

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

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LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

VOL. III.

CULVER, INDIANA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1905.

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Non-Partisan in Politics.

MEMORIES OF LAKE SEASON

Entertaining Resume of the Summer at Maxinkuckee.

It has not been so very many years since Maxinkuckee as a summer resort was not known. Prior to 1875 there was no railroad here, and not a single cottage on the lake. That year the old Plymouth Club House on the east side was erected, it being the first place on the lake for purely resort purposes. From that modest beginning about one hundred and forty cottages have been erected, and the lake has established itself as undoubtedly the finest summer resort in Indiana. This is not brag and bluster, but the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. "Witness my hand and seal." And as I predicted more than twenty years ago, Maxinkuckee lake as a summer resort is still in its infancy, and without any boomers or speculators to sound its praises, it will not be many years until all the available lake front will be occupied, as well as low places filled up and graded, and eventually, I firmly believe, eligible back property with easy approaches to the lake will be into use for summer cottages. The town of Culver has grown wonderfully during the past half dozen years, and with everything in its favor there can be no doubt but what it will in time take its place in population, trade and importance with the principal towns of the county. Stick a pin there!

But I have wandered. The summer season at the lake practically came to an end with the close of the past week, although many will remain for a month or two longer. The grand exit of the two hundred students of the Culver Summer Naval School took place Wednesday afternoon when they boarded the trains for their homes in the various parts of the country. Then on Saturday and Sunday and especially Monday, the most of the summer residents "broke camp," closed their cottage and left for home. The railroad station was the busiest place about the lake. There were great big trunks and valises, dressing cases, baby cabs, bird cages, boxes, baskets, and the deak knows what all, every body demanding to have their baggage checked first. Agent Shugrue managed to keep his temper during the trying ordeal, and so all got away without a great deal of friction, to take up the daily grind until another season rolls around.

The summer has been delightful. There has been but a few extremely hot days, and they were tempered with gentle breezes that fanned the fevered and sun burned cheeks of the lads and lassies. The prevailing winds have blown from the west, northwest, north, northeast and southwest and sometimes from the south, so that all, some time during the summer, were favored with the cool zephyrs that blew across the lake. Two or three brisk wind storms that came up suddenly caught a few of the sail boats and fisherman's boats out on the lake, but were blown to shore in safety. "The fool boy" that rocks the boat to frighten the girls was here, but fortunately he did not succeed in capsizing his boat and drowning some one.

The fishing has not been as bad as it might have been, nor as good it ought to have been. Enough fish have been caught to supply the demand and that is all that was necessary. The remarkable thing about the fishing was, that all the big fish got away just as the fishermen were trying land them in their boats.

to the lake mostly from Indianapolis, Terre Haute and the towns north of those two cities. Aside from the permanent summer cottagers it is probable that more than 30,000 people have visited the lake during the summer. They were of the better class, and as a rule behaved themselves like ladies and gentlemen. There was little drunkenness and rowdiness, and no disturbances of any kind occurred. The social feature about the lake have not varied much from former years. The launching of the "White Swan" gave those fond of dancing an excellent opportunity to indulge in that sort of amusement to their heart's content. It is a double-deck floating palace, the upper deck being a dancing floor 40x70, the lower floor being used as an ice cream parlor, and for card and other parties. It was floated to the east side and used for a general reception and dance in honor of Vice President Fairbanks on the occasion of his visit to the lake early in the summer.

Fishing on Sunday has become so common that few are aware that there is a law of this state making fishing on that day a criminal act with a attached fine from one to ten dollars for each offense. But this, like all laws that interfere with one's personal liberty, when the community nor no one else is injured thereby, can never be enforced. Who ever heard of anyone being arrested and fined for fishing on Sunday? It is similar to the law making it a penal offense to swear, to take the name of God, Christ or the Holy Ghost profanely, and yet we hear profane words used everywhere and every day of our lives, but an arrest for this offense has seldom if ever been made in this county. In both of these laws a saving clause should have been added. It should have been provided that it is unlawful to fish on Sunday, or to swear "except in cases of emergency." I never swore an oath in my life, but I can readily see how circumstances might arise where it would do a fellow a power of good to relieve his pent up wrath by the use of a few cuss words. I heard of a case once that seemed to justify this conclusion. A preacher and a friend, who was not very particular about swearing, went fishing, and to provide against snake bites and the like, a bottle of good old "seven-year-old" was provided, and to keep it cool and ready for use, it was fastened to the boat with a cord long enough to allow it to float in the water. In due time it was suggested that they "take a little something for the stomach's sake." In unfastening the cord the friend accidentally let the bottle slip out of his hand and it sank to the bottom before he could catch it. Looking at the spot where the bottle disappeared he yelled out, "—d—n that bottle!" The preacher looked at him a moment in sad bewilderment and said, "Amen!" showing that the ruling passions of men of are the same, and no matter what the occupation or profession, under certain conditions it will have vent, law or no law.

Those who have made the lake their home the past few weeks have had a joyous time. There has been no accidents or other misfortune to mar the pleasure of their stay at this, the most charming of all the lakes in our own beloved Hoosier state. The people of Culver and the surrounding country have added greatly to this happy state of affairs by friendly greetings to summer residents, transient visitors and excursionists, at no time having attempted to dictate to anyone the course of his conduct. This will be greatly to our credit and add another hue to the rainbow of popularity as a summer resort of the ever beautiful Maxinkuckee, a place

"Where the spirit of mortal may worship,
In the freedom of unwritten creeds,
Hearing many and joyous responses
In the music that comes from the reeds."

DANIEL McDONALD,
Pottawatomie Reservation, Maxinkuckee Lake.

AROUND THE LAKE'S SHORES

Personal Notes of Summer Visitors at Lake Maxinkuckee.

Mrs. Caroline Coffin is visiting her son at Portledge.

Mrs. Geo. Moore, of Princeton, is a guest of Mrs. W. Parson.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Steehan are spending a few days at the lake.

Ed. Wynestine, of Terre Haute is spending a few days at the lake fishing.

Miss Florence Coffin, of Indianapolis is a guest at the Coffin cottage.

Misses Maus and Alice Schaf, are spending two weeks at New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Brownell close their cottage this week and return to Peru.

Miss Cone who has been a guest of the Misses Robinsons left for Hartford, Conn., Monday.

G. B. Yandes and niece, Miss Josephine Robinson, spent the last part of the week in Chicago.

Mrs. Barnes, who has been visiting Mrs. McQuat several weeks returned to Chicago Wednesday.

Mrs. John T. Watson who has been a guest of Mrs. Walter Culver returned to St. Louis Monday.

H. C. Adams and family of Indianapolis will spend the latter part of this week at their cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Bliss and son, Henry, closed their cottage Tuesday and returned to Indianapolis.

Mrs. C. L. Easton and son, who have been spending the season at the lake, returned to Indianapolis Tuesday.

E. H. Bindley of Terre Haute arrived at the lake Monday in their auto and is a guest at the Chadwick hotel.

John Hendricks and family who have been occupying the H. C. Adams cottage returned to Indianapolis Wednesday.

Mrs. S. A. Jewett and daughter, Nellie, and Miss Pausey, who have been guests at the Carson cottage returned home Friday.

Messrs. Charles P. Jacobs, Wm. Atkins, Parker and Felix Geddes, of Indianapolis were guests of Mr. and Mrs. McQuat Sunday.

J. H. Stofe, of Terre Haute arrived at the lake Monday and will occupy the cottage he bought of Lewis Dunweg for several weeks.

A. M. Ogle has purchased of J. H. Vajen the land fronting the lake and Mrs. Vajen will build a house on his land east of the road.

Mrs. John C. Bays and son, Capt. H. C. Bays and family, who have been spending the season at the Windermere cottage left for their homes Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Walk and Mr. and Mrs. Neal who have been occupying the Darnell cottages left for their homes this week.

Public School Teachers.

The Culver School Board have hired the following teachers for the coming school year:

I. S. Hahn, Superintendent.

E. E. Landis, Principal.

Grace Zechiel, 7th. and 8th. grades.

Edna Stahl, 5th. and 6th. grades.

Rose Moss, 3rd. and 4th. grades.

Elsie Curtis, Primary.

School will open September 18th, and the same buildings will be used as last year.

Low colonist rates west, north-west and to the Pacific coast points via the Nickel Plate Road daily Sept. 15th to Oct. 1st inclusive. For full information see ticket agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A. St. Wm. Ind.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

Happenings of the Past Week in Culver and Vicinity.

Jap-a-lac at the Cash Hardware.

Bargains in carriages at Hays & Son's Livery.

The cold weather is driving many lake people to their city homes.

FOR SALE—Choice timothy seed at the grist mill.—Collier Bros.

Try our steam evaporated sorghum. Alspach Bros., Delong, Ind. 17-4t

Mabel Rees and Flo Delp, of Rochester visited Eva Davis last week.

Levi Osborn, of Culver City Drug Store is enjoying a week's vacation.

Geo. Davis and family attended the Davis Reunion at Lake Manitau Saturday.

Call at the Citizen office for the revised telephone directory. They cost you nothing. If

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Romig will move into their new house on Wolf Island this week.

Mrs. Chas. Turner and daughters of South Bend visited W. H. Porter and family last Sunday.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

Capt. Greiner and family left Thursday for southern Ohio, where they will visit relatives for several weeks.

See Medbourn & Dillon for lime, Portland cement, plaster, etc. Get prices for hard and soft coal for fall and winter.

D. B. Young left Monday for the Indiana Gas Belt, where he will remain indefinitely in the interest of the Culver Novelty Co.

FOR SALE—New and second-hand buggies and carriages at almost your own price. Call and see them at Hayes & Son Livery.

Examine the printed label on your paper, if you are in arrears, please pay up. If there should be an error in date, notify us at once.

Miss Bertha Hissong left Saturday for Chicago and after spending a few days with brother she left for Denver, Colorado and other western places.

Charles Borts brought to this office last week a few of the finest peaches we have seen, that were home grown. He is an expert at raising fine fruit.

The elevator at Culver is open for business. We are prepared to handle all kinds of grain for which we will pay the highest market price.—DILLON & MEDBOURN.

Mr. and Mrs. Shepard, of Indianapolis returned home last week after having visited her uncle James Green and family and cousins, Mrs. Thos. Medbourn and Mrs. David Joseph.

Mr. Chinowith and Edith Mow, of Warren, Mrs. Kleckner and children, of Chicago, Mrs. Duff and wife and Dr. Hoot and children of Monterey visited George Davis and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Joseph entertained for dinner last Tuesday, Mrs. Shepard and daughter, of Indianapolis, Mrs. James Green and daughter, Mrs. T. Medbourn and daughter, Mrs. A. Green and daughter and Mrs. John Horgeshimer.

Clyde Walter came home Saturday morning from Clarinda, Iowa, where he has been in charge of the commissary department of the State Hospital for the last three years. After several weeks visit here he will leave for Kansas City, Mo., where he will take a three years course in veterinary surgery.

Capt. Glascock is spending his vacation in Colorado.

FOR SALE—Choice timothy seed at the grist mill.—Collier Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. David Menser are attending the fair at Rochester.

Hugo Linemann, of Logansport is visiting with his cousin, N. J. Busart.

Steam evaporated sorghum is sweeter and better flavored than any other. 17-4t

Now is the time to cut those weeds in your yard—before they all go to seed.

Remember the date, Sept. 11th to 16th. Save money by buying your stove next week.

F. J. Kindler, of Huntington, and Anna Busart of South Bend spent Sunday at home.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

Rev. Thos. Whittaker, formerly of the M. P. Church, at East Washington, has moved to Keystone.

G. N. Fear has been awarded the contract for the stonework on the new bank building for Mr. Snepp, at Kewanna.

I will be prepared to make cider, at my home, on Tuesdays and Wednesdays until further notice. I. C. BROOKE. 2t-18

Excursions from Indianapolis Terre Haute, South Bend, Butler, Bradford and Effner will run to Culver next Sunday.

Capt. Algerman Coleman left for Paducah, Ky., last Friday, where he will conduct a preparatory school this year.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Koontz and Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Koontz attended the funeral of Mrs. Fred Vollman at Bremen, Sunday.

An excursion of twelve coaches carrying the employees of the Panhandle Railroad living at Logansport spent Saturday at the lake.

WASTED—A girl wishing to attend high school in Culver and willing to assist in housework for a home and reasonable additional compensation.—Mrs. H. G. GLASCOCK, C. M. A. 1912

Volume I, No. 1 of the Shipshewana Sun, edited by Geo. Nearpass Sr. and Geo. Nearpass Jr. reached us last week. It is a new-say sheet and we wish them success in their new home.

Evangelical Church services Sunday Sept. 10th, 1905, Sunday School 10 a. m., Y. P. A. 7 p. m., preaching 11 a. m. You are cordially invited to attend these services. Chas. McConnehey, pastor.

Major Gignilliat and family left Thursday, for Charlottesville, Va. to attend the marriage of Mrs. Gignilliat's brother, Mr. Soddon Fleet. Before returning they will visit the Major's home at Savannah, Ga., and Washington, D. C.

Capt. J. S. Fleet was married last Saturday at the home of the bride, to Miss Bibb, of Charlottesville, Va. After a trip to New York and Nova Scotia, he will return to Culver with his wife and be at Col. Fleet's cottage this winter.

The Christian Church at Plymouth will be dedicated next Sunday, Sept. 10. T. J. Legg, of Indianapolis will preach the sermon. On Monday and Tuesday following the convention of the Christian churches of the 1st district will be held at Plymouth.

Howard & Davis have installed a 36light dynamo, and now have electric lights over their entire building. The power is furnished by a 5 H. P. gasoline engine, that is used also for furnishing power for their ice cream manufactory.

They now have the best lighted business building in town.

COUNTY W. C. T. U. MEETING

To Be Held at the M. E. Church, September 14th and 15th.

The Marshall county W. C. T. U. convention will be held in the M. E. Church at this place Sept. 14 and 15. Workers from all over the county will be present and a good program is being arranged. Everyone is cordially invited to be present at both the day and evening sessions. The programme appears below:

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.
2:00 Devotional.
2:15 Address of Welcome.
.....Miss Rosa Moss
Response.....
.....Mrs. Womes, Bourbon
Paper, "Purity".....
.....Mrs. G. R. Streeter
Reports of Officers.
President's Address.
Business.

EVENING.
7:30 Devotional.
Recitation.....Ethel Alden
Lecture.
Recitation.....Ernest Zechiel
FRIDAY FORENOON.

10:00 Devotional.....
.....Miss Stacy, Plymouth
Paper, "Mercy".....
.....Miss Daddleson
Roll Call of Unions.
Reports of Department Superintendents.
Election of Officers.
Election of Superintendents
Business.
Noontide Prayer.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.
2:00 Devotional.....
.....Mrs. Voreis, Argos
Talk.....Rev. Klopfenstein
Paper, "Non-Alcoholic
Medication".....Mrs. Parker
Discussion.

Paper, "The forces of the W. C. T. U. should be directed toward which the Prohibition Party or the Temperance League?.....
.....Rev. Oyler, Bremen
Children's Chorus.

Business and Adjournment.
There will be special music interspersed throughout the program. It is under the direction of Mr. Chester Zechiel.

Osborn Reunion.

Forty-four members of the Osborn family met in the Vandalia Park Sunday, Sept. 3 and held their second annual reunion. At the noon hour a beautiful feast was spread, after which the members gathered about in a circle, to listen to the early history of the Osborn family, given by the oldest brothers, William and Samuel. The founder of this branch of the family was Geo. M. Osborn, who moved from Pennsylvania to Ohio, from Ohio to Eagle Lake, Starke county, Ind., when only five other families lived in the county. After living five years there he and his wife both died, leaving a family of six orphan children to care for themselves alone in the wilderness. Four of these children, Wm., Samuel, John and Eliza are living within about twelve miles of the old home place. One hundred and six descendants have sprung from the George M. Osborn family.

Other interesting remarks were given by John Osborn, of Culver, and Wesley Osborn, of Ober.

Miss Maude Osborn who had just returned from a trip through the east, gave a description of one of the most interesting places visited.

Wm. Osborn Sr. was elected president, Samuel Osborn vice president and Maude Osborn Sec. Arrangements were made to hold the third annual reunion first Sunday in September.

Mrs. Eva Metstorf from Goshen attended the reunion.

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Pubs.
CULVER, INDIANA.

Mr. Elberfeld of New York, who struck a baseball umpire in haste, reported, at leisure.

That California motorman who has become a minister should never want for power in the pulpit.

Not for the young and slim Beau Brummels is King Edward's bell-shaped and broad-brimmed silk hat.

As to those reports concerning Mark Twain's gout, we trust they also have been "greatly exaggerated."

Then there is also the Hon. Kimsey Hensley of South Carolina. Move over a little and make room for him.

Down in Philadelphia they have put a boy in jail for stealing kisses. Why didn't the foolish fellow give them back.

At the present rate of increase the auto accidents soon will be entitled to a special department in the daily newspapers.

Medical Journal asks: "Can a doctor know too much?" Not sure about that, but they can charge too much. —New York Herald.

A German count is acting as head waiter in a New York restaurant. Evidently he has not seen an heiress who suited his fancy.

Gamblers are being driven out of Pittsburg, which city has heretofore been likened to "h—l with the lid off." These are busy days for the lid.

Castro should go slow. What would the sympathies of world be if by harsh and despotic measures he should wipe the United States out of existence?

New York society women have adopted as their latest fad the playing of baseball. This, by the way, has been a rather dull season for H. Lehr.

Soda fountains are becoming popular in London. But so many Americans live there now that London can hardly be regarded as English any more.

The South Carolina negro boy who was locked up for six days in a car loaded with watermelons felt upon being released like Adam expelled from Eden.

Kermit Roosevelt has gone to the Black Hills to hunt catamounts with Seth Bullock. Quentin will, however, play Indian around home for a year or two longer.

The railroads of the United States are killing people at the rate of 30,000 a year. If you are worrying about the future, cheer up. You may be one of the victims.

There is in Denver a man who says his prayers by phonograph. He will probably kick, though, if he is ever confronted by a proposition to go to heaven by proxy.

Dr. Anna Shaw of New York offers to the women of America the following platform: "No ballot, no babies." There is no likelihood, however, that this will settle the matter.

A New York girl went to stealing because she believed "nothing could be worse than work." Now she knows better. They have not yet got to putting people in jail for working.

Congressman Longworth of Cincinnati saved an editor from drowning a few days ago. Gov. Pennypacker of Pennsylvania will hereafter be likely to regard Longworth as a public nuisance.

The world will naturally be a little skeptical about the mysterious sun which bumped into our sun and formed the solar system until the university professors show its birth certificate.

"Women dress to please men," according to Editor Bok of the Ladies' Home Journal. That is all Eddie knows about it. If they dressed to please men they wouldn't wear so many clothes.—Chicago Journal.

The following advertisement appeared in a Winsted (Conn.) paper the other day: "Lost, strayed or stolen, my wife Emily. Whoever finds her may keep her at their expense. Nick Welkenback." No wonder she left him.

The British Atlantic fleet, under the command of Prince Louis of Battenburg, will be entertained at Newport instead of at New York. We may now be safe in concluding that the visit of the British squadron will be of a purely social nature.

A New York preacher suggests that in the marriage ceremony the bride and groom should promise to remain husband and wife until death. That would settle the divorce question. If the promise was kept, but quarrels silver promises as a breath withers the frost.

Down in Massachusetts a colored preacher recently took the members of his race to task for "industriously seeking after something easy." But is this not an indication of equality between the white and black races?

TWO VOLCANOES IN ERUPTION

Activity of Vesuvius and Stromboli Has Caused a Panic in Italy.

TWO KILLED; MANY INJURED

Inhabitants of Villages Bordering on Centers of Disturbance Leave Household Goods and Flee in Terror—Many Years Since Last Eruption.

Naples cable: Coincident with a violent earthquake in Subana and Palena which caused a great panic among the people, Mount Vesuvius is in full eruption. Two persons were killed as a result of the quake and more than 10 wounded. The volcano is throwing out an enormous amount of lava, which is running down the right side of the cone. Deep rumblings are heard in the interior of the crater. As a result of the earthquake many houses fell and church steeples tottered. The inhabitants of the two towns fled to the country.

The ancient crater in the island of Stromboli is in full eruption and is ejecting a heavy mass of lava. Dense smoke hangs over the island. Panic prevails in the villages around the volcano and the villagers are leaving.

The most recent eruption of Vesuvius of any magnitude was in 1902, about the same time that an eruption of Mount Pelee destroyed the city of St. Pierre on the island of Martinique. There was a violent outbreak in 1895. Vesuvius is 4,000 feet high and has a crater 1,000 feet deep and three miles in circumference. The mountain is visited annually by thousands of tourists.

Stromboli is one of the Lipari group of islands near Sicily. The last eruption of this volcano was in 1902.

ACTIVITY OF RECENT YEARS

Vesuvius' Eruption in 1902 Pronounced—Stromboli's Also.

Vesuvius has shown considerable activity of late years, the most recent eruption of any magnitude occurring in 1902, about the time the city of St. Pierre on the island of Martinique was destroyed by an eruption of Mount Pelee. Other remarkable outbreaks took place in 1855, 1872, 1878, 1880 and 1895.

The mountain is about 4,000 feet high and has a crater 1,000 feet deep and three miles in circumference. It is ascended annually by thousands of tourists, some going by rail to within a short distance of the summit and others by horseback from Pompeii, the ancient town destroyed by the volcano in A. D. 79. There are many small villages near the base of the mountain and small farms and orchards are numerous.

Stromboli is one of the Lipari group of islands lying immediately to the north of Sicily. All are of volcanic origin, but are, as a rule, well cultivated, producing wine, currants, olives, figs and other fruits. The last eruption of Stromboli's volcano was in 1902 when nearly all the craters of the world, not totally extinct, showed remarkable activity.

CZAR'S TROOPS WIN IN SMALL SKIRMISH

Probably Last Engagement of War Results in Defeat of Japan.

St. Petersburg cable: A dispatch from Litzingpudze contains the details of what probably will be the last engagement of the war. This encounter took place on Aug. 28, and resulted in an advantage to the Russians, who took 130 prisoners. A number of Japanese were killed. The Russian losses were eight killed. The remnant of the Japanese retired bearing their wounded.

Tokio cable: Army headquarters have made the following announcement:

In the direction of Hsingching on the morning of Aug. 27 our forces attacked and defeated the enemy's mounted infantry, several hundred strong, with four guns, near Yutliang-shan, thirty miles northeast of Hsingching.

Both Nations to Raise Loans Here.

Portsmouth, N. H., special: For the first time in the history of finance American bankers are to take the lead in the matter of floating a Russian loan. The visit of Frank A. Vanderlip, vice president of the National City bank of New York and the representations he made to Mr. Witte, have resulted in a preliminary arrangement by which New York bankers will be the principals in the work of relieving the financial situation in Russia.

In addition to this, it is known that the same financiers who will guide the Russian loan matter will direct the raising of more money for the Japanese government.

Death Shows \$20,000,000 Loss.

Paris cable: It is estimated that the sums lost in the late Ernest Crompton's disastrous speculations amount to nearly \$20,000,000. In this total Crompton's personal estate figures for \$4,000,000, the heirs of the late Henry Say for \$8,000,000, the Say Sugar Refinery Company for \$4,000,000 and various holders of bills of exchange for \$5,000,000.

FIALA TALKS OF HIS TRIP NORTH

Says Large Party and Ten Years' Time Needed to Reach the Pole.

New York special: Anthony Fiala, the Brooklyn artist, who headed the ill-fated arctic exploration expedition of the late William Ziegler, and who was in the polar region for two years, returned on the White Star liner Oceanic. He appeared in rugged health, and did not show any traces of the hardships he endured in his frozen north, where he was supposed to have been lost.

Mr. Fiala spoke freely about his explorations. He believes that proper exploration of the far north will never be made along the lines thus far attempted.

"I believe an expedition has a poor chance of reaching the pole," he said, "without it is composed of a large party. It must be made up of men willing to remain in that region for from five to ten years. It might be necessary to send a number of ships to act as stations."

"The Peary expedition should get farther north than any other. Another way to get to the pole would be to have a drift boat of coarse steel, but it must be of great resistance and able to crush the ice. Then, again, an expedition must be equipped with wireless telegraphy."

Mr. Fiala said he would like to try again, but he did not know what young Ziegler's, the heir of William Ziegler, intentions are. Until then he could not discuss plans for further expeditions. He said an expedition will need a great deal of money.

MOROCCO YIELDS TO DEMANDS OF FRANCE

Citizen of the Republic Set Free When an Ultimatum Is Presented.

Tangier cable: A courier from Fez announces that the French-Algerian merchant, Bouzian, has been set at liberty, and that he is ill as the result of the bad treatment accorded to him while in prison.

The sultan's action in yielding to the demands of France at the last moment averted the occupation of a Moroccan port by the French, as St. Rene Taillandier, French minister at Fez, made his final demand for the release of the prisoner, and said that unless the demand was granted he would withdraw from the country. It is known French cruisers were in readiness to sail in that event to carry out the announced intention of seizing a Moroccan port.

Bouzian is a French citizen, and the chief of an Algerian settlement and was arrested owing to local troubles. The sultan, until France protested emphatically, refused to release him, on the ground that he was a Moroccan, and not a French citizen. It is not known what action has been taken concerning the indemnity which France demanded.

MANY VIEW THE SUN'S ECLIPSE

World's Astronomers Gathered at Almazan, Spain.

Almazan, Spain, cable: Astronomers gathered here from all parts of the world to observe the total eclipse of the sun and were favored with a cloudless sky.

Camille Flammarion, the great French astronomer, was assisted by his wife. He worked all night in preparation for his observations and photographs of the eclipse. Dr. John Miller, Professor William Douglass and assistants from the Indiana university also worked all night in their preparations, as did Valentin Gama and Joaquin Gallo of the Mexican expedition.

The eclipse drew crowds of fantastically dressed peasants to the camps of the various expeditions. As totality approached and the shadow of night went on the scene was a weird one. Children cried, terrified; women screamed, and some of them became hysterical; men shouted and sang to keep up their courage. A cold wave swept over the land. The cold was so pronounced that it caused the countless peasants to shiver and appear uncomfortable.

General Strike in Libau.

Libau, Russia, cable: A general strike has been brought about here by the order for the mobilization of troops. Steam railroad communication has been interrupted and no newspapers are issued. Arrival of reservists from the neighboring country districts has added to the confusion, as well as to the possibilities of disorder. The situation is growing tense and many soldiers are patrolling the streets.

Carry Off Iron Safe With Booty.

Stamford, Conn., special: Without disturbing any of the thirteen occupants of the house or arousing the three dogs kept on the grounds, burglars gained entrance to the residence, the summer residence of Paul Russell Bonner, at Alexander's Point, near Stamford. They carried off an iron safe weighing 400 pounds and containing jewels valued at \$20,000.

Cattle Men Kill 8,000 Sheep.

Basin, Wyo., special: The old war between the cattle raisers and sheep men has broken out again in the Big Horn Basin. The first clash resulted in the killing of a flock of 8,000 sheep in one herd, the property of L. A. Gantz, whose range is on Snake creek. Further trouble is anticipated, as both the sheep men and cattle men are guarding their herds.

PEACE TERMS AGREED UPON

War Between Russia and Japan Ended Through an Understanding.

NATIONS MAY BECOME ALLIES

Mutual Commercial Privileges to Be Enjoyed by Subjects of the Czar and Mikado—New Treaty to Be Friendly Document.

The long and bloody war between Japan and Russia is ended. The terms of peace were settled by M. Witte and Baron Komura at the session of the conference Aug. 29, and preliminary arrangements for an armistice were concluded and the actual work of framing the "Treaty of Portsmouth" was by mutual agreement turned over to Mr. De Maartens, Russia's great international lawyer, and Mr. Dennison, who for twenty-five years has acted as the legal adviser of the Japanese foreign office.

The happy conclusion of the conference, which a week ago would have been shipwrecked had it not been for the intercession of President Roosevelt, was sudden and dramatic.

For the sake of peace Japan, with the magnanimity of a victor, at the last moment yielded everything still in issue.

Russia Refused to Budge.

Russia refused to budge from the ultimatum Emperor Nicholas had given to President Roosevelt through Ambassador Meyer.

No indemnity under any guise, but an agreement to divide Sakhalin and reimburse Japan for the maintenance of the Russian prisoners were his last words.

They had been repeatedly reiterated in M. Witte's instructions and in the form of a written reply to the Japanese compromise proposal they were delivered to Baron Komura.

M. Witte went to the conference Aug. 29 declaring he was powerless to change the dot of an "i" or the cross of a "t" in his instructions. Emperor Nicholas' word had been given not only to him, but to President Roosevelt, the head of a foreign state.

M. Witte Remains Firm.

When Baron Komura, therefore, first offered the new basis of compromise (the complete renunciation of indemnity, coupled with a proposition for the redemption of Sakhalin at a price to be fixed by a mixed tribunal consisting of representatives of the neutral powers, in fact, if not in words, the solution offered by the president), M. Witte against returned a non possumus.

It was what M. Witte termed the "psychological moment."

M. Witte did not flinch. He expected a rupture and, as he expressed it afterward, he was stunned by what happened. Baron Komura gave way on all the disputed points. With the presence that has enabled the Japanese to gauge the mental processes of their adversaries on the field of battle and upon the sea, they had realized in advance that peace could be obtained in no other way.

Japs Warn Their Government.

They had warned their government. President Roosevelt had also, it is believed, advised Japan that it was better to meet the Russian proposition than to take the responsibility of continuing the war for the purpose of collecting tribute.

The Mikado at the session of the cabinet and elder statesmen had sanctioned the final concession.

When Baron Komura yielded the rest was mere child's play. Articles 10 and 11 (interned warships and the limitation of Russia's sea power in the far east) were withdrawn. Japan agreed that only that portion of the Chinese Eastern railroad south of Chantfu, the position occupied by Oyama, should be ceded to Japan. Both sides, once the deadlock was broken, wanted a "just and lasting" peace and in that spirit it was decided practically to neutralize Sakhalin, each country binding itself not to fortify its half of the island and Japan assuming an obligation not to fortify the La Perouse strait between Sakhalin and Hokkaido, which would bar Russia's commercial route to the Pacific.

Nations to Assist Each Other.

The plenipotentiaries went further. They decided to add a new clause in the nature of a broad provision for mutual commercial privileges by which each country will secure for the other the benefit of the "most favored nation" clause and the "open door." The new treaty, therefore, will be a wonderfully friendly document, of character almost to raise the suspicion that the two countries have not negotiated peace, but have concluded the basis of a future alliance.

There is, however, no evidence, as rumored, that any secret clauses are to be appended to the present treaty.

Keen Satisfaction in France.

Paris cablegram: The news of the successful termination of the conference at Portsmouth produced a profound impression when it was communicated to the members of the diplomatic corps and the high officials of the government. American, Russian and French officials displayed jubilation, while Japanese diplomats maintained their usual imperturbability, regarding the event as a thing that had been expected. All, however, rejoiced that the disastrous war had been brought to a close with undoubt-

ed benefit, not only to Russia and Japan, but to the whole world.

Considerable surprise was shown among French diplomats that the Japanese had surrendered so completely relative to the question of indemnity, on which they hitherto had held so firm. Their action in thus making an enormous sacrifice evoked much commendation.

Witte Now a Power in Russia.

Berlin cablegram: Capitalists are ready to pour money into Russia and aid in the development of her internal resources. In St. Petersburg the news was slowly circulated through cafes and created a sensation. Nobody believed that Japan would be so magnanimous.

The result of the negotiations is a great personal triumph for Witte and it will make him superior to grand ducal conspiracies and give him influence over the czar that nobody heretofore has possessed.

It is expected that M. Witte will become president of the cabinet of ministers and that he will have free hand in developing and directing internal reforms.

Astonishment in Vienna.

Vienna cable: The feeling in diplomatic circles can only be described as one of astonishment and stupefaction. Military authorities, though not doubting that the Japanese would have been able to defeat Gen. Linvitch, considered that the situation was such that Russia could not be forced to agree to hard conditions, as the vital parts of the empire must have remained outside the Japanese sphere of action.

Washington is Relieved.

Washington dispatch: News of the agreement of the peace plenipotentiaries at Portsmouth was received here with surprise, for while the official mind had been in a measure prepared for a successful outcome of the conference by dispatches from Portsmouth, no such speedy action was anticipated. Now that the agreement has been reached both branches of the government service experience a feeling of relief.

THOMPSON ENVOY TO MEXICO

Promotion of United States Minister to Brazil to Be Ambassador.

Rio Janeiro cable: United States Minister D. E. Thompson's appointment as ambassador to Mexico, to succeed E. H. Conger is officially announced here.

D. E. Thompson of Lincoln, Neb., was appointed United States minister to Brazil in 1902 to succeed Charles Page Bryan of Chicago when the latter was transferred to the American legation at Lisbon. Mr. Thompson's appointment as ambassador to Mexico was determined upon early in the present year, but was delayed by the transfer of E. H. Conger from Peking to another mission.

APPEAL OF POWERS DOCKETED

Question of Jurisdiction in Case Now Before Highest Tribunal.

Washington dispatch: The appeal of the state of Kentucky in its case against Caleb Powers, under prosecution on the charge of being a party to the murder of Gov. Goebel, docketed in the supreme court of the United States. The state's appeal is from the decision of Judge Cochran of the federal court, and the only question involved is that of jurisdiction. The names of former Gov. Black of New York and former Gov. Yates of Illinois appear in the list of Powers' attorneys.

Ships that Russia Recovers.

New York dispatch: The interned war ships to which Japan has waived her claim and which will be returned to Russia are: Battleship Czarovitch, at Tsingtau; cruiser Askold, gunboat Mandjur and torpedo-boat destroyer Grozovoi, at Shanghai; cruiser Diana, at Saigon; cruisers Aurora, Oleg and Jemichug, at Manila; cruiser Lena, at Mare Island, San Francisco bay.

Court-Martial for Officers.

Washington dispatch: Secretary Bonaparte has ordered a court-martial to try Captain Young of the Bennington for neglect of duty. The secretary is especially severe in his comment upon the failure of the officers to look after the safety valves.

Ensign Charles T. Wade, who was in charge of the machinery, also is ordered before a court-martial.

Cholera Dead, 6; Cases, 20.

Berlin cablegram: Reichsanzeiger officially reports twenty cholera cases and six deaths have occurred in West Prussia, near the Weichsel river. Most of the victims had been in immediate touch with Russian rivermen. The Prussian government is sending physicians from other parts of Germany to assist the local health authorities.

Shonts' Arm Infected.

Washington special: Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the executive committee of the Isthmian canal commission, is suffering from a dangerously sore arm by vaccination just before he started for the isthmus several weeks ago. The physicians have told Mr. Shonts to look forward to a troublesome time.

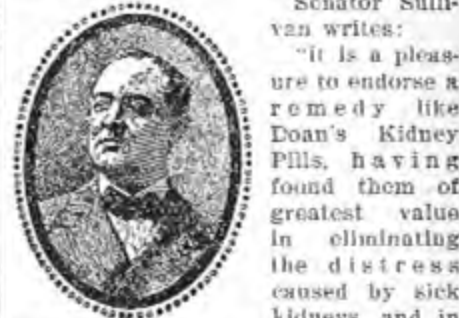
Elected Head of Monasteries.

Pittsburg special: Father Fidelis, C. P., was elected provincial of the Passionist monasteries in the United States at the session here of the triennial chapter of the order. The new provincial was late master of novices at the Pittsburg monastery. He was known in the world as James Kent Stone.

SENATOR SULLIVAN

Says He Has Found Doan's Kidney Pills Invaluable in Treating Sick Kidneys.

Hon. Timothy D. Sullivan of New York, Member of Congress from the Eighth New York District, and one of the Democratic leaders of New York State, strongly recommends Doan's Kidney Pills.



restoring those organs to a condition of health. My experience with your valuable remedy was equally as gratifying as that of several of my friends.

Yours truly,
(Signed) TIMOTHY D. SULLIVAN.
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

New Coal Mine Danger.

A rather unexpected danger in coal mines, as also in other places, has appeared. In an English mine an ordinary 100-volt 16-candle power lamp proved to be capable of causing smoke to rise within three minutes when imbedded in coal dust, and of producing flame within twenty-five minutes when laid on the top of coal dust. In other experiments heat was generated so rapidly that when the lamp was partly covered by coal dust, the bulb exploded in four minutes at 450 degrees Fahrenheit, and at a certain point combustion was begun in the dust and continued after removal of the lamp. Careless laying down of a lamp might start a fire quite unnoticed.

YELLOW CRUST ON BABY

Would Crack Open and Scab Causing Terrible Itching—Cured by Cuticura.

"Our baby had a yellow crust on his head which I could not keep away. When I thought I had succeeded in getting his head clear, it would start again by the crown of his head, crack and scale, and cause terrible itching. I then got Cuticura Soap and Ointment, washing the scalp with the soap and then applying the Ointment. A few treatments made a complete cure. I have advised a number of mothers to use Cuticura, when I have been asked about the same ailment of their babies. Mrs. John Hoyer, Pine Bush, N. Y."

Not Quite the Thing.

Mrs. Pennington—I did think of ordering one of those new polo hats. Do you think it would be becoming to me?
Mr. Pennington—Well, considering the condition of my pocketbook, I wouldn't consider it becoming of you.

Here is Relief for Women.

† Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Strike Breakers.

Bilkins—What! I did not strike back when he slapped you in the face?
Filkins—How could I? I had my umbrella in one hand and my gloves in the other.

Don't you know that Defiance Starch besides being absolutely superior to any other, is put up 16 ounces in package and sells at same price as 12-ounce packages of other kinds?

Onyx in California.

Near Redlands, Cal., a discovery of very high grade onyx and white and colored marble has been made.

Storekeepers report that the extra quantity, together with the superior quality of Defiance Starch makes it next to impossible to sell any other brand.

Silly Person.

"Do you eat corn on the cob?"
"No; I eat it off the cob."
"Aw, go to blazes!"

DON'T MISS THIS.

A Cure for Stomach Trouble—A New Method by Absorption—No Drugs.

DO YOU BELCH? It means a diseased stomach. Are you afflicted with short breath, gas, sour eructations, heart pains, indigestion, dyspepsia, burning pains and lead weight in pit of stomach, acid stomach, distended abdomen, dizziness, BAD BREATH, or any other stomach trouble? Let us send you a box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers free to convince you that it cures.

Nothing else like it known. It's sure and very pleasant. Cures by absorption. Harmless. No drugs. Stomach trouble can't be cured otherwise—so says medical science. Drugs won't do—they eat up the stomach and make you worse.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers cure and we want you to know it, hence this offer.

SPECIAL OFFER.—The regular price of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers is 50c. a box, but to introduce it to thousands of sufferers we will send two (2) boxes upon receipt of 75c. and this advertisement, or we will send you a sample free for this coupon.

FREE BOX 114

Send this coupon with your name and address and druggist's name who does NOT sell it, for a free box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 148 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill. Give full address and write plainly.

Sold at all druggists, 50c. per box.

JOAN OF THE SWORD HAND

By S. R. CROCKETT, Author of "The Raiders," etc.

(Copyright, 1898, 1900, by S. R. Crockett.)

CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

Suddenly there passed a wave over the people who crowded the spacious Dom Platz of Courtland. The many-headed, parti-colored throng of women's tall coifs, gay fluttering ribands, men's velvet caps, gallants' white feathers that shifted like the permutations of a kaleidoscope, all at once fixed itself into a sea of white faces, from which presently arose a forest of arms, flourishing kerchiefs and tossing caps. To this succeeded a deep mouth-roar of burgherish welcome such as the reigning Prince had never heard raised in his own honor.

"Conrad—Prince Conrad! God bless our Prince-Cardinal!"

The legitimate ruler of Courtland, standing where Joan had left him, with his slim-waisted Muscovite mentor behind him, half turned to look. And there on the highest place stood his brother in the scarlet of his new dignity as it had come from the Pope himself, his red biretta held in his hand, and his fair and noble head erect as he looked over the folk to where on the slope above the city gates he could still see the sun glint and sparkle on the cuirasses and lance heads of the four hundred riders of Kernsburg.

But even as the Prince of Courtland looked back at his brother, the whisper of the temple smote the latter's ear.

"Had Prince Conrad been in your place and you behind the altar rails, think you that the Duchess Joan would have fled so cavalierly?"

By this time the young cardinal had descended till he stood on the other side of the Prince from Ivan of Muscovy.

"You take horse to follow your bride?" he queried, smiling. "Is it a fashion of Kernsburg brides thus to steal away?"

Louis of Courtland broke out in a sudden-overboiling fury.

"This is your doing!" he cried; "I know it well. From her first coming my bride had set herself to scorn me. My sister knew it. You knew it. You smile as at a jest. You would have all—the love of my wife, the rule of my folk, as well as the acclaim of these city swine. Listen—The good Prince Conrad! God save the noble Prince! It is worth living for favor such as this."

"Brother of mine," said the young man gently, "as you know well, I never set eyes upon the noble Lady Joan before. Never spoke word with her, held no communication by word or pen."

"You were constantly with the old fox Dessauer, the envoy of Plassenburg—who came from Kernsburg, bringing with him that slim secretary. By my faith, now, when I think of it, Prince Ivan told me last night he was as like this madcap girl as pea to pea."

"Blown to-bward brother, doubtless!"

Conrad shook his head. His brother had doubtless gone momentarily distracted with his troubles.

"Nay, deny it not! And smile not, either—lest I spoil the symmetry of that face for your mummery and processions. Aye, if I have to underlie ten years' interdict for it from your friend the most Holy Pope of Rome!"

"Do not forget there is another church in my country, which will lay no interdict upon you, Prince Louis," laughed Ivan of Muscovy. "But to horse—we lose time!"

"Brother," said the Cardinal, laying his hand on his brother's arm, "on my word as a knight—as a Prince of the church—I know nothing of the matter. I cannot even guess what has led you thus to accuse me!"

The Princess Margaret came at that moment out of the cathedral and



"This is your doing!" he cried, ran impetuously to her favorite brother.

He put out his hand. She took it, and instead of kissing his bishop's ring, as in strict etiquette she ought to have done, she cried out, "Conrad, do you know what that glorious wench has done? Dared her husband's authority at the church door, leaped into the saddle, whistled up her men, cried to all these Courtland gallants, 'Catch me who can!' and lo! at this moment she is riding straight for Kernsburg, and now our Louis must catch her. A glorious wedding! I would I had been by her side."

"So, then, madam, you knew of this?" said her elder brother, glower-

ing upon her from beneath his heavy brows.

"Nay!" trilled the gay Princess, "I only wish I had. Then I, too, would have been riding with them—such a jest as never was, it would have been. Good-bye, my forsaken brother! Joy be with you on this your bridal journey. Take Prince Ivan with you, and Conrad and I will keep the kingdom against your return with your prize gentled on your wrist."

So, smiling and kissing her hand, the Princess Margaret waved her brother and Prince Ivan off. The Muscovite turned often to his saddle as if to carry with him the picture she made of saucy countenance and dainty figure as she stood looking up into the face of the Cardinal Prince Conrad.

"What in heaven's name is the meaning of all this—I do not understand in the least!" he was saying.

"Haste you and unrobe, Brother Con," she said; "this grandeur of yours daunts me. Then, in the summer parlor, I will tell you all!"

"I cannot go back to Courtland dishonored," said Prince Louis to Ivan of Muscovy, as they stood on the green bank looking down on the rushing river, broad and brown, which had so lately been the Poria of Alla. The river had risen almost as it seemed upon the very heels of the four hundred horsemen of Kernsburg, and the ironclad knights and men-at-arms who followed the Prince of Courtland could not face the yeasty swirl of the flood.

Prince Ivan stood a moment silent. Then his eyes glanced over his companion with a certain severe and amused curiosity. If there was anything so contemptuous as that eyeblink in the open scorn of all the burghers of Courtland, Prince Louis was to be excused for any hesitation in facing his subjects.

The matter of Prince Wasp's meditation ran somewhat thuswise: "Thou man, fashioned from a scullion's nail-parring, and cocked upon a horse, what can I make of thee? Thou, to have a country, a crown, a wife! Gudgeon eats stickleback, jackpike eats gudgeon and grows fat, till at the last the sturgeon in his armour eats him. I will fatten this jack. I will feed him like the gudgeons of Kernsburg and Hohenstein, baited with a dainty fly indeed, black-tipped, with sleeves gay as cranes' wings, and answering to the name of 'my lady Joan.' But wait—'t must be wary, and have a care lest I shadow his water."

So saying within his heart, Prince Wasp became exceedingly thoughtful and of a demure countenance.

"My lord," he said, "this day's work will not go well down in Courtland, I fear me!"

Prince Louis started quickly as the Wasp's slyness touched him.

"And, pray, Prince Ivan," he said, "what could I have done that I have left undone? Speak plainly, since you are so prodigal of smiles suppressed, so witty with covert words and shoulder-tappings!"

"My Louis," said Prince Wasp, laying his hand upon the arm of his companion with an affection of tenderness, "I flout you not—I mock you not. And if I speak harshly, it is only that I love not to see you in your town flouted, mocked, scorned, made light of before your own people!"

"Ever since I came first to Courtland with the not dishonorable hope of carrying back to my father a princess of your house, none have been so amiable together as you and I. We have been even as David and Jonathan."

The Prince Louis put out a hand, which apparently Ivan did not see, for he continued without taking it.

"Yet what have I gained either of solid good or even of the lighter but not less agreeable matter of my lady's favor? So far as your sister is concerned, I have wasted my time. If I consider a union of our peoples, already one in heart, your brother works against us both; the Princess Margaret despises me, Prince Conrad thwarts us."

"I think not so," answered Prince Louis—"I cannot think so of my brother, with all his faults. Conrad is a brave soldier, a good knight, though, as is the custom of our house, it is his lot to be no more than a prince-bishop."

The Wasp laughed a little hard laugh, clear and inhuman as the snap and rattle of Spanish castanets.

"Louis, my good friend, your simplicity, your lack of guile, do you wrong, most grievously! You judge others as you yourself are. Do you not see that Conrad, your brother, must pay for his red hat? He must earn his cardinalate. And the clear ambition of your brother is to make you chief cat's-paw pontifical. Consider it, good Louis."

And the Prince of Muscovy twirled his moustache and smiled condescendingly between his fingers. Then, as if he thought suddenly of something else, and made a new calculation, he laughed a laugh, quick and short as the bark of a dog.

"Ha!" he cried, "truly we order things better in my country. I have brothers, one, two, three. They are grand dukes, highnesses very serene. One of them has this province, another this province, yet another waits on my father. My father dies—and I—well, I am in my father's place. What will my brothers do with their serene

highnesses then? They will take each one of the clearest road and the shortest for the frontier, or by the Holy Icon of Moscow, there will very speedily be certain new tablets in the funeral vault of my fathers."

The Prince of Courtland started. "This thing I could never imagine of Conrad my brother. He loves me. He ever cared but for his books, and now that he is a priest he hath forsworn knighthood and tournaments and wars."

"Poor Louis," said Ivan, sadly, "not to see that once a soldier always a soldier. But 'tis a good fault, a generous blindness of the eyes. He hath already the love of your people. He has won already the voice that speaks from every altar and presbytery. In a little, when he has bartered away your power for his cardinal's hat, he may be made a greater than yourself, an elector of the empire, the right-



Stood on the green bank looking down on the rushing river.

hand man of Sixtus, as his uncle Adrian was before him."

"I am sure that Conrad would do nothing against his fatherland or to the hurt of his prince and brother!" said Prince Louis, but he spoke in a wavering voice, like one more than half convinced.

"Again," continued Ivan, without heeding him, "there is your wife. I am sure that if he had been the prince and you the priest—well, she had not slept this night in the Castle of Kernsburg!"

"Ivan, if you love me, be silent," cried the tortured Prince of Courtland, setting his hand to his brow. "This is mere idle dreaming of a fool. How learned you these things? I mean, how did the thoughts come into your mind?"

"I learned the matter from the Princess Margaret, who in the brief space of a day became your wife's confidante!"

"Did Margaret tell it you?" The Prince Ivan laughed a short, self-deprecatory laugh.

"Nay, truly," he said, smiling sadly, "you and I are in one despite, Louis. Your wife scorns you—me, my sweetheart. Did Margaret tell me? Nay, verily! Yet I learned it, nevertheless, even more certainly because she did it so vehemently. But, after all, I dare say all will end for the best."

"How so?" demanded Prince Louis haughtily.

"Why, I have heard that your papa at Rome will dissolve this marriage, which indeed is no more than one in name. He has done more than that already for his own nephew. He will absolve your brother from his vows. Then you can be the monk and he the king. There will be a new marriage, at which doubtless you shall hold the service book and be the lady's hand. Then we shall have no ridings back to Kernsburg, with four hundred lances, at a word from a girl's scornful mouth. And the Alla down there may rise or fall at its pleasure, and neither hurt nor hinder any!"

(To be continued.)

RARE FLASHES OF LIGHTNING.

Peculiarity of the Fluid that Defies Analysis.

Some rare flashes of lightning, especially very brilliant linear flashes, seem to persist for a time and fade gradually. On the background of the sky, in the place of the flash, one then sees a yellowish green or reddish image of the flash winking rapidly. Details can be distinguished in it which were invisible in the principal flash. According to M. Touchet, this image is not merely in the retina, for he has experienced the retinal image, as well as the other. The retinal image moves with the eye, the other does not. This afterglow has been compared to the train of a meteor or a fuse, to an incandescent electric filament and to a phosphorescence. The successive discharges of electricity in a lightning flash are so near the limit of persistence of vision (about a tenth of an inch) that flashes appear to tremble, but the same fact does not, according to Touchet, explain the luminous furrow above described, which he refers to incandescence of the elements of the air carried to a high temperature by the electric discharge. To prove this, he took a photograph of lightning during a thunderstorm on April 12. It has the aspect of a "ribbon flash"—that is to say, a bright wavering edge—to a dim hand, which, he thinks, represents the afterglow caused by incandescent gas.

Oldest King in Europe. King Christian of Denmark, who recently entered his 88th year, is the oldest king in Europe.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN



[Mr. Wragg invites contributions of any new ideas that readers of this department may wish to present, and would be pleased to answer correspondents desiring information on subjects discussed. Address M. J. Wragg, Waukegan or Des Moines, Iowa.]

MEASURING HAY IN THE STACK.

At this season of the year, when hay is being sold in the stack, there is more or less demand for rules of measurement that will approximately determine the tonnage in stacks.

The custom of giving a seven-foot cube, or 343 cubic feet for a ton of hay, which was in use years ago in some localities, has not proven satisfactory to the buyers of hay, the universal claim being that the measurement does not hold out with scale weights.

It has more recently been suggested that a ton of dry hay should be variously estimated from 400 to 500 cubic feet, depending upon the solidity of the stack, the quality or kind of hay and its attitude to pack closely.

The following rule is given for the measurement of hay in ricks or long stacks: Multiply the length in feet by the width in feet, and the result by one-half the height; divide the product by 300 and the result will be in tons.

To estimate the contents of a round stack, multiply the square of the distance around the stack (at the bulge) in yards by four times the height in yards, and point off two places from the right; this will be the number of cubic yards in the stack, which, divided by twenty, will equal the number of tons.

While these measurements may assist in approximately getting at the contents of a stack, there are so many factors besides bulk entering into the weight of hay in a stack that there is much more satisfaction where it can be weighed that we urge farmers in every case where possible to weigh the hay when selling or buying; in fact, use the scales in all commercial transactions on the farm.

A specimen of an evergreen is received from a correspondent, asking us to name it. He says that it is one of the most beautiful trees on his lawn. We very readily recognize the branch as from our common hemlock.

It certainly is one of our most graceful trees, and should be better known than it is, in places where it could be grown. It is indigenous to the moist sections of our states, and about the Great Lakes, and care will have to be taken for the first few years after planting it if we want to grow it to perfection on our lawns in the prairie country. They should be planted in some sheltered location where the bleak drying winds of March will not strike them. We have had the best success in nursery growing to plant them between rows of evergreens that are several feet high, where they were given forest conditions.

One of the most striking objects the writer remembers when visiting the late Robert Douglas of Illinois was the beautiful hemlock hedge about his grounds.

DAIRY NOTES.

There is danger of overfeeding just before the cow calves. Too little feed is better than too much during such a period.

Never allow a cow to skip a milking, as there is grave danger of not only injuring the quality of the milk but the udder as well.

A good way to avoid the purchase of unprofitable cows for the dairy is to subject them to a butter-fat test. The Babcock tester will do this.

There is a time to feed, a time to milk, a time to separate milk, a time to set cream, a time to ripen and finish the process, and when you churn, churn by a clock.

Milking stools should be kept clean. Many dairy farmers realize that unless they are kept clean the hands get dirty in handling them. As a consequence, the stools are washed and in some cases frequently boiled.

The cow that breeds every year should have at least six weeks' rest. Better yet would be two months. Although she may show a strong tendency to give a good yield of milk after she is due to go dry, it is best to dry her off.

In selecting a brood sow try to get a good, long-bodied and rather coarse and rangy animal, so she will make the best breeder, giving the pigs a strong constitution and good digestive organs. If finer hams and shoulders are wanted, select the sow with an eye to these qualities and a good combination will be secured.

IN THE MOLTING SEASON.

What do you feed your hens in the molting season? This season is here and while some think it is necessary to give an extra amount of feed of wheat and corn, they are mistaken. Hens fed at this season with too much grain will make them too fat, and fat hens as egg-producers are a failure. Keep your hens healthy by giving them exercise and very little if any grain for food.

The only attention which the molting hens require at the hands of the owner is a constant supply of pure drinking water and dry sleeping quarters. And it is not wise to make the latter warm in the belief that the scanty covering of the hens calls for close protection from the chilly air of the autumn nights. Exposure to this air under a dry roof will hasten the molting process. Leave the windows open till November except in time of threatened storm. Two weeks before this resume grain feeding, and if the hens are the right sort you will not be able to feed them heavy enough to shut off the winter eggs.

A fruit grower reports to us that he discovers in his orchard that there is a new brood of codlin moth just hatching out. His summer apples are free from them, and asks how this happens. This is a very common occurrence in orchards, for in the first spraying there is always a few of the codlin moth that will escape. These will hatch out during July a new brood which will oftentimes do much damage to the late fall and winter crop. This shows the necessity of doing the first spraying in the spring well, so as to leave none of the old brood alive.

DEPTH TO PLOW.

This depends upon the nature of the soil at the time of plowing. Ground should not be plowed ten inches deep if this depth takes you down into a subsurface bed of infertile sand, gravel or clay. Keep your plow above all such, even if you can't go over four or five inches.

Deep plowing, where no subsurface packer is used, should be done in summer or early fall, that the ground may become settled and capillary attraction not interfered with for the coming crop.

To receive and retain moisture, deep, heavy soils that incline to pack or bake, need more and deeper plowing than lighter, sandier or thinner soils. Ground should not be plowed deeper than the moisture sign, especially in spring. If there is only four or five inches of moist, mellow soil, don't go down six or eight inches, unless you want the surface covered with a layer of hard, dry clods that will not pulverize and will make the seed germinate unevenly unless there should be plenty of rainfall immediately after.

My experience teaches me not to plow over four or five inches deep in the spring on any soil unless there is an abundance of moisture in the soil and prospect for more immediately, as capillary attraction is interfered with just as the growing crop is right at hand.

Some of the most productive ground in this vicinity is cropped every year without artificial fertilization or rotation, and for nine years has never been plowed over four or five inches, but has been plowed and harrowed immediately after harvest several times. And never but once since breaking has it been plowed in the spring. The harrow follows the plow the same day, and the stubble is frequently disced. It is gaining, rather than losing, in fertility.

This is also the time of year when a very large share of tree and shrub seeds mature, and may be planted with the best of success, if given a good mulching over winter. Tree seeds are unusually scarce the present season on account of the late frosts of last spring, but many of the shrubs, like the Highberry, Buffalo berry and high bush cranberry, etc., may be had in abundance in many localities.

COVER CROPS.

We have an inquiry from a Nebraska subscriber, asking for the best crop to sow in his young orchard so as to protect the soil from the hot fall sun.

As a rule, for this latitude we would say to plant Soy Beans, but as this crop has to be planted earlier for desired results, the only thing our correspondent could do now would be to plant buckwheat. If this is sown any time during the latter part of July and the first of August it will in a short time make a very luxuriant growth and cover the ground. But as buckwheat is a non-leguminous plant the only value derived is as a cover plant to protect the ground from the sun. The best cover crop that we have tried is vetch, and for orchard locations in more southern latitudes we would consider the Crimson clover the very best cover crop for sowing in an orchard.

SPRAY FOR CODLIN MOTH.

A fruit grower reports to us that he discovers in his orchard that there is a new brood of codlin moth just hatching out. His summer apples are free from them, and asks how this happens.

This is a very common occurrence in orchards, for in the first spraying there is always a few of the codlin moth that will escape. These will hatch out during July a new brood which will oftentimes do much damage to the late fall and winter crop. This shows the necessity of doing the first spraying in the spring well, so as to leave none of the old brood alive.

THE COUNTY FAIR.

The county fair season for 1905 promises to be an unusually successful one. Crop conditions throughout the spring and summer have been favorable, barring the drouth in July, and the ill effects of that have been neutralized by the general rainfall of August; and all things considered, the prospects for abundant harvests in all farm products are very bright at this time. Good pasturage and heavy crops of hay and forage plants have insured an abundance of food for live stock; oats and wheat are yielding well and are likely to bring good prices; the corn crop may not prove as heavy as that of last year, but will furnish enough for feeding purposes and some to spare; so, on the whole, it has been a prosperous year, and we can think of no better way in which the farmer can celebrate his good fortune than by taking a day off and going to the fair with his wife and children. The county fair was instituted for the especial benefit and pleasure of the farmer, to afford him a place where his choicest products can be displayed to the best advantage, and where he can meet his friends from all parts of the county in a social way. Though the county fair as it now exists is a great institution and worthy of every encouragement, there is still room for improvement, and no class of people can do more to elevate the standard of such exhibitions than the farmers, if they will but attend them and show an intelligent interest in their welfare and management.

We have been using the moist, cool weather of September to divide out roots of phlox and peonies. Planted at this season they will become quite established and well rooted in their new situation before freezing weather, and with a good mulch of litter during winter will start out in fine condition in the spring. We made the mistake last season of allowing the perennial phlox to grow without clipping back. Next season we propose to cut back one-half of the clumps when they are about six inches high, so as to secure a later crop of blossoms and thus a longer period of bloom in this showy plant.

VISIT NEIGHBORS' ORCHARDS.

This is a very favorable time of the year to visit the orchards in the vicinity of your home where you can best judge of the true value of the different varieties of fruits, especially the late maturing and long keeping kinds. Invite a neighbor who is interested in fruit growing to go with you; visit as many as you can while making the day's drive. Keep your eyes open that you may catch on to as many practical object lessons as possible. Do not hesitate to ask all the questions you can think of when you find a really successful orchardist; learn the secrets of his success and how to apply them. Study the location, soil and other natural advantages; then his methods of protection, planting, arrangement, etc., all of which may save you many of the common failures that discourage the amateur fruit grower.

It takes no longer to stand a corn bundle up as it should be, every bundle at the same angle to the center of the shock, and all bundles set compactly together, and with the same number on each side of the shock, than it does to set them up haphazard, one bundle tipped this way and one that, or, as is often the case, the majority of the bundles placed on one side, causing it to twist or topple over when it settles. Good corn shocking as well as good grain shocking is done by some well defined system, that is a certain number of bundles in the middle and a certain number on the outside.

WEEDS.

The last crop of weeds are now growing and many of them will have ample time to yet ripen seeds unless cut down and destroyed. If the farm has been kept clear this long, labor should not be lost by allowing the last crop to ripen and seed the ground. Pastures in which ragweed or other troublesome and useless weeds have grown up should be run over once again with the mowing machine and the stubble fields, too, that have grown a second crop of weeds should be cut. The scythe and sickle also should be used where needed. Every crop of weeds that grow and are destroyed lessens the number of seeds in the ground and as another crop will spring up to be cut down by the frost the numbers that have been destroyed during the season will greatly lessen the next season's weed crop and thus increase the farmer's crop while lessening his labor.

There are no animals kept on the farm that require such careful treatment in feeding than lambs. If they are underfed they will not make a satisfactory growth, while if given too much rich food they are easily scoured or will get off their feed and in some way show the effect of the treatment.

Sick Headache

When your head aches, there is a storm in the nervous system, centering in the brain.

This irritation produces pain in the head, and the turbulent nerve current sent to the stomach causes nausea, vomiting.

This is sick headache, and is dangerous, as frequent and prolonged attacks weaken the brain, resulting in loss of memory, inflammation, epilepsy, fits, dizziness, etc.

Allay this stormy, irritated, aching condition by taking Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

They stop the pain by soothing, strengthening and relieving the tension upon the nerves—not by paralyzing them, as do most headache remedies.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills do not contain opium, morphine, chloral, cocaine or similar drugs.

"Sick headache is hereditary in my family. My father suffered a great deal, and for many years I have had spells that were so severe that I was unable to attend to my business affairs for a day or so at a time. During a very severe attack of headache, I took Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and they relieved me almost immediately. Since then I take them when I feel the spell coming on and it stops it at once."

JOHN A. McFEE, JR.
Pres. S. H. Eng. Co., South Bend, Ind.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. REA,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE: Main Street, opposite Post Office
CULVER, INDIANA.

DR. NORMAN S. NORRIS,

DENTIST
Office—Opposite M. E. Church
CULVER, IND.

E. E. PARKER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. Office over Culver Exchange Bank, Room 202, corner Main and West Streets. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

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LIVE STOCK AND GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for dates. Residences, 2 miles east of Maxinkuckee Lake. CULVER, IND.

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Practices in All Courts—State and Federal.
PLYMOUTH, IND.



10-7-17-24

All trains arrive at and depart from the new LaSalle St. Station, Chicago.
Informed Culver Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

East read down.					All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.	West read up.				
1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
11:15	9:15	7:30	10:35	12:07	Chicago	5:25	8:15	7:40		
11:25	10:04	8:12	12:07		Valparaiso	5:47	8:36			
11:35	10:14	8:22			St. Joseph	5:57		15:30		
11:45	10:24	8:32			St. Louis	6:07				
7:42	12:04	6:30	11:14		Hillside	2:35	10:30			
7:52	12:14	6:40			Arden	2:42		4:21		
8:02	12:24	6:50			Montone	2:48		3:39		
8:12	12:34	7:00			St. Charles	2:54		3:49		
12:16	11:1	7:10	9:21		St. Albans	12:56	5:21			
2:40	9:27	7:55	10:10		St. Wayne	12:05	4:36			
8:27	12:44	8:05	10:30		Cleveland	6:13	11:29	7:40		
8:37	12:54	8:15			St. John	6:19	11:39	12:36		
8:47	1:04	8:25			St. Paul	6:25		12:46		
8:57	1:14	8:35			St. Louis	6:31		12:56		
9:07	1:24	8:45			St. Paul	6:37		1:06		
9:17	1:34	8:55			St. Louis	6:43		1:16		

CULVER MARKETS.

(Corrected September 7.)

Eggs.....	.15
Butter.....	.15
Chickens.....	.08
Roosters.....	.01
Spring chickens, per lb.	.10
Lard.....	.09
Wheat.....	.77
Oats.....	.20@.22
Corn per bu.....	.50
Rye per bu.....	.52
Clover seed, per bu.....	5.00@5.50
Cattle—Butchers.....	3.50@4.00
Killers.....	4.50@5.00
Hogs.....	4.50@4.75
Sheep.....	2.50@4.00
Lambs.....	4.00@
Milk Cows—Choice, 30.00@40.00	
Common 15.00@25.00	

LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. Geo. Fear is on the sick list.

Souvenir post cards for sale by T. E. Slattery.

Frank Ulory returned to Mishawaka Thursday.

Otto Stahl returned to Lancaster, Ohio, Monday.

The big Fulton county fair is in progress this week.

Mrs. Hayden Rea, of Toledo, O., is visiting friends in Culver.

S. S. Chadwick has sold lot No. 5 on Long Point to Rev. F. Zechiel for \$500.

FOR SALE—Fully matured seed wheat. Call at my residence. L. C. Dillon.

Mrs. T. E. Slattery and daughter Ramona returned Sunday from a week's visit at Chicago.

Mrs. J. W. Barber returned to her home at Fulton, Mich., after a week's visit with relatives in Culver.

Capt. H. F. Noble will build a residence south of Walter Hand's new house at the Academy this fall.

Fine Souvenir cards of Lake Maxinkuckee and its surroundings, for sale at the Culver City Drug Store and at all the hotels.

Mrs. S. M. Frye will start for Illinois today to spend a couple of months with her daughters, Mrs. P. Hartle and Miss Ethel Frye.

Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Hahn returned from Bloomington Wednesday evening. Mr. Hahn has been attending the State university this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Smith visited Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Mowry, near Columbia City, over Sunday. Mrs. Mowry formerly was Miss Nell Clark, of this place.

Chester and Edward Zechiel, who leave for school within a few days, were tendered a farewell reception by the Christian Endeavor at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Zechiel, Wednesday evening. About seventy-five young people were present.

Several wagon loads of Culver people and the Culver band attended an ice cream social at the home of William Zechiel, three miles southwest of town, last Wednesday evening. The evening was enjoyed by all, and the receipts, which were for the benefit of the Reformed church, were large.

A surprise party was given last Wednesday evening in honor of George Garu's fifty-fourth birthday. About fifty of his friends gathered at the home of Mrs. Julia Garu and from there descended upon the meek and humble George without a moment's warning. Ice cream and cake were served. Mr. Garu was presented with a fine gold ring by his wife and daughter.

Miss Julia E. Lamson, daughter of F. D. Lamson, proprietor of the Palmer House, and Frederick A. Oole, of South Bend, were married at the Episcopal church, Plymouth, Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. After a wedding breakfast served at the Ross House, Mr. and Mrs. Cole left for Detroit, where they will spend several days. Among those who attended from Culver were Mrs. Glascock and daughter Irene, Mrs. Ralston and daughter Olive, and Capt. Hunt and wife.

Correspondence

DELONG.

Miss Mattie Stubbs, Correspondent.

Henry Harriek spent Sunday at home.

John Deek quit the R. R. to remodel his house.

Rev. Howard and wife visited at Sarah Monger's Wednesday.

The Delong depot has been very much improved by a coat of paint.

Miss Della Lahman resigned her position in Monterey and will be at home.

Misses Carrie and Bertha Kline arrived home from Buffalo, N. Y., Saturday morning.

Miss Sarah Shadel spent Sunday with Rev. Ballou, of Monterey, and attended the picnic there.

Rev. Albert Monger left Friday morning for South Bend and from there will leave for his home in Boston.

Simon Kaley's horse ran away Sunday morning while on his way to Sunday School. The buggy was destroyed and his wife received slight injuries.

LETTER'S FORD.

Every body is getting ready to attend the Fulton county Fair.

The social given by the ladies of the M. E. Church was a success.

Marshal Ralston and family, of Argos visited his brothers here last week.

Miss June Wagoner, of Rochester has been visiting a few days with Mary Horner.

Roy King, of Chicago has been spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. T. Monesmith.

Misses Ola Cook and Lyla Overmyer have returned from Ohio where they were visiting.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Brugh, of Chicago and George Combs visited last week with their parents at this place.

OVER.

Stephen Shepherd, Correspondent.

Grace Hisey is sick.

Frank Heath came home Sunday.

Willie Hisey spent Sunday at Ober.

H. Chapman went to Laporte county to work.

A small child of W. J. Farrar and wife is very sick.

S. M. Hisey and wife visited at F. O. Hisey's Sunday.

Lee Ransbottom and wife visited relatives here Sunday.

Miss Bell Shrock has returned to school at Valparaiso this week.

Rev. D. K. Campbell, of Ottowa, Ill., made a business trip to Ober last week.

Miss Izora Bolen and brother Russel visited Lyman Bolen and wife Sunday.

U. Osborn and family attended a reunion of the Osborn family at Culver Sunday.

Mrs. A. M. Brugh is very sick. They have sent for Mr. Brugh who is working in North Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. Wagoner, of South Bend have bought the Sprague property and moved to Ober.

Miss Izora Clapsaddle and Miss Izora Rea are visiting relatives in West Mansfield, Ohio, this week.

BURR OAK

G. A. Masey, Correspondent.

Mrs. Roy Turner is reported on the sick list.

Chas. Blake has gone to Wabash to remain a few days.

Ira Paddock and family have returned to Ft. Worth, Tex.

Miss Maud Masey began teaching school west of Knox Monday.

Miss Ruth Masey will attend the Argos high school this winter.

Howard Masey has been sick with a bilious attack, but is improving.

Miss Effie Emigh has returned from Illinois and will attend school at Culver this winter.

Harry Rouse, of Bellevue, was a Burr Oak caller Tuesday, looking after the piano business.

Miss Ethel Williams, of North Liberty, Ind., visited with relatives and friends here last week.

WASHINGTON.

Ollie Jones, Correspondent.

Everybody is through threshing in this neighborhood.

Misses Essie and Dollie Kline visited in Argos Sunday.

Miss Vernie McFarland is visiting relatives in Kentland.

Rev. Lineberry will preach at this place Sunday morning.

The Ladies' Aid Society sewed for Mrs. Thomas Bell Friday.

Several from here were excursionists to South Bend Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Riddinghouse is visiting a son and daughter in North Dakota.

N. J. Fairchild and family visited in the Zion neighborhood Sunday.

Misses Mary Spellman and Jennie Warner spent Sunday with Vada Pontius.

Over one hundred guests gave a pleasant surprise to Rev. and Mrs. Whittaker Tuesday evening of last week. A bountiful supper was served and all spent the evening long to be remembered. Rev. and Mrs. Whittaker left for their home at Keystone and will greatly missed by the people in this vicinity. They have lived here for the past five years and have gained a great number of friends. May joy and peace go with them are the wishes of this community.

HIBBARD.

Mrs. E. J. Reed, Correspondent.

Edward Clark, of Mishawaka, was in town Sunday.

Everett Clifton, of Chicago, is visiting his parents here.

Daniel Stuck, who has been sick for some time, is a little better.

The Nickel Plate people are making improvements at the depot.

Morris Fishburn and family, of Burr Oak, visited with friends here Sunday.

Frank Voreis and sister, Retha, circulated among friends here last Sunday.

Mrs. Akerman and family, of Chicago, visited her brother, S. E. Wise, last week.

Mr. Voreis, and daughter Grace, and Mrs. Weirman, went to South Bend last Monday.

Frank Banks is the happiest man in town, on account of a ten-pound boy. Where, oh, where will the stork stop at next?

Mr. John Kline and Mrs. C. Wylie were married last Thursday, consequently they are sailing down the stream of time most joyfully. May peace and prosperity be their lot.

Frank Yeoman was happy the other day, all because his wife and little daughter returned from Rensselaer, where she has been for the past two months, attending her sick mother.

GREEN TOWNSHIP.

A. E. Vermillion, Correspondent.

Mrs. Shafer is visiting in Knox.

J. Lake is building a barn near Walnut.

Blanche Walker started to school at Plymouth Monday.

Rev. Wyant preaches at Wolf Creek Saturday evening.

Misses Bertha Bell and Effie Lowe started to Argos school Monday.

Rev. Wright will preach his last sermon before conference, Sunday, at 2 p. m.

Relatives of Mr. Moore gathered at his home Thursday and spent the day with him.

Goldie Personett went to Peru last Saturday where she will attend school this winter.

During the thunder storm Saturday evening, four of Mr. Lake's hogs were killed by lightning.

Mrs. Kreighbaum and daughter Maude spent Sunday with Charlie Zumbach's near Twin Lakes.

Wabash one way second class colonists rates to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at half fare plus \$2.00. Write for particulars.—Thos. Folien, Pass. & Tkt. Agt., Lafayette, Ind.

Get your printing at the CITIZEN.

SPECIAL STOVE SALE

SEPT. 11 to 16 AT CULVER CASH HARDWARE

STOVES

A full and complete line of the "Malleable Steel Range" will be the main feature of the Sale, but a fine premium will be given with every stove we sell during the week. This is an extra inducement we offer you aside from our special low price on every Stove.

STOVES



STOVES

Come early and make a selection while line is complete. If you need a stove you cannot afford to miss this opportunity. Coffee and biscuits served free every afternoon. You will be welcome whether you buy or not. Come in and have a good time.

STOVES

Culver Cash Hardware

J. F. WEISS, Proprietor : : CULVER, INDIANA

An Advance Sale of Furs

To start the season out correctly we will make a Special Sale on Ladies' and Children's Furs. See window display.

We have all of the latest styles and shapes in all grades of furs. Any kind you ask for you will find in our stock now. The first garments are made from the choicest skins, and in order for the retailer to obtain them, he must place his order early in the spring, which we did. The same holds good for the wearer; the earlier she purchases her furs the better the assortment and quality. In order to help things along we will make special low prices during September to those that will take our advice and buy early. You can't lose; you take no chance; with a small deposit paid down we will lay aside any garment selected and let you have them at the special price. We have Furs from 49c to \$15.00 per garment.

Kloepfer's New York Store

Cor. Michigan & LaPorte Sts. * * Plymouth, Ind.

FRED COOK

CULVER'S Leading Blacksmith

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY

All kinds of Repair Work neatly and promptly done.

EAST OF MACHINE SHOP

I. P. SHAMBAUGH

SUCCESSOR TO WM. FORD.

PROPRIETOR OF THE CULVER BAKERY

All kinds of Choice Bakery Goods.

Parties and Weddings supplied on short notice. Give us a trial.

WALL PAPER AND PAINTS

WINTER IS COMING ON

Now is the time to have those rooms re-papered and that job of painting done. We want to show you the handsome new designs in Wall Papers we have received. Our low prices tend to make the cost of "brightening up" as little as possible.

SLATTERY'S DRUG STORE

Trustee's Notice.

After April 1st, my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as follows: Tuesdays at my residence, and Saturdays at my office over the Exchange Bank, Culver. FRANK M. PARKER, Trustee.

THE GEM HARNESS SHOP

For Hand-Made Harness CULVER, IND.

ECZEMA sufferers cured with "Hermil" Salve, who have been advised to have limbs amputated. 25 & 30c. All druggists, Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

Little Things

Only a little shriveled seed—
It might be a flower or grass or weed;
Only a box of earth on the edge
Of a narrow, dusty window ledge;
Only a few scant summer showers;
Only a few clear, shining hours;
That was all. Yet God could make
Out of these, for a sick child's sake,
A blossom-wonder as fair and sweet
As ever broke at an angel's feet.

Only a life of barren pain,
Wet with sorrowful tears for rain;
Warmed sometimes by a wandering
gleam
Of joy that seemed but a happy dream.
A life as common and brown and bare
As the box of earth in the window there;
Of a perfect soul in a narrow room—
Pure as the snowy leaves that fold
Over the flower's heart of gold.

—Henry Van Dyke.



(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Little Miss Peters tolled up the three flights of steps to her tiny hall bedroom. She threw her bag on the bed and walked deliberately to the mirror, only stopping to throw open the blind for more light. She sat down deliberately before the hideous little glass and began to take another inventory of her good looks.

Not even one who loved her—she smiled bitterly at that thought—could call her pretty. She was homely. Not with that piquant sort of plainness that is almost as attractive as beauty, but with a sort of ugliness. The forehead bulged, the eyes were dull and sunken, the cheeks presented no contours to speak of, and the whole expression was owlishly pathetic.

She examined each feature as carefully as if it were a statue she were appraising. The face was the same. As hateful to her as ever. She closed her eyes wearily. She was plain, unattractive—ugly. And if one ever wants good looks it is when she is twenty. Miss Peters was barely that, but she looked almost any age, up to forty.

She slipped the pins out of the tight little knot at the back of her neck and shook her hair down over her shoulders. It was not pretty hair. It was thin and scraggly and mouse colored. In the hand mirror she raised to get a glimpse of her profile she could see her bent little shoulders reflected. A bookkeeper who bends over her work from eight in the morning until six at night rarely has pretty shoulders.

And seventy-five dollars is not much to pay a girl who does the work of two men. Miss Peters sent fifty dollars of this amount home every month. After her board was paid, little was left to waste on feminine finery.

"I wouldn't care," (she had fallen into the habit of talking to herself), "I wouldn't care if I were ugly and poor if any of them liked me." She buried her face in the pillows and began to cry. "I never have any fun." She lay staring at the ceiling, thinking hard. And her thoughts were even more pathetic than her face. One by one she took the girls in the boarding house, and studied their faces from memory—and their friends. There was only one of them who had ever manifested the slightest friendliness for her and that was Miss Mathis. She did not wonder that people loved Miss Mathis and thought her beautiful—she was. She reminded Miss Peters always of a queen who had strayed somehow into a cheap boarding-house incognito, that she might learn to know and love the least of her subjects. Miss Mathis, with her gorgeous hair and eyes was so beautiful and magnetic no one could keep from loving her. But it was the others she wondered about—the dozens of stenographers, book keepers and school teachers. Very few of them were really pretty, yet they had friends. The landlady's daughter was no beauty, but all the men liked her.

"I know," exclaimed Miss Peters, with sudden energy, "it's only the girls that are popular. I will make



Not even one who loved her could call her pretty.

"em like me, too!" Her face had emerged from the pillow. A new light was in her eyes, the light of one who determined to conquer. "A girl who goes along, tending to her own business and living up to her ideas of what a lady should be. What's coming to her?" Unconsciously she fell into the slang of the other girls.

She rose with fresh determination and began to dress for dinner. She pulled out her best frock, the one kept religiously for Sundays, and her good slippers. She would dress up like the

other girls. She would even "make up" like Daisy, the landlady's daughter. To do this she had to improvise cosmetics. A rose petal from her best hat put color into her cheeks and lips. She darkened her brows and lashes. She almost fancied that she saw in the face reflected a likeness to Mrs. Livey, the wife of a drummer further down the hall. Then she began to comb her hair. Not in the usual knot, but in an elaborate and much tangled pompadour.

By the time she had her dress buttoned, the dinner bell rang and, without taking time to consider her dar-



"It is," she admitted.

ing, she ran lightly down to the dining room. She did not see, fortunately, the elevated brows behind her back, or hear any of the whispered comments on her appearance. It was a pity she did not know that one man, Mr. Hughes, the kindly-faced new boarder, was disappointed in her. Before this he had felt a certain shy friendliness for the modest little bookkeeper, who reminded him somehow of a fragrant clover blossom in a bunch of artificial flowers. And so, he was thinking, as he watched her flippant and painted, that she was like the others, after all. He felt a mild sort of pity that he could not have explained to himself, but all the time he knew that the others were making fun of Miss Peters behind her back.

But the little bookkeeper, with an almost fierce gaiety, was chattering away to a commercial student who sat next to her. After dinner she followed the others in the parlor, still determined to be one of them. Her companion at dinner was at her heels, encouraging her. Later she went to sit on the steps to the side gallery with him while he smoked a cigarette.

"Have one?" he invited, companionably. "Daisy smoked one with me last night." For an instant Miss Peters' face went white under the paint—with anger. Then she remembered she must be like the others if she wanted to be popular. No one could be popular and be a prig.

She reached out for the cigarette, and the young man offered her a light from the one he was smoking—and moved up nearer. Two whiffs of the cigarette turned her deathly faint.

"I think I'll go up to my room," she faltered, throwing it aside with a little forced laugh.

"Don't go," he begged. "Ain't you game enough to finish it? Must be your first one."

"It is," she admitted, fighting back her disgust for her companion. "Good night."

"Aren't you going to kiss me good night?" he whispered, rising. "Daisy always—"

"How dare—" But Miss Peters did not finish. She stumbled blindly through the dining room and on up the three flights of stairs to her own room. She slammed the door and dropped on her knees beside the tiny white bed.

"O God," she sobbed, "what have I done? Why did you let me do it? What did it matter if I were ugly? That I had no friends. Nothing matters any more! I have lost everything now. My self-respect is gone forever—"

And she was on her knees, still sobbing and praying in the dark when the last boarder came in for the night and passed whistling to his room at 1 o'clock.

Some men's idea of the pursuit of happiness is to sprinkle salt on its tail.

Called Elixir of Life.

Men of Eminence Testify to the Worth of Buttermilk.

Assuming that you have forsaken alcohol, and have found nothing to replace the glass of beer, try buttermilk. In good condition, at its sourest, it is a genuinely refreshing, sharp drink—acid, but not thin like lemonade—nourishing, but not insipid like milk. It is a harmless substitute for intoxicants, a remedy for tuberculosis, and all pulmonary complaints, and beneficial to the digestion.

Russian Koumiss, nearly the same thing, is sour mare's milk, and it is well known that the tribes who drink it are immune from consumption. Koumiss has consequently been largely used as a cure for that disease. The famous Russian Count Tolstoy, who was at one time afflicted with tuberculosis, attributes his cure largely to the drinking of Koumiss in abundance, while living in a tent on the Russian steppes.

A famous English physician, Sir Lauder Brunton, says of buttermilk, that it "quenches the thirst, supplies food, and also contains a ferment which, if absorbed, may be useful in aiding the conversion of sugar into lactic acid within the body. I am inclined to attribute the benefits occasionally derived from the use of skimmed milk to its possessing similar properties to buttermilk. But I consider the latter superior. When it is allowed to become very sour, and all its milk sugar has been converted into lactic acid, it would probably be still better."

According to Professor Metchnikoff, sour milk or buttermilk is a sort of elixir of life, in that it is a remedy for "the slow intoxications that weaken the resistance of the higher elements of the body."

Buttermilk is very easy of digestion and assimilation. In diabetes, where milk is more or less objectionable, buttermilk can be safely given with advantage. It is also given as a refrigerant.

For Outdoor Living.

Open-air meals for the family are most desirable. The fresh air sharpens the appetite, and anything tastes better out of doors. A wire-screened porch makes a most desirable summer dining room. A similarly protected enclosure likewise makes a most desirable "camping-out" place for sleeping in hot nights. Indeed, one is most fortunate who can command such an insect-proof, fresh-air sleeping apartment for the entire season.

There are many who have neither porch nor shade trees to protect from the rays of the sun, but there are many substitutes. One woman stitched together breadths of unbleached muslin, sewed rings to the four corners, and attached these to her clothes line posts, thus making a canopy under which the household enjoyed out-of-doors living. Another family of whom we have read, had constructed a light, house-like frame, roofed with canvas, inclosed with netting, and mounted on rollers so that it might follow the sun or shade, as desired. If one has the purpose to get the benefit of outdoor living, there are many ways to accomplish it, with wonderfully good results.

Not What Bishop Expected.

The late Bishop Spaulding, of Colorado, was a pioneer who traveled great distances and visited remote camps and outlying hamlets. One of the stories he used to tell was as follows:

"I was addressing a Sunday school in a mountain town where an Episcopal service had never been held before. I was wearing my gown, in which I had conducted the service not long before. I had given the children a practical talk and after it was over I told them that they might ask any question about anything they did not understand.

"A bright looking little fellow raised his hand immediately.

"Well, my boy?" said I.

"Please, sir," said he, pointing an eager finger at my gown, "is that all you have got on or do you wear pants under it?"

A Tantalizing Maiden.

Do I love her?
Dimpling red lips at me pouting;
Dimpling shoulders at me flouting;
No, I don't!

Do I love her?
Prisoned in those crystal eyes
Purity forever lies;
Yes, I do!

Do I love her?
Little wild and wilful fiction,
Teasing, torturing contradiction;
No, I don't!

Do I love her?
With kind acts and sweet words she
Aids and comforts poverty;
Yes, I do!

Do I love her?
Quick she puts her cultured en,
Stubs with laughter, etings with scorn;
No, I don't!

Do I love her?
No! Then to my arms she flies,
Filling me with glad surprise;
Ah, yes I do!

—Detroit Free Press.

Where He Got Them.

Jones sat working at his desk when a Hebrew flower peddler stuck his head in at the door and asked if he was going to the big Yale-Harvard football game on the morrow at New Haven, if so, he would guarantee for \$1 a bunch of twice as many violets as any one else.

The offer was taken, the violets delivered and worn to the game by a young lady who not only used them that day but the following Sunday.

A few days later the Hebrew again called, and Jones said those violets gave excellent satisfaction, but if you have no objections I would like to know how you were able to sell so many violets for so little money on a day when they command a high price.

His reply was, "I get 'em off corpses."

FEVER'S AFTER EFFECTS

Did Not Disappear Until the Blood Was Renewed by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Typhoid fever is sometimes called nervous fever. During the course of the fever the nerves are always profoundly disturbed, and when it is over they are left so sensitive that the patient has to be guarded against all excitement. In the tonic treatment then demanded, regard must be paid not only to building up flesh but also to strengthening the nerves. A remedy that will do both, make sound flesh to repair waste and give new vigor to feeble nerves, is the most convenient and economical. Such a remedy is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

One proof of this is the experience of Mr. Charles Worth, of East Vassalboro, Maine. He says: "I had a severe attack of typhoid fever late in the fall which left me very weak and debilitated. My heart palpitated, my breathing became difficult after the least exertion and there was numbness in both hands. I suffered in that way for fully six months. As I did not grow out of it, did not in fact see the slightest improvement as time passed, I decided to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as I knew of some cures they had effected in cases like mine."

"Almost as soon as I began taking them I could see decided improvement and after keeping on with them for several weeks I was completely well. I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a most valuable remedy, and I am in the habit of recommending them to others afflicted as I was."

When the nerves ache and tremble it means that they are starving. The only way to feed them is through the blood, and the best food is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are absolutely guaranteed to be free from opiates or other harmful drugs. They are sold by all druggists, or may be obtained directly from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Kaiser's Gift to Smoker.

A gold medal, a pipe and five pounds of tobacco constituted the Kaiser's gift to Franz Grunwald, an inveterate smoker, who celebrated his 104th birthday at Burg, Prussia, recently.

Didn't Track.

Fluster—Is Blank off in his head?
Buster—Don't know; but the last time I saw him he seemed more as if he was off in his feet.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight for cigar. No other brand of cigars is so popular with the smoker. He has learned to rely upon its uniform high quality. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Where Licorice Grows.

"I do not suppose there is a child in this country," said the candy salesman, "who doesn't know what 'lickerish' is, as they usually call it, though it is spelled 'licorice,' and when it is in the stick form they love to suck it and get as much of its blackness on their faces as they can. They are fond of chewing the root, too, for it has a sweet and pleasant taste. But I fancy that few of them know where it comes from and what it is. It comes from the countries lying along the Mediterranean sea, and two million dollars worth of it are used annually in the United States, but not by the kids. Most of it goes into chewing tobacco, though not a little is used in various medicines. What we see in the raw, is not a twig of a tree, as some suppose, but a root of a very pretty and dainty plant with green and silver leaves. The roots are very large and full of juice when green, but they shrivel up as we know them, when they are dried for market. There are great licorice plantations in the countries where it is raised, and it is a source of much revenue to the cultivators. Some effort has been made to raise it in the south of England, where it is set out in rows, between cabbages and potatoes. However, there is more money in cabbages and potatoes, so far. I wouldn't be surprised if it could be raised in certain parts of the United States."—Montreal Herald.

OUST THE DEMON.

A Tussle with Coffee.
There is something fairly demoniacal in the way coffee sometimes wreaks its fiendish malice on those who use it.

A lady writing from Calif. says:—"My husband and I, both lovers of coffee, suffered for some time from a very annoying form of nervousness, accompanied by most frightful headaches. In my own case there was eventually developed some sort of affection of the nerves leading from the spine to the head.

"I was unable to hold my head up straight, the tension of the nerves drew it to one side, causing me the most intense pain. We got no relief from medicine, and were puzzled as to what caused the trouble, until a friend suggested that possibly the coffee we drank had something to do with it, and advised that we quit it and try Postum Coffee.

"We followed his advice, and from the day that we began to use Postum we both began to improve, and in a very short time both of us were entirely relieved. The nerves became steady once more, the headaches ceased, the muscles in the back of my neck relaxed, my head straightened up and the dreadful pain that had so punished me while I used the old kind of coffee vanished.

"We have never resumed the use of the old coffee, but relish our Postum every day as well as we did the former beverage. And we are delighted to find that we can give it freely to our children also, something we never dared to do with the old kind of coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum Coffee contains absolutely no drugs of any kind, but relieves the coffee drinker from the old drug poison.

There's a reason

With Uncle Sam's Regular Soldiers

Some Facts About Army Life and the Treatment, Prospects and Facilities for Education of the Men.

It must be borne in mind, says a writer, that one essential for leading a happy life in the United States army is good behavior, and if any voice from the ranks tells a tale of unnecessary hardships endured, or other grievances, it is certain to be merely the natural result of bad conduct, and of leading a lazy and dissolute life, and the same man would have fared equally bad in any other walk of life, or that he is inexperienced and does not know how to care for himself or fails to attend to the directions received.

The army is necessarily governed by intelligent regulations, and strict obedience is required of all, for without this nothing could be done, and what is now viewed by the world as a magnificent fighting force would become of no more use than an armed mob.

While the ordinary citizen may view with some contempt the proffer of \$13 a month for his daily work, still how many to-day tolling eight, ten, and sometimes sixteen hours, are making on an average of \$60 a month, or an income of \$720 a year? This is what the average soldier in the United States army is getting to-day, when all clothing, medical attention, medicines, baths, free gymnasium, libraries, with books of all sorts, magazines, periodicals, post exchanges exclusively for the soldier's use where he may purchase at cost such soft drinks and articles as may be deemed necessary for his comfort, and where may be found billiard and pool tables and a good supply of games, such as chess, checkers, dominoes and cards, can be taken into consideration.

In addition to this, if the soldier be a good tradesman, carpenter, mason, teamster or any kind of workman or a man with a fair education, or it may be mentioned that even when a man enlists, if he is not up to his work, he

New Route to Southern California.

THROUGH TRAINS FROM CHICAGO

New Railway Line Between Salt Lake City and Los Angeles.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 22.—With the opening of the line across southern Utah and southwest Nevada, known as the San Pedro route, a new country has been opened, which in area is large enough for a good-sized empire, the natural resources of which are practically untouched. This region has until now been without railway facilities, and the laws of trade and transportation are such that rapid development is now assured. The Tonopah and Goldfield mining camps are to be reached by branch lines, and there is a strong possibility that other mineral districts will be discovered and developed as a result of this new enterprise.

The facilities with which Southern California and this newly opened portion of Nevada can be reached in future are indicated by the announcement from the passenger department of the Chicago & North-Western R'y that a daily service of through Pullman tourist sleeping cars via this route is to be inaugurated between Chicago and Los Angeles in a few days, which will doubtless lead to a large influx of people looking for opportunities to establish themselves in this new country where homes are cheap, work is plentiful, and men of vim and grit are in demand—something unknown in the densely populated cities of the east.

There is some beautiful scenery along the new route, particularly in what is known as Rainbow Canon; and the citrus fruit region of Southern California is reached near San Bernardino, the road leading from that point through Riverside and Pomona, and other towns in one of the greatest orange growing districts in the world.

It is expected that with the opening of the Southern California tourist season this fall, a large amount of travel will be handled via this route, for the management of the new road, fully alive to modern travel requirements, have put in effect a very handsome service of modern vestibule trains, with high class dining car service and other travel comforts, which connect at Salt Lake and Ogden with through service from the East, and give a new and interesting route by which first class tourist travel can reach the sunshine and flowers of this New World Riviera.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ½-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

The advocate of woman's rights often finds that a woman's left.

may, by little application, and by taking advantage of the chances to inform himself, soon become a good scholar or improve in his trade.

As in the case first cited he will receive in addition to the regular soldier's pay, 35 or 50 cents a day by being detailed for duty in some of the places in which extra duty is paid at these rates.

From this it may be seen that an industrious man can earn from \$10 to \$15 a month in addition to his pay. Any money saved can be deposited in the treasury in sums not less than \$5 at 4 per cent interest and cannot be forfeited except by desertion, thus giving the enlisted man a bank and a surety for saving, such as no citizen in the United States can boast.

A private soldier with a fair education, who proves himself, by his conduct, his duty well done, his efficiency, and aptitude, will always sooner or later get the first step upward—that of a corporal, from where, if he is ambitious and shows fitness, he can be sure that his work and talents will be noted and rewarded by further promotion. For it may be truly said that while we have no field marshal in our service and we cannot literally repeat Napoleon's assertion, that every soldier carries a marshal's baton in his knapsack, still the highest rank in our army to-day is held by a lieutenant general, who was at one time a recruit. He succeeded a man, Lieut.-Gen. Young, who also started as a private, and when Gen. Young relinquished the highest rank in our army, he sent to his successor a pair of lieutenant-general's shoulder straps with the note: "From Private Young, 12th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, to Private Chaffee, Troop K. U. S. Cavalry." Of course these men enlisted during the civil war, when motives for enlisting were different, while those who enlist at present with commissions in view, mostly do so from love of a soldier's life. To say that a man loves the life is simply saying that he is a born soldier, and his success in the army is assured.

WHITE RIVER COUNTRY.

"The future playground of the Southwest" is what the White River Country has been called. Very earnest and exhilarating play, much of this sport is to those who are fabled by familiar scenes of business life. Nature is all alive in this wonderful region—the rushing streams, woodland sounds of breezes in the forest, the whirr of wings where wild fowl flock to the waters, the splash of gamey fish tempting the angler, the very colors of mountain and river, showing nothing of dead, arid waste of sand and stone.

"Semi-Alpine," says an experienced traveler of the country, dotted with growing towns, nestled in the valleys of the James and White Rivers in Southern Missouri and Northern Arkansas. One who has trudged through the forests or floated down the river from Galena to Branson and Cotter, will be sincere in calling the Ozarks "mountains," yet there is no danger to life or limb in such a pilgrimage. The ozone-laden air from oak, pine, cypress and cedar, the absence of mosquitoes in a land of cold, spring-fed streams, cool nights and temperate days, make it a delight to live, and move in this favored clime.

There is always something to do, whether of sport or of discovery in the way of minerals on land or pearls in the stream. The casual opening of a mussel shell on the lower White River may bring to light a valuable gem. The children used to collect these pearls for playthings till their value became known.

Few regions have charms of a utilitarian character, as well as unrivaled scenic beauty, and favorable climatic conditions. One going to the White River Country to make money, finds health and pleasure as well as wealth. The worn out unfortunate, who takes his small savings and here seeks to prolong his days is benefited in mind and body, and besides finds, with new life, means of securing a competence and enjoyable surroundings; the pleasure seeker, too often fagged out in the very pursuit of diversion, sees in this enchanted land serious possibilities for improving his pecuniary welfare, and his whole system receives new invigoration and tone.

"A fairy tale," you say. No, it is that truth which is stranger than fiction, a truth which shows one who tries to tell it the poverty of all powers of description. When the spell of the beautiful White River scenery is on the beholder he is silent. There is such a thing as the pathos of the perfect.

In the mind's eye there passes in review the succeeding inhabitants of these valleys, and many generations have left their traces—the mound-builder the early discoverers from Europe and the Indians. How many songs and legends have been chanted by primitive peoples, to whom these nature wonders spoke with mystic force.

It is not chimerical to believe that the whole valley, now newly opened up to travel between Carthage, Mo., and Newport, Ark., will in time become a succession of charming resort communities, with great mineral and agricultural prosperity.

Perhaps So.

"It seems to me your wife ought to do the cooking instead of employing a cook."

"Possibly she loves me too well, mother."

Most of us would be out of debt if we could only borrow enough money to pay up.

A KALAMAZOO DIRECT TO YOU.

Don't buy a razor or shave of any kind until you get our catalogue and lowest prices. We have a complete line of razors, safety razors, shaving brushes, and all the accessories. We have a complete line of razors, safety razors, shaving brushes, and all the accessories. We have a complete line of razors, safety razors, shaving brushes, and all the accessories.

KALAMAZOO STONE COMPANY, MANUFACTURERS, KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

Write for our catalogue and lowest prices. We have a complete line of razors, safety razors, shaving brushes, and all the accessories. We have a complete line of razors, safety razors, shaving brushes, and all the accessories.

HAVE YOU COWS?

If you have cream to separate a good Cream Separator is the most profitable investment you can possibly make. Delay means daily waste of time, labor and product. **DE LAVAL SEPARATORS** save \$10.00 per cow per year every year of use over all gravity settling systems and \$5.00 per cow over all separating separators. They received the Grand Prize or Highest Award at St. Louis.

Buying trashy cash-in-advance separators is penny wise, dollar foolish. Such machines quickly lose their cost instead of saving it.

If you haven't the ready cash DE LAVAL machines may be bought on such liberal terms that they actually pay for themselves.

Send today for new catalogue and name of nearest local agent.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
Randolph and Canal Sts. 74 Cortland Street
CHICAGO NEW YORK

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES
W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKE AND SELL MORE MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can discover this statement.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any \$3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you \$5.00 to \$7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you to my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makers, you would understand why Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make than they do. They are made of better material, they are made better, they are made to last longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoe on the market today.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes For Men, \$2.50, \$2.00, Boys' School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2.17, \$1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitutes. None genuine without his name and trade mark on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas shoes are sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request. Full color eyelets used; they will not wear away. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Full Styles. **W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.**

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

BEAUTIFY YOUR WALLS AND CEILINGS! Alabastine

A Rock Cement in white tint. Does not rub or scale. Destroys disease germs and vermin. No washing of walls after once applied. Any one can brush it on—mix with cold water. Other finishes, bearing fanciful names and mixed with either hot or cold water, do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue, or other animal matter, which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling and spoiling walls, clothing, etc. Such finishes must be washed off every year—expensive, filthy work. Buy Alabastine only in five pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design. "Hints on Decorating" and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

ALABASTINE CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

An Income For Life

Can be secured by the purchase of one thousand shares of stock in the Diamond Vale Coal and Iron Mines Ltd., which owns and operates over 10,000 acres of the richest coal lands in British Columbia.

The following is a statement of dividends paid by the Diamond Vale Coal and Iron Mines Ltd., in four years:

1911	1912	1913	1914
\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00
\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00
\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00

Total to four years.....\$400,000.00

Undistributed profits for 1914, \$200,000.00.

We shall be pleased to mail, entirely without expense or obligation, a handsome booklet containing full and accurate data relative to coal mining in the Nicola and Similkameen Districts, British Columbia.

A limited amount of stock is offered at par (\$1) and the opportunity presented is one that offers but seldom. For more particulars and full information address either:

THE DIAMOND VALE COAL & IRON MINES LTD.,
414 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.
Or our New York Representative,
Robert G. Ruston, Banker, 32 Broadway, New York.

FARM BARGAINS

66 acres, nearly all improved; heavy sand loam; 800 ft. of rich black soil; 200 ft. of pure spring water; 100 acres under cultivation; good school house, barn, sheds, fenced and cross-fenced. This is a snap for one who wants a HOME IN GOOD CHEAP. Call on or write **M. C. FELKER, Chamberlain, S. D.**

SIXTEEN SECTION RANCHES

Each section 160 acres, 160 ft. of rich black soil, and an abundance of pure spring water. 100 acres under cultivation; good school house, barn, sheds, fenced and cross-fenced. This is a snap for one who wants a HOME IN GOOD CHEAP. Call on or write **M. C. FELKER, Chamberlain, S. D.**

FARM FOR SALE

100 acres, 50 acres in cultivation, balance in timber, which will average 1000 feet per acre. Sandy loam, clay sub-soil; 25 acres in meadow; good buildings, spring and orchard. Two miles from I. & N. R., 7 miles from Clinton, the county seat, Adams County, Tennessee. This is a snap for a quick buyer.

JESSE L. ROGERS, JR., KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Thompson's Eye Water
W. N. U., CHICAGO, No. 36, 1905.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

TOUR REVEALS PLAGUE SCOURGE

Fishermen Found Suffering With Fever Without Medicine or Physician.

NEW ORLEANS MORE HOPEFUL

Situation in the City Has Improved and End of Epidemic Is in Sight—Natchez Has Nine Cases of the Pest—At Pensacola.

Calro, Ill., Aug. 26.—At a meeting of the board of health it was decided to add more inspectors to the force and thus prevent any possibility of any one slipping through the lines. A large number of persons were turned back because they were not supplied with permits and a number of arrests were made. The board of health ordered the removal of all slaughter pens from the city limits.

Find Suffering and Misery.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 26.—Suffering and misery, such as has seldom been found in the South during a fever epidemic, was unearthed when Dr. Milo C. Brady of the state board of health and Bishop Shanley of North Dakota in a launch made a tour of the Bayou Barataria district. They found fishermen, lying ill of yellow fever, without medicine or physician, and in many instances without food. In all, thirty-five cases were found, although the tour of the district was not completed.

In addition to those lying ill of the fever, they found that there had been many deaths which had not been reported. Many were destitute and were unable to secure help. They had been regular visitors to this city, coming here with fish, which they sold in the markets, but at the first appearance of fever they were compelled to abandon their trips.

After Dr. Brady had made his report the state board decided to organize immediately a relief party, consisting of a physician and two nurses. A large supply of medicines and provisions also will be forwarded, and the state board will keep in constant touch with the situation in the effort to control the sickness. All these cases are in Jefferson parish.

Local Situation Improved.

The local situation continues to be of the most hopeful character, and the confidence of the federal authorities is growing that the disease will have practically disappeared before frost. It has developed that the family of an Italian who died of yellow fever at Kenner, and who was supposed to have committed suicide by jumping into a well, throw the man's body into a well to prevent having the place fumigated.

Official announcement that the cases under treatment at Natchez have been diagnosed as yellow fever was coupled with a request to Dr. White to send a representative to that city. Dr. White decided to send Dr. Gutierrez, and he will be sent on his return from his present trip. Assistant Surgeon Goldberger will accompany him.

Natchez Has Yellow Fever.

Natchez, Miss., Aug. 26.—Dr. Eugene Wesslin of the marine hospital service, after a careful study of suspicious patients pronounced nine yellow fever and five suspicious. Seven of the pronounced cases are negroes, and all are within a radius of a few blocks in the city.

Three Cases at Pensacola.

Pensacola, Fla., Aug. 26.—Dr. J. Y. Porter, state health officer, has issued a card to the public, in which he says that three Greeks with symptoms of yellow fever have been found in Pensacola. It is not known how these men took the disease, as it is asserted that none of them has been out of the city for two months.

THE SENTIMENT OF EUROPE

Predicts Revolution in Russia.
Berlin cablegram: The Vorwarts, owned by the Socialist party and in close relations with the revolutionists in Russia, says: "Russia has lost her supremacy in East Asia. This catastrophe will work a mighty effect on Russia's internal situation. What an effect on the feeling of the people will not the return of hundreds of thousands of defeated soldiers have. Hunger and the financial ruin of the country will, in spite of peace, supply new firebrands to the revolution."

Congratulate the President.

Oyster Bay, L. I., special: Crowned heads of the world unite with distinguished statesmen of America and Europe in according the bringing about of peace between Russia and Japan to President Roosevelt. Telegrams of congratulations have poured in upon the president in a great flood. They came from persons of high degree and of low, and from all quarters of the civilized world.

Cordial messages were received also from senators and representatives in Congress congratulating the President on his triumph for peace.

To Fight for Clean Money.

Washington special: Representative John Wesley Gaines, of Tennessee, will renew his efforts in the next Congress to have a bill passed making it compulsory for banks to send the treasury department all old bills when \$1,000 worth has been accumulated and have new bills issued for them.

Anna Dickinson's Champion. Anna Dickinson was retained to deliver her lecture, "Breakers Ahead," under the auspices of a pretentious literary association in a small town in Illinois. When she arrived she found the billboards announced her subject as "Break His Head."

At the hall the twenty-four members were seated on the platform. The president escorted her to the desk and introduced her, with many apologies for her eccentricities, and declared the association would not indorse or be responsible for anything she might say.

This opening speech much embarrassed Miss Dickinson, and she said she wished the floor would open and let down the president or herself. Just then she saw a giant in a red shirt rising in the audience. He loomed up nearly seven feet, and shouted:

"Mr. President, suppose you set down and let the gal speak for herself."

The president subsided, Miss Dickinson delivered her lecture to a delighted audience, and always held in grateful remembrance her champion in the "red shirt."

Sure Cure at Last.

Monticello, Miss., Sept. 4 (Special)—Lawrence County is almost daily in receipt of fresh evidence that a sure cure for all Kidney Troubles has at last been found, and that cure is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Among those who have reason to bless the Great American Kidney Remedy is Mrs. L. E. Baggett of this place. Mrs. Baggett had dropsy. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her.

"I was troubled with my kidneys," Mrs. Baggett says in recommending Dodd's Kidney Pills to her friends, "my urine would hardly pass. The Doctors said I had Dropsy. I have taken Dodd's Kidney Pills as directed and am now a well woman."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the kidneys. Cured Kidneys strain all the impurities out of the blood. That means pure blood and a sound, energetic body. Dodd's Kidney pills are the greatest tonic the world has ever known.

Sheep in Queensland.

At the end of last year there were more than 11,000,000 sheep in Queensland.

If you don't get the biggest and best it's your own fault. DeLancey Starch is for sale everywhere and there is positively nothing to equal it in quality or quantity.

Automobiles are like men; few of them are as fast as they seem to be.

THE IDEAL WIFE

Shapes the Destiny of Men—The Influence of a Healthy Woman Cannot Be Overestimated.

Seven-eighths of the men in this world marry a woman because she is beautiful in their eyes—because she has the qualities which inspire admiration, respect and love.

There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of feature. The influence of women glorious in the possession of perfect physical health upon men and upon the civilization of the world could never be measured. Because of them men have attained the very heights of ambition; because of them even thrones have been established and destroyed.

What a disappointment, then, to see the fair young wife's beauty fading away before a year passes over her head! A sickly, half-dead-and-alive woman, especially when she is the mother of a family, is a damper to all joyousness in the home, and a drag upon her husband.

The cost of a wife's constant illness is a serious drain upon the funds of a household, and too often all the doctoring does no good.

If a woman finds her energies are flagging, and that everything tires her, dark shadows appear under her eyes, her sleep is disturbed by horrible dreams; if she has backache, headaches, bearing-down pains, nervousness, whites, irregularities, or despondency, she should take means to build her system up at once by a tonic with specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This great remedy for women has done more in the way of restoring health to the women of America than all other medicines put together. It is the safeguard of woman's health.

Following we publish, by request, a letter from a young wife.

Mrs. Bessie Ainsley of 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Ever since my child was born I have suffered, as I hope few women ever have, with inflammation, female weakness, bearing-down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so that I could not enjoy my meals, and half my time was spent in bed."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.



Mrs. Bessie Ainsley

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I feel so grateful that I am glad to write and tell you of my marvelous recovery. It brought me health, new life and vitality."

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Ainsley it will do for every woman who is in poor health and ailing.

Its benefits begin when its use begins. It gives strength and vigor from the start, and surely makes sick women well and robust.

Remember Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound holds the record for the greatest number of actual cures of women's ills. This fact is attested to by the thousands of letters from grateful women which are on file in the Pinkham laboratory. Merit alone can produce such results.

Women should remember that a cure for all female diseases actually exists, and that cure is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Take no substitute.

If you have symptoms you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: **First**—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless; **Second**—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food; **Third**—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

900 Drops CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed - 1/2 lb.
Almonds - 1/2 lb.
Rhubarb - 1/2 lb.
Sage - 1/2 lb.
Licorice - 1/2 lb.
Ginger - 1/2 lb.
Cloves - 1/2 lb.
Cinnamon - 1/2 lb.
Mint - 1/2 lb.
Peppermint - 1/2 lb.
Sassafras - 1/2 lb.
Wintergreen - 1/2 lb.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of **Chas. H. Fletcher**
NEW YORK.

166 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians Addressed to Charles H. Fletcher.

Dr. B. H. Heston Scott, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice, and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. J. H. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. Wm. L. Rossmann, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I am pleased to speak a good word for your Castoria. I think so highly of it that I not only recommend it to others, but have used it in my own family."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively, as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Wm. J. McCann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. J. R. Clansen, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. Channing H. Cook, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used your Castoria for several years past in my own family and have always found it thoroughly efficient and never objected to by children, which is a great consideration in view of the fact that most medicines of this character are obnoxious and therefore difficult of administration. As a laxative, I consider it the peer of anything that I ever prescribed."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of **Chas. H. Fletcher**

The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye. Bleach and Mix Colors. **MOORE DEPT. CO., Unionville, Missouri.**

WITH THE COUNTY OFFICIALS

Record of the Past Week's Doings at the Court House.

The following marriage licenses were issued since our last report: John Kline and Clara E. Wylie; Charles W. Foster and Josephine Feller; Grant Sosomen and Lillian B. Zeigler; George S. Melton and Hattie A. Stape; Leonard A. Shaffer and Minnie E. Baker; George W. Fultz and Emma E. Thompson; Jonas Spielman and Ida Carter; George W. Harner and Margaret E. Baker.

Letters of administration were issued to Lovina Koch on the estate of Aaron Koch, deceased; also to Norman M. Walterhouse on the estate of Joseph L. Walterhouse, deceased; also to Charles Oler on the estate of James Matheny, deceased.

Bids will be received by surveyor Vauvactor for the cleaning out of the J. W. Kirsinger ditch in West township on September 11th, and for the J. C. Garver ditch in Walnut township on September 9th.

The last will and testament of James Matheny was filed for probating in the clerk's office.

Catholic Church Burns.

During the heavy storm last Friday evening, the Catholic Church was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The fire started in the very top of the steeple and was noticed by several persons from the start, but, from the lack of fire fighting equipment they were powerless to do anything towards saving the church, and lent all their energies to saving near by buildings. The heavy rain falling, and there being no wind to speak of, it was easy to keep the fire from spreading. The fire company was out and did all that could be expected of any company with no more facilities to fight fire, at their command.

The last service for this season was held at the church on Sunday Aug. 26th, by Rev. Bilestein of Monterey. At present it is not known whether the church will be rebuilt or not.

Notice.

The Culver Circuit Evangelical Association will hold a Sunday School Reunion Picnic at the Assembly grounds Sept. 12, 1905. Every body invited to come and spend a day in Sunday School work.

COMMITTEE

See Medbourn & Dillon for lime, Portland cement, plaster paris, etc. Get prices for hard and soft coal for fall and winter.

Dan Patch at the State Fair.

Every man, woman or child in the State of Indiana has heard of Dan Patch, 1:56, the world's champion pacer, that has been engaged to pace an exhibition mile at the State Fair on Wednesday Sept. 13. It is very fitting that this wonderful speeder should be selected as the principal attraction for an Indiana State Fair, as he is an Indiana horse, notwithstanding that his present owner, M. W. Savage purchased Dan Patch from Dan R. Messer Jr., of Oxford, Ind., who bred and raised the fast horse, but no money could purchase him from Mr. Savage. At the time the sale was made by Mr. Messer it was predicted that Dan Patch, would be the world's champion pacer and these predictions came true in a more sensational manner than was expected.

Dan Patch was foaled in 1896 on Mr. Messer's stock farm near Oxford, Indiana. He is by Joe Patchen and his dam was Zelica Wilksberry and granddam Abdallah Belle, the dam of Colette, 2:19 1/2. Dan Patch's sire, Joe Patchen was by Patchen Wilkes, dam Josephine Young 2:01 1/2. Dan Patch showed remarkable speed when owned by Mr. Messer and after being purchased by Mr. Savage the latter had him especially prepared for speed and on October 26, 1904, at Memphis he crowned all his efforts by pacing a mile in 1:56. A few days before that he paced a mile on the same track in 1:56 1/2. This is the horse so well known in Indiana in whom the Hoosier State take such a great interest and which they will have a chance to see in action at the coming State Fair.

Cow Gores a Farmer.

While driving a cow Aug. 24th, David Studebaker, a well known farmer of the southern part of this county, was caught by the enraged animal and so badly gored that the physicians say he cannot recover.

We will within a few weeks supply our paid in advance subscribers with a weekly magazine supplement of four pages of choice reading matter free of charge. This will increase the "Citizen" from an eight to a twelve page paper with more choice reading matter than any other paper in the county, and all for \$1.00 paid in advance. Avail yourself of this opportunity of getting an abundance of choice reading matter for the coming year by subscribing at once. All paid in advance subscribers will get the weekly Magazine supplement.

It Pays to Take a Newspaper.

A gentleman once said to a reporter: "I never took a newspaper that didn't pay me more than I did for it. One time an old friend of mine started a paper down south and sent it to me, and I subscribed just to encourage him, and after a while it published a notice of an order to sell a lot at public auction. So I inquired about the lot and told my friend to run it up to \$50. He bid me off the lot for \$38 and sold it in a month for \$100, so I made \$62 for that paper. My father told me that when he was a young man he saw a notice in a paper that a school teacher was wanted away off in a certain county and he went and got the situation; and a little girl was sent to him, and after awhile she grew up sweet and beautiful and he married her. Now if he hadn't taken that paper what do you suppose would have become of me. I wouldn't have been at all."

Don't worry about the editor says an exchange. He has a charter to act as a door-mat for the community. He'll get the paper out somehow; and stand up for you when you run for office and lie about your pigeon-toed daughter's wedding and blow about your big-footed boys when they got a four dollar per week job, and weep over your shriveled soul when it is released from your grasping body, and smile at your giddy wife's second marriage. He'll get along. The Lord only knows how, but the editor will get there somehow.

She was a bright girl and they were at a baseball game. She had won his enthusiastic heart by understanding the game right off, and he loved her even more than if she had been his sister. "It reminds me of the household," he said; "the plate, the batter, the fouts and the flies." "And it reminds me of marriage," she added. "First the diamond, where they are engaged; then the struggle and the hits; then the men go out and finally the difficulty they have in getting home." Then he sat and thought and thought.

Wait for the Chicago Excursion via Nickel Plate Road, Sept. 9th. Very low rates. Special train. Tickets also sold for train No. 5 leaving Bellevue at 10:10 p. m., Sept. 9th. Good returning Sept. 11th. New attractions at Park and Beaches. Full information of Agent or address. C. A. MELIX, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

A MATTER OF HEALTH



A Cream of Tartar Powder, free from alum or phosphatic acid

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LOW RATES TO CALIFORNIA

Via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

On a number of days this summer low round-trip rates to California points are offered via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. Liberal return limits and stop-over privileges. Two through trains every day from Union Station, Chicago, via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Union Pacific Line. The Overland Limited leaves 6:05 p. m., and makes the run to San Francisco in less than three days. The California Express, at 10:25 p. m. carries through tourists as well as standard sleeping cars, and the berth rate for tourist sleeper car is only \$7. Complete information regarding rates, routes and train service sent on request. Colorado-California Book sent for six cents postage. Folders free.

E. G. HAYDEN,

Traveling Passenger Agent.
180 Superior St.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

The Success

of our former offerings of fruit and ornamental trees etc. has been such that we are preparing for a fall delivery in October.

A strong 2yr. old field grown Crimson Rambler Rose for 25c.

Ten (10) Concord Grape, 2 yr. No. 1, for \$1.00.

Five (5) Apple, No. 1, for \$1.00. Anything else in trees, shrubs etc., at money saving prices.

Leave orders,

FORRE'S SEED STORE
Plymouth, Ind.

FOR SALE—Choice Timothy seed at the grist mill.—Collier Bros.

STAHL & CO.

FRESH & SMOKED MEATS

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES QUEENSWARE, ETC

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

STAHL & CO.

TELEPHONE NO. 5 . . . CULVER, INDIANA

MAXINKUCKEE FLOUR

is guaranteed to be as good as the best. Give it a trial and you will use no other. Why should farmers use spring wheat flour, when their own wheat, ground at the Culver Flouring Mills, is much better? We buy all kinds of grain, and do custom grinding promptly.

COLLIER BROTHERS
PROPRIETORS

FRESH PURE—DELICIOUS Ice Cream and Ices

All flavors and colors; fresh every day; delivered to your order anywhere. Ice Cream, plain or in bricks, Ices, and Cake of every description for parties a specialty.

HOWARD AND DAVIS
Manufacturers—Phone 23-2—CULVER, IND.

The Grand Opening of Allman's, The Busy Big Store

Begins Saturday, September 9th, and Ends Saturday, September 16th

Come early if you can, late if you must, but surely come. School beckons the boys and girls—and we are ready to clothe them in a satisfactory manner at a satisfactory price. Here are a few of the Busy Big Store kind of bargains:

MEN'S FINE CLOTHING.

We have the sole agency for the celebrated "Kuppenheimer Clothes" the finest in the world.
100 Men's "Kuppenheimer" Suits finest ever shown in Plymouth and equal to any \$30 tailor made suit to go at \$18.00
100 Men's "Kuppenheimer" Suits equal to any \$25 tailor made suits to go at \$12.50
100 Men's "Kuppenheimer" Suits equal to any \$25 tailor made suits to go at \$15.00
150 Men's Suits worth up to \$15 to go at \$8.50
150 Men's Suits worth up to \$12.50 to go at \$7.75
150 Men's Suits worth up to \$10.00 to go at \$6.75
50 Men's Suits worth up to \$7.50 to go at \$4.65

DRESS GOODS BARGAINS.

Special 50c black Brilliantine...35c
\$1.25 newest Dress Goods of all kinds...95c
75c Flannels and Novelties in Dress Goods...48c
\$1.25 yard wide guaranteed Silks...75c
\$1.50 yard wide Silks...\$1.10

CARPETS AND RUGS.

30c Ingrain Carpet at...21c
70c all wool Ingrain Carpet at...55c
40c Ingrain Carpet at...28c
Best 2 yard wide Linoleum at...55c
4yard wide Linoleum at...\$1.90
2 yards best Table Oil Cloth...23c
Best 9 ft. by 12 ft. Brussels Rugs at \$12.58
Extra quality Cloth Window Shades...22c

SHOES FOR EVERYBODY.

Sole agency for "Douglas" Shoes for men and "Melba" Shoes for women at \$3.00 and \$5.50
Any \$3.50 Shoes for Ladies or Gents at \$1.85
Any \$2.00 Shoes for Ladies or Gents at \$1.09
Any \$1.75 Shoes for Ladies or Gents at \$1.29
A Writing Tablet free with every pair of School Shoes.
Girls or Boys \$1.75 or \$2.00 School Shoes at \$1.35
Girls or Boys \$1.50 School Shoes at \$1.20
Girls or Boys \$1.00 School Shoes to go at 55c
Baby Moccasins...10c
Children's and Infants Shoes, a big line at 19c to 79c

NOBBY SCHOOL SUITS.

Biggest and best line of School Suits in the county. Necktie, Suspenders and Collar free with every School Suit.
Extra quality School Suits at...\$4.45
Special blue in School Suits 95c and \$1.95
\$4 and \$5 School Suits at...\$3.45
Excellent \$1 and \$2.50 School Suits at \$2.45
Best 5c all wool Knee Pants at...45c
Special values in all wool Knee Pants at 37c
Choice of Ribbed Collars at...15c
Men's extra quality Overalls or Jackets at...44c
All the newest School Caps...25c to 44c
"Proved" 75c and \$1.00 values in dressy Shirts at...50c

UNDERWEAR, BLANKETS.

Men's extra quality fleece lined Underwear at...39c
Ladies' 7c Union Suits at...54c
Infants' fine woolen Vests at...21c
Ladies' extra quality Vests or Pants...21c
Fine line of single, large Cotton Blankets...20c
10-4 Double Cotton Blankets at...39c
Extra heavy 10-4 Cotton Blankets at...59c
Extra heavy 12-4 Cotton Blankets...79c

CLOAKS, SUITS, SKIRTS.

Swell line of Rain Coats...\$6.50 to \$15.00
All the desirable styles in Ladies' Suits from \$10.00 to \$25.00
All the newest styles in Jackets at \$3.50 to \$10.00
500 brand new Skirts for ladies from \$2.45 to \$10.00
Handsome new line of Ladies' Shirt Waists from...48c to \$5.00
35c Corset Covers at...10c

DOMESTICS, NOTIONS.

10 yards of the best Calico in Plymouth for...37c
Special 5c linen Crash Toweling at...4 1/2c
Cheapest fast color Apron Gingham...4 1/2c
12 1/2c values in Men's Shirting at...9c
10c values in Men's Shirting at...7 1/2c
10,000 yards Unbleached Muslin equal to any 6c Muslin at...4 1/2c
Special value in No. 9 Silk or Satin Ribbon at...5c
Greatest 5c value in Outing Flannels at...5 1/2c
12 1/2c values in Outing Flannels at...9c
75c value in White Table Linen at...45c
50c value in White Table Linen at...29c
5c and 10c Torchon Lace at...5c

5c and 10c Torchon Lace at...5c
12 1/2c Percales at...9c
10c value in Finishing Braid...5c
Special lot of new 50c and 75c Silk at 35c
50c School Umbrellas at...27c
10c value in Ladies' or Gents' Kerchiefs, six for...25c
50c guaranteed link Cuff Buttons per pair...23c
35c fancy or plain wide Ribbon per yd 18c
25c Turnover Collars two for...25c
Children's 15c black Hose at...10c
Girls' splendid new School Caps, at...15c, 25c, 39c and 50c

ECONOMY BASEMENT.

5c cake of Toilet Soap...1c
3 spools Coates' Thread...10c
5c paper of Hooks and Eyes...1c
25c box of three cakes of Toilet Soap...9c
Special 50c best Work Shirts...34c
10c Canvas Gloves...7c
\$2.00 Suit Cases...\$1.29
Two tables of very desirable Remnants of Calicoes, Gingham, Shirtings, Woolens, etc.
Special table of best Calicoes on earth (every piece guaranteed first class) short lengths, at the rate of 1 1/2c to 3 1/2c

Carfare Free both ways with all cash purchases of \$12.00 or over

ALLMAN'S, The Busy Big Store, Plymouth, Ind.