocks, Senator William A. Clark, "Billy" Clark, the copper king; "Maj." Clark of the Nex Perce campaign of 1878, whose income is over \$1,500,000 a month. The mansion roof of the Clark palace on the Highlands of Fifth avenue is being sheathed in copper from the owner's mines. The walls are constructed of marble from his own quarries. In the basement are Russian and Turkish baths, etc., and on the second floor are the art gallery and dining room. The gallery will contain many of the celebrated paintings of the world, and the house and its contents will represent an outlay of \$8,000,000. So much for copper.—New York Press.

Golden Wedding Gifts.

Attesting the frequency of golden weddings in these times are the articles displayed in certain shops of a special suitability for gifts on such occasions. In making them the best quality of silver is used, and then there is an overlaying of fourteen-karat gold. So in all that meets the eye the gift will be of pure gold. Probably it will wear, too; untwear, indeed, the recipients of it by a good many years, and descend to other generations as heirlooms to be treasured carefully—the more carefully, it is probable, because in days to come golden weddings may be more uncommon than now. The business of cutting off in their prime marriages that, if all went well, should reach the half-century mark, is in such a flourishing condition in the divorce courts that golden weddings must be rarer in another fifty years.—Boston Transcript.

For Sale.

2 Durham cows, 6 years old. One to fresh this month; one yearling heifer; one Spring calf.

W. Wilfert.

The Death Penalty.

A little thing sometimes results in death. Thus a mere scratch, insignificant cuts or puny boils have paid the death penalty. It is wise to have Bucken's Arnica Salve ever handy. It's the best salve on earth and will prevent fatality, when Burns, Sores, Ulcers and Piles threaten. Only 25c. at T. E. Slattery's Drug Store.

Puts An End to It All.

A grievous wail oftentimes comes as a result of unbearable pain from from over-taxed organs. Dizziness, Backache, Liver Complaint and Constipation. But thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

To Esopus, New York.

Wabash line trains leaving Lafayette at 2:56 a. m., 2:24 p. m., and 5:57 p. m., which carry through sleeping cars stop regularly at Esopus N. Y., the home of Judge Parker, Democrat nominee for President.

Thos. Follen, P. & T. A. Lafayette, Ind.

End of Bitter Fight.

"Two physicians had a long and stubborn fight with an abscess on my right lung," writes J. F. Hughes of Da Pont, Ga. They gave me up. Everybody thought that my time had come. As a last resort I tried Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. The benefit I received was striking and I was on my feet in a few days. Now I've entirely gained my health. It conquers all Coughs, Colds and Throat and Lung Trouble. Guaranteed by T. E. Slattery, Druggist. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles Free.

"Better than a letter from home"—a copy of THE CITIZEN sent each week to absent friends.

Vandalia Line Excursions.

World's Fair rates: Season \$12.60, 60 days \$11.35, 15 days \$10.50, 7 days \$6.55.

Home seekers round trip and colonist one way to South, Southwest and West, 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month.

World's Fair pamphlets showing hotel accommodations and description of grounds etc., may be had on application at Vandalia ticket office.

Watch for announcement of our new through train service to St. Louis which will be made soon.

JAMES SHUGRUE, Agent.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventative of suicide has been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency invariably precedes suicide and something has been found that will prevent the condition which makes suicide likely. At first thought of self-destruction, take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nerve, will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

Notice of Administration.

No. 179.
State of Indiana, Marshall County, ss:
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of Sarah E. Bush, late of Marshall county, Indiana, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.
JOHN S. BUSH, Administrator.
August 2, 1904.

Expenditures and Tax Levies for the Year 1904.

The Trustee of Union township, Marshall county, Ind., proposes for the yearly expenditures and tax levies by the Advisory board at its annual meeting, to be held at the school house of Culver, the following estimates and amounts for said year:

1. Township expenditures, \$2000 and township tax 17 cents on the hundred dollars.
 2. Local tuition expenditures, \$450 and tax 30 cents on the hundred dollars.
 3. Special school tax expenditures \$2500 and tax 21 cents on the hundred dollars.
 4. Road tax expenditures \$286.20, and tax 25 cents on the hundred dollars.
 5. Additional road tax expenditures, \$800 and tax 6 cents on the hundred dollars.
 7. Poor expenditures for preceding year, \$300 and tax 1 cent on the hundred dollars.
- Total expenditures, \$4204.20, and total tax, 100 cents on the hundred dollars.

Signed: A. N. BOGARDUS, Trustee.
Dated August 8, 1904.

BUY YOUR

FURNITURE

—OF—

C. R. LEONARD

Plymouth, Ind.

Large Assortment
Low Prices

WE PAY FREIGHT

Satisfaction Guaranteed
Also Do Undertaking
PHONE No. 90

START AN HERB GARDEN

Fortunes in GINSENG, GOLDEN SEAL, and SENECA, all valuable medicinal plants. Easily grown and hardy throughout the U. S. Always a ready market and demand increasing. Room in your garden to grow thousands of dollars' worth. We sell roots and seed. Plant in fall. Booklet and magazine telling all about it. Let's write today.
OZARK GINSENG CO.
Dep't W., Joplin, Mo.

WALL PAPER ..PLEASURE..

Each season gives us new pleasure in added beauty of wall paper patterns. Our present stock offers many very graceful figures and attractive shades. Some of the stock is cheaper, and all of it is handsomer than ever before.

CULVER CITY DRUG STORE

REMEMBER



THE PLACE TO GET

LUMBER

ETC., ETC., ETC., IS AT

FERRIER'S LUMBER YARD

CULVER, INDIANA

HAYES & SON

CULVER, INDIANA

Livery,
Feed and
Sale Stables



LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

W. S. EASTERDAY

A GENERAL LINE OF
FINE FURNITURE
AT LOW PRICES
AT LOW PRICES

UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Day or night calls promptly
attended to. Independent
and Bell Telephones.

EMBALMERS' CERTIFICATE No. 106

CULVER, IND.



SHINGLES

I have a lot of Shingles at
\$1.25 per thousand until all
are sold.

If you are going to build a
new house or a barn, or are
going to do any repairing, see
me and get my prices.

Estimates cheerfully made
on all bills.

WILLIAM O'KEEFE PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

CULVER TRANSFER LINE

J. W. LANDIS

Experienced
Drayman

Goods delivered to any part of the
city or around the lake with neat-
ness and dispatch.

CULVER, INDIANA.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH
Dr. King's
New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION
COUGHS and
COLD

Price
50c & \$1.00
Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all
THROAT and LUNG TROUB-
LES, or MONEY BACK.

WORLD'S FAIR FAR BEYOND EXPECTATIONS

Verdict of a New York Writer Who Spent a Week at the Exposition at St. Louis in July.

The World's Fair at St. Louis is now in the midst of its splendid season. Colossal, complete, cosmopolitan, it commands the attention of the world as no other enterprise of the present year. From all nations there are pilgrims coming to this shrine, and from all our states and territories there is a constantly growing throng of visitors. United States Senators, Governors of States, men eminent in science, art and letters—all express unqualified admiration for the Exposition and free acquiescence in the oft-repeated statement that this is by far the greatest and best universal exposition ever held.

During July a well-known magazine and newspaper writer from New York, Mr. Addison Steele, spent a week at the World's Fair, inspecting the grounds, buildings and various attractions as thoroughly as was possible in that limited period. Returning home, Mr. Steele published in Brooklyn Life the following appreciative comments on the Exposition:

In the expressive language of the day, St. Louis "has the goods." I had expected much of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, for I had kept in touch with the making of it from its very inception, five years ago; but after nearly a week of journeying through this new wonderland I must confess that in every essential particular it is far beyond my expectations. The biggest and best it was meant to be and the biggest and best

ent parts do justice to their nobility of architecture and general grandeur. Then again in the ground plans and bird's-eye sketches—the only possible manner of showing it—the fan-shaped arrangement of this group looked stiff and unsatisfying. Far from that, it is quite as remarkable in its way as the famous Court of Honor of the Columbian Exposition. In one respect it is even more notable, for instead of two grand vistas it offers a dozen. The main vista is, of course, the one looking up the Plaza of St. Louis—whose crowning feature is the great Louisiana Purchase Monument—and across the Grand Basin to the Cascade Gardens. On the right are the Varied Industries and Electricity buildings and on the left Manufacturers and Education, these—with Transportation and Machinery still further to the right and Liberal Arts and Mines beyond at the left—making up the body of the fan. For its handle the fan has the Cascade Gardens—rising in a grand terrace to a height of sixty-five feet above the floor level of the buildings mentioned and crowned by the great Festival Hall, the Terrace of States and the East and West Pavilions—and the Fine Arts building directly behind.

The Pike has in the Tyrolean Alps the finest concession that I have ever seen. There is a great square with many quaint buildings, a little village street, and above the snow-clad mountains—which look very real as the

infinite variety, and as a rule the full money's worth is given. The enormous Jerusalem and Boer War concessions are not on the Pike.

It is a case of dine at the German Pavilion and die at the exposition. In a beautiful Moderne Kunst building adjoining Das Deutsche Haus the best food and the highest prices on the grounds are to be found, the table d'hôte lunch and dinner costing two and three dollars, respectively. There is also a la carte service. Everything considered, the prices are not excessive, and at least one meal should be taken there for the experience. Another should be taken at the Tyrolean Alps, either outdoors or in the gorgeous dining-room in the mountain-side. The best French restaurant is at Paris, on the Pike. Lower in prices and in every way admirable are the two restaurants conducted by Mrs. Rorer in the pavilions of Cascade Gardens. The east one has waitresses and no beer and the west one waiters and beer. For a bit of lunch Germany, France and England all offer delicious pastry in the Agricultural building. These are not free ads, but time-saving tips for the traveler. There are no end of restaurants to fit all purses on the grounds. I tried nine of them and nowhere found the prices more than they ought to be. As a matter of fact, for neither food nor lodging no one need pay any more at St. Louis than he feels that he can



LOUISIANA PURCHASE MONUMENT AND PALACE OF VARIED INDUSTRIES.

It is. The exposition, rumors notwithstanding, is quite finished.

One of the greatest, and certainly one of the most agreeable, of my many surprises was the extreme beauty of the main group of buildings. For the simple reason that the camera does not exist which could take in the best picture as the eye sees it, the early views of the group—a bit here and a bit there—gave a scant idea of the scheme as a whole. Nor did the early views of the ten individual buildings which make up its composition

evening falls. The best scenic railroad yet devised affords several fine glimpses of the Alps and there is a very graphic exposition of the Oberammergau passion play in the little church. The Cliff Dwellers' concession also looks very realistic at nightfall. It is elaborate in arrangement and the courting, snake and other dances by the Southwestern Indians make it another of the Pike shows which should be taken in by all. In Seville there is an amusing marionette theater and some genuine Spanish dancing. For the rest the Pike offers

afford, and yet be well fed and housed, it will use ordinary common sense in making a selection out of the abundance offered.

Hot? Yes, but on the two hottest days of the summer at St. Louis I suffered no more from the heat than in New York before leaving and after returning. Every day of the seven there was a breeze at the fair grounds and it was always possible to find a shady spot. The rights were cool and comfortable.

ADDISON STEELE.

HAS FAD FOR PHOTOGRAPHS.

Thousands of Negatives Made For Millionaire August Belmont.

Among rich Americans perhaps none is so fond of being photographed as August Belmont, James R. Keene being a close second. One New York photographer, whose patrons are mostly wealthy men, has made thousands of negatives for Mr. Belmont in the last few years. One of the largest single orders for prints from old negatives ever received by this photographer came from Mr. Belmont himself soon after the death of his wife. It included a good print from every negative in which Mrs. Belmont appeared. The photographer never guessed how many photographs he had taken for Belmont till then; he found that they numbered nearly a thousand.

Why Birds Live Long.

Why do birds live so much longer than mammals, which are often a hundred times their size? Possibly, among other things, because they have beaks instead of teeth. All carnivorous beasts become weak and liable to starvation, as their teeth drop out or break. Neither are the herbivorous animals in much better case. Old horses would probably die of starvation if wild, for their teeth would fall them; indeed, in some stony countries old horses have to be killed because their teeth are worn away by cropping grass close to the rock. Rodents constantly die from injuries to teeth. But a bird's beak neither wears out nor drops off, and as it constantly swallows fresh grit to aid in grinding food in the gizzard that needs no repairing either.

How the Waiter Lost a Tip.

At one of the Kansas City hotels where the colored waiters give especially good service, but always expect accurate remuneration for the same from the guests, a waiter was especially officious the other day in serving a man from whom he expected a liberal tip. When the meal had been served and he was standing off at one side, eagerly looking for an opportunity to be of service, he said to the guest:

"Didn't yo' have a brothah heah last week, sah?"

"No," said the one addressed, "I believe not."

"Well," continued the waiter, "thet was a gen'man heah at mah table what looked ve'y much like you, and he was so well pleased with the service that he gave me 50 cents when he left."

The guest had by this time finished his meal, and as he arose he said to the expectant servant:

"Come to think of it, Sam, that was my brother that was here, and I guess he paid you for the whole family. He may be back again in a week or two."—Kansas City Journal.

SET THEM ON EACH OTHER.

Belligerent Callers Fooled by Quick-Witted Newspaper Man.

Representative Brownlow of Tennessee tells that once he was running a country paper during campaign times and was printing "fighting" language every week. One day, just after the paper was out, a big man, armed with a club, walked into the sanctum and fiercely inquired if the editor was in. The frightened Brownlow had not enough to answer that he was not, but that he would go out and hunt him up. He started for the street and at the foot of the stairs met another irate fellow, who asked: "Will I find the editor of this dirty sheet upstairs?" "Yes," said Brownlow, "he's up there at his desk just itching for a fight." The second man went up and Brownlow disappeared. Which whipped the other is not related—and Brownlow didn't go back during the day to find out.

Ancient Phases Corrupted.

Ancient Picts in England were called by the Celtic word "peitia" or fighters. This was Latinized into Picti. So, too, Barbary of the ancient maps is a monument to the misreading of the Berber tribe by the Greek word signifying "barbarian." Even the legend of the victory of Guy of Warwick over the dun cow is assailed by ruthless etymologists, who insist upon its derivation from his conquest over the "Dona gau," or Danish settlement, at the champion's gates. The Celtic words "alt maen" are responsible for many "old man" crags upon sea coasts and among mountains. They mean, however, "high rock."

NEW WAY TO HATCH CHICKS.

Henry Decker Utilizes the Heat Generated by Bees.

Henry Decker of Hartsgrove, Ohio, has a new and novel way of hatching chickens and enjoys the reputation of being the first man to use this kind of an incubator. He uses the heat generated by bees, and says that he can hatch 100 "chicks" from 100 fertile eggs in nineteen days.

This beats the old hen by two days, and every farmer who knows how to handle bees might profit by this suggestion. If one colony of bees can be made to do the incubating work of eight or nine hens, and also produce from 140 to 400 pounds of honey—which Mr. Decker says is possible—it will not be long until bees are considered as indispensable to the farmer as rural mail delivery and telephone service.

Mrs. L. V. Brown of North Geneva threw the contents of a can of fermented fruit out of the hens and in a short time they were staggering about under the "load" like an old toper on his regular spree.

Voice From Arkansas.

Cleveland, Ark., August 15 (Special).—Nearly every newspaper tells of some wonderful cure of some form of Kidney Disease by the Great American Remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills, and this part of Arkansas is not without its share of evidence that no case is too deeply rooted for Dodd's Kidney Pills to cure.

Mr. A. E. Carlile, well known and highly respected here, tells of his cure after nearly a quarter of a century's suffering. Mr. Carlile says:

"I want to let the public know what I think of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I think they are the best remedy for sick kidneys ever made. I had Kidney Trouble for 23 years and never found anything that did me so much good as Dodd's Kidney Pills. I recommend them to all sufferers." There is no uncertain sound about Mr. Carlile's statement. He knows that Dodd's Kidney Pills rescued him from a life of suffering and he wants the public to know it. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all Kidney ills from Backache to Bright's Disease.

Rich Graphite Deposit.

Mineral experts are greatly interested in the discovery of what is said to be the richest graphite deposit in the United States, in the Turret district, about ten miles from Salda and twenty miles from Florence, Colorado. The vein is several feet thick and the ore assays ninety per cent graphite. A refining plant is to be erected on the property at once.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Poorly Armed Chinese Guards.

When the governor of Feng-Wang-Cheng received Gen. Kuroki it was noticed that the Chinese guard of honor was miserably armed. Nearly every man had a different arm from his fellow—one an old carbine, another a muzzle loader, a third a Winchester, a fourth a Mauser.

The August St. Nicholas will have the opening chapters of a new serial, "Elfin Arden, Royalist," by Mary Constance Du Bois. The story will tell the adventures of a dear little English maid of the time of the Cavaliers and Roundheads; and the chief incident of the story, the rescue of a royal baby by little Elfin, is said to be based upon an actual incident in the life of the Princess Henrietta Anne.

Maori Painting at St. Louis.

Two boat loads of emaciated Maories in a painting in the New Zealand display at the St. Louis fair, who are just discerning land after almost perishing at sea, tell the story of the first arrival of the Maories in that country.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Auto-Car Routes.

Eight new auto-car routes have been established by the Great Western of England in connection with its suburban passenger business.

Try One Package.

If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

There are two ways to purchase an article, one is to have a knowledge of the goods, another is to know who makes "The Best." The National Casket Co., make "The Best."

The Best Results in Starching can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz. more for same money—no cooking required.

Fat cadets will no longer be allowed in the cavalry branch at West Point. But why have fat cadets?

Do Your Clothes Look Yellow?

Then use Defiance Starch. It will keep them white—15 oz. for 16 cents.

Directions for packing a trunk for a vacation: Let your wife do it.

BANDIT AT BAY TAKES HIS LIFE

Montana Train Wrecker Shoots Deputy and Escapes From County Jail.

REFUGE IN GOVERNOR'S HOUSE

Surrounded by Officials Who Fire a Volley at the Fugitive the Desperate Man Puts a Bullet into His Brain and Dies.

Helena, Mont., special: As a climax to his desperate life of crime, Isaac Gravelle, the notorious Montana train wrecker, Thursday seriously wounded Deputy Sheriff Tony Korizek and then blew out his brains in the basement of Governor Joseph K. Toole's house, where he had sought refuge after making a daring attempt to escape from the Lewis and Clark county jail.

Gravelle, who was held for robbing a powder-house near Helena last September of giant powder, which he used in wrecking a Northern Pacific train, was considered one of the most dangerous characters that ever carried on criminal work in Montana. He was on trial, and it was at the time of his transfer from the jail to the courtroom that he attempted his escape.

Shoots Deputy.

As Jailer Jones opened his cell door and told the criminal to come out, he noticed that the man carried one hand behind him. As he had been used to jokes from the man, he was not at all surprised when Gravelle said, as he stepped out of the door: "Throw up your hands or I'll shoot."

The jailer laughed at what he supposed to be his usual jest and was about to use force on the man, when he was again warned to throw up his hands.

Deputy Sheriff Korizek, who was standing near by, saw the criminal make a move to pull a gun, and, taking the affair more seriously than the jailer, started to draw his revolver, whereupon Gravelle saw the motion and instantly drew a revolver and shot the deputy twice, once in the groin and then in the left lung just below the heart.

Makes His Escape.

As the two rapid shots rang through the jail a general alarm was sounded, and armed assistants came running from all directions. Before they arrived at the scene, however, Gravelle knocked the unarmed jailer senseless, and, taking his keys, as well as the revolver of the wounded deputy, made a rush out of the jail and reached an alley which runs past the rear of Gov. Toole's home.

As he sprang into the narrow thoroughfare several deputies emptied their guns at the fast-fleeing man. Turning occasionally, the desperado would return the fire of his pursuers, but at last the men closed up on him so fast that he took refuge in the basement of Gov. Toole's home.

Baricaded behind the furnace, Gravelle defied any of the men to approach within pistol shot, and for a few moments held the posse at bay.

Safe in His Ambuscade.

A fusillade of lead was directed in the direction of the man without penetrating the improvised armor with which Gravelle had surrounded himself.

Finally, as there was no further response from the criminal, the deputies entered further and found that the man had used his last cartridge to blow out his brains.

Gravelle was convicted some five months ago of sending threatening letters to officials of the Northern Pacific railroad, from whom he demanded \$50,000. It was proved that he had dynamited Northern Pacific trains and property in an effort to blackmail all the company.

After spending fully \$50,000 for the services of the best detectives of the country, he was at last captured and sentenced for ten years in the penitentiary. Gravelle had been twice in the penitentiary before.

Sheriff O'Connell does not know how Gravelle got his gun, but believes it was smuggled into him by a trusty or a visitor.

PANAMA INSISTS ON HER RIGHTS

Citizens Declare for Text and Spirit of the Varilla Treaty.

Panama, cablegram.—In connection with the negotiations relating to the future existence and sovereignty of the republic of Panama, prominent citizens of all classes met in the government palace and demanded full compliance with the text and spirit of the Varilla treaty. The action finds endorsement all over the isthmus and is due to advices from Washington that President Roosevelt was unwilling to relinquish control and jurisdiction over Panama Ports.

LEAVE DECISION TO JUDGE GRAY

Resolution Before Conciliation Board to Submit Differences to Jurist.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., dispatch.—At the meeting of the mine board of conciliation here the representatives of the miners offered the following resolution: "It is agreed by the board of conciliation that the question of checkweighing men and check-docking bosses be submitted to Judge Gray, giving him full power to direct both the miners and operators what they are required to do." The resolution was laid on the table for consideration.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

Priest Dislikes Mixed Bathing.

The little seaside resort of Kultchuk, Russia, has been scandalized by the introduction of mixed bathing by visitors from Odessa. The priests and puritan residents are denouncing the "lewd behaviour of the Odessa devils," which, nevertheless, is drawing crowds, hundreds of peasants driving to Kultchuk to witness the novelty. Father Zachrall, a local priest, is conducting on the beach a propaganda against mixed bathing. He wades into the water up to his armpits at noon and solemnly curses the sea for permitting the defilement. He has improvised a liturgy, which includes the following: "Rise, ye waves, and overwhelm these unchristian men and women whose conduct makes the fishes blush."

Panama's Foremost Soldier.

Gen. Esteban Tuertas, commander-in-chief of the army of Panama, is believed to be the youngest and smallest general in the world, as his country is the youngest, if not the smallest, of republics. He is about 29 years old and has been a soldier since he was 8 or 9. His features are of the swarthy Indian type and he is proud of the fact that he has risen from the lowest ranks. In one of the revolutions of a few years ago, when he was fighting on the side of the government, his right arm was hit by a shell. It is said that when he found his arm was nearly severed he hacked off the rest with his own knife, had the short stub bound and resumed his work in the field. Now, for his services to Panama during the critical period of its birth, he has been granted \$50,000 to pay the expense of a trip to study the military organizations of the leading nations.

No Time for Heart-Breaking.

Thackeray, says the Lamp, asked us to believe in lives spent in gentle melancholy on account of an early disappointment in love—"crossed in love" is the expression coined for this bit of romanticism that, like most romanticisms, is decidedly false to life, certainly to the life of our day.

As a matter of fact, men love, lose and forget—and women, too; life drives them on. Or they love and win and marry, and happiness is succeeded by placid contentment, or internecline war, ending in armed neutrality; but ever life drives them on. We have no time for either eternal regret or the constant renewal of an ecstasy of the past. Love is for the springtime of life; in maturity it pales, in the most fortunate cases, into a beautiful friendship, into loyalty rewarded by contentment, which is a more enduring prize than the ill-defined state vaguely described as happiness. Broken hearts are healed by more urgent calls upon the energies, by vaster interests; the inexorable, prosaic daily round, ever widening, is a blessing.

JUST ONE DAY

Free From the Sluggish Brought Out a Fact.

"During the time I was a coffee drinker," says an Iowa woman, "I was nervous, had spells with my heart, smothering spells, headache, stomach trouble, liver and kidney trouble. I did not know for years what made me have those spells. I would frequently sink away as though my last hour had come."

"For 27 years I suffered thus and used bottles of medicine enough to set up a drug store—capsules and pills and everything I heard of. Spent lots of money but I was sick nearly all the time. Sometimes I was so nervous I could not hold a plate in my hands! and other times I thought I would surely die sitting at the table."

"This went on until about two years ago when one day I did not use any coffee and I noticed I was not so nervous and told my husband about it. He had been telling me that it might be the coffee but I said 'No, I have been drinking coffee all my life and it cannot be.' But after this I thought I would try and do without and drink hot water. I did this for several days, but got tired of the hot water and went to drinking coffee and as soon as I began coffee again I was nervous again. This proved that it was the coffee that caused my troubles."

"We had tried Postum but had not made it right and did not like it, but now I decided to give it another trial so I read the directions on the package carefully and made it after these directions and it was simply delicious, so we quit coffee for good and the results are wonderful. Before, I could not sleep but now I go to bed and sleep sound, am not a bit nervous now, but work hard and can walk miles. Nervous headaches are gone, my heart does not bother me any more like it did and I don't have any of the smothering spells and would you believe it? I am getting fat. We drink Postum now and nothing else and even my husband's headaches have disappeared; we both sleep sound and healthy now and that's a blessing." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look for the book, "The Road to Wellville" in each pkg.

ACHED IN EVERY BONE.

Chicago Society Woman Who Was So Sick She Could Not Sleep or Eat, Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.



Marion Knight, of 33 N. Ashland Ave., Chicago, Orator of the West Side Wednesday Club, says: "This winter when I started to use Doan's Kidney Pills I ached in every bone and had intense pains in the kidneys and pelvic organs. The urine was thick and cloudy and I could barely eat enough to live. I felt a change for the better within a week. The second week I began eating heartily. I began to improve generally and before seven weeks had passed I was well. I had spent hundreds of dollars for medicine that did not help me, but \$6 worth of Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to perfect health."

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale to all dealers. Price 50c.

Deepens New York Harbor.

A considerable time will be needed in order to dig out to its full depth and width the Ambros channel, which will be the chief waterway in New York harbor for the largest vessels when it is finished. Then, and not until then, will the huge Baltic be enabled to go to and from her North River pier when she is loaded to her full capacity.

Sensible Housekeepers

will have Defiance Starch, not alone because they get one-third more for the same money, but also because of superior quality.

Wanted His Body Stuffed.

A Paris dentist who committed suicide left instructions that his body was to be stuffed.

"The House Beautiful" is full of good suggestions for home builders who love artistic surroundings.—Jersey City Evening Journal.

When You Buy Starch

buy Defiance and get the best, 16 oz. for 10 cents. Once used, always used.

The headline "Death Stays Reform" reads like an attack on corsets.

Prominent Physicians Declare Meat Injurious

Just Try

Mapl-Flake
WHOLESALE-DELICIOUS

"Winchester"

stands for all that is GOOD in a Special

Shoe at \$2.50

for Men. Ask your dealer.

Book of Styles free. Write for it.

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REAL ESTATE

369 acres. A fine farm. Buildings cost about \$5,000. All the land is in cultivation; near good town. 160-acre farm for sale cheap. Good buildings and good land. 250 acres good farm and buildings. Worth the money. Liberal terms. Write Howard Rouse, Perry, Iowa.

1,360-acre well improved farm. 950 acres of fine crop; \$1,500 worth of personal property, all goes in this deal. 1,200-acre farm, heavy all under cultivation, 10 miles from town. Lands in this locality held at \$20 per acre. Can sell this for \$15. Sell for cash or on time. Write for information to MAX EIDE, Carrington, N. D.

2,500 acres in East Feliciana, Louisiana, 11 miles east of Natchez; fertile, watered by living streams; 500 acres improved, cultivated in corn and cotton; 2,000 acres timber, with ten million feet. Splendid stock ranch. \$15,000; easy terms. Thomas J. Kernan, Baton Rouge, La.

BUY A FARM In the best corn belt in Iowa, where the soil is a deep rich black loam with clay sub-soil; also a fine small grain, hay, grass and fruit country. The markets are the best. Feeders pay more for grain here than it will sell for in Chicago. It pays to buy the best. We can please you. Easy terms. Wilcox & Son, Washington, Ia.

GOVERNMENT REPORTS

on farming in Alaska. Also reliable information about the Alaska Central Railway, best and safest investment of modern times, mailed free to anybody applying to

ADOLPH BYDAL, Crookston, Minn.

Reference: Alaska Central Ry. Co., Seattle, Wash. This railroad has a fabulously rich territory and is cheap and easy to build.

\$2 A DAY SURE, knitting hosiery, for us. We supply our improved machines with ribbing attachment to worthy families for cash or on easy payments. No experience necessary. Distance no hindrance. Write for free particulars to U. S. Woolen Co., Detroit, Mich.

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SMOKERS FIND LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER 5¢ Cigar better Quality than most 10¢ Cigars Your jobber or direct from Factory, Peoria, Ill.

The Ward of King Canute

A Romance of the Danish Conquest.

By OTTILIE A. LILJENCRANTZ, author of The Thrill of Lief the Lucky.

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CHAPTER VIII.

When My Lord Comes Home From War.

Slowly the bleak light warmed into golden radiance, and the touch of dawn strung the scattered bird-notes into a chain of joyous song. Passing at last from the forest shades, the men of Ivarsdale came out into the grassy lane-like road that wound away over the Middlesex hills. Here and there the little shock-headed boys who were driving their charges afield paused knee-deep in rosy clover to watch the band ride by.

"You must be a mighty warrior," they whispered as they stared at the sober young leader. "Take notice how his eyes gaze straight ahead, as though he were seeking more people to overcome." And they spoke enviously of the red-cloaked page who sat on the croup of the leader's white charger.

Through warm sunshine, tempered by fresh breezes, they came yet deeper into the drowsy farmland. Gradually the yeomen-soldiers, who had been wrangling over the mystery of Edric's actions, dropped one by one into lazy silence, or set their tongues to whistling cleverly turned answers to the bird-calls in the hedges. Another mile, and from somewhere in the fields came the swinging chant of a ploughman, as he turned the soil between the rows of rustling corn.

"Hail, Mother Earth, thou feeder of folk! Be thou growing, by goodness of God, Filled with fodder, the folk to feed!"

Like the unbinding of a spell, the words fell upon the farmer-soldiers. Dropping every other topic, they began to argue over the crops; and after that they could not pass a harmless calf tethered to a crab-tree that they did not quarrel over the breed, nor start a drove of grunting swine out of the mast but they must lay wagers on the weight.

could see the old forked elm from here. Hey, comrades!" he called over his shoulder. "Yonder—to the left—the old landmark! Do you see?" His glance, as it came back, took in his captive. "The first bar of your cage, my hawk. Yonder is the first boundary of Ivarsdale."

Every man started up in his saddle, and the cheers they had held back upon leaving camp burst forth now with added zest. Peering over her captor's shoulder, Randalin looked forward anxiously.

Below the plain in whose center the old elm held up its blasted top to be silvered by the sun, the land dipped abruptly toward the river, to rise beyond in a long low hill. Rolling green meadows lay at its foot, and warm brown fields dotted with thatched farm-houses; and its sides were checked with patches of woodland and stretches of golden barley. Just below the crest, the tower of the Lords of Ivarsdale reared its gray walls above the surrounding greenery. It was a kingdom to itself, with the light slanting warmly upon its fertile slopes and the forest standing like a strong army at its back.

Because it was so peacefully lovely, and because of her utter weariness, tears welled up under the girl's heavy lids as she looked.

She said unsteadily, "Saw I never a fairer cage, lord?"

But the Etheling's eager glance had traveled on; for the first time the sun was shining out brightly in his face.

"The sight has more cheer than has wine," he said. "I cannot comprehend my folly in wanting to leave it. To live one's own master on one's own land, that is the only life!" He looked back at the yeomen with a sudden smile. "Noise!" he ordered. "Cheer again! It expresses the state of my feelings. And let your horn sound



"Saw I never a fairer cage, lord."

Running wild in the animation, it was not long before the clamor caught up with the Etheling where he rode before them in sober reflection. "I do not believe that a tree-toad can change color more easily," he observed to the old knight who rode at his side. "That Englishmen are not stout fighters, no man can say, but the love of it is not in their breasts; while with Northmen—"

"With Northmen," Morcard added, "to fight is to eat."

Another faint smile touched Sebert's mouth as he glanced over his shoulder at the red-cloaked boy. "After seeing this prospect, that is easy to believe. Except that time alone when a two-year-old colt kicked me on the head, I have never had my life threatened by so young a thing."

He grew grave again as his glance rested on his captive. "I want you to tell me something," he said presently. "You were Canute's page; I saw that you accompanied him in battle. I want you to tell me what he is like in his temper."

"It would be more easy to tell you what he is unlike," Randalin answered slowly; "for in no way whatever is he like your King Edmund." She sat awhile in silence, her eyes absently following the course of the wind over a slope of bending grain. "I think this is the difference, to tell it shortly," she said at last; "while it sometimes happens that Canute is driven by necessity or evil counsels to act deceitfully toward others, he is always honest in his own mind; while your Edmund—I think he lies to himself also."

Morcard gave out a dry chuckle. "By Saint Cuthbert," he muttered, "too much has not been told concerning the sharpness of children!"

But the Etheling made no answer whatever. After he had ridden a time starting away across the fields, he met the old man's eyes gravely.

"Well-a-way! What use to think of it? For the present, at least, I am a lordless man. Let us speak of the defenses we must begin to raise against Edmund's coming."

While they discussed watch-towers and barriers, the horses took them along at a swinging pace. Suddenly the Lord of Ivarsdale broke off with an exclamation.

"It was not in my mind that we

when he put his hand back to feel of a strap, she bent and touched the brown fingers gratefully with her lips. The answer seemed to renew his kindly impulse.

"After all, you should not feel so strange among us," he said lightly. "Do you know that it was one of your own countrymen who built the Tower? Ivar Wide-Vathomer he was named, whence it is still called Ivarsdale. He was of the stock of Lodbrok, they say; and it is said, too, that one of his race is even now with Canute. You must make believe that you are coming home." So he spun on, carelessly good-humored, as they climbed the winding hill-path.

"If we make haste, it may be that we can take Hildelitha and Father Ingulph by surprise," he laughed, leaping down on the crumbling doorstep and pulling his captive with him.

In the tunnel-like arch of the great entrance they met another throng, but he shook them off with good-natured impatience and hurried through the great guard-room to the winding stairs, that were cut out of the core of the massive stones. Up and across another mighty hall, and then up again, and into a great women's-room, full of looms and spinning-wheels, where a buxom English housewife and half-a-dozen red-cheeked maids were gazing over their distaffs at the tale a jolly monk was telling between swallows of wine.

He choked in his cup when he saw who stood laughing in the doorway, and there was a great screaming and scrambling among his audience. Knocking over her spinning-wheel to get to him, the woman Hildelitha threw her arms around her young lord's neck and gave him a hearty smack on either cheek; while the fat monk sputtered blessings between his paroxysms of coughing, and the six blooming girls made a screaming circle around him.

Though he endured it amiably enough, the Etheling appeared in some haste to offer a diversion. He evaded a second embrace by turning and beckoning to his shrinking captive.

"Save a little of your greeting for my guest, good nurse. Behold the fire-eating Dane that I have captured with my own right arm!" As the red-cloaked figure still hung back, he pulled it gently forward until the light of the notched candles fell brightly on the face, pitifully white for all its blood-stains, in the frame of tumbled black tresses.

"A Dane?" the women cried shrilly; then, with equal unanimity, burst out laughing.

Randalin drew a little nearer the Etheling's sheltering side. He said half reprovingly, half fearfully, "It would not be well for you to anger him. He is the page of Canute himself, a real Wandering Wolf, and recks not whom he attacks. He came near to spitting Osric at the battle, and even threatened me."

"Osric!" screamed one of the serving-maids, turning very red. "The murderous little fiend!"

And Father Ingulph cleared his throat loudly. "Well-fitting is your charity both toward my teachings and your heart, my son; and yet—Discretion is the mother of other virtues. To bring one of those roving children of Satan into a Christian household will lay upon me a responsibility which—which—" He paused to take a mouthful of wine and eye the stranger over the goblet rim with much disfavor.

While the maids whispered excitedly in one another's ears, Hildelitha began to sniff behind her apron.

"I do not see why you wanted to bring him home, Lord Sebert. You know that Danes are odious to me since my husband, of holy memory, fell under their axes—most deplorable—yet I would not anger you, my honey-sweet lord," she broke off abruptly.

For the Lord of Ivarsdale had suddenly grown very stiff and grave; there was something curiously haughty in the quiet distinctness of his words.

(To be continued.)

PARROT AS A DETECTIVE.

Smart Bird Remembered Nickname Incautiously Used.

A parrot belonging to a Mme. Tarby of Paris has won distinction by leading the police to arrest a band of clever and notorious burglars. The band broke into Mme. Tarby's house at a time when only the bird was within. As soon as the mistress returned the bird, much to her surprise, saluted her with "Hullo, big feet!" When she discovered the ransacked state of her house she sent at once for the police, and upon the commissary arriving he was also greeted by the parrot with the observation, "Hullo, big feet!"

The commissary resented the remark, and said, "Hush!" to the bird, which replied at once, "Oh, hurry up, big feet; you are slow, big feet!"

The commissary turned to Mme. Tarby, and the latter, anticipating a complaint, hastened to explain to the indignant officer that the bird had never used the expression before that day. At that a light broke in upon the commissary.

"Big Feet" is the nickname of a notorious burglar," he explained. "I see it; your bird has reported the robbery."

Following up the clue, the burglar and his accomplices were soon arrested, and the bird is to be produced as a witness against them at the trial.

Real Thing.

"Yes," remarked the bald-headed man, "my wife is president of a secret society."

"Nonsense!" rejoined the fussy old bachelor. "The idea of women having anything to do with secret societies." "But," explained he of the absent hair, "this is a society in which the members exchange secrets."

FREE TO TWENTY-FIVE LADIES.

The Defiance Starch Co. will give 25 ladies a round trip ticket to the St. Louis Exposition, to five ladies in each of the following states: Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri who will send in the largest number of trade marks cut from a ten-cent, 16-ounce package of Defiance cold water laundry starch. This means from your own home, anywhere in the above named states. These trade marks must be mailed to and received by the Defiance Starch Co., Omaha, Neb., before September 1st, 1904. October and November will be the best months to visit the Exposition. Remember that Defiance is the only starch put up 16 oz. (a full pound) to the package. You get one-third more starch for the same money than of any other kind, and Defiance never sticks to the iron. The tickets to the Exposition will be sent by registered mail September 5th. Starch for sale by all dealers.

The advance sale of the Entirely New Cynic's Calendar shows a keen demand for this little volume of Revised Wisdom. The publishers, Messrs. Paul Elder and Company, report that the first printing of ten thousand copies was oversold at the first announcement and that a second printing of twenty thousand additional was ordered before publication day. The edition will soon be ready for distribution.

Prof. Starr expects to find a race of hitherto unknown white men in the mountains in China. It may be noted in passing that the professor has achieved a reputation for generally finding what he goes after.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Kansas has over 18,000 pianos, mostly playing harvest time music.

Defiance Starch is put up 16 ounces in a package, 10 cents. One-third more starch for the same money.

What is the use of a girl being pretty if you don't tell her so?

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Ely's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. J. C. ELY, Ltd., 501 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Birthdays cost no money, so Russell Sage has one every year.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Hay fever is now seasonable for any one who has the price.



To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband should be a woman's constant study. If she would be all that she may, she must guard well against the signs of ill health. Mrs. Brown tells her story for the benefit of all wives and mothers.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make every mother well, strong, healthy and happy. I dragged through nine years of miserable existence, worn out with pain and weariness. I then noticed a statement of a woman troubled as I was; and the wonderful results she had had from your Vegetable Compound, and decided to try what it would do for me, and used it for three months. At the end of that time, I was a different woman, the neighbors remarked it, and my husband fell in love with me all over again. It seemed like a new existence. I had been suffering with inflammation and falling of the womb, but your medicine cured that, and built up my entire system, till I was indeed like a new woman.—Sincerely yours, Mrs. CHAS. F. BROWN, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., Vice President Mothers Club.—\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced."



Agents Wanted Everywhere.—Lady Agents make \$2 to \$5 a day selling our Eucalypta, Perfumes, Toilet Waters and Remedies. Warranted to be first-class. Write for prices and particulars to Gold Medal Extract and Remedy Co., Owosso, Mich.



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GET TO KNOW IT WHEN YOU SEE IT AND THEN NEVER BUY STARCH WITHOUT IT. DEFIANCE STARCH IS WITHOUT EQUAL. IT IS GOOD. IT IS BETTER. IT IS THE BEST AND MORE OF IT FOR TEN CENTS THAN ANY OTHER STARCH. IT WILL NOT ROT THE CLOTHES. YOUR GROCER HAS IT OR WILL GET IT IF YOU ASK FOR IT.

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PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

AGENTS WANTED

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, No. 34, 1904.

Correspondence

DELONG.

Miss Sarah Shadel, Correspondent.

Sadie Jones, of Culver spent Saturday and Sunday at this place.

Jennie Robinson is spending a week with her aunt near Moresburg.

Miss Mattie Stubbs is attending teachers institute at Warsaw this week.

Grover Kline and Edward Vankirk left Delong last week for N. Dakota.

Mrs. Isaac Edgington and daughter spent Monday with Mrs. Katie Meredith.

Charles Shadel and Lloyd Robinson spent Sunday with J. Hand and wife.

Mrs. Della Walters and son are visiting her mother, Mrs. King at this place.

Henry Howell and wife, of Kewanee were guests of Dr. Howell and wife Sunday.

The festival at Delong Saturday evening was a success. Quite a large number attended.

NORTH UNION.

Miss Ruth Castleman, Correspondent.

Wilber Craig has returned to this vicinity again.

Miss Myrtle Groves is visiting a few days at Culver.

Wm. Joseph and family Sunday-ed with Benj. Hawkins.

Grandmother Geiselman of Culver is visiting in this vicinity.

Geo. Osborn and family spent Saturday afternoon in Culver.

Col. Steere and wife visited Wm. Castleman and family Sunday.

Nancy Pettis who has been visiting her son Geo. returned to Knox.

Perry Turnbull, wife and children spent Sunday with William Castleman and family.

Mr. Senif and sister, Mrs. Alberts, of Bremen visited Sarah Geiselman and family Sunday.

Col. Steer and wife, Mrs. George Osborn and daughter, Mabel, and Noah Osborn spent Wednesday afternoon with Sarah Geiselman.

RUTLAND.

Florence Falconburg Correspondent.

Miss Fay Baker visited with Miss Florence Falconburg Sunday.

Mr. Martin, of Plymouth shipped a car load of hogs from Rutland Tuesday.

Isaac Barcus and wife and Chas. Inks and family spent Sunday at Gifford Kimels.

Robert Frisenger and family visited with his sister Mrs. Andrew Freshour Sunday.

Miss Dollie and Lulu Brooks, of Bass Lake visited I. C. Brooks and family last week.

Alma Comen and James Smith left Sunday for Leiter's Ford where they will take the train for North Dakota.

MT. HOPE.

Miss Della Edgington Correspondent.

Roy Hay was a Logansport caller last Monday.

Neuten Thorp and family spent Sunday with George Sturgeon and wife.

Miss Daisy Meredith, of Delong visited Miss Myrtle Edgington last Tuesday.

Roy Hay and Mrs. Sarah Shadel visited Miss Hettie Wagoner Sunday afternoon.

At the home of the brides parents occurred the marriage of Miss Nora Fry and Melvin Wildhelm.

Sadie Gulbransen, of Wheatfield and Nellie and Jessie Meiser went to the lake fishing and brought back a fine string of fish.

WASHINGTON.

Ollie Jones Correspondent.

Mrs. A. L. Wilson, of South Bend visited relatives here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Kurtz, of South Bend are visiting L. Kriegg and family.

Luther Lockwood is on the hunt of a valuable horse which got loose and run away at Culver last Sunday.

N. J. Fairchild and family, Mrs. Lenord Wilson and Mrs. Quivy took dinner with J. Jones and family Sunday.

Mrs. George Riddinghouse will leave for Dakota this week where she expects to visit her daughter and other relatives.

MAXINKUCKEE.

Miss Golda Thompson Correspondent.

Miss Mary Bigley has returned from a visit at Deedsville.

Miss Emma Brooke, of Lakeville, visited her brother, W. H. Brooks Sunday.

Mrs. A. M. Ogle, of Indianapolis, and daughter, Miss Emma, of Franklin, are guests at the Vanschoiack cottage.

Rev. W. A. Dikken, of Indianapolis, assisted Rev. Brooks in services Sunday morning at the Christian Church.

F. Thompson, H. Warner and I. A. South are assisting Scott Foss in rebuilding the Dresser and Elsworth cottages.

The K. O. T. M. Band has accepted a proposition to accompany the Odd Fellows to the picnic at Leiters, Aug. 27th.

Simon Rector, wife and daughters, Chloe and Maud, of Indianapolis, were guests of F. M. Parker and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Williams, of Indianapolis, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. H. Brooks, returned home Sunday.

LEITER'S FORD.

L. Luckenbill, Correspondent.

Earl See, Loy Cook and William Cook spent Sunday in Chicago.

Wilson Brugh and wife spent Sunday with their son, Oscar and wife of Hammond.

Miss Clara Richard lost a necklace with a cross attached to it one week ago last Sunday at Lake Maxinkuckee.

John Weisert and Clifford Mudge of Chicago spent Sunday with L. F. Overmyer. They made the trip in an automobile.

George, Albert, and Ben Hetzener returned to Chicago Sunday after a week's visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hetzener.

Twenty-one Odd Fellows and Rebekah Lodges are expected to be present at the picnic to be held on the island in the river the last Saturday in August. The Leiter's Ford Band will furnish music for the day and a fine program has been arranged everybody come and bring your baskets and spend the day together.

OBER.

Stephen Shepherd, Correspondent.

Olin Hisey visited S. M. Hiseys Sunday.

Mrs. Osborn went to Knox Thursday.

The brick has come for the new school house.

A. M. Brugh and wife visited over Sunday with A. C. Bolens.

Geo. Hacker and wife visited with Mr. Rea and family Sunday.

Alberth Heath and Pierce Dunkelberger were at home over Sunday.

Mrs. Morris of Valparaiso visited with her mother, Mrs. Wright last week.

Mrs. Binger, Mr. Kein and Mr. and Mrs. Cupp visited with Chas. Humes Sunday.

Miss Izora Rea has returned home from a ten week term of School at Valparaiso.

A. M. Brugh, Elmer Inks and J. A. Wilson went to the hay marsh west of Knox to work with their teams.

Mr. Anderson who went to a hospital in Chicago Aug. 2 with his arm posioned died with blood posion last Wednesday at Chicago. He was expecting to be able to return home Sunday.

BURR OAK

G. A. Maxey, Correspondent.

Amos Friend spent Sunday at South Bend.

J. F. Garn was a Plymouth visitor Tuesday.

A number went on the Niagara Falls excursion Tuesday.

Miss Laura Maxey has returned from school at Valparaiso.

William Osborn, of Culver, was a Burr Oak caller Tuesday.

A medicine show is the excitement in Burr Oak this week.

Jacob and Peter Vanderweele, of Knox, were in Burr Oak Monday.

Frank Petcher, of Plymouth, will occupy J. J. Cromley's hall with his photographic outfit for several weeks.

Mrs. Mande Smith, of Fargo, N. Dak., is visiting her parents, G. A. Maxey and wife and will remain several weeks.

NORTH BEND.

Mrs. Jane Castleman Correspondent.

Miss Rena Terry, of Winona, is on the sick list.

Miss Abbie Demont is home from Chicago on a visit.

John Parker and wife have returned to Little Rock, Arkansas.

George Wolfram came home sick from Winona last Saturday.

John Kaley, of Winona, was in our vicinity on business Thursday.

Frank Long, of Winamac, was in this locality on business Monday.

S. D. Shanks, and wife, of Ora, were calling on friends here Monday.

A small child of Charles Fox and wife was buried at Monterey cemetery Monday.

Miss Allie Demont, who has been visiting friends here, returned to Rochester Sunday.

The Caspar huckleberry marsh has been completely burned out and the fire continues to burn in the muck land.

Simon Kaley and wife have gone to Hoopston, Ill., to assist the latter's father, Alfred Lang, in running a steam laundry.

HIBBARD.

Mrs. E. J. Reed Correspondent.

Mrs. Nancy Mergenthaler visited her parents last week.

Otto, Oscar and Grace Voreis went to Chicago Sunday.

E. L. Lowry returned from his visit to Kentucky Sunday.

Mrs. Sidney Wilson has gone to Michigan to visit her parents.

Mrs. Dell Listenberg and Mrs. Little visited Mrs. S. S. Reed Sunday.

Miss Pearl Borer is working at Culver for her aunt, Sadie Listenberg.

Foster Groves returned from a business trip to Fostoria, Ohio, Monday.

On the account of a scaffold falling S. S. Reed received a severe bruise on the head.

Miss Zada Hopkins, of McCome, Ohio, has been the guest of Mrs. Foster Groves a few days.

Mrs. S. E. Wise and daughter, who have been visiting friends in Grass Creek for some time returned home Monday.

WE SELL EVERYTHING

THE SURPRISE

CULVER'S BIG DOUBLE STORE

ATTENTION, FARMERS

We've Bought

(Under Price)

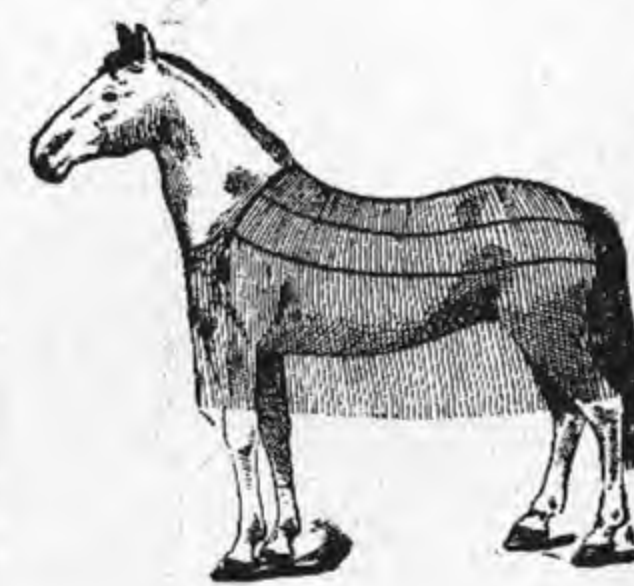
A Carload of Crock

Containing Over Six Thousand Gallons we are in a position to save you money.

We can show you almost every conceivable shape in Milk and Meat Crock and Jugs, and at a Saving Price

Horse Nets

We Are Closing Out at Cost



This presents another favorable opportunity for you to protect your FAITHFUL FRIEND; an unusual chance to save money.

Shoe String, Leather, Team Lash and Mexican Cotton Mesh Fly Nets, from 95c to \$2.50 each

We want One Thousand Young or Old Chickens--cash or trade

PHONE 25

THE SURPRISE

CULVER'S BIG DOUBLE STORE

A Great Real Closing Out Sale

The Culver Branch of The Big Store

As we are compelled to vacate our present quarters the entire stock of merchandise of the "Big Store Annex," Culver, Indiana, must and will be closed out before Oct. 1st. Beginning

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1904

we will inaugurate the most successful "Close-Out Sale" ever known to Culver and the surrounding country. Watch for our advertisement next week and large bills. It will pay you to make preparations now and come ready to buy for your family all they may need for fall; you'll not get another opportunity like this. Clothing for men, boys and children; Dry Goods in good variety; Shoes for men, boys, women and children; Hats of every description; Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings. Come to our sale expecting the biggest bargains ever offered you and you won't be disappointed. What we say we'll do we always do do. We must vacate our room thirty-five days from the time our sale begins. Come early.

Sale Begins
Saturday, August 27th
Sale Ends
Saturday, October 1st

M. ALLMAN

Culver Branch of the Big Store, Plymouth