

Non-Partisan in Politics.

STATUS OF FISH LAW

Changes in Present Law as Made By the Late Legislature.

CAN FISH THROUGH THE ICE

Closed Season is Fixed at From March 20th to May 15th.

EDITOR CULVER CITIZEN:

I have your favor asking for the exact status of the Fish Law. After the Fish bill I introduced early in the session was laid away to rest in the grave yard of prematurely killed bills because some of its provisions did not happen to suit the Fish Commission lobby, I succeeded in getting several of my amendments attached to the codification bill, which embraced the fish law. One of these amendments was repealing the closed season clause prohibiting any kind of fishing from December 1st to April 1st, and in lieu thereof a closed season from March 20 to May 15, which is supposed to cover the most of the spawning season. Also an amendment repealing the clause in the present law prohibiting fishing through the ice, and allowing fishing through the ice with not more than two lines and hooks by any one person and under the same restrictions as fishing with hook and line at any other time of the year that is, they shall not possess more than twenty black bass in any one day, and shall not sell, offer for sale, or buy any fish. The object is to allow farmers and residents about the lakes to catch the fish through the ice for their own use during the winter season. The old law made it lawful to catch minnows for bait with a glass minnow trap. The word glass was stricken out so as to allow the use of wire or any other kind of minnow trap. The word glass was evidently put in the law of four years ago through the connivance of some person or firm who manufactured glass minnow traps. This was a nice little graft for the parties interested. Those of us who have been using wire minnow traps about the lake the past year or two have been liable to arrest and fine for using them instead of glass traps. The provisions of the old law in regard to fishing with seines, gill nets, etc. or with spear, gig or trap, remains the same. Also fishing with trout lines was not disturbed. These are the most important changes made in the law, but none of them will go into effect until the laws are printed and published, probably not before June 1st. Until that time fishermen about the lake will be subject to the law heretofore in force.

Your readers may be interested in knowing the fate of my bill to erect a monument to the Pottawatonic Indians at Twin Lakes. It was indefinitely postponed for the reason, as stated by the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, that the finances of the State were in such condition that it was thought best to postpone all bills carrying appropriations except where absolutely necessary. After delivering my address on the subject the opinion among the members seemed to be that the bill ought to have passed. At the next session, if the matter is properly presented, there is no doubt in my mind that it will pass by nearly a unanimous vote.

Sincerely Yours,
DANIEL McDONALD.

Sunday evening was the first time the fire alarm was given since connection was made with the bell of the M. E. church.

REGULATIONS OF POSTOFFICE

New Book Has Just Been Issued to the Public.

The postoffice department has issued a very valuable little book of postal information which is now being distributed free of charge to the public.

This book sets forth briefly and concisely the regulations relating to the registry system, special delivery and parcels post. It also states very clearly the distinction between the different classes of mails and the rates applying to each; also provisions relating to drop letters, postal cards, private mailing cards, etc.

This book is issued under the authority of an act of congress and is, as above stated, for free distribution. Postmasters have received from the department a limited number of copies, which, in accordance with instructions, will be given out only through the stamp windows, and on request of patrons of the office.

Owing to the limited supply, economy must be observed in the distribution, and as nearly as practicable, one copy to each family and to each business establishment will be deemed sufficient.

The Automobile Law.

The law passed by Indiana's legislature regarding the speed of automobiles in the state will be in force this season, it having been signed by the governor. The law fixes the speed limit of autos in the congested parts of the cities at eight miles an hour, 15 miles an hour in scattered portions of cities and 20 miles in the country.

A requirement of the law is that all automobiles owned in the state shall be registered with the secretary of state, and there is also provisions for numbering and descriptions so that in case of a violation, there will be no mistake in the identity of the ownership of the machine. Violators of the law upon conviction can be assessed a fine of from \$1 to \$50.

Still another provision of this new statute is that when meeting vehicles drawn by horses in the country or city, the automobilist shall bring his machine at a full stop upon signal of the uplifted hand from the drivers of teams. There no doubt will be a whole lot of signalling on the country roads when the farmers begin to understand the workings of the law. Still, automobiles are not such a terror to the country people as they were a few years ago, both horses and drivers having become quite accustomed to them through their frequent appearance on most of the roads in the rural districts.

Jurymen for March Term.

The following are the grand and petit jurors chosen:

Grand Jury—William Sherland, George Halt, of North township; James C. Voreis, Nelson Bair, of Green township; Ira Garn, of Center township; Wm. A. Leeper, of German township.

Petit Jury—William W. Rhodes, Moses Beckner, of Walnut township; Daniel G. Walter, George W. Kline, Charles A. Grover, Washington Overmyer, of Union township; Francis M. White, of Green township; Ora E. Seymour, Samuel Keller, of Bourbon township; Joseph Bartz, of German township; Harry Schell, of Center township; Frank L. Johnson, of Polk township.

Misses—Celestia Kreighbaum, Ora Lakes and Eunice Thomas, Messrs. Fred Thomas, Clarence Bair and Clarence Zehner and Mr. and Mrs. John McCormick spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Chas. Hissong.

CULVER NEWS GRIST

Local Happenings of Interest the Past Seven Days.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

Gathered from Many Sources for Readers of The Citizen.

Mrs. Daniel Porter is reported to be on the sick list.

Miss Esta Cromley is home from Fort Wayne on a visit.

The band is arranging to give a concert in the near future.

Rev. Martin will preach at North Union next Sunday evening.

FOR SALE—An eight year old mare.—Mrs. Platt, Culver, Ind.

FOR SALE—Good timothy hay in mow.—Amos Osborn.

Mr. Seybold, of Plymouth is instructor for the Maxinkuckee Band.

Mrs. M. E. Hoham, of Plymouth was in Culver on business Tuesday.

Oyama, Nogi, Oku, Nodzu and Kuroki! How's that for a royal flush?

Mrs. Rockhill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Porter is visiting her parents.

Mrs. Catherine Porter is visiting with her son, the County Recorder at Plymouth.

FOR SALE—A fresh cow and calf. A good milker and five years old.—Ed. Dreese.

James Lohr moved back to his farm. City life has lost all its fascinations for him.

Mrs. A. N. Bogardus left for Aurora, Ill. Thursday, where she will visit for a short time.

Edwin Hawk solicited donations for Mrs. Wright, the victim of Sunday evening's fire.

H. M. Speyer has been at Chicago for a few days laying in a supply of spring goods.

Mrs. Frank Lamson and daughter Julia went to South Bend Monday for a few days visit.

Mrs. A. N. Bogardus left for Aurora, Ill. Thursday where she will visit for a short time.

Mrs. Emma Behler and daughter of Germany, visited with Mr. and Mrs. William Porter Sunday.

Mr. Edward Hissong and nieces, Dora and Cleo, spent Saturday and Sunday with his father Charles Hissong.

Mr. Wm. Lichtenberger and Mr. Tyner were at Plymouth Monday closing the deal for Peter Keller's property.

Archie Blanchard has commenced the erection of a new dwelling on the lot purchased of Dr. Wiseman.

Miss Elenora Zechiel went to Chicago Monday to purchase her spring millinery goods. She will be gone several weeks.

Miss Mary E. Hissong returned last Thursday from Chicago where she has spent the past three weeks visiting relatives and friends.

TO RENT—About 200 acres of corn land, good house and barn. A good chance for right party. Apply at The Cash Store.—Harry Saine.

Regular preaching service at the Methodist church next Sunday morning and evening. There will be communion service in the morning.

Mrs. L. C. Wiseman spent several days this week with her father J. W. Leland, of Rutland who has been having a severe attack of erysipelas in his face.

If the young man who ate fifty-nine biscuits and drank thirty-one cups of coffee at "The Malleable" Steel Range cooking exhibit at J.

F. Weiss will call any day next week and repeat the performance he can have a "Malleable" Steel Range free.

It is said that Mr. Miller, the attorney for the beef trust, will lose his job. Mr. Garfield, member of the Inter-State Commerce Committee, makes a better showing for the trusts.

The ladies of the U. B. Aid society of Burr Oak extend to Mr. Lucas Barkett and Mr. Philip Slickman their sincere thanks for the quilt frames which they presented to the Society.

Why not make your wife or daughter happier, better and longer lived by presenting them with a "Malleable" Range that will save them labor and save you money? J. F. Weiss sells them.

They have a queer way of doing business at Nappanee. The slot machines confiscated there a few weeks ago are in the county jail at Goshen, while the persons who operated them are at large.

The following pupils of Kaley school, Dist. No. 8 were neither tardy nor absent for the two months ending March 10, 1905: Ethel Alden, Gail Newman, Wheeler Jones, Raymond Alden, Elva Zechiel, and Vera Zechiel.—Claude Newman, teacher.

George Sellers filed a petition with the county commissioners for gravel roads in North Bend township. The viewers appointed are C. E. Hokenman, of Grovertown and Fred Marguart, of North Judson. The petition was signed by sixty-five free holders.

Isn't the kitchen of your home of sufficient importance, at least, for you to inform yourself of what progress is being made in the improvements of cooking apparatus? You're cordially welcome—if buying's the farthest thought from your mind. J. F. Weiss.

An entertainment will be given Friday evening at the Methodist church under the direction of Rev. Streeter. A stereopticon illustration of the friendship of Damon and Pythias will be one of the main features. Songs, music and a banquet at the close, are on the program.

I wish to thank my fellow citizens for the service rendered to me last Sunday evening when destruction was so near, and also feel myself bound to return such aid whenever needed and many thanks to the fire department which rendered such helpful aid.—John Matthew.

The fire department responded promptly at the first alarm on Sunday evening. While the apparatus with which to fight fire is of the most primitive kind, yet organized effort can do more efficient work than individuals. The time may come when Culver will have something more than the precious privilege of paying taxes. We need a school building and fire protection, and need them badly.

A few persons in town took exceptions to our vigorous language with reference to the condition of our school building. While they admit that every word we said is true, yet they question the propriety of letting the people generally know the conditions as they actually exist. In fact they are ashamed to confess that we are so inhuman as to deprive our children of the comforts that our parental solicitude should provide for them. It is humiliating in this instance to tell the truth, but we will not resort to deception when it is detrimental to the best interests of the children.

Choice clover and timothy seed at the Culver Flouring Mill.

BUGLARS MAKE A BIG HAUL

Secure Over \$400 From Vanderweele's Saloon at Burr Oak.

Burglars entered Wm. Vanderweele's saloon last Sunday night about two o'clock and blew open the safe, wrecking it and the windows and furniture. Over four hundred dollars was secured. The explosion was terrific, awakening almost the entire town. Dr. Blake was the first to discover the nature of the explosion and awakened Mr. Vanderweele. The burglars told them to get back in the house, which they did as several shots were fired but none took effect.

They had entered the Nickel Plate office and taken two boxes of matches and a small press used in sealing cars. Both hand car houses were broken open where they secured some steel bars which they used in breaking the combination. A horse and buggy belonging to Cal Marsh were stolen and used in escaping. They drove north then south, firing several shots. It is supposed that they intended to blow open Mr. Overmyer's safe also but after being detected thought it best to keep out as young Mr. Overmyer was ready to give them a good old shot gun reception. The horse and buggy were found and taken in by Mr. Hillsman, west of Plymouth, where they were kept until Monday evening when Ed. Winger and Roscoe Wilhelm called for them.

The bold manner in which the affair was carried on threw everyone off their guard. Mr. Vanderweele was sick and had been for several days. Prompt and proper action would have captured the men but confusion reigned until too late for successful action.

A Sunday Evening Fire.

The house of Mrs. Nancy Wright situated near the cemetery, was consumed by fire Sunday evening. The fire started about 8 o'clock, the cause of which is unknown. Mrs. Wright, as well as her immediate neighbors were at church, therefore the fire had secured such head way that none of the contents of the building were saved. The building was insured for \$300, and there was \$200 insurance on the household goods. Mrs. Wright is a sister to Mrs. George Davis, is a widow and in moderate circumstances. Sufficient furniture, bedding and kitchen utensils will be donated by the people of the town to meet emergencies. The more charitably inclined will give additional assistance in erecting a new building. The lady should receive sufficient assistance, that in addition to her insurance money she could provide herself with a home.

Juanita Glee Club Recital.

The Juanita Glee Club, consisting of eight young ladies of Flora, accompanied by Mrs. E. J. Tahl, gave a recital at the Methodist church last Saturday evening. The numbers, both vocal and instrumental were well rendered. The vocal solo given by Miss Dallas Moss was exceptionally pleasing. Miss Moss who is a sister to Mrs. E. E. Parker and Miss Rose Moss, possesses a remarkably sweet voice. The reading by little Miss Mildred Moss, of Flora, and the instrumental solo and reading by Ernest Zechiel were well received.

The entertainment was given for the benefit of the public school library and was unusually well patronized by the people of Culver and vicinity. Over twenty dollars was netted for the school which will make possible the addition of a number of new books to the library.

THE CITIZEN—Only \$1.00 a year.

BESTS LAKE FOREST

Culver Wins Debate On Municipal Ownership Question.

DECISION WAS UNANIMOUS

Splendid Arguments Presented by All of the Contestants.

Culver won the debate from Lake Forest Saturday by a unanimous decision. The question was "Resolved: That the cities of the United States should own and operate their own street railways." Culver having the affirmative.

The arguments presented by both teams were excellent. Culver based her debate on the general historic trend in the last fifty years toward municipal ownership, the present inefficient service of private corporations, the failure of regulation to control these abuses, the sacrifice of public interests by the corporations, and the result of city control of securing honest officials. Lake Forest contended that the corruption in office would prevent efficient service on the part of city ownership, the present unsatisfactory conditions of public utilities under municipal ownership being an indication of the effects of city control. European and American demands are so widely different that comparisons between them cannot be applied. Lake Forest limited the question of practical benefits.

The rebuttal was spirited, Culver having decidedly the best of it throughout.

Culver was represented by Cadets Arnold, Fleet, and Pfiffner, Hostetter acting as alternate; Lake Forest by Temple Williams, C. W. Peterson, and C. H. Raymond, with W. H. Sutton as alternate.

Prof. C. A. Davis, of South Bend, and S. N. Stevens and Samuel Parker, of Plymouth, were the judges.

This is the second annual debate between the schools, the contest last year also having been won by Culver. The oratorical work of the cadets was far superior to that of the visitors, and the school is to be congratulated on their excellent showing.

The track and baseball squads have begun outdoor work since the opening of the warm weather. The first cut in the baseball squad was made last week, and with the smaller number of candidates the regular squad will soon be selected. The track work has not been developed to any great extent, but some good material has reported for practice.

Mr. J. L. Garvin, of Youngstown, Ohio, addressed the cadets at chapel Sunday morning, and again at Y. M. C. A. meeting Sunday night. Mr. Garvin came as the guest of Mr. W. A. Miller.

The True Standard.

The world's greatest benefactors have been men who lived and died poor in material wealth. The scholar, the patriot, the statesman, the artist, the scientist, the teacher, the moral exemplar, these in the greatness of their work make the more money grubber seem meanly small. There is too much worship of wealth itself, but it is not universal, and wealth itself is poor and feeble as compared with the power of thought and the spirit which moves men to work toward the highest human ideals.

FOR SALE—Good house and two lots. Enquire at this office.

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Pubs.

CULVER, INDIANA.

Bank notes are great germ carriers. Burn your money.

There are times when the Ohio river is this country's yellowest streak.

Just think of it! Good, pious Massachusetts has outgrown the state prison at Charlestown.

George Ade gets \$2,000 a week, and the dyspepsia thrown in on the side—the inside, in fact.

The grief of Japan over Russia's internal troubles is not inconsolable. It is wholly under control.

The Savannah News wants "clean paper money." We can clean up all we can get hold of, as a rule.

A New York woman wants to know why married life is "dull." Certainly not for want of "sharp" answers.

Col. Astor lost six \$1,000 bills in a theater the other evening. Most of us couldn't be so careless if we tried.

Come rest in this bosom, my own stricken trust, when the other states tell you to get up and dust!—New Jersey.

A New York dentist accepted a commission to repair the molars of a prize bull dog. Notice of funeral hereafter.

Wonder that nobody has yet suggested the advisability of employing Digger Indians to dig the Panama canal.

William Dean Howells is 68, but it would take two or three strong men to hold him for the chloroforming process.

The woman who sold one of her fingers for \$500 had already given her whole hand away to a man for the mere asking.

A contemporary alleges that the gaffe can kick harder than any other animal. What's the matter with a defeated candidate?

An eastern paper refers to her as "old Mrs. Chadwick." She undoubtedly deserves punishment, but ought it to be as severe as this?

Author of one of the brochures on "How to Manage Your Own Husband" has had her better half arrested on the charge of wife beating.

Not a few people will sympathize with the boy who, when he was asked what he would like to be when he grew up to be a man, replied: "A centenarian."

They are naming race horses, cheap cigars and corn cures after Kuroki. But we refuse to pity him. He was warned before he started out to become famous.

A Los Angeles florist has developed the green carnation at last, but probably it will never appeal to so large a percentage of the public as the green apple does.

Mr. Edison's doctor has ordered him to quit thinking for the next few months. Let him butt into the Four Hundred and he'll give up the pernicious habit forever.

The examiners found \$100 in cash in a Chicago bank which was capitalized for \$1,000,000. No explanation is offered as to how the officials of the bank happened to overlook it.

"Bachelors and club men are the bandits, guerrillas and outcasts of society," says Dr. Benjamin Ide Wheeler. The doctor seems to be almost as elephantine a joker as Prof. Osler.

The Santo Domingo revolution is said to have been suppressed. One half of the revolutionary army has fled to the mountains and the other follow has secured a job on the police force.

It appears that when Max Lebauly set up in business as emperor of Africa he hired a poet laureate. We are sorry to have to add that he did it merely because he could get one cheap.

Miss Jennie Crocker of San Francisco has just reached the age of 18 and come into possession of \$5,000,000. Titled foreigners will please file photographs of themselves with their applications.

Search the scriptures! A pious citizen persistently refused to pay his taxes until the collector referred him to the concluding portion of the seventeenth chapter of the gospel according to St. Matthew. Then he paid up.

It was a "make-up" man with a highly developed sense of humor who placed close to the item touching Millionaire Arbuckle's 50-cent-a-day hotel for working people the four-liner in which John D. Rockefeller declares that we live too fast and eat too much. Is the oil magnate interested in the coffee king's scheme?

When the shoe manufacturers, in

SUPREME COURT AGAINST BRYAN

Justices Find No Error in Review of the Bennett Will Case.

NEBRASKA MAN LOSES APPEAL

Sealed Letter Leaving \$50,000 to Former Democratic Candidate for the Presidency Is Declared to Be Inoperative.

Hartford, Conn., dispatch: The supreme court of Connecticut has handed down a decision in the Philo S. Bennett will case in which William J. Bryan has figured as a possible beneficiary to the extent of \$50,000 as provided in a "sealed letter" left by Mr. Bennett, and finds no error. The decision upholds the superior court which rendered judgment to the effect that the clause in Mr. Bennett's will containing the paragraph in regard to the \$50,000 to be left to Mr. Bryan is inoperative and that the said fund is a part of the residuary estate. Mr. Bryan appealed from this decision, and the result is as previously stated.

Not Part of Will. The superior court having held that the "sealed letter" was no part of the will, the only question to decide on was its contents as a testamentary document. Clause 12 of the will leaves \$50,000 to Mrs. Bennett in trust with no purpose, while the sealed letter says that the money is left to William J. Bryan. The supreme court holds that the superior court is right in deciding that the clause is inoperative.

In its decision the supreme court says, in part: "No effect can be given this 'sealed letter' as a part of the will, even if evidence was offered to prove that it was in existence and known to the testator at the time the will was executed. To treat this letter as an operative declaration of trust would be, in effect, to hold that testamentary disposition of property could be made by an instrument not executed in conformity with the statutes regulating such transfers of property."

Ends the Contest. The opinion goes into the history of the will case in detail, reviewing it from the first contest over the admission of the sealed letter in New Haven before the superior court. Counsel for Mr. Bryan, when asked if the case would be taken any higher, said that it would not be.

This decision doubtless ended one of the most interesting cases ever fought out in the courts of the state. Mr. Bryan was a close friend of Mr. Bennett and was made the executor of his will. When it became known that a "sealed letter" was deposited in New York bequeathing Mr. Bryan \$50,000, the struggle began to have it excluded, several allegations which caused considerable surprise at the time being made by counsel for Mrs. Bennett. It was even alleged that Mr. Bennett intended to have the letter destroyed when he was killed by a fall on a western mountainside.

DEER LOSE RACE WITH A TRAIN

Engine Overtakes Animals and Tosses Them Off the Railway.

Fond du Lac, Wis., dispatch: Passengers on the Green Bay & Western railway who came in on the Wisconsin Central from Amherst Junction, report an exciting race with a herd of deer, which, after running ahead of the engine for more than two miles, were caught and tossed from the track by the pilot, one at a time. The animals were encountered east of Dexterville, walking along the track. They were about half a mile in advance of the train, which was running at a high rate of speed. Taking fright, they ran straight ahead in single file. Game Warden Brown of Pittsfield found four of the deer. They were alive, but all their legs were broken. The animals were killed and the meat divided among the residents of Dexterville.

DISCOVERS HAY FEVER SERUM

Professor Dunbar of Berlin Says Pol-
lentin Is Effective Remedy.
Berlin cablegram: Prof. William Dunbar, director of the Hamburg Hygienic Institute, born an American, but naturalized as a German, delivered a lecture before one of the Berlin scientific schools on hay fever, which he has made for many years the subject of special investigations. Prof. Dunbar succeeded in finding the germ of the disease in the pollen of rye, maize and certain grasses and treated horses with these germs and secured a serum called pollentin, which has been used with good effect, entirely curing many cases.

Refuses to Accept Resignation.

Washington dispatch: Secretary of War Taft has declined to accept the resignation from the army of Captain George W. Kirkman of the Twenty-fifth infantry, now under trial by court-martial at Fort Niobrara, Neb., on charge of conduct prejudicial to good order.

Slaughters Village Dogs.

Brandsville, Ill., dispatch: On order of the city council the city marshal killed twenty unlicensed dogs. A horse belonging to Dr. John Gates,

SOPHOMORE CLASSMEN HAZE KINGDON GOULD

"Black Avengers" of Columbia Ad-
minister Bitter Dose to Young
Millionaire.

New York dispatch: Kingdon Gould has been hazed.

Since his return to the Columbia campus after his trouble before the Christmas recess young Gould has been regarded by students as a protégé of the faculty. There exists a sophomore class organization known as the "Black Avengers," constituted for settling just such problems as young Gould's case presented.

Not many nights ago when it became known that Dr. Butler was about to leave for Montana, Gould was accosted by a young man as he was going from the university grounds to his fraternity house. The young man asked him some questions about the next day's lecture and the two walked on, two other students joining them.

The newcomers did not bother to ask questions. One told Gould he was "pinched." Gould was informed he had his choice of accompanying them then or of giving his parole to meet them at a stated place and hour that night. He accepted the latter and kept his agreement.

A lecture on the proper conduct for freshmen was administered to Gould. Then he was asked to spell "money," after which he was forced to relate the genealogy of the Gould family and expound the police regulations as to the carrying of concealed weapons.

After these preliminaries, it is said, Gould was blindfolded and set astride a barrel with a broom in his hand and told to give an exhibition pony polo ride. A sudden kick sent the barrel from under his rider, and he was declared unhazed.

With two toothpicks in his hand and a shingle to sit on Gould was compelled to play varsity carrom. There were a few other things, all of which he did.

The campus report has it that the young man took his medicine well.

KILLS FOR LOSS OF FORTUNE

Money Sunk in Kansas Mercantile House Drives Man to Murder.

Wichita, Kan., dispatch: J. C. Casey, head of the Casey Wholesale Mercantile company, was shot through the head and instantly killed by James Oliver. Oliver lost \$23,000 in the failure of the Casey & Garst Mercantile company a few months ago and the misfortune preyed on his mind. He demanded his money when the firm was reorganized and had several heated arguments with Casey over the loss. While Casey was seated at his desk Oliver slipped up behind him and fired three times without warning. Oliver walked to police headquarters and gave himself up. Casey was prominent in church circles and society.

POWDER-HOUSE IS BLOWN UP

Explosion at Edwards Wrecks Property Valued at \$25,000.

Peoria, Ill., dispatch: An explosion in the wheelhouse of the Duck-eye Powder company at Edwards wrecked the building to fragments and caused a property loss of \$25,000. It is the custom to place the powder in huge pans into which grinding wheels are lowered automatically and started. No one is allowed in the building while the grinding is in process. Spectators were startled to see a gigantic column of black smoke rise suddenly to a height of several hundred feet in the air, followed by a deafening sound that was heard five miles away.

GOV. FOLK POSTPONERS HANGING

Grants Wishes of Irish Not to Cast Gloom on St. Patrick's Day.

Jefferson City, Mo., dispatch: Following the decision of the supreme court refusing to grant a rehearing to William Rudolph, convicted of the murder of Detective Charles Schumacher at Union, Mo., Gov. Folk granted a respite of thirty days. Rudolph was sentenced to be hanged on March 17 and the petition for the respite was signed by large numbers of Irish, who claimed that an execution in St. Louis on the morning of St. Patrick's day would cast a gloom over the celebration planned in honor of Ireland's patron saint.

WOMAN LOSES \$7,000 IN STREET

Jumps to Escape Being Struck by Auto and Drops Money.

St. Louis, Mo., dispatch: A package of currency amounting to \$7,000 was lost on the street today in the downtown district by Mrs. L. C. Noble had taken the money, wrapped States marshal in St. Louis. Mrs. Noble had taken the money, wrapped in a newspaper, from a safety deposit vault to use in a business transaction. In crossing a street she jumped from the pathway of a speeding automobile and soon after missed her money. Detectives were immediately employed to institute a search.

ACCUSES MAN AS HE IS HANGED

Negro Charges Spectator With Murder Just Before Trap Is Sprung.

Birmingham, Ala., dispatch: Jud Brubam and Alexander Robertson, negroes, were hanged for the murder of their sweethearts. Robertson spent his last hours in his cell shooting craps and just before he reached the gallows he identified Jim Williams a

RUSSIAN ARMY QUILTS MUKDEN

Japanese, After Capturing the City of Tombs, Pursue the Fleeing Forces Under Kourapatkin, Which Endeavor to Reach the Railroad.

Although a portion of Kourapatkin's army has succeeded in reaching Tie pass, all reports from the far East indicate that his retreat has not been anything like a complete success. There are strong indications that Tie pass may see the Russian forces completely overwhelmed.

Field Marshal Oyama reports that 40,000 Russians have been taken prisoners and that 26,500 more lie dead on that portion of the battlefield around the Shakhe river. From this he estimates the Russian killed and wounded in this quarter alone at 90,000.

While the fighting was extremely fierce in this direction, this by no means is an indication of the total Russian loss, for it does not take into account the desperate engagements west and northwest of Mukden, the repulse of the Russian eastern flank, or the Muscovites moved down by bullet and shell north of Mukden during the retreat. The last reports may show that this was the bloodiest part of the field.

The Japanese, Oyama says, have lost 41,200 in killed and wounded, and he has the reports from his field hospitals up to Sunday. The numerical odds against Kourapatkin, therefore, are all the greater at Tie pass, and a dispatch from that town gives a rumor that a Japanese flanking movement is already in progress.

The Japanese pursuit has not slackened, and a Tokio dispatch says the heads of the two flanking columns are in touch at Tie pass. Kourapatkin's position appears desperate.

The London Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent says the Japanese spoils at Mukden included a large quantity of bullion. He adds that the Russians carried away by force the Chinese governor general of Mukden, who was suspected of pro-Japanese tendencies.

Capture of Mukden.

Mukden in the hands of the enemy, Fushun evacuated by the Russian troops, Kuroki throwing his weight against the Russian forces, Nogi pressing in to try to intercept Gen. Kourapatkin in his retreat from Mukden to Tieling, tells the story of the situation at Manchuria.

Gen. Kourapatkin, with his crushed and shattered army, is now endeavoring to wedge his way between Oyama's armies and occupy his strongly entrenched positions at Tieling, forty-five miles north of Mukden.

Covering his retreat, Gen. Biderling and Kaubars are engaged in a terrific rear guard action and 100,000 men are laying down their lives to save the Russian army from annihilation or surrender. If they are able to hold Oyama's center and Kourapatkin succeeds in preventing the junction of Kuroki and Nogi, the Russian army is saved for the time being, at least. The sacrifice has been great, the losses being appalling.

"Last night all our armies commenced to retreat." The greatest defeat in the history of the Russo-Japanese war was made known in St. Petersburg Friday night, but only in those paltry eight words from Gen. Kourapatkin to Emperor Nicholas, which were flung about the streets in newspaper extras and passed from mouth to mouth. Two thoughts formed instantly in the minds of everyone, and two words were on every lip—surrender, peace—the former dreaded, the latter hoped for.

Gen. Kourapatkin is no maker of phrases; his words never are quoted like the famous "All is lost save honor," but his laconic messages hide more than probably any other two sentences in the literature of war. St. Petersburg knows nothing of the extent of the disaster.

Of the present situation of the army—whether it is utterly routed or merely beaten, of the proportion of Russians left in Japanese hands, or of the prospect of the escape of the remainder—St. Petersburg knows less than the smallest hamlet in America.

Everyone is discussing peace, which many of the staunchest advocates of the war, bureaucrats and officers, now declare to be inevitable. It openly is bruited that Rojestvensky's death has been recalled and is now on the way homeward. The admiralty, when asked if the report were true, said: "We don't know; call again tomorrow," and declined to comment on the significance of the cancellation of the purchase of colliers, or the direction of Rojestvensky's voyage from Madagascar waters.

It can be stated, however, that no overtures for peace yet have been made, and none are likely to be made for a few days, before the extent of the disaster has developed.

Aside from peace, defeat may bring other consequences in its train. That an enormous impetus has been given to the reform movement is plain even to the most reactionary conservatives, but the immediate result chiefly dreaded is the effect on internal disorders, not only in the capital, but also, since St. Petersburg is not Russia, upon the millions of peasants in the vast agricultural regions, among whom the spirit of revolt now is incubating and already has hatched pillage and arson in a few districts.

It is believed, however, that the government is able to nip these uprisings in the bud and prevent radicals in the cities from becoming of any

scouted in all well informed quarters. Outwardly St. Petersburg takes the defeat unconcernedly. A stranger in the streets would never know that armies defending the honor and prestige of Russia had just sustained a crushing reverse. There were no crowds at night, no demonstrations, no change from the ordinary street life. Newsboys were hawking extras on the streets—mere dodgers with three lines of General Kourapatkin's dispatch, surrounded by wide margins of blank paper—but there was nothing to indicate that the extras were more important than those in which, for a year, General Kourapatkin's dispatches have been issued.

The government made no attempt to palliate the shock or explain the significance of the retreat, but simply sent the dispatch, when it was issued by the general staff late Friday evening, direct to the papers, with authorization to print. At the clubs and in private houses, however, the situation was discussed and rediscussed, conjectures added to fact, and the invariable query was: "What further?"

One circle of liberals, on receiving the news, called for wine and solemnly pledged "New Russia." But generally the defeat cuts deeply and is keenly felt, especially by families represented in the endangered army. The spirit of unpatriotic exaltation will do the liberals no good at this time, as the defeat, which one Russian correspondent describes as "slaughter, not battle," entails the sacrifice of so many thousands of Russian lives the people fear to count up their losses.

It is realized that in the fighting before Mukden was evacuated the death roll of the battle of Shakhe must have been exceeded, and the streets of St. Petersburg, where every third woman wears a crape, will present a sombre sight when the casualty lists arrive.

That the Russians have lost many guns and large quantities of ammunition and supplies in their flight from Mukden is certain, for with but a single track railway to the north it would be impossible to remove the large stores which had been gathered together at Mukden. These, it seems certain, have been destroyed. The Japanese have not yet reported the capture of guns, which they generally do almost immediately, but it seems hardly likely that Kourapatkin could have removed all of his artillery.

On Jan. 1, according to correspondents who have just returned from Mukden, the Russians had in position along the Shakhe and Hun rivers 1,500 guns, including a number of six and eight-inch guns on cement foundations straddling the railway just north of Shakhe station. In addition many guns arrived in Mukden during January and February, so that the Russian artillery when the big battle started must have numbered nearly 2,000 pieces. It is likely that Kourapatkin has sacrificed some of these, and is bending all his energies to extricate his army. That his task is a difficult one all the dispatches indicate, but Russian sympathizers point to his retreat from Liao Yang, where conditions were opposed to him. The retreat from Liao Yang was accomplished during a terrific rainstorm, over roads hup deep in mud, while at the present time the Manchurian roads are frozen hard as stone and have been worn as smooth as asphalt by the continual passage of the big wide-tired commissariat wagons.

The result of Oyama's great turning movement depends almost entirely upon Kawamura's army, which has not yet been located definitely, although supposed to be moving from the east toward Kourapatkin's line of retreat. Should he reach the military road, which runs almost in a direct line from Fushun to Tie pass, before the passage of the Russian army, the circle will be complete, as Nogi's guns already command the railway, and should soon control the Mandarin road, which is but a short distance east of the railway and runs parallel with it. The army of Gen. Kaubars, which has been pressed back across the western plain, fighting every inch of ground, is moving northward to protect the line of retreat from the attacks from the westward, while Gen. Biderling is protecting the rear against Gens. Oku and Nodzu, and Linvitch is doing his best to hold the military road against Kuroki. They have numbers against them, but have succeeded against odds in similar retreats before.

The appearance of Gen. Kawamura would render futile all their efforts. Gen. Rennenkampf's force of somewhat less than 10,000 men, which has been operating on the extreme left, is in a precarious position, but the force is a mobile one and the officers know the mountains well. With the exception of this latter force all the Russian troops are now concentrated on the roads leading northward, and it may take another twenty-four hours before their fate is decided. The army which Gen. Gripenberg turned over to Gen. Kaubars when he left Manchuria, and a portion of which Gen. Biderling commanded, consisted of Gregoff's cavalry, Mitchenko's mobile division, and the Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth and Seventeenth army corps, extending from the Liao river to the Mandarin road.

Calumet Baking Powder

A perfectly health-
ful powder made
by improved chem-
ical methods and
of accurately pro-
portioned materials

Trust Baking Powder
sell for 45 or 50 cents
per pound and may be
identified by this exor-
bitant price. They are
a menace to public
health, as food prepared
from them contains
large quantities of Ro-
chelle salts, a dangerous
cathartic drug.

How Cannon Counts a Quorum.
Speaker Cannon counts a quorum as though it were a matter of gun play. As soon as the absence of a quorum is suggested every muscle in his wily frame comes into action. He leans wearily out over the desk. His gavel arm, the left, sweeps the arc of a circle till the handle of his parliamentary weapon is aimed on the level of the desks. Then the speaker's eagle eye glances along the little wooden stick as it points straight at a member. He bobs the stick from man to man. The members sit impassive under a proceeding which is much in appearance as though the speaker were taking a pistol shot at every mother's son of them.

Macaroni Wheat.

Salzer's strain of this Wheat is the kind which laughs at droughts and the elements and positively mocks Black Rust, that terrible scourge!
It's sure of yielding 80 bushels of finest Wheat the sun shines on per acre on good Ill., Ia., Mich., Wis., O., Pa., Mo., Neb., lands and 40 to 60 bushels on arid lands! No rust, no insects, no failure. Catalog tells all about it.



JUST SEND 10c AND THIS NOTICE
to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse,
Wis., and they will send you free a sample
of this Wheat and other farm seeds, to-
gether with their great catalog, worth
\$100.00 to any wide-awake farmer. [W. N. U.]

Yacht Builder's Mistake.

The British royal yacht Victoria and Albert has been defective in stability from the first. The story in the navy is that the computer in making his calculations inadvertently added the date on the paper—1897—into a column of figures, the mistake not being discovered till the yacht was wobbling in the water.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA,
a safe and sure remedy for infants and children,
and see that it

Bears the
Signature of
J. C. Ayer & Co.
in Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Walks 5,000 Miles.

Marcello, the Isle of Man pedestrian, who, for a wage of \$5,000, undertook to walk 5,000 miles in 100 days, was in Grimsby, Yorkshire, on Feb. 10, having covered 3,533 miles since September. A collie dog is his sole companion.

The Best Results in Starching
can be obtained only by using
Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz.
more for same money—no cooking
required.

He who thinks his place below him
will certainly be below his place.—
Sir John Herschel.

Human Improvement is from within
outward.—James Anthony Froude.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup,
Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and
Asthma. A certain cure for consumption in its
stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use
at once. You will see the excellent effect after
taking the first dose. Sold by dealers every-
where. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN
In this country. Our men are making from \$75 to \$150
a month selling our household and stock remedies,
flavoring extracts, spices and toilet articles direct to

Mistress Rosemary Allyn

By MILLICENT E. MANN

Copyright, 1904, by LUCAS-LINCOLN CO.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

I piled him again and again with the liquor, till his hands dropped from the dice box. To make a long story short, while I drank him under the table Gil did the same to his fellows, an easy task for him. At home among heavy drinkers, he was known as the "white drinker."

We now looked openly at one another. The men were snoring like a lot of pigs.

"What now?" he asked.

I pointed to the two miserable beings on the settle in the chimney corner—the man oblivious to everything—the woman with a ruminating brow.

I called to Jack, mine host. He came hurrying into the room.

"Yes, sir," he said. "Your coat, sir." This he put down on the settle and was slipping out again when I laid detaining hands on him. "I'll be back in a moment, sir," he added, "as soon as they are gone."

"Gone—who?" I gasped.

"Hush, sir, for God's sake," he said in a whisper. "Their ladyships. They are traveling incognito."

"Incognito?" I repeated. "Who?"

"Hush, sir, not so loud," he begged.

"Do you want to ruin me?"

He would have jerked away from me, but I held him fast by the shoulder.

"Who are their ladyships?" I asked him now, and this time I was not to be trifled with.

"I thought you knew," he murmured. "Lady Felton, and—" here he let his voice sink into an awestruck whisper, "Mistress Nell Gwyn."

"Lady Felton and Mistress Nell Gwyn!" I ejaculated. "And does the magenta colored coach belong to them?"

"Yes, yes, sir," he answered. "They are here; in God's name let me go."

His excitement was amusing. With a sudden jerk he pulled loose and

will with a partiality devoid of all reasoning. What in the devil did Torrance mean by saying that he saw a magenta-colored coach leave Castle Drout?"

"Color blind," I replied flippantly. "Could there be two magenta-colored coaches?" he mused.

"Possibly," I returned, "but hardly two leaving Castle Drout."

I dismissed the subject with a wave of the hand, and turned my attention to the woman and the prisoner, while Gil bestowed his upon the constable and his men.

I saw a purpose forming in the woman's movements.

"There is no need of haste, my good woman," I said. "If Gil can conjure up that other magenta-colored coach and four it is at your disposal." I flung my little joke at his head. "Otherwise you'll have to go as you came, on one of the constable's horses."

At this she demurred, so I bought an old nag from Jack Swan. At first the woman acted dazed, but when she began to realize that we were making plans for their escape, she said with a dignity out of keeping with her bedraggled condition:

"I will tell you the man's history as I know it, truly as the God above hears me, sir." She wiped a tear from her eyes. "His name is Martin Toms. He came from Lyme. His family were

Covenanters, but they are dead, God rest their souls, these many days. They were perhaps implicated with the others—I'm not saying they were not—'tis a pity one may not worship as one likes under God's bright sky, without being hectorated to death, driven to do fanatic deeds; but Martin was not with them at the time, and had not been for years. When a youth he had joined a troop of play actors who were passing through the town, and with them came up to London. His people cast him off, rigid in their convictions; he was as dead to

"But why should the constable bother him?" I asked. "I think instead something should be done to relieve you—your husband put away in an asylum."

"In Bedlam! My God! No!" she cried. "Have you ever seen those poor creatures huddled together like beasts, manacled and chained to the floor, shrieking and wringing their hands? Never while I live. Why the constable bothers me is because of the grudge he thinks he owes me. When I was 'pretty Alice Lyndon' I knew the man—he wished himself my lover—he," her voice vibrated with scorn, "to think I would be dishonest for such as he."

"I see," I said. "Is there any place where you can go and stay in hiding for a time?"

"Yes, sir," she answered. "I have an aunt living in Shief, two shires from here; she will take us in. 'Tis a place where even the constable and his men care not to come often; necessary; the men are a rough lot, and will protect a kin to the death."

The mare being ready we placed the ill-sorted pair upon her broad back, protecting them as well as we could from the rain. The woman bowed her head and sobbed convulsively. Jack Swan and I watched the old horse amble out of sight. Gil was elsewhere employed. Pity for the poor woman's plight, indignation at the constable's persecution.

I was undecided what to do with the constable—he certainly merited some punishment. I found that Gil had settled the question for me. He came out of the inn carrying on his back one of the fellows bound with ropes.

"What are you doing with them, Gil?" I asked.

"You'll find them down the road a bit, wallowing in the mud, trussed for all the world like fowls ready for market," he answered with a grim look. "I think they will hesitate before persecuting a poor woman again," he added.

"Good enough," I laughed. "But may not our host, good Jack Swan, suffer from the constable's anger?"

"The fat one will take to his bed, I'm thinking, and perhaps it will teach him that he's too old to be running after women, the beast!" he said. "As for Jack he's no innocent; he will be able to make them think that he had naught to do with their plight. After they have sobered up a bit, which will not be long I take it in this rain, he can release them with a fitting tale of our being highwaymen, and anything else that comes to his lips."

Jack having an equal confidence in his ability to convince the men of his innocence, satisfied me that he was glad of this opportunity to pay off old scores. Some of that rivalry which had fallen from the man's indolent tongue was not to be overlooked by Jack.

Our horses saddled, we bade him good-bye, and went on our way satisfied that we were leaving them in such judicial hands, and that he was capable of playing his part to our liking.

We cautioned him above all things to put the constable and his men off the track of the escaped prisoner.

And Gil added this: "Send them after us, if they're able to travel; we'll take care of them."

We decided to ride steadily throughout the night, as the horses were fresh and we desirous of reaching London; also hopeful of overtaking the coach containing the redheaded maid of Mistress Rosemary Allyn. There was a branch where the two roads, the river and the main road merged into one, and over this she must pass to reach London.

We rode along at a jog trot for a time, being sparing of our horses, when presently the weather changed. The sun peeped out now and again from behind fleecy clouds like a pretty woman coquetting.

(To be continued.)

Mrs. Chadwick's Diplomacy.

In talking of Mrs. Chadwick's influence over men the other day in the Federal building, Marshal Henkel laughingly declared himself a captive.

"A newspaper photographer," he said, brought me a photograph he took of her and me as I was taking her from the hotel. I showed her the photograph.

"What a handsome couple we make," says she. "Wouldn't that flatter you. After that I just had to be nice to her."

Another thing that influenced the officials here in giving Mrs. Chadwick great consideration was her tenderness for her son, Emil Hoover. Whenever the boy approached her she would brighten up and say:

"There comes my dearest," and she would talk to him as if he were a baby.—New York Sun.

Got the Dime.

A man who was shy on cleanliness, but long on confidence, shuffled into the East Twenty-second street station late the other night and got a strange hold on the brass rail in front of the sergeant.

"Say, sergeant, give us the price of a drink, will you?" he pleaded. "I'm so dry that if I don't irrigate soon I'll shrivel up and blow away."

"You're got me wrong," replied the surprised sergeant. "Haven't taken in enough money to-night to pay expenses. Skidoo now before I send you down stairs."

"If you want to pinch me for a worthy attempt to get a drink, all right, but I'll stay here till I either get the dime or the collar."

He got the dime.—New York Sun.

Occasionally we see a man who looks as if he had tried to preserve his dignity in a cab.

Indiana Legislature

LOOKING BACKWARD.

Summary of the Work Done by the Legislature During the Session.

Governor Hanly says that the sixty-ninth General Assembly did better than any other General Assembly in Indiana in many years. The opinion has been expressed frequently that the General Assembly that just adjourned was free of domination by objectionable outside influences and special interests more than any Assembly has been in many years.

By some it has been called a reform legislature. The majority of the members were, as a general rule, in sympathy with the public moral committees, which were fairly active in almost any kind of legislation supported by churches. This made the enactment of the Moore law for two years' remembrance against saloons and other matters of the fact that party leaders, both Republican and Democrat, were generally against any "tampering" with the "Nicholson law."

When the General Assembly met, legislation was not expected, but after the session was under way a few days it was easily seen that the popular will, supported by Governor Hanly's influential address, would compel consideration.

A well-organized lobby was on hand, as always. It received a severe setback when Governor Hanly's influential address was issued, but it recovered itself and was ready to fight again.

This unexpected revelation of the work of the lobby will be long remembered. Representative Baker's course has been criticized bitterly by some members of the General Assembly, but it is felt that a good purpose was served by the publicity. If there had been any doubt of the passage of the anti-cigarette bill in the House, it having already passed the Senate, the doubt was removed by the exposure. The immediate effect was a fright and retreat on the part of the lobby.

An unusually good record was made in the line of legislation for the penal, benevolent and educational institutions. Among the laws of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

One of the laws of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

Another law of this kind was the one to establish a State village for epileptics, a class of dependents that has received considerable attention in the past few years. Some epileptics have been poorly and often miserably cared for in poor farms and sometimes in jails, although the State has a hospital for them.

BOY PLANS SHORT ROAD TO REACH EASY STREET

Offers Gold Fountain Pen and Cha at Baby Grand Piano in Return for \$1 Subscription Fee.

Washington dispatch: A fraudster has been issued against the Illinois Publishing Company and Glads Monthly at Plano, Ill. The motor of both these concerns was B. Roe, a young boy. He sent letters to persons whose names were cured from letter brokers saying they had been voted the most popular lady or gentleman, as the case may be, in their particular locality that they would therefore be entitled to a gold fountain pen as a prize to draw for a \$500 baby grand piano. These privileges, however, were conditional upon the receipt of \$1 a year's subscription to the Gl Monthly.

The department got on young Roe's tracks before he had received a single answer to his circulars and ordered his mail held up.

Upon investigation, he admitted postoffice inspectors that he also consulted the concerns in question that there had been no contest, no prizes were to be distributed, that the alleged monthly did not exist.

In his opinion upon the case, assistant Attorney General Goody who is an Illinoisan himself, recommended that Roe be not prosecuted on account of his youth, but that he be addressed to the fraudulent concern operated by him be not transmitted the postoffice department, in which recommendation Postmaster General Cortelyou concurred.

MORMONS ARE CAUGHT BY EXPLOSION OF GAS

Meeting-House at Granger, Utah, Blown Up, Many Persons Being Hurt in Ensuing Panic.

Salt Lake City, Utah, dispatch: An explosion of illuminating gas blew the cellar of the Mormon meeting house at Granger, fourteen miles southeast of Salt Lake City, causing the death of one young woman, seriously injured twenty-six other persons, mostly young women and children. The meeting-house was wrecked.

While the Granger Mutual Improvement association was in session, lights went out. A boy went into a cellar with a lamp to see what was wrong and the explosion followed. Miss Nellie Mackay, the church organist, who was standing directly in the path of the gas, received the full force of the explosion and was instantly killed.

A panic ensued among the audience and in their efforts to escape from the wrecked building to escape they were injured by the many who the explosion were trampled upon.

STATE CLOSES CHADWICK CASE

Damaging Evidence Against Defendant in Drafts Aggregating \$80,000.

Cleveland, Ohio, dispatch: After presenting its most important evidence against Mrs. Chadwick the government yesterday afternoon closed its case against the woman.

The most important point yet made by the state was gained when District Attorney Sullivan secured the admission as evidence of two drafts aggregating \$80,000 issued by the Oberlin bank in favor of Mrs. Chadwick on Aug. 24, 1903. On the same date Mrs. Chadwick obtained from the bank a certified check for \$12,500, and Receiver Lyon testified there was nothing on the books of the bank to show that Mrs. Chadwick then had a cent of money in the bank or was entitled to credit.

ESCAPES CELL BY DROWNING

Chicken Thief Pursued by Officers Takes His Own Life.

Vicksburg, Miss., dispatch: Rather than submit to arrest on a charge of stealing chickens, John Dolan, colored, drowned himself in the canal in front of this city Wednesday. When Dolan saw that the officers were overhauling him, he stepped into the canal, holding his hands above his head, and waded out into midstream, where he was caught by the current and swept away. A similar case occurred the night before, when an unknown negro, apparently demented, jumped into a cistern to escape pursuit of police officers and was drowned.

Sanitary Reform.

Washington dispatch: Two measures, which will attract much attention from scientists and health specialists, were introduced in congress just before adjournment. One provides for investigation of the possibility of the communication of disease and the infection of food products through imperfect or improper ventilation of railroad passenger and freight cars, and the other for a commission to draft legislation creating "The Department of Sanitary Science." While the two measures are entirely different in their scope they are indirectly related, as both originated with and will later be pushed by those interested in stamping out the "white plague" and other infectious diseases.

Aids Cigarette Dealers.

Laporte, Ind., dispatch: Dealers of cigarettes in every city and town in the state have been advised by the cigarette trust that in the event of the enforcement of the law recently passed by the legislature prohibiting the sale and smoking of cigarettes the trust stands ready to redeem all stock.



They both had masks over their pretty faces.

moved with as fast a speed as he was capable of—fourteen stone being no light weight to move with rapidity. As he said, their ladyships were going. It was evident from the swish, swish, swish their silken petticoats made coming down the stairway.

I sprang to the door, not waiting to put on my coat lest I miss seeing Lady Felton, whom fate had decreed should be my bride, and Mistress Gwyn, whom Charles II had begun to set amorous eyes upon.

They passed me at the entrance. Again I was disappointed: they both had masks over their pretty faces.

Jack was before me bowing and scraping. I pushed him aside with scant ceremony. I opened the coach door with an obeisance, while I strode to get a peek behind their masks. It was of no avail, it hid their beauty as the cloud off hides the radiance of the sun. I caught the flash of sparkling eyes.

We had it seems been misled after all; our being too sure had been our undoing. We had not run down our prey—in the game of hunt the slipper, we had reached the frigid zone. The coach that we had been pursuing did not contain the black-eyed maid of Mistress Rosemary Allyn, but Lady Felton and Mistress Nell Gwyn. Words failed me.

CHAPTER VIII.

The Theft of Another Paper.

I returned to the tap room and put on my coat. Gil, who had followed me out, now followed me in, still sucking his pipe. Then the ludicrousness of the happening burst upon me, and I sat me down and roared as much at the disgust on Gil's face as at our being so taken in.

When I had calmed myself of my merriment, which was soon—one does not care to laugh alone, laughter like wine needs company for one to enjoy its flavor to the uttermost, and Gil kept his lips on a set level—I said to hear him:

"Better luck in London."

"Luck's a joke," he muttered. "She showers her gifts as a woman her love with as little judgment, and her ill-

them as if they had nailed him in his coffin. He soon became proficient enough to play small parts at the Duke's theater. There he met me. I, too, was a player; I played minor parts, also children's parts, for I had a baby face. You may have heard of pretty Alice Lyndon?" She spoke with pride as she asked her question, and her face gave promise of what it might be under happy circumstances, she was yet young.

I nodded, although I never had.

"No one would know me now, I am so changed," she continued sadly. "Well, we were married, and happy for a time. Martin was ever of a morbid temperament, and was not unusual for one brought up as bigotedly as he had been, feeling that his parent's curses followed him. The news reached him in London of the direful persecutions of the Covenanters of Lyme. He heard that his father had been hanged, his mother died of grief, and his younger brother whipped from one market place to another, then lodged in a putrid cell where he caught a loathsome disease from which he soon mercifully died. You see, sir, his family was wiped out of existence in a short time—all gone—only himself left—it drove him mad."

She was now weeping bitterly. Gil delivered himself of a few of the expletives hovering about his lips.

"The night of the day—the day upon which he learned all this—she spoke as if the horror of it was yet with her—he had to go on and play his part, a small part in The Prince of Denmark. He was mad, but none knew it, not even I. In the middle of the second act he became raving, took the very words out of the star's mouth to that man's disgust and the delight of the pit. They soon got him off the stage. That is all, except that he has been that way ever since. He is at times wild and wanders away as now, else the constable had not caught him. Ah, sir, a sad life! a sad life!"

Sad indeed! but the saddest part, so it seemed to me, was that the woman's life was wrecked, and the sweetness of her not to complain, no, not one word at the burden fate had thrust upon her.

THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Publishers.
CULVER, INDIANA, MARCH 16, 1905.

LOCAL ITEMS

THE CITIZEN—Only \$1.00 a year.
Sale bills printed at the CITIZEN office

Choice clover and timothy seed at the Culver Flouring Mill.

Best work done at Plymouth Steam Laundry. See Culver agent

Mr. Seybold of Plymouth, is instructor for the Maxinkuckee Band.

I will pay the highest market price for rubber. See me.—Henry Oyler.

No woman will believe that marriage is a failure until she has tried it herself.

To RENT—The room formerly occupied by my millinery store.—Mrs. J. W. Quick.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. McGaffey visited friends at Plymouth Friday returning home Saturday.

Peter Keller, the barber, has sold his town property to Mr. Tynner, who comes here from Wabash.

The mother of I. S. Hahn and his aunt, Mrs. Yockey, of Bremen, visited Mr. and Mrs. Hahn over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kenedy of New Augusta Ind., visited with Mr. and Mrs. John Hawk, over Sunday.

You will miss it if you fail to see "The Malleable" Steel Ranges on exhibition at J. F. Weiss' hardware store this week.

FOR SALE—Four head of young cattle. Call at my residence south of Lake Maxinkuckee.

4513 Mrs. ROSINA SMITH.

Rag carpet and rugs woven on short notice. I have the warp just bring your rags to Louis Crist, near school house, Ober. 4-28

Never let pass an opportunity to say something cheerful and uplifting. The current of many a life has been changed by a passing word.

Women are generally better than men, but when they forget to be good they forget it so hard that they usually go to the bottom of the pit.

The people of Philadelphia are praying for Mayor Weaver. The trouble is that they do not vote as they pray; that is, they pray for reform but vote for corruption.

According to the milliners, green will be used very sparingly in the trimming of spring hats. "Long green" will be required in large quantities, however, to buy one.

If you are thinking of making a sale see Sellers and McFarland in regard to terms and dates. Effort, interest and enthusiasm are marked features of all sales conducted by them.

Some scientist has advanced the information that the clearest and most beautiful complexions are usually indications of heart disease. We have noticed that they do often tend to cause violent palpitation of the heart, by mere observation.

One way settlers rates via the Nickel Plate Road each Tuesday in March and April tickets will be sold at very low rates to points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Wyoming and Canadian Northwest. See agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

An exchange tells of a negro exhorter who shouted: "Come up on jine de army ob de Lohd." "Ise done jined," replied one of the congregation. "Whar'd yoh jine?" asked the exhorter. "In de Baptist church." "Why, chile," said the exhorter, "yoh ain't in de army, yoh's in de navy."

For the woman whose pride is in her cooking and the man who is willing to combine greater economy and better food, there's a big, wholesome lesson to be derived from an intelligent investigation of the superior features of "The Malleable" Range. Strongest, handsomest, best cook. Not lowest

THE COUNTY SUNDAY-SCHOOLS

Annual Convention at Plymouth, March 30th and 31st.

The twentieth annual convention of the Marshall county Sunday-school association will be held in the United Brethren church, Plymouth, on Thursday and Friday, March 30 and 31, 1905. There will be a special song service given on Thursday evening, and a young people's mass meeting on Friday night. Rev. E. W. Halpenny, the general secretary, and Mrs. Halpenny, State superintendent of primary work, will both be present and assist in the work of the convention. The following is the program in full:

- THURSDAY AFTERNOON.**
1:30 President's Greeting.
2:00 An Hour of Prayer; led by Rev. E. W. Halpenny.
3:00 Recorder's Journal, Appointment of Committees, etc.
3:15 Selection, Miss Eva Munn.
3:30 (a) The Awakener and Other Literature.
(b) The Home Department and Cradle Roll in County.
(c) Discussion.
4:00 A Children's Mass Meeting, followed by a Conference of Primary Teachers; in charge of Mrs. E. W. Halpenny.

- THURSDAY EVENING.**
7:00 Song Service; led by Presbyterian Church Choir.
7:45 Scripture and Prayer.
8:00 Address by Rev. Halpenny.

- FRIDAY FORENOON.**
9:00 Opening Hour.
9:30 Sunday-School Association.
(a) Our Common Cause.
(b) Mutual Relations.
(c) Our Townships. Each vice-president makes report.
(d) Finances. Needs of the County Work. Support of the State and International.
(e) Roll Call. Each township stand and be counted.
11:15 Address, "Winning Individuals." Rev. Halpenny.
11:45 Election of Officers.
12:00 Dinner and Social Hour.

- FRIDAY AFTERNOON.**
1:00 Praise.
1:30 Address, "What is That in Thine Hand?" Miss Grace Erwin.
2:00 "A Talk About the Boys and Girls." Miss Estella Chase.
2:20 Discussion.
2:30 "Simple Devices in Primary Work." Mrs. Halpenny.
3:00 Five minutes recess.
3:05 "The Relation of the Church to the Sunday-School." Rev. Owen Wright, Argos.
3:35 Everybody's Hour.
4:30 Adjournment.

- FRIDAY EVENING—YOUNG PEOPLE'S MASS MEETING.**
7:00 Song Service; led by the M. E. Church Choir, Prof. Daniel Hahn, director.
7:45 Scripture and Prayer.
8:00 Address; by Rev. Nevin B. Mathes, Goshen.
8:45 Closing Words; by Rev. E. Halpenny.

Vandalia Cheap Excursions.

Round trip tickets to many points in Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Kansas, Arkansas, Missouri, and Louisiana only \$24.10 from Culver, good to return within 21 days. Only four excursions, Feb. 7th and 21st, and March 7th and 21st.

Very cheap one way colonist's tickets to the southwest on Feb. 21st, and March 21st.

Round trip home seekers and one way colonist's tickets to the southwestern states on the first and third Tuesdays of each month until April 18th, inclusive.

One way colonists to California \$35.50 from Culver on sale March 1st to May 15th.

They are all via the the Vandalia R. R.

For routes rates and time tables address Culver agent or C. C. Trueb, Traveling Passenger Agent Logansport.

I will, until further notice, be at my office over the Exchange Bank, Culver, on Tuesday and Saturday of each week, for the transaction of township business.

Strikes Hidden Rocks.
When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of consumption, pneumonia, etc., you are lost if you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. J. W. McKinnon, of Talladega Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose gave relief, and one bottle cured me." Sure cure for sore throat, bronchitis, coughs and colds. Guaranteed at T. E. Slattery's drugstore. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Champion Remedy for Rheumatism.
Chas. Drake, a mail carrier at Chapinville, Conn., says: "Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the champion of all liniments. The past year I was troubled a great deal with rheumatism in my shoulder. After trying several cures the storekeeper here recommended this remedy and it completely cured me." There is no use of anyone suffering from that painful ailment when this liniment can be obtained for a small sum. One application gives prompt relief and its continued use for a short time will produce a permanent cure. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Reduced Prices on Fence.
Until January 1st we will take orders for American field fence at greatly reduced prices, after which it will advance 3 cents per rod. Call and see our harness, buggies, sleighs, tanks, tank heaters, wind-pumps, stoves, and general hardware. The largest stock in the county.

Yours for business,
MARRAUGH BROS.,
Monterey, Ind.

A Safe Cough Medicine for Children.
In buying a cough medicine for children, never be afraid to buy Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it and relief is always sure to follow. It is especially valuable for colds, croup and whooping cough. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

ash one way second class colonists rates to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at half fare plus \$2.00. Write for particulars.—Thos. Follen, Pass. & Tkt. Agt., Lafayette, Ind.

For an Impaired Appetite.
Loss of appetite always results from faulty digestion. All that is needed is a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They will invigorate the stomach, strengthen the digestion, and give you an appetite like a wolf. These Tablets also act as a gentle laxative. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

A Chicago Alderman owes His Election to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"I can heartily and conscientiously recommend Chamberlain's Cough remedy for affections of the throat and lungs," says Hon. John Shennick, 220 S. Peoria st., Chicago. "Two years ago during a political campaign I caught cold after being overheated; it irritated my throat and I was finally compelled to stop as I could not speak aloud. In my extremity a friend advised me to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I took two doses that afternoon, and could not believe my senses when I found the next morning the inflammation had largely subsided. I took several doses that day, kept right on talking through the campaign, and I thank this medicine that I won my seat in the council." This remedy is for sale at Slattery's drugstore.

Very low one way colonist rates to the west and northwest via the Nickel Plate Road March 1st to May 15th inclusive. Half rates to children of proper age. For full information call on agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind. 5-15

Road Work Notice.

All persons are hereby warned that orders drawn by a road supervisor in Union township for work done on roads in the expenditure of additional road tax will not be honored nor paid, unless such work is done under the direction of the township trustee.

F. M. PARKER,
Township Trustee.

Homeseekers rates West, Northwest, Southwest and South, via Nickel Plate Road on 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month until April 15th inclusive. Long limit and stop over privileges. For full information regarding routes, rates etc., call on agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind. 4-1

PILES and "Hemorrhoids" are incurable unless treated with Chamberlain's Pile Remedy.

INDIGESTION

"I was troubled with stomach trouble. Thedford's Black-Draught did me more good in one week than all the doctor's medicine I took in a year."—MRS. SARAH E. SHIRFIELD, Ellettsville, Ind.
Thedford's Black Draught quickly invigorates the action of the stomach and cures even chronic cases of indigestion. If you will take a small dose of Thedford's Black Draught occasionally you will keep your stomach and liver in perfect condition.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

More sickness is caused by constipation than by any other disease. Thedford's Black-Draught not only relieves constipation but cures diarrhoea and dysentery and keeps the bowels regular.

All druggists sell 25-cent packages.
"Thedford's Black-Draught is the best medicine to regulate the bowels I have ever used."—MRS. A. M. GRANT, Sneads Ferry, N. C.

CONSTIPATION

STOP AT THE GRAND HOTEL

(Formerly The Kellison)
Opposite Penna. R. R. Depot
PLYMOUTH, IND.

Nearest good hotel to all depots. Only two blocks from the Main st. Special rates to people from Culver and the Academy.

ANDY BOWELL, Owner.

McLANE & CO.

Livery Feed and Sale Stable

Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable.

Barn East of the Postoffice

BUY YOUR FURNITURE

—OF—

C. R. LEONARD

Plymouth, Ind.

Large Assortment
Low Prices

WE PAY FREIGHT

Satisfaction Guaranteed
Also Do Undertaking

PHONE No. 90

HOWARD & DAVIS' BAKERY


BAKERY GOODS

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM

MEALS SERVED

If it is a bilions attack take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver

COAL! COAL!



Hard or Soft Coal at Lumber Yard

CALL AND GET OUR PRICES

J. O. FERRIER
CULVER, INDIANA

CLOSING OUT SALE OF FOOTWEAR

Everything in this line to be sacrificed regardless of cost or value. Don't miss this if you are in need of Footwear. We save you money

STAHL AND COMPANY

HAYES & SON

CULVER, INDIANA

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables



LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

The Culver Novelty Co.

Successors to D. B. Young

Machine Repair Work Promptly Done

Terms Cash. Extra Charges for Night Work

The mechanical department is under the supervision of Mr. Young

Manufacturers of YOUNG'S ROTARY CARBURETER

KREUZBERGER'S PARK

The best Whiskies, Brandies, Cordials, Rhine and Moselle Wines, and French Claret, Ports and Cherry Ales, Beers, Mineral Water, etc. and a stock of fine Domestic and Key West Cigars.....

Lake Maxinkuckee : Culver, Ind.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A hand-drawn illustration of a steam engine. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5 a year in advance. \$1.00 per copy. No money refunded.

CULVER CITY Meat Market

DEALERS IN FRESH & SMOKED MEATS SAUSAGES, ETC.

WALTER & SON, Props.

Cor. Main and Washington Sts., CULVER, IND.

THE GEM HARNESS SHOP

For Hand-Made Harness

CULVER, IND.

LANDS

For sale in fruit belt of Mich. hay lands—timbered or cleared—big farms or small ones. If you are a realtor way not have a home of your own. Several thousand acres of wild land at \$2.00 to \$7.00 per acre. 25 tracts and on terms to suit. Write for circular and see M. M. KRIGER, Grant, Michigan.

Satisfaction guaranteed, at Plymouth.

Correspondence

BURR OAK
G. A. Mazy, Correspondent.

Mr. Ami Ruple's condition is reported unchanged.

Sherman Overmyer was a Chicago visitor over Sunday.

George Osborn went to Chicago Monday with a car of stock.

John Voris and E. Overmyer have returned from the southwest.

Lewis Neidlinger and family will move to North Dakota on March 21st.

James Lawther has moved from Monon to his farm recently purchased of C. H. Marsh.

The oyster supper at G. M. Osborn's Friday night was a splendid affair and enjoyed by all who were there.

Cal Marsh has moved into the Burns property just vacated by Dr. Blake who moved into Ira Friend's house.

Mr. and Mrs. Coleman are visiting at Sligo and attending meetings being conducted by their son, John Coleman.

The Ladies Aid and the Endeavor Societies met with Mrs. Simon Hatten Tuesday and assisted her with her sewing and other work.

Rev. Martin was unable to fill his appointment here last Sunday on account of sickness. He will preach here next Sunday morning. Everybody come out and hear him.

RUTLAND.

Florence Falconburg Correspondent.

Miss Blanch London is on the sick list.

Protracted meeting is being held at this place.

Miss Ella Marsh visited with her parents at Sligo, Sunday.

Miss Stella Wiseman visited her parents at Twin Lakes, Sunday.

Miss Eunice Falconburg spent Sunday with Miss Fern Dickson.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Spencer and son Carl spent Sunday at Culver.

Mrs. Ella Davis visited with Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Freshour, Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Dickson and daughter Lutetia attended the quarterly meeting at Culver, Sunday.

Everybody is invited to attend the Young People's Alliance, at this place, Sunday evening, at 7:30 p. m.

Dora and Loyd Zumbaugh of Plymouth visited with their grandparents, Mr. and T. J. Freshour, Sunday.

Mrs. Laura Thornburg and daughters, Gladys and Laura, visited with Mr. Dan Marks and family at Culver, Sunday.

Miss Mable Thompson returned to her home in Argos Thursday, after a two weeks visit with Miss Edith Oyler, at this place.

NORTH BEND.

Mrs. Jane Castleman Correspondent.

Sunday-school is still progressing in Hornsburg.

J. F. Chapman made a business trip to Plymouth Saturday.

Charles Exaver and lady attended church in Monterey Sunday.

Henry Vergin and wife of Ora, have recently moved into our vicinity.

Russel Overmyer and wife spent Sunday with S. D. Shanks and wife.

Miss Elizabeth Castleman spent Sunday with Miss Alta Jordan of Monterey.

Mr. and Mrs. John Casper and daughter Lula are visiting in South Bend.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Good, of Winona, spent Saturday and Sunday in our locality.

August Jordan went to Washington last week to look for a home to take his bride to when he gets her.

Mr. J. Eugene Thinnies, of Chicago, visited his mother, Mrs. Helen Thinnies, last week, returning to Chicago Saturday. Mr. Thinnies visited Horns school Friday afternoon and spent the evening at the residence of Joseph Castleman and family.

WASHINGTON.

Ollie Jones Correspondent.

They are preparing for an Easter entertainment at East Washington.

Mrs. Flagg, Mrs. Fairchild and S. Edwards are still on the sick list.

Several from here attended the quarterly meeting at Culver, Sunday.

John Kline and L. Kriegg made a business trip into Starke County, last week.

Mr. Abe Wiener of South Whitley and Miss Pearl Garver were married at the parsonage, Sunday, March 12th, by Rev. Thomas Whittaker.

A surprise party was given A. J. Hibray of Girdletree Md., formerly of this neighborhood, Friday evening March 3rd. The occasion being his forty fifth birthday. About thirteen of his neighbors were present, refreshments were served at ten p. m.

Get Increase In Salary.

Under the provisions of the Dausman act, which has been signed by Governor Hanly, the county superintendents of the state will have their per diem increased from \$4 to \$4.50. The act also provides that, to be eligible to the office, the applicant must hold a thirty-six months' state license. This is one of the bills prepared under the direction of Fassett A. Cotton, state superintendent of public instructions.

Governor Hanly has signed the Long act, allowing township trustees and school corporations to transfer what surplus remains in the special school fund to the tuition fund. This will be of special interest to many of those smaller corporations and townships that have not been able to maintain as long a school term as was desired, even though the corporation had a surplus in special school fund, as the right to transfer a surplus from one fund to the other has not hitherto existed.

Would Disbar Attorneys.

The committee of six attorneys appointed by Judge Richter to investigate the charges of subornation, perjury and conspiracy preferred by Mrs. Harry Duck, of South Bend, against Mayor Lemuel Darrow and City Attorney Worden, attorneys for Mrs. Stella Lula, who was acquitted of grand larceny by the testimony of Mrs. Duck, reported last Wednesday, recommending that proceedings for disbarment be instituted against Darrow and Worden.

The report is signed by all of the members of the committee. Mrs. Duck had testified that she was Mrs. W. E. Brashaer and while employed a year ago as clerk in a department store in Chicago sold a set of furs to Mrs. Lula. The real Mrs. Brashaer, who lives in Austin Ill., was afterward found, whereupon Mrs. Duck confessed perjury, implicating Darrow and Worden and John W. Talbot, of South Bend. Mrs. Duck claimed that Darrow and Talbot paid her money to testify falsely.

Judge Richter in the afternoon appointed Attorneys Osborn and McVey to make out papers in compliance with the report of the inquiry board.

Gory Dew.

In appearance gory dew is a dark red, slimy film, which is frequently seen on damp walls and in shady places. It is in reality one of the lowest forms of vegetable life and is closely allied to the plant to which the famous phenomenon of red snow is chiefly due. Its botanical name is *Palmetta cruenta*. At times patches of it may become quite large, and it will develop into a tough, gelatinous mass.

Well Shaken.

"That's very strange about those chickens of mine."
"What's the matter with them?"
"Why, ever since your dog chased them all over the garden they have been laying nothing but scrambled eggs."

Ambition Gratified.

First Bookworm—Well, I'm working on a file of newspapers now and am entirely satisfied. Second Ditto—You always did have a sneaking ambition to get into the papers.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The most terrible obstacles are such as nobody can see except oneself.—Ellot.

On Divers Topics

We see that some of our exchange papers have accepted Montgomery Ward & Co's proposition on advertising space. The mail order houses are planning to advertise their business thoroughly and systematically through out all the country districts. We met a merchant in a neighboring town a few days ago who was very angry because the home paper accepted this foreign advertising, when asked whether he patronized the home paper he replied, no it don't pay me to advertise, every body knows me, besides I sell goods so low that it gives me the best kind of advertising. All the newspaper advertising I ever did was just like throwing away that much money. The question naturally arises, why, if newspaper advertising does not pay, in fact is a loss to the merchant, should our home merchants object to the home paper accepting advertising from Montgomery Ward & Co. and other large houses that believe in newspaper advertising. If it is throwing money away and a losing business, why not encourage it? This might be the easiest way to dispose of the mail order business, and then again it might not.

The three days' grace for commercial paper is no more in Indiana. The bill which eliminates the old custom provides that all negotiable instruments shall be payable at the time fixed therein. When the day of maturity falls upon Sunday or a legal holiday the instrument shall be payable on the next succeeding business day. Negotiable instruments falling due on Saturday shall be presented for payment on the next succeeding business day, except that instrument payable on demand may, at the option of the holder, be presented for payment before 12 o'clock noon on Saturday when that entire day is not a holiday.

State Representative Ananias Baker is for Congressman Brick, of South Bend. A statement was made a few days ago that he had a congressional bee, but this is what he says:

"I am a friend of Brick and Brick's a brick. I will stick to him like mortar as long as he needs my help. But if he ever wants to step down and out, it's your Uncle Ananias for the nomination. They'll find they can't steer their Uncle Ananias into the brushpile."

The almanac says that spring commences on the 21st of this month but the robins are here, so that my spring commences from date. Next month, if the ice leaves Maxinkuckee, I'll be fishing. This is a bright world to those who bask in the sunshine and eschew morbid thoughts.—Logansport Chronicle.

Flora has organized a "Shadow Club." The name would indicate that the club is composed of persons on the shady side of life, but such is not the case. It is composed of girls whose ages range from eleven to fifteen years. "Sunrise Club" would have been more appropriate.

Death of Henry A. Peed.

Henry A. Peed, formerly of The South Bend Times, before that of the Plymouth Democrat, where he was editor for a short time; later editor of the Shoals News, and more recently editor of the Warrensburg (Mo.) Journal-Democrat, is dead at Warrensburg. The deceased came to South Bend from Plymouth in 1881, buying out the late Hon. Charles L. Murry's South Bend Weekly Herald, and changing it to The Times, which he conducted as a daily and weekly until after the election of 1882, when he and the then Times Printing Company conducting the paper since the previous September, changed the name to a weekly, which continued up to the time of J. B. Stoff coming here in April, 1883, to assume the proprietorship. Peed

Best Footwear

The Radcliffe Shoe

For Women

Are Superior to other \$3.00 Shoes



Single Sole, Double Sole.

French Lace, or Blucher Lace.

French Heel, Militant Heel, Cuban, Convex and Common Sense Heels.

Special Introductory Price \$2.50

Ladies, they are the best and biggest shoe bargain ever offered. Ladies' better shoes at \$3.75 and upwards if you want them.

The Skreemer Shoe

For Dressy Men

The Equal of Any \$5 Dress Shoe



Special Introductory Prices: \$4.00, \$3.75, \$3.50

Button, Lace or Bluchers In Widths C to EE All Leathers

We aim to fit your feet and please you as to price. Quality guaranteed.

Keep posted on the free gold distribution Premium Plan of the "Radcliffe" Shoe. Call at the store for information.

THE SURPRISE

Culver's Big Double Store Phone 25

We want Butter, Eggs and Chickens—Bring them in.

\$33 to the Pacific Coast

Every day, March 1 to May 15, 1905, from Chicago. Choice of routes via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

via St. Paul and Minneapolis, via Omaha, or via Kansas City. Tickets good in tourist sleeping cars, in which the rate for a double berth, Chicago to Pacific Coast points, is only \$7.

E. G. HAYDEN,
Traveling Passenger Agent
189 Superior Street
Cleveland, O.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION Price 50c & \$1.00 Coughs and Colds Free Trial.

Swiftest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

Very low one way colonist rates to the west and northwest via the Nickel Plate Road March 1st to May 15th inclusive. Half rates to children of proper age. For full information call on agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind. 5-15

A FULL LINE OF PLUMBING SUPPLIES, WELL MATERIALS, ETC., ETC.

REPAIR WORK WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

WILLIAM GRUBB

Practical Plumber

Having opened a shop in Culver, I am now prepared to do all kinds of Plumbing and Well Work. Give me a trial.

Shop in Rear of Tin Shop : CULVER, IND.